

# **Open Ended Lab -1**

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**Course Title: Data Structures Lab**

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**Submitted by:**

**Student Name: Sakib Al Hasan**

**ID: 241014134**

**Department of CSE**

**University of Liberal Arts Bangladesh (ULAB)**

## Console-Based CRUD Application

### Objective:

The purpose of this experiment is to design and implement a simple **console-based CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete)** application using the C programming language. The program manages a list of records, each containing a unique ID, a name, and a numeric value. The system utilizes **dynamic memory allocation** to handle records efficiently during runtime.

### Explanation of Data Structures Used

#### Data Structure:

The system uses a **dynamically allocated array of structures** to store all records. Each record is represented using the following structure:



```
1  typedef struct {  
2      int id;  
3      char name[50];  
4      float value;  
5  } Record;
```

#### Dynamic Memory Allocation:

- Records are stored using `malloc()` and `realloc()` to dynamically allocate memory as new records are added.
- `free()` is used to release memory after records are deleted or when the program exits.

This approach allows the program to manage memory efficiently and scale with user input during execution.

## Full CRUD Implementation and Sample Output :

### Create (Add a Record):

```
1 void addRecord(Record **records, int *size) {
2     *records = realloc(*records, (*size + 1) * sizeof(Record));
3     if (*records == NULL) {
4         printf("Memory allocation failed.\n");
5         return;
6     }
7
8     printf("Enter ID: ");
9     scanf("%d", &(*records)[*size].id);
10    printf("Enter Name: ");
11    getchar();
12    fgets((*records)[*size].name, 50, stdin);
13    (*records)[*size].name[strcspn((*records)[*size].name, "\n")] = '\0';
14    printf("Enter Value (e.g., GPA): ");
15    scanf("%f", &(*records)[*size].value);
16
17    (*size)++;
18    printf("Record added successfully.\n");
19 }
```

Output:

```
m2air — crud — crud — 80x24
Last login: Wed Apr 16 17:29:48 on ttys003
/Users/m2air/Documents/University\ All/crud ; exit
m2air@m2s-MacBook-Air ~ % /Users/m2air/Documents/

===== CRUD Menu =====
1. Add Record
2. Display Records
3. Update Record
4. Delete Record
5. Search Record
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter ID: 101
Enter Name: Sakib
Enter Value (e.g., GPA): 3.50
Record added successfully.
```

## Read (Display All Records):

```
1 void displayRecords(Record *records, int size) {
2     printf("\n--- All Records ---\n");
3     for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
4         printf("ID: %d | Name: %s | Value: %.2f\n", records[i].id, records[i].name, records[i].value);
5     }
6 }
```

Output:

```
===== CRUD Menu =====
1. Add Record
2. Display Records
3. Update Record
4. Delete Record
5. Search Record
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 2

--- All Records ---
ID: 101 | Name: Sakib | Value: 3.50
```

## Update (Modify a Record by ID):

```
1 void updateRecord(Record *records, int size) {
2     int id;
3     printf("Enter ID to update: ");
4     scanf("%d", &id);
5
6     for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
7         if (records[i].id == id) {
8             printf("Enter new Name: ");
9             getchar();
10            fgets(records[i].name, 50, stdin);
11            records[i].name[strcspn(records[i].name, "\n")] = '\0';
12            printf("Enter new Value: ");
13            scanf("%f", &records[i].value);
14            printf("Record updated successfully.\n");
15            return;
16        }
17    }
18    printf("Record with ID %d not found.\n", id);
19 }
20
```

Output:

```
===== CRUD Menu =====
1. Add Record
2. Display Records
3. Update Record
4. Delete Record
5. Search Record
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Enter ID to update: 101
Enter new Name: Nupor
Enter new Value: 3.80
Record updated successfully.
```

**Search (Find a Record by ID):**

A screenshot of a code editor with a dark background and light-colored text. The editor shows a C function named searchRecord. The function takes a pointer to an array of Record structures and its size. It prompts the user to enter an ID to search for, then iterates through the array. If a record with the matching ID is found, it prints the ID, name, and value. If not found, it prints a message. The code is numbered from 1 to 14.

```
1 void searchRecord(Record *records, int size) {
2     int id;
3     printf("Enter ID to search: ");
4     scanf("%d", &id);
5
6     for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
7         if (records[i].id == id) {
8             printf("ID: %d | Name: %s | Value: %.2f\n", records[i].id, records[i].name, records[i].value);
9             return;
10        }
11    }
12    printf("Record with ID %d not found.\n", id);
13 }
14
```

Output:

```
===== CRUD Menu =====
1. Add Record
2. Display Records
3. Update Record
4. Delete Record
5. Search Record
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 5
Enter ID to search: 101
ID: 101 | Name: Nupor | Value: 3.80
```

## Delete (Remove a Record by ID):

```
1 void deleteRecord(Record **records, int *size) {
2     int id;
3     printf("Enter ID to delete: ");
4     scanf("%d", &id);
5
6     for (int i = 0; i < *size; i++) {
7         if ((*records)[i].id == id) {
8             for (int j = i; j < *size - 1; j++) {
9                 (*records)[j] = (*records)[j + 1];
10            }
11            *records = realloc(*records, (*size - 1) * sizeof(Record));
12            (*size)--;
13            printf("Record deleted successfully.\n");
14            return;
15        }
16    }
17    printf("Record with ID %d not found.\n", id);
18 }
19
```

Output:

```
===== CRUD Menu =====
1. Add Record
2. Display Records
3. Update Record
4. Delete Record
5. Search Record
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 4
Enter ID to delete: 101
Record deleted successfully.
```

## Sample Main Menu

```
1  int main() {
2      Record *records = NULL;
3      int size = 0, choice;
4
5      do {
6          printf("\n===== CRUD Menu =====\n");
7          printf("1. Add Record\n");
8          printf("2. Display Records\n");
9          printf("3. Update Record\n");
10         printf("4. Delete Record\n");
11         printf("5. Search Record\n");
12         printf("6. Exit\n");
13         printf("Enter your choice: ");
14         scanf("%d", &choice);
15
16         switch (choice) {
17             case 1: addRecord(&records, &size); break;
18             case 2: displayRecords(records, size); break;
19             case 3: updateRecord(records, size); break;
20             case 4: deleteRecord(&records, &size); break;
21             case 5: searchRecord(records, size); break;
22             case 6: printf("Exiting program. Goodbye!\n"); break;
23             default: printf("Invalid choice. Please try again.\n");
24         }
25
26     } while (choice != 6);
27
28     free(records);
29     return 0;
30 }
```

## Lab Report Summary

This project demonstrates the use of **dynamic memory allocation** and **arrays of structures** to manage data in real-time. All basic CRUD operations were implemented and tested through a user-friendly, menu-driven interface.

### Key Features:

- Dynamic memory allocation using `malloc()` and `realloc()`
- Clean modular functions for each operation
- Safe and interactive record management

## Conclusion

The Console-Based CRUD Application successfully illustrates how core programming concepts like **structures**, **dynamic memory**, and **modular design** can be applied to solve real-world problems. This project improves understanding of memory management, user input handling, and data processing in C.