Pset 1 - Water usage

425/625

Spring 2024

Introduction

Water scarcity is a major issue in many parts of the world. According to the United Nations, "About two billion people worldwide don't have access to safe drinking water today (SDG Report 2022), and roughly half of the world's population is experiencing severe water scarcity for at least part of the year (IPCC). These numbers are expected to increase, exacerbated by climate change and population growth (WMO)."

In this problem set, we will investigate water usage estimates by crop in the United States. The .csv for this data set comes from here (by checking Select All and clicking Get Custom Zip) and the associated academic journal article is here. See this thread on X for a summary.

Read the academic article to familiarize yourself with the basics of the water usage data. You don't need to know how these water usage levels were estimated, so you can skip over those parts. We are going to focus on visualizing the water levels using the estimates that they generated.

Data preparation

The .zip file rawdata/DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1.zip contains one .csv file per source (SWW, GWW, GWD) per year from 2008 to 2020. There are also a couple of .txt files in the folder. We can use unzip with list = TRUE to see what's in the .zip file.

```
##
                                                Name
                                                      Length
                                                                             Date
## 1
            DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/readme.txt
                                                         1053 2023-10-29 14:08:00
          D0I-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/gwa_2008.csv 2274812 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 2
          D0I-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/gwa_2009.csv 2274812 2023-10-29 14:08:00
          DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/gwa_2010.csv 2200859 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 4
          DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/gwa_2011.csv 2274812 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 5
## 6
          DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/gwa_2012.csv 2274812 2023-10-29 14:08:00
          D0I-10-13012-b2idb-4607538 v1/gwa 2013.csv 2274812 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 7
## 8
          DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/gwa_2014.csv 2274812 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 9
          D0I-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/gwa_2015.csv 2200859 2023-10-29 14:08:00
          DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/gwa_2016.csv 2275517 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 10
## 11
          DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/gwa_2017.csv 2275517 2023-10-29 14:08:00
          DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/gwa_2018.csv 2275517 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 12
## 13
          DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/gwa_2019.csv 2275517 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 14
          DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538 v1/gwa 2020.csv 2275517 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 15
          DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/gwd_2008.csv
                                                      211884 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 16
          DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/gwd_2009.csv
                                                      208249 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 17
          DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/gwd_2010.csv
                                                      214546 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 18
          DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/gwd_2011.csv
                                                      213608 2023-10-29 14:08:00
          DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/gwd_2012.csv
## 19
                                                      210157 2023-10-29 14:08:00
```

```
## 20
          DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/gwd_2013.csv
                                                      207564 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 21
          DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/gwd_2014.csv
                                                      209619 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 22
          DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538 v1/gwd 2015.csv
                                                      208683 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 23
          DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/gwd_2016.csv
                                                      206644 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 24
          DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/gwd_2017.csv
                                                      206188 2023-10-29 14:08:00
          DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538 v1/gwd 2018.csv
## 25
                                                      206429 2023-10-29 14:08:00
          DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538 v1/gwd 2019.csv
## 26
                                                      208246 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 27
          DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/gwd_2020.csv
                                                      208252 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 28
           DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/sw_2008.csv 2274792 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 29
           DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/sw_2009.csv 2274792 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 30
           DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/sw_2010.csv 2200839 2023-10-29 14:08:00
           D0I-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/sw_2011.csv 2274792 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 31
## 32
           DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/sw_2012.csv 2274792 2023-10-29 14:08:00
           D0I-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/sw_2013.csv 2274792 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 33
## 34
           DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/sw_2014.csv 2274792 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 35
           DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/sw_2015.csv 2200839 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 36
           D0I-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/sw_2016.csv 2275497 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 37
           DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538 v1/sw 2017.csv 2275497 2023-10-29 14:08:00
           DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/sw_2018.csv 2275497 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 38
## 39
           D0I-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/sw_2019.csv 2275497 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 40
           DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/sw_2020.csv 2275497 2023-10-29 14:08:00
## 41 DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1/dataset_info.txt
                                                        3894 2023-10-29 14:08:00
```

Before summarizing/visualizing this data, we'll want to join these data sets. We could certainly unzip the file manually. We can also do this in R using unzip.

```
unzip(zipfile = 'rawdata/DOI-10-13012-b2idb-4607538_v1.zip',
    junkpaths = TRUE,
    exdir = 'rawdata') ## gets rid of paths, keeps only filenames
```

1. Join data First, let's create a data set with all years/crops together in one data frame. Below is some code to help you get started. Add comments to each place there is ## to explain what the chunk of code is doing. Then add code to the Tranforming data Section to transform the data into a data frame with 5 columns: GEOID, crop, source, year, and value (indicating km³ of water).

Note that eval = F at the start of the chunk will prevent this chunk from evaluating when you knit the document. You can temporarily remove it if you'd like, but you'll want to add it back before knitting the document so that knitting takes less time.

```
sources = c('gwd', 'sw', 'gwa')
years = 2008:2020
d = NULL

for(s in sources){
    cat(s, '') ## show progress

    for(year in years){
        cat(year, '') ## show progress

    ## The code is reading in the data from the .csv file by combining directory,
    ## the source, year, and .csv. The csv is then stored as a dataframe called df.
    filename = paste0('rawdata/', s, '_', year, '.csv')
    df = read.csv(filename)
    head(df)
```

Data exploration and summaries

Let's load the data we'll use for the rest of the assignment. This is the data set created in #1, so if you were unable to finish #1, you can still do the rest of the assignment.

```
d = readRDS('data/water.usage.rds')
head(d)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 5
##
     GEOID crop
                       src
                             year value
##
                       <chr> <chr> <dbl>
     <int> <chr>
## 1 1001 barley
                             2008
                                        0
                       gwd
## 2 1001 corn
                             2008
                                        0
                       gwd
## 3 1001 cotton
                       gwd
                             2008
                                        0
## 4 1001 millet
                                        0
                       gwd
                             2008
## 5 1001 oats
                             2008
                                        0
                       gwd
## 6 1001 other_sctg2 gwd
                             2008
                                        0
```

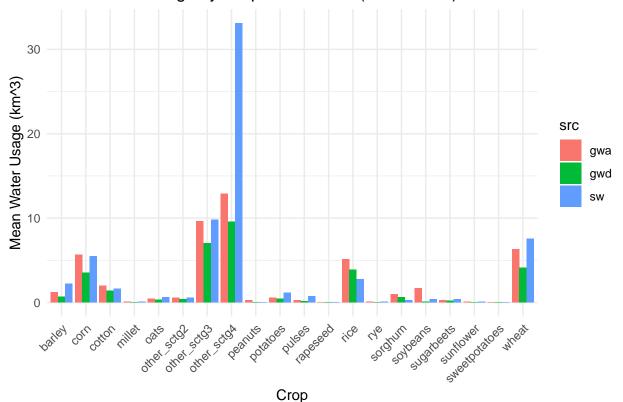
2. Summaries of data Find the mean, the change from 2008 to 2020, and the percent change from 2008 to 2020, for each crop and each source (SWW, GWW, GWD).

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'crop', 'src'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.
head(dd)
## # A tibble: 6 x 7
##
    crop
           src
                  mean y2008 y2020
                                      diff
                                             perc
##
    <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                                     <dbl>
                                           <dbl>
                                    0.0631
## 1 barley gwa
                 1.19 1.21 1.28
                                             5.21
## 2 barley gwd
                 0.711 0.677 0.559 -0.118 -17.4
## 3 barley sw
                 2.20 2.38 1.87
                                   -0.508 -21.4
## 4 corn
           gwa
                 5.65 5.38 5.99
                                    0.617
                                            11.5
## 5 corn
                 3.52 3.63 3.46
                                  -0.167
                                           -4.61
           gwd
## 6 corn
                 5.50 7.12 4.94 -2.19
                                           -30.7
write.csv(dd, 'water_usage_summary.csv')
```

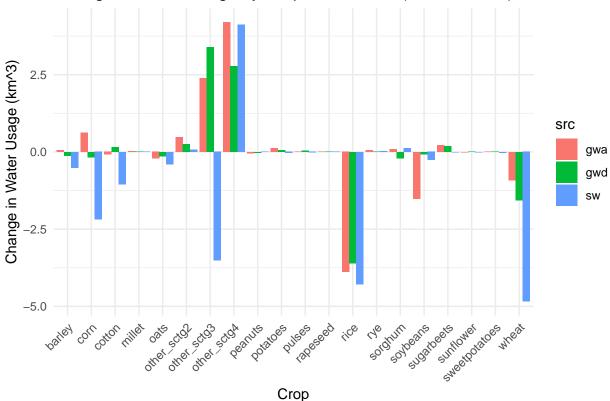
3. Convert Table 2 to a visualization

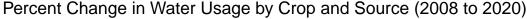
Create a visual representation of the information in Table 2. Create a visualization (or visualizations) that contains mean, change, and percent change in water usage from each crop and source. Pivot longer Title labeled axes text? Visualization best practices

Mean Water Usage by Crop and Source (2008–2020)









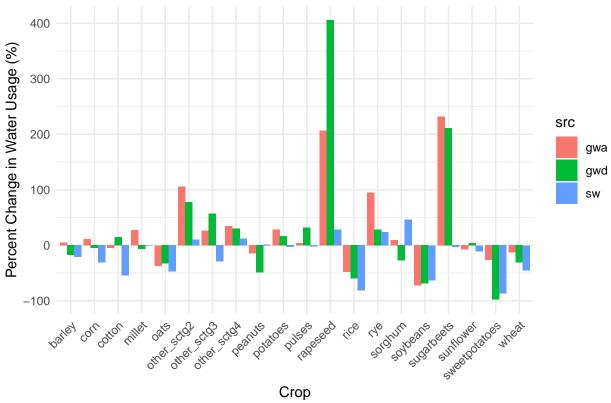


Figure 4

Figure 4 shows the average water usage by crop and source.

- A. average irrigation water usage by source, colored by crop,
- B. average irrigation water usage by crop, colored by source

Two other options for visualizing a numeric variable broken down by two different categorical variable would be a tile plot/grid plot (e.g. https://github.com/bmacGTPM/pubtheme?tab=readme-ov-file#grid-plot) and a mosiac plot (https://haleyjeppson.github.io/ggmosaic/).

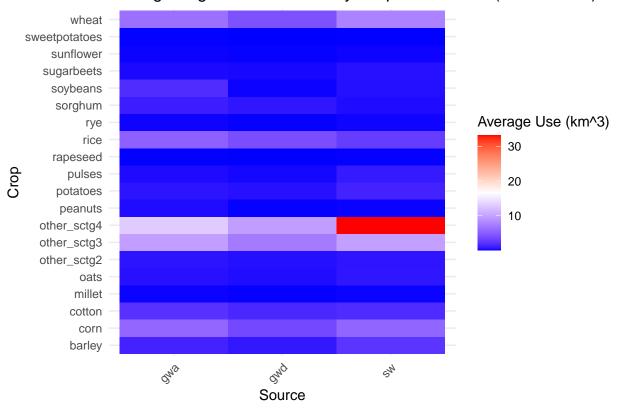
4. Create a tile plot/grid plot of the data in Figure 4.

Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x\$label), x\$x, x\$y, :

```
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <e2>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <80>
## Warning in grid.Call(C textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <93>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <e2>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <80>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <93>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <e2>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <80>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <93>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <e2>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <80>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <93>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <e2>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <80>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <93>
## Warning in grid.Call(C textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
```

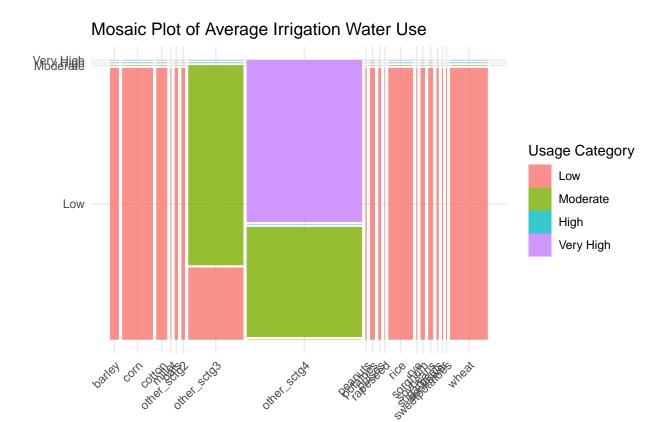
```
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <e2>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <80>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <93>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <e2>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <80>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <93>
## Warning in grid.Call.graphics(C_text, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <e2>
## Warning in grid.Call.graphics(C_text, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <80>
## Warning in grid.Call.graphics(C_text, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on 'Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source
## (2008-2020)' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <93>
```

Average Irrigation Water Use by Crop and Source (2008...2020)



5. Create a mosiac plot of the data in Figure 4.

```
dd$mean_category <- cut(dd$mean, breaks = 4, labels = c("Low", "Moderate", "High", "Very High"))
ggplot(data = dd) +
  geom_mosaic(aes(weight = mean, x = product(crop), fill = mean_category)) +
  labs(title = "Mosaic Plot of Average Irrigation Water Use",
       x = "Crop"
       y = "Mean Water Usage Category",
       fill = "Usage Category") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, hjust = 1),
        axis.title.y = element_blank())
## Warning: `unite_()` was deprecated in tidyr 1.2.0.
## i Please use `unite()` instead.
## i The deprecated feature was likely used in the ggmosaic package.
## Please report the issue at <a href="https://github.com/haleyjeppson/ggmosaic">https://github.com/haleyjeppson/ggmosaic</a>.
## This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.
## Call `lifecycle::last_lifecycle_warnings()` to see where this warning was
## generated.
```



6. What are the benefits (other than it fits on one plot) and drawbacks of these two plots?

Crop

Τ

7. Figure 6

Figure 6 uses a different color scale for each plot. Discuss the benefits and drawbacks of this choice. What was the main purposes of this figure? Given the main purpose, would you recommend using the same color scale, or different color scales, for each plot?

Mosaic plots excel in showing proportional relationships and comparisons between categorical data, but they can oversimplify continuous data like average water usage, leading to potential interpretative challenges, especially in crowded plots. Tile plots are more suited for visualizing continuous data, using color gradients to intuitively convey variations in values like water usage across categories. However, tile plots can sometimes lose finer details and depend heavily on color perception, which might be challenging for color vision-deficient viewers. In the context of irrigation water use by crop and source, a tile plot is more appropriate due to its effectiveness in displaying continuous variables.

8. Figure 8

Figure 8 also uses a different color scale for each plot. Discuss the benefits and drawbacks of this choice. What was the main purposes of this figure? Given the main purpose, would you recommend using the same color scale, or different color scales, for each plot?

The purpose of figure 8 is to illustrate the spatial differences between the irrigation water use estimates obtained from the PCR-GLOBWB 2 model and the values reported by the U.S. Geological Survey. The use of different color scales enhances the detail and contrast within each dataset, allowing for a tailored interpretation

that emphasizes specific ranges and nuances. However, this approach can hinder direct comparability across plots, as variations in scales may lead to misunderstandings or inaccurate assessments of relative differences. The inconsistency in visual representation can also add complexity to the interpretation process, potentially causing confusion for the reader. In the context of comparing model estimates to USGS data across different water sources and years, a consistent color scale might be more beneficial for easy comparison and coherent understanding. Given the context and purpose of the figure, if the intention is to allow readers to quickly gauge and compare the magnitude of discrepancies between model estimates and USGS data across different water sources and years, a consistent color scale across all plots would be more beneficial.

9. Breakdown of GWW

The paper notes in Section 3.1 that $GWW = GWW_{sustainable} + GWW_{unsustainable}$, and that $GWD = GWW_{unsustainable}$. Create a visualization showing the percent of GWW that is GWD for each crop. Use the mean values for water usage.

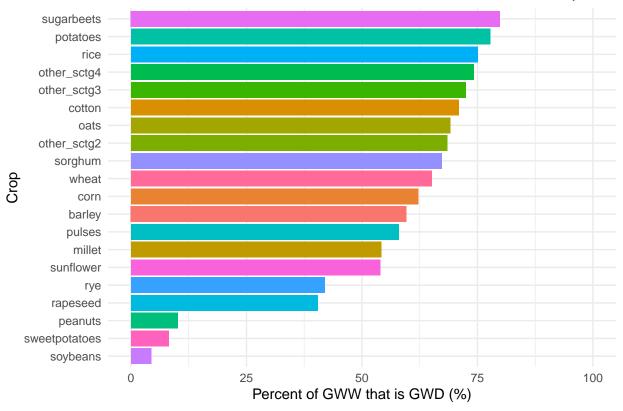
```
data_gww <- dd %>% filter(src == "gwa") %>% select(crop, mean) %>% rename(GWW = mean)
data_gwd <- dd %>% filter(src == "gwd") %>% select(crop, mean) %>% rename(GWD = mean)

merged_data <- merge(data_gww, data_gwd, by = "crop")

# Calculating the percent of GWW that is GWD for each crop
merged_data$Percent_GWD_of_GWW <- (merged_data$GWD / merged_data$GWW) * 100

ggplot(merged_data, aes(x = reorder(crop, Percent_GWD_of_GWW), y = Percent_GWD_of_GWW, fill = crop)) +
    geom_bar(stat = "identity") +
    coord_flip() +
    ylim(0,100) +
    labs(title = "Percent of Groundwater Withdrawals that is Groundwater Depletion by Crop",
        x = "Crop",
        y = "Percent of GWW that is GWD (%)") +
    theme_minimal() +
    theme(legend.position = "none")</pre>
```





10. Custom visualization

What is another question you have about this data? Create a visualization that attempt to answer your question. What is the distribution of mean water usage across crops for each source? What are the ranges, median values? Are there outliers?



