

Are You Talking To Me?

An analysis of journalistic conversation on social media.





Journalists

engage with

mainly those

community.

outside of their



TRY FOR YOURSELF

github.com/taylorrees/penemue

10M 1.9M 4.7K 35

Organisations

Journalists

77
O7
Original Tweets

DAILY OVERVIEW

Journalists

A COLUMN COLU

RESEARCH QUESTIONS

Do journalists engage mostly with those who are within their industry?

5. THE HEADLINES

tweets-they are broadcasters.

over the period of study).

updates of their own.

· News organisations produced mostly original

• News organisations are more active on Twitter

than their journalists (producing on average 32 more original tweets and 5 more retweets per day

· Journalists reshare as often as they create

· Journalists engage mostly with users from

outside of their industry (accounts which did not

How do news organisations behave differently to journalists?

1. AN INTRODUCTION

Traditional media is dead.

Modern society no longer requests a daily debrief about what is going on within the world around them; it demands minute-by-minute coverage, live video streams and always-on social media coverage. So, how do traditional media organisations serve their current audience now?

In this research project we aim to report, on the reporters. We aim to uncover whether the industry has adapted to our socially networked society by not just broadcasting on modern social media platforms, but by actively engaging with those on the outside.

3. THE METHOD

DISCOVER

The users of interest to the study were established from news outlets and their staff lists.

New Outlets

DEVELOP

An application to extract targeted profile data was developed.

STREAM

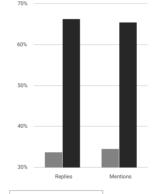
Twitter data was streamed about users of interest and stored across the study period.

ANALYSE

Collected data was analysed to extract discussions, influencers, emotion and tweet distribution.

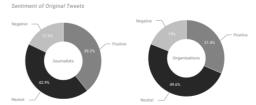
4. KEY FINDINGS

Percentage of Replies & Mentions Between Journalists & Non-Journalists



From the data it is clear that journalists directly mentioned and replied to a larger number of users who were classified as non-journalists.





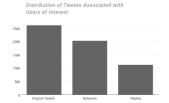
6. STOP PRESS

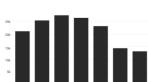
self-describe as journalists).

This research was carried out very shortly after the UK voted to leave the EU. This event caused a lot of discussion both on, and off, social media; leading to significant spikes in the discussion networks. These spikes may have had a significant impact on our findings.

Naturally, future work is required on this topic. It would be interesting to identify if, and how, journalist—audience engagement is influenced by news events by repeating the study at a time where the news is dominated by smaller stories.

2. DATA OVERVIEW





Journalist Tweet Activity

