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Top 61 MySQL Interview Questions



Entry

Junior

Mid

Senior

Expert



Only Code Challenges

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Topic Progress:

Theoretical Questions

Q1: What are different *integer data types* in MySQL?
How can you use *unsigned integer* in MySQL?

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Junior



Q2: Explain **DEFAULT** constraint in MySQL

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Q3: Explain *foreign key constraint* in MySQL

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Junior



Q4: What is *self referencing* foreign key? Give an example.

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Q5: What is **Primary Key Constraint** and **Unique Key Constraints**?

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Junior



Q6: How are **VARCHAR** and **CHAR** different. Talk about cases where you will use one over other.

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Q7: Describe **BLOB** in MySQL. What is it used for?

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Junior



Q8: What is an **AGGREGATE** function. Name few aggregate functions used in MySQL.

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Q9: What is the difference between **TRUNCATE** and **DELETE** ? Related To: [SQL](#)

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Q10: What is the difference between **Data Definition Language (DDL)** and **Data Manipulation Language (DML)**? Related To: [SQL](#), [T-SQL](#), [Databases](#)

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Q11: What is a **VIEW** in MySQL. How can you create and query a view?

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Q12: What are **Derived Columns**. What possible problems can a derived column pose?

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Mid



Q13: Explain the use of **FEDERATED** tables in MySQL

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Mid



Q14: Explain **GRANT** command in MySQL

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Mid



Q15: How can **VIEW** be used to provide **security layer** for your app? Related To: [SQL](#)

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Mid



Q16: Both **TIMESTAMP** and **DATETIME** are used to store data and time. Explain difference between them and when should one be used?

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Mid



Q17: What is **mysqldump** ?

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Mid



Q18: What is the difference between commands **create database** and **create schema** in MySQL?

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Mid



Q19: What is **index** in MySQL? What is advantage of index?

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Mid



Q20: What is a **trigger**. What are different type of triggers in MySQL?

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Mid



Q21: What different *stored objects* are supported in MySQL?

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Mid



Q22: What is the use of **IN** and **BETWEEN** in MySQL queries?

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Mid



Q23: What is *Stored Function* in MySQL. How are they different from *Stored Procedure*?

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Mid



Q24: What are **REPEAT** , **LOOP** and **WHILE** statements used for?

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Mid



Q25: What is the use of **DELIMITER** command in MySQL?

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Mid



Q26: What are *key constraints*. What different types of constraints are there in MySQL?

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Mid



Q27: What is difference between **BLOB** and **TEXT** in MySQL?

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Mid



Q28: What happens if a parent row which is referenced by child row is being *deleted* in case of *foreign key* constraint?

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Mid



Q29: What are different **TEXT** data types in MySQL. What is difference between **TEXT** and **VARCHAR** ?

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Mid



Q30: What is MySQL *Workbench*?

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Mid



Q31: What are some major differences between MySQL and Oracle database?

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Senior



Q32: Which *partitioning* types does MySQL support?

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Senior



Q33: What does **OPTIMIZE TABLE** command do in MySQL?

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Senior



Q34: What is *database engine* or *storage engine*? Mention few storage engines supported by MySQL and their use.

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Q35: What are differences between *MyISAM* and *InnoDB* database engines commonly used in

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MySQL?

Q36: Compare MySQL and PostgreSQL

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Q37: What is advantage of **FULLTEXT** over **LIKE** for performing text search in MySQL?

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Q38: What is *master-slave replication* in MySQL? What are its advantages?

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Q39: What is cursor used in MySQL? What are properties of MySQL *cursor*?

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Q40: What are some advantages and disadvantages of *stored procedures* in MySQL?

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Q41: What is **autocommit** in MySQL? Can you run a transaction *without* disabling autocommit?

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Q42: What is *Memory Storage Engine* in MySQL? What are heap tables?

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Q43: What is faster, *one big query* or *many small queries*? Related To: [SQL](#)

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Q44: What are the differences between MongoDB and MySQL? Related To: [MongoDB](#)

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Q45: How many tables can a trigger associate to in MySQL? Can a trigger be associated to a view?

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Q46: What happens to a trigger in MySQL if an operation which trigger is associated with fails? Does the trigger *execute*?

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Q47: What is difference between *horizontal* and *vertical* partitioning? Does MySQL support both horizontal and vertical partitioning?

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Q48: What is the use of **SAVEPOINT** in MySQL?

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Q49: Which is better for **JOIN** & **INSERT** - PostgreSQL or MySQL? Related To: [PostgreSQL](#)

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Q50: How do you make *schema changes* to a live database without downtime? Related To: [Databases](#)

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[PostgreSQL](#)

Q51: Why you should never use GUIDs as part of clustered index? Related To: [Databases](#), [PostgreSQL](#), [T-SQL](#)

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Code Challenges

Q1: How can you delete one or multiple columns from a MySQL database table?

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Q2: Find duplicate values in a SQL table Related To: [SQL](#)

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Q3: How can ENUM be used in MySQL. Give an example.

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Q4: How can you add one or multiple columns after a certain column in an existing MySQL table?

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Q5: What is AUTO INCREMENT in MySQL? Explain with an example.

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Q6: What happens if a duplicate entry is already there when adding constraint?

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Q7: A multiple column index is created over firstName , lastName , city columns of a Customer table. Will this index be used for SELECT queries based on only first_name , only last_name or only city values?

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Q8: Write a query to concatenate and display all DISTINCT names in a single row

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Q9: Provide an example of UPSERT logic using MySQL

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Q10: Remove duplicate rows from a table

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