



ULAB
UNIVERSITY OF LIBERAL ARTS
BANGLADESH

Lab Assignment 3

Fall 2024

Course Title: Structured Programming Lab

Course Code: CSE 1202 (Fall 2024)

Submitted by:

Student Name and ID

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1. Write a program to find the largest and smallest among three entered numbers and also display whether the identified largest/smallest number is even or odd.

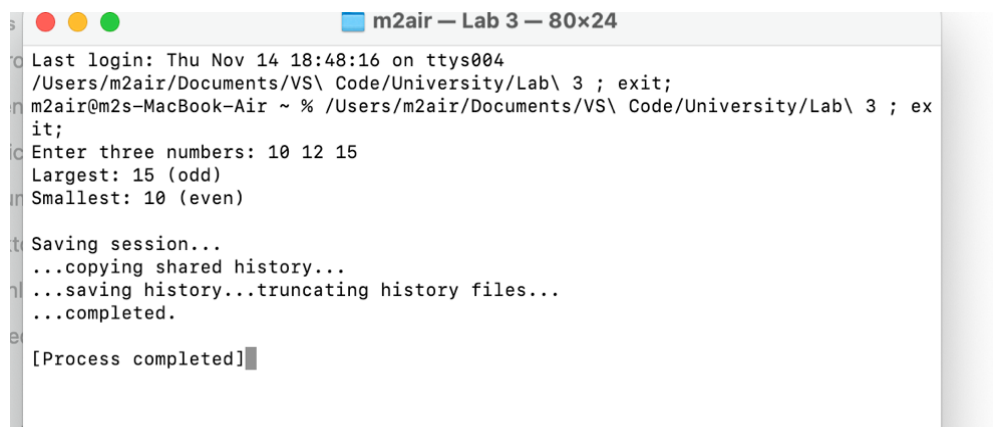
Answer :

Algorithm:

1. Take three numbers as input.
2. Determine the largest and smallest numbers among the three.
3. Check if the largest and smallest numbers are even or odd.
4. Display the results.

Code
<pre>#include <stdio.h> int main() { int num1, num2, num3; int largest, smallest; printf("Enter three numbers: "); scanf("%d %d %d", &num1, &num2, &num3); largest = (num1 > num2) ? ((num1 > num3) ? num1 : num3) : ((num2 > num3) ? num2 : num3); smallest = (num1 < num2) ? ((num1 < num3) ? num1 : num3) : ((num2 < num3) ? num2 : num3); printf("Largest: %d (%s)\n", largest, (largest % 2 == 0) ? "even" : "odd"); printf("Smallest: %d (%s)\n", smallest, (smallest % 2 == 0) ? "even" : "odd"); return 0; }</pre>

Output Result :



2. Write a program that asks a number and test the number whether it is multiple of 5, divisible by 7 but not by eleven.

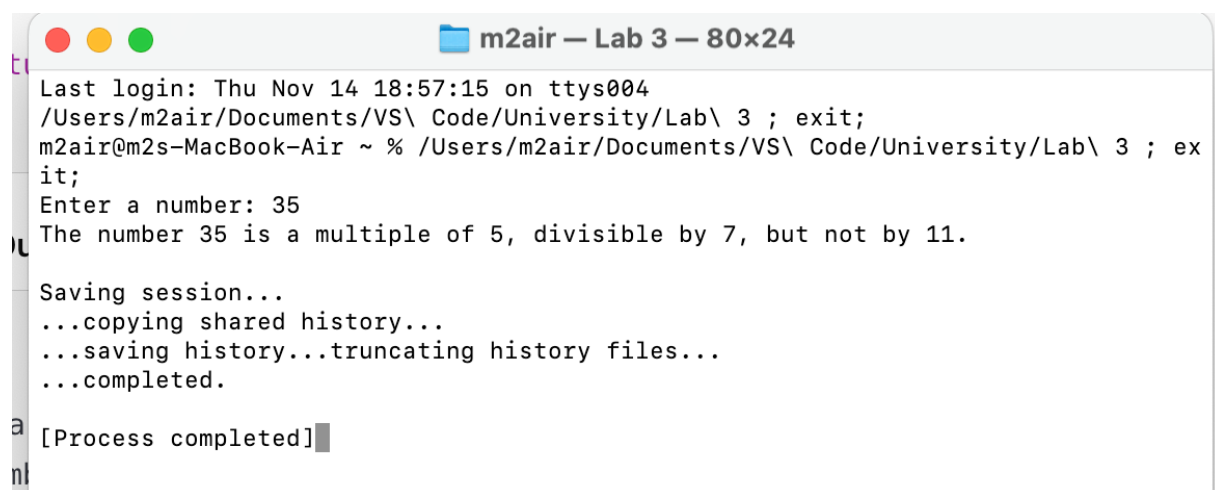
Answer :

Algorithm:

1. Take a number as input.
2. Check if the number is a multiple of 5, divisible by 7, and not divisible by Eleven.
3. Display the result accordingly.

Code
<pre>#include <stdio.h> int main() { int num; printf("Enter a number: "); scanf("%d", &num); if (num % 5 == 0 && num % 7 == 0 && num % 11 != 0) { printf("The number %d is a multiple of 5, divisible by 7, but not by 11.\n", num); } else { printf("The number %d does not meet the criteria.\n", num); } return 0; }</pre>

Output Result :

A screenshot of a macOS terminal window titled "m2air — Lab 3 — 80x24". The terminal shows the following text: "Last login: Thu Nov 14 18:57:15 on ttys004", "/Users/m2air/Documents/VS\ Code/University/Lab\ 3 ; exit;", "m2air@m2s-MacBook-Air ~ % /Users/m2air/Documents/VS\ Code/University/Lab\ 3 ; ex", "it;", "Enter a number: 35", "The number 35 is a multiple of 5, divisible by 7, but not by 11.", "Saving session...", "...copying shared history...", "...saving history...truncating history files...", "...completed.", and "[Process completed]". The terminal has a light gray background and a dark gray border.

```
ti
m2air — Lab 3 — 80x24
Last login: Thu Nov 14 18:57:15 on ttys004
/Users/m2air/Documents/VS\ Code/University/Lab\ 3 ; exit;
m2air@m2s-MacBook-Air ~ % /Users/m2air/Documents/VS\ Code/University/Lab\ 3 ; ex
it;
Enter a number: 35
The number 35 is a multiple of 5, divisible by 7, but not by 11.
Saving session...
...copying shared history...
...saving history...truncating history files...
...completed.
a [Process completed]
nl
```

3. Write a program to check whether the entered year is leap year or not (a year is leap if it is divisible by 4 and divisible by 100 or 400.)

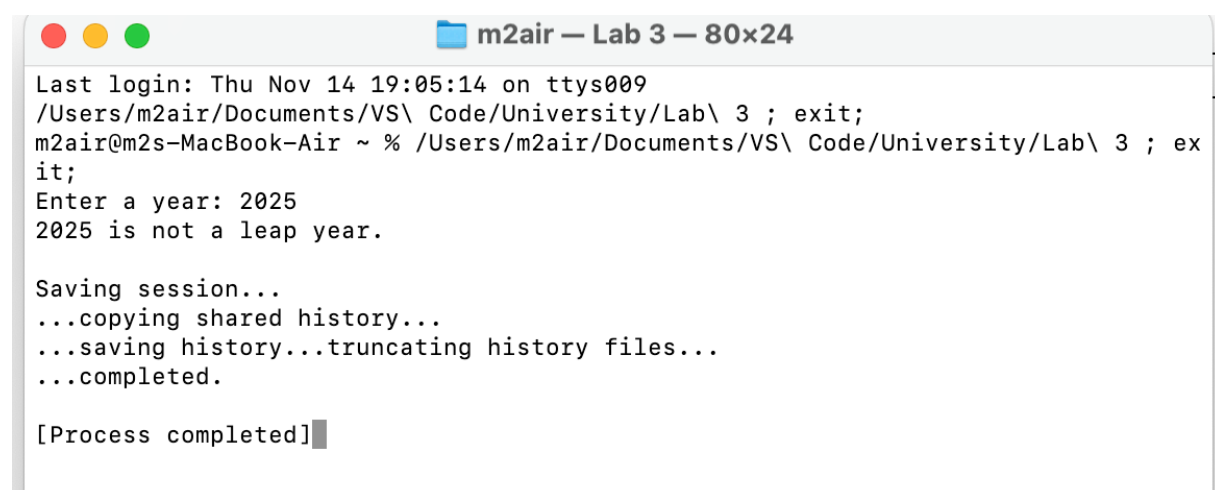
Answer :

Algorithm:

1. Take a year as input.
2. Check if the year is divisible by 4, If it is, also check if it's divisible by 100.
If it is, check if it's divisible by 400 to determine if it's a leap year.
3. Display the result.

Code
<pre>#include <stdio.h> int main() { int year; printf("Enter a year: "); scanf("%d", &year); if ((year % 4 == 0 && year % 100 != 0) (year % 400 == 0)) { printf("%d is a leap year.\n", year); } else { printf("%d is not a leap year.\n", year); } return 0; }</pre>

Output Result :



```
m2air — Lab 3 — 80x24
Last login: Thu Nov 14 19:05:14 on ttys009
/Users/m2air/Documents/VS\ Code/University/Lab\ 3 ; exit;
m2air@m2s-MacBook-Air ~ % /Users/m2air/Documents/VS\ Code/University/Lab\ 3 ; ex
it;
Enter a year: 2025
2025 is not a leap year.

Saving session...
...copying shared history...
...saving history...truncating history files...
...completed.

[Process completed]
```

4. Find the letter grade of a given mark. Follow the grading system of ULAB.

Answer :

Algorithm:

1. Take the student's mark as input.
2. Use if-else conditions to determine the letter grade based on the provided grading ranges.
3. Display the letter grade.

Code
<pre>#include <stdio.h> int main() { int mark; printf("Enter your mark: "); scanf("%d", &mark); if (mark >= 95) { printf("Grade: A+\n"); } else if (mark >= 85) { printf("Grade: A\n"); } else if (mark >= 80) { printf("Grade: A-\n"); } else if (mark >= 75) { printf("Grade: B+\n"); } else if (mark >= 70) { printf("Grade: B\n"); } else if (mark >= 65) { printf("Grade: B-\n"); } else if (mark >= 60) { printf("Grade: C+\n"); } else if (mark >= 55) { printf("Grade: C\n"); } else if (mark >= 50) { printf("Grade: D\n"); } else { printf("Grade: F\n"); } return 0; }</pre>

Output Result :

```
m2air — Grade — 80x24
Last login: Thu Nov 14 19:24:15 on ttys009
/Users/m2air/Documents/VS\ Code/University/Grade ; exit;
m2air@m2s-MacBook-Air ~ % /Users/m2air/Documents/VS\ Code/University/Grade ; exit;
Enter your mark: 89
Grade: A

Saving session...
...copying shared history...
...saving history...truncating history files...
...completed.

[Process completed]
```

5. Write a program to input a letter and display it in opposite case, i.e., if the given letter is in upper case, display it in lower case and vice-versa

Answer :

Algorithm:

1. Input a character from the user.
2. If uppercase, convert to lowercase; if lowercase, convert to uppercase; otherwise, display "Invalid input."
3. Output the result.

Code
<pre>#include <stdio.h> int main() { char letter; printf("Enter a letter: "); scanf(" %c", &letter); if (letter >= 'A' && letter <= 'Z') { printf("Opposite case: %c\n", letter + 32); } else if (letter >= 'a' && letter <= 'z') { printf("Opposite case: %c\n", letter - 32); } else { printf("Invalid input.\n"); } return 0; }</pre>

Output Result :

```
m2air — Grade — 80x24
Last login: Thu Nov 14 19:31:39 on ttys012
/Users/m2air/Documents/VS\ Code/University/Grade ; exit;
m2air@m2s-MacBook-Air ~ % /Users/m2air/Documents/VS\ Code/University/Grade ; exit;
Enter a letter: M
Opposite case: m

Saving session...
...copying shared history...
...saving history...truncating history files...
...completed.

[Process completed]
```

6. Write a program that will give a choice menu. Using if for coding
Take two inputs and one operator and do the calculation.

Press '+': Add two numbers

Press '-': Subtract two numbers

Press '*': Multiply two numbers

Press '/': Division two numbers

Input: 8 / 10

Output: 0.80

Answer :

Algorithm:

1. Display a menu with options.
2. Take two numbers and an operator as input.
3. Perform the operation based on the operator chosen.
4. Display the result.

Code
<pre>#include <stdio.h> int main() { float num1, num2, result; char operator; printf("Enter an operator (+, -, *, /): "); scanf(" %c", &operator); printf("Enter two numbers: "); scanf("%f %f", &num1, &num2);</pre>

```

if (operator == '+') {
    result = num1 + num2;
} else if (operator == '-') {
    result = num1 - num2;
} else if (operator == '*') {
    result = num1 * num2;
} else if (operator == '/') {
    if (num2 != 0) {
        result = num1 / num2;
    } else {
        printf("Error: Division by zero\n");
        return 1;
    }
} else {
    printf("Invalid operator\n");
    return 1;
}

printf("Result: %.2f\n", result);
return 0;
}

```

Output Result:

```

Last login: Thu Nov 14 19:56:15 on ttys014
/Users/m2air/Documents/VS\ Code/University/Grade ; exit;
m2air@m2s-MacBook-Air ~ % /Users/m2air/Documents/VS\ Code/University/Grade ; exit;
Enter an operator (+, -, *, /): /
Enter two numbers: 8 10
Result: 0.80

Saving session...
...copying shared history...
...saving history...truncating history files...
...completed.

[Process completed]

```


7. Write a program that will give a choice menu. Using switch for coding

Take two inputs and one operator and do the calculation.

Press '+': Add two number

Press '-': Subtract two number

Press '*': Multiply two number

Press '/': Division two number

Input: 8 / 10

Output: 0.80

Answer :

Algorithm:

1. Present a choice menu with options to add, subtract, multiply, or divide two numbers.
2. Use a switch statement to perform the selected operation.
3. Take two numbers and an operator as input and display the result.

Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

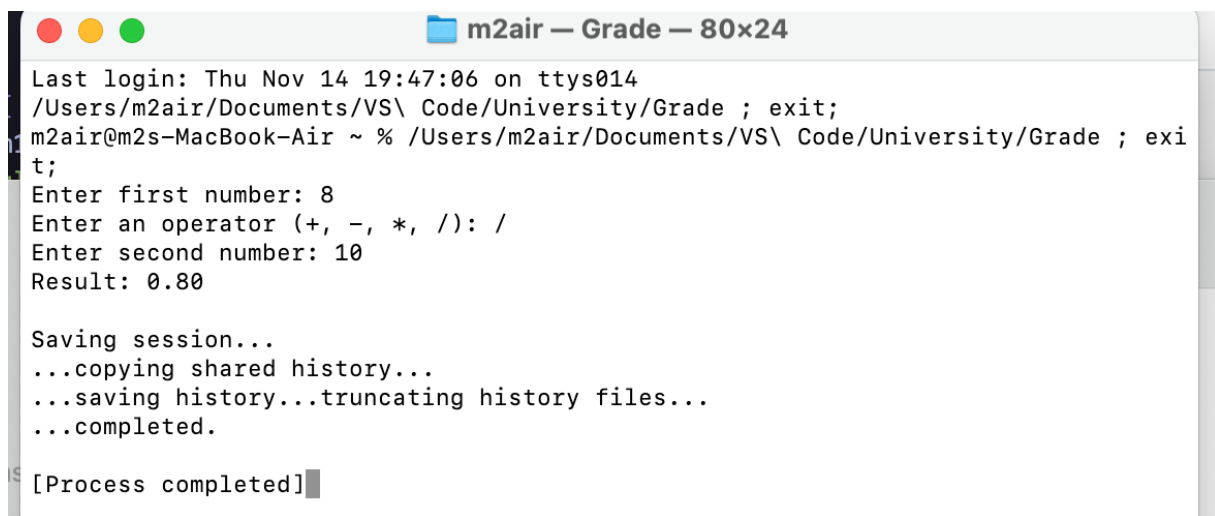
int main() {
    double num1, num2, result;
    char operator;

    printf("Enter first number: ");
    scanf("%lf", &num1);
    printf("Enter an operator (+, -, *, /): ");
    scanf(" %c", &operator);
    printf("Enter second number: ");
    scanf("%lf", &num2);

    switch (operator) {
        case '+':
            result = num1 + num2;
            printf("Result: %.2lf\n", result);
            break;
        case '-':
            result = num1 - num2;
            printf("Result: %.2lf\n", result);
            break;
        case '*':
            result = num1 * num2;
            printf("Result: %.2lf\n", result);
            break;
        case '/':
            if (num2 != 0) {
                result = num1 / num2;
                printf("Result: %.2lf\n", result);
            }
    }
}
```

```
    } else {  
        printf("Error: Division by zero is not allowed.\n");  
    }  
    break;  
default:  
    printf("Error: Invalid operator.\n");  
}  
  
return 0;  
}
```

Output Result :

A screenshot of a macOS terminal window titled "m2air — Grade — 80x24". The window shows the execution of a C program. The user enters the first number as 8, the operator as '/', and the second number as 10. The program outputs the result as 0.80. After the calculation, the terminal shows messages about saving the session, copying shared history, saving history, and truncating history files. The process completes with the message "[Process completed]".

```
m2air@m2s-MacBook-Air ~ %  
Last login: Thu Nov 14 19:47:06 on ttys014  
/Users/m2air/Documents/VS\ Code/University/Grade ; exit;  
m2air@m2s-MacBook-Air ~ % /Users/m2air/Documents/VS\ Code/University/Grade ; exit;  
Enter first number: 8  
Enter an operator (+, -, *, /): /  
Enter second number: 10  
Result: 0.80  
  
Saving session...  
...copying shared history...  
...saving history...truncating history files...  
...completed.  
[Process completed]
```