

NATURAL SCIENCES ADMISSIONS ASSESSMENT

Specimen Paper – New Format for 2020

60 minutes

SECTION 1

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Please read these instructions carefully, but do not open this question paper until you are told that you may do so. This paper is Section 1 of 2.

A separate answer sheet is provided for this paper. Please check you have one. You also require a soft pencil and an eraser.

Please complete the answer sheet with your candidate number, centre number, date of birth, and name.

At the end of 60 minutes, your supervisor will collect this question paper and answer sheet before giving out Section 2.

This paper contains four parts: A, B, C and D.

All candidates should complete Part A Mathematics.

All candidates should then complete **one** further part chosen from:

Part B Physics
Part C Chemistry
Part D Biology

Each part has 20 multiple-choice questions. There are no penalties for incorrect responses, only marks for correct answers, so you should attempt all of the questions in your **two** parts. Each question is worth one mark.

For each question, choose the **one** option you consider correct and record your choice on the separate answer sheet. If you make a mistake, erase thoroughly and try again.

You **must** complete the answer sheet within the time limit.

You can use the question paper for rough working, but **no extra paper** is allowed. Only your responses on the answer sheet will be marked.

Dictionaries and calculators are NOT permitted.

Please wait to be told you may begin before turning this page.

This question paper consists of 61 printed pages and 3 blank pages.

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Paper content

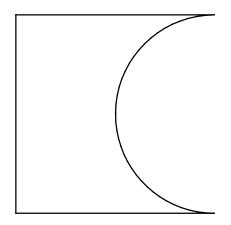
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PART B Physic	
PART C Chemistry	
PART D Biology	

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PART A Mathematics

PART A Mathematics

1 A square piece of metal has a semicircular piece cut out of it as shown. The area of the remaining metal is 100 cm².



[diagram not to scale]

Which one of the following is a correct expression for the length of the side of the square in centimetres?

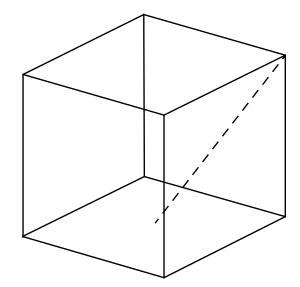
- **A** $20\sqrt{\frac{2}{8-\pi}}$
- **B** $10\sqrt{\frac{2}{4-\pi}}$
- **c** $20\sqrt{\frac{2}{8+\pi}}$
- **D** $10\sqrt{\frac{1}{8-\pi}}$
- **E** $20\sqrt{\frac{1}{4-\pi}}$
- 2 In a right-angled triangle PQR the hypotenuse is the side PR.

The length of side PQ is 20 cm and the ratio RQ:PQ is 1:2

What is the length of the perpendicular from the hypotenuse to the point Q?

- **A** $8\sqrt{5}$ cm
- $\textbf{B} \quad 10\sqrt{2}\,\text{cm}$
- \mathbf{C} 2 $\sqrt{5}$ cm
- **D** $5\sqrt{2}$ cm
- **E** $4\sqrt{5}$ cm

A cube has sides of unit length. What is the length of a line joining a vertex to the midpoint of one of the opposite faces (the dashed line in the diagram below)?

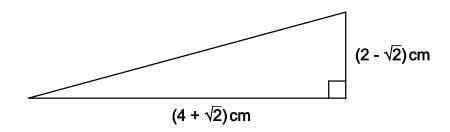


[diagram not to scale]

- $\mathbf{A} \qquad \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}$
- B $\sqrt{2}$
- $\mathbf{c} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{2}}$
- D $\sqrt{3}$
- E $\sqrt{5}$
- 4 If you look at a clock and the time is 9:45, what is the angle between the hour and the minute hands?
 - **A** 0°
 - **B** 7.5°
 - **C** 15°
 - **D** 22.5°
 - **E** 30°

PART A Mathematics

The right-angled triangle shown has horizontal and vertical sides measuring $(4 + \sqrt{2})$ cm and $(2 - \sqrt{2})$ cm respectively.



[diagram not to scale]

Calculate the area of the triangle.

- **A** $(5+3\sqrt{2}) \text{ cm}^2$
- **B** $(3-\sqrt{2})$ cm²
- **C** $(3+3\sqrt{2}) \text{ cm}^2$
- **D** $(5-\sqrt{2}) \text{cm}^2$
- A solid sphere of radius r fits inside a hollow cylinder. The cylinder has the same internal diameter and length as the diameter of the sphere.

The volume of a sphere is $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$, where r is the radius of the sphere.

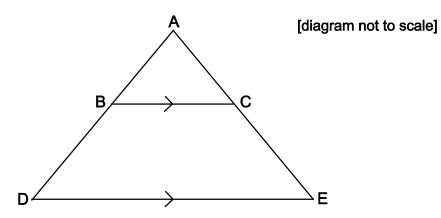
What fraction of the space inside the cylinder is taken up by the sphere?

- A $\frac{1}{4}$
- **B** $\frac{1}{3}$
- $c \frac{1}{2}$
- $\mathbf{D} \quad \frac{2}{3}$
- **E** $\frac{3}{4}$

- 7 Which of the expressions below has the largest value for 0 < x < 1?
 - A $\frac{1}{x}$
 - \mathbf{B} χ^2
 - $\mathbf{C} = \frac{1}{(1+x)}$
 - $D \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$
 - E \sqrt{x}
- **8** A shape is formed by drawing a triangle ABC inside the triangle ADE.

BC is parallel to DE.

- AB = 4 cm
- BC = x cm
- DE = x + 3 cm
- DB = x 4 cm



Calculate the length of DE.

- **A** 5 cm
- **B** 7 cm
- **C** 9 cm
- **D** $4+2\sqrt{7}$ cm
- **E** $7 + 2\sqrt{7}$ cm

PART A Mathematics

- **9** Two variables are connected by the relation: $P \propto \frac{1}{Q^2}$
 - Q is increased by 40%.

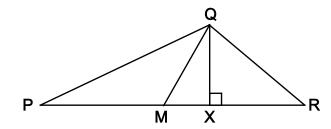
To the nearest percent, describe the change in P in percentage terms.

- A 29% decrease
- B 44% decrease
- C 49% decrease
- **D** 51% decrease
- E 80% decrease
- F 96% decrease
- 10 Three variables x, y and z are known to be related to each other in the following ways:
 - x is directly proportional to the square of z.
 - y is inversely proportional to the cube of z.

Which of the following correctly describes the relationship between x and y?

- **A** The square of x is directly proportional to the cube of y.
- **B** The square of x is inversely proportional to the cube of y.
- **C** The cube of x is directly proportional to the square of y.
- **D** The cube of x is inversely proportional to the square of y.
- **E** x is directly proportional to y^6 .

11 In the triangle PQR shown below:



[diagram not to scale]

X lies on PR

∠QXR is 90°

$$\frac{QX}{PX} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{QX}{XR} = \frac{2}{3}$$

M is the midpoint of PR.

What is $\frac{QX}{MX}$?

- **A** $\frac{1}{9}$
- **B** $\frac{5}{12}$
- c $\frac{4}{9}$
- $D = \frac{1}{2}$
- **E** $\frac{5}{6}$

12 Solve the inequality $x^2 \ge 8 - 2x$

- $\mathbf{A} \qquad x \ge 4$
- $\mathbf{B} \quad x \leq 2 \quad \text{and} \quad x \geq -4$
- $\textbf{C} \qquad x \ge -2 \quad \text{and} \quad x \le 4$
- **D** $x \ge 2$ or $x \le -4$

PART A Mathematics

13 The total surface area of a cylinder, measured in square centimetres, is numerically the same as its volume, measured in cubic centimetres.

The radius of the cylinder is r cm, the height is h cm.

Express h in terms of r.

- $\mathbf{A} \quad h = \frac{2r}{r-2}$
- $\mathbf{B} \quad h = \frac{2r}{r+2}$
- **C** h = r + 2
- **D** h = r 2
- **E** h = 2r(r-2)
- How many different integers, n, are there such that the difference between $2\sqrt{n}$ and 7 is less than 1?
 - **A** 0
 - **B** 2
 - **C** 4
 - **D** 6
 - **E** 8

The square PQRS is positioned so that its vertices are at the points with coordinates: (1, 1), (-1, 1), (-1, -1) and (1, -1).

The square is rotated clockwise through 90° about the origin and then reflected in the line y = x

Which transformation will return the square to its original orientation?

- **A** A reflection in the x-axis.
- **B** A reflection in the y-axis.
- **C** A reflection in the line y = -x
- **D** A rotation of 90° clockwise about the origin.
- **E** A rotation of 90° anticlockwise about the origin.
- **16** To get to work, Sylvie first catches a bus and then catches a train.

The probability that the bus is on time is 0.6

The probability that the bus is late is 0.4

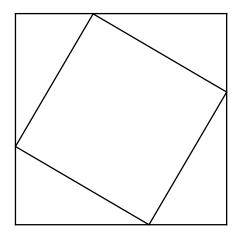
If the bus is on time, then the probability that she will catch the train is 0.8

If the bus is late, then the probability that she will catch the train is 0.6

Given that Sylvie catches the train, what is the probability that the bus was on time?

- **A** $\frac{1}{3}$
- **B** $\frac{12}{25}$
- $c \frac{2}{5}$
- **D** $\frac{3}{5}$
- $\mathsf{E} \quad \frac{2}{3}$
- $\mathbf{F} = \frac{18}{25}$
- $G = \frac{6}{7}$

A design is set up by joining the points which are one third of the way along the sides of a square. This forms a second square as shown.



[diagram not to scale]

This process is repeated.

Calculate the area of the fourth square as a fraction of the original square.

- **A** $\frac{1}{27}$
- **B** $\frac{5\sqrt{5}}{81}$
- c $\frac{125}{729}$
- **D** $\frac{25}{81}$
- E $\frac{5\sqrt{5}}{27}$

18 The equation connects the variables M, x, y, z, P and Q.

$$M = \frac{\left(x+y\right)^2 z}{P} Q$$

The following changes are made:

- x and y are both increased by 50%
- z is decreased by 20%
- P is doubled and Q remains the same.

What is the resulting percentage change in M?

- A 2.5% decrease
- B 2.5% increase
- C 10% decrease
- D 10% increase
- E 20% decrease
- F 20% increase
- 19 I have two six-sided dice, each with faces numbered from 1 to 6. One of the dice is fair, but the other is not; it will land on numbers 1 to 5 with equal probability, but lands on 6 with a different probability.

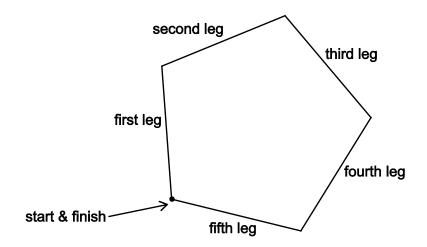
When I roll the dice the probability that I get a total of 12 is $\frac{1}{18}$.

What is the probability that I get a total of 2 when I roll the dice?

- **A** $\frac{1}{72}$
- B $\frac{1}{45}$
- $c = \frac{1}{36}$
- **D** $\frac{1}{18}$
- $E = \frac{1}{9}$

PART A Mathematics

20 A cross-country running track is in the shape of a regular pentagon.



[diagram not to scale]

Competitors run clockwise around the track.

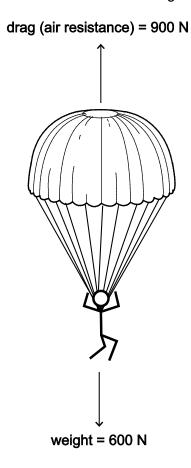
When on the third leg of the course they run on a bearing of 110°.

What bearing do they run on for the first leg?

- **A** 034°
- **B** 038°
- **C** 106°
- **D** 178°
- **E** 182°
- **F** 244°
- **G** 322°
- **H** 326°

PART B Physics

21 Shortly after opening her parachute, a free-fall parachutist of mass 60 kg (including equipment) experiences the forces shown in the diagram.

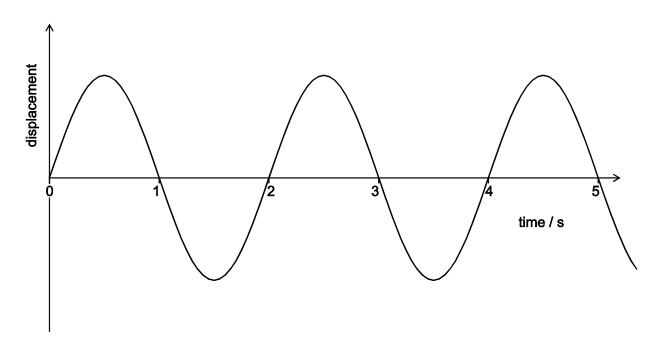


[diagram not to scale]

Which line in the table gives the size and direction of the acceleration of the parachutist at this instant?

	size of acceleration / m s ⁻²	direction of acceleration	
Α	5.0	downwards	
В	10.0	downwards	
С	5.0	upwards	
D	10.0	upwards	
E	0.0	_	

22 The displacement–time graph shown represents a wave of wavelength 1.5 cm.



What is the speed of the wave?

- **A** $0.33 \, \text{cm s}^{-1}$
- **B** $0.67 \, \mathrm{cm \, s^{-1}}$
- $\mathbf{C} = 0.75 \, \mathrm{cm \, s^{-1}}$
- **D** $1.33 \,\mathrm{cm}\,\mathrm{s}^{-1}$
- **E** $1.5\,\mathrm{cm}\,\mathrm{s}^{-1}$
- \mathbf{F} 3.0 cm s⁻¹
- A point mass travelling at a constant speed has a momentum of 30 Ns and a kinetic energy of 150 J.

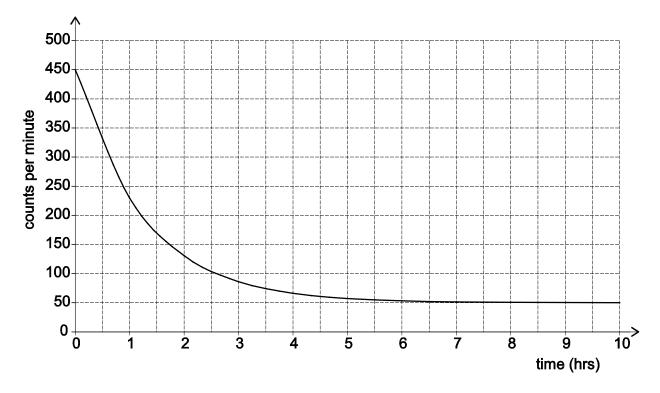
What is the mass of the object?

- A 2kg
- **B** 3 kg
- C 5kg
- **D** 6 kg
- **E** 10 kg
- **F** 15 kg

PART B Physics

- 24 Which of the following is a correct unit of potential difference (voltage)?
 - A amp per ohm
 - B coulomb per joule
 - C joule per second
 - D newton per coulomb
 - E watt per amp
- A radioactive isotope decays to a stable product. A sample of this isotope is placed near to a radiation detector in a laboratory.

A graph of count rate against time was plotted to display the data from the detector.



What is the approximate count rate due to background radiation for this experiment?

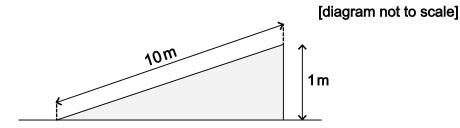
- A 5 counts per minute
- B 25 counts per minute
- C 45 counts per minute
- **D** 50 counts per minute
- E 200 counts per minute
- F 225 counts per minute

26 An object of mass 5.0 kg falls from rest and hits the ground at a speed of 20 m s⁻¹. Air resistance is negligible.

From what height has the object fallen?

(gravitational field strength = $10 \,\mathrm{N\,kg^{-1}}$)

- **A** 10 m
- **B** 20 m
- **C** 50 m
- **D** 100 m
- **E** 200 m
- **F** 1000 m
- A cyclist and a bike have a combined mass of 100 kg. The cyclist free-wheels (rolls without pedalling) at a constant speed of 0.80 m s⁻¹ down a slope where the cyclist descends 1.0 m for each 10 m travelled along the road, as shown in the diagram.



Calculate the loss in gravitational potential energy as the cyclist loses 100 m in vertical height and hence calculate the total resistive force on the cyclist and bike.

(gravitational field strength = $10 \,\mathrm{N}\,\mathrm{kg}^{-1}$)

	loss in gravitational potential energy/J	resistive force/N	
Α	3200	$32/\sqrt{101}$	
В	3200	3.2	
С	3200	32/√99	
D	100 000	1000 / $\sqrt{101}$	
Е	100 000	100	
F	100 000	1000 / $\sqrt{99}$	

PART B Physics

An electric motor is used to lift a load of 3.0 kg from rest through a height of 5.0 m in a time of 1.5 s. At the end of the lift the load is at rest again. The motor is connected to a 25 V dc supply.

Assuming that the system is 100% efficient, what is the average current in the motor during the lift?

(gravitational field strength = $10 \,\mathrm{N \, kg^{-1}}$)

- **A** 0.40 A
- **B** 0.60 A
- **C** 0.80 A
- **D** 4.0 A
- **E** 9.0 A
- A ball is thrown vertically upwards and leaves the thrower's hand with a speed of 12 m s⁻¹. You may assume that all of the initial kinetic energy of the ball has been converted into gravitational potential energy when the ball reaches its highest point.

What is the height above the thrower's hand to which it rises?

(gravitational field strength = $10 \,\mathrm{N\,kg^{-1}}$)

- **A** 7.2 m
- **B** 14.4 m
- C 24 m
- **D** 60 m
- **E** 120 m

30 A lorry of mass m, and travelling initially at speed v along a horizontal road, is brought to rest by an average horizontal braking force F in time t.

Ignoring any other resistive forces, what distance is travelled by the lorry during this time?

(gravitational field strength = g)

- $\mathbf{A} \quad \frac{F}{mg}$
- $\mathbf{B} \quad \frac{mgv}{F}$
- $\mathbf{C} = \frac{mv^2}{2F}$
- $D = \frac{v^2}{2g}$
- \mathbf{E} vt
- **F** 2*vt*
- 31 Nuclide ${}^N_R X$ is an unstable isotope which decays in two stages into nuclide Z as shown:

$$_{R}^{N}X \rightarrow _{R-2}^{P}Y \rightarrow _{Q}^{P}Z$$

What are the values of P and Q?

(Consider only alpha and beta decays.)

	P	Q
Α	N-4	<i>R</i> + 1
В	N-4	<i>R</i> – 1
С	N-4	R – 2
D	N	<i>R</i> – 1
Е	N	R – 2
F	N	R – 4

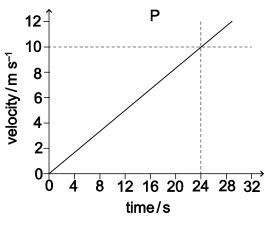
PART B Physics

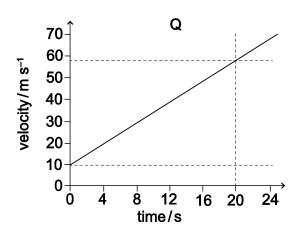
A pulse of frequency 100 kHz is emitted from an ultrasound scanner, and is reflected from a foetus 10 cm below the transmitter placed on the mother's abdomen. The speed of sound within the mother's body is 500 m s⁻¹.

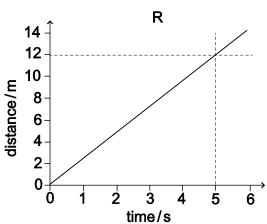
How long after its emission from the scanner does it take for the pulse to reach the receiver which is adjacent to the transmitter?

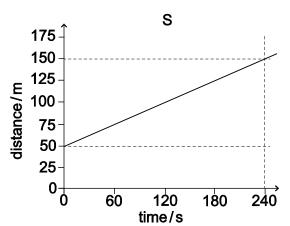
- **A** 0.20 ms
- **B** 0.40 ms
- C 0.50 ms
- **D** 0.80 ms
- **E** 1.0 ms

33 The diagrams below show either velocity–time or distance–time graphs for four different objects, P, Q, R and S.







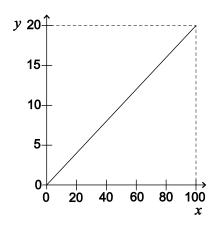


Which graph(s) show an object accelerating at 2.4 m s⁻²?

- A Ponly
- **B** Q only
- **C** R only
- **D** S only
- **E** P and Q only
- F Q and R only
- **G** P and S only

PART B Physics

34 Consider this graph.



Which one of the following could the graph **not** represent if all quantities are in SI units?

- **A** The variation of the acceleration (y-axis) of a body of mass 5.0 kg with the resultant force acting on the body (x-axis).
- **B** The variation of the current (*y*-axis) through a 5.0Ω resistor with the applied voltage (*x*-axis).
- **C** The variation of the kinetic energy (y-axis) of a body of mass 0.4 kg with the square of its speed (x-axis).
- **D** The variation of the wavelength (y-axis) of waves with a speed of $0.2 \,\mathrm{m\,s^{-1}}$ with their frequency (x-axis).
- **E** The variation of the work done (y-axis) by a force of 0.2N with the distance it moves through in the direction of the force (x-axis).
- **35** The nucleus of the ion Q^{2+} contains x neutrons and x-3 protons.

How many electrons does the Q²⁺ ion contain?

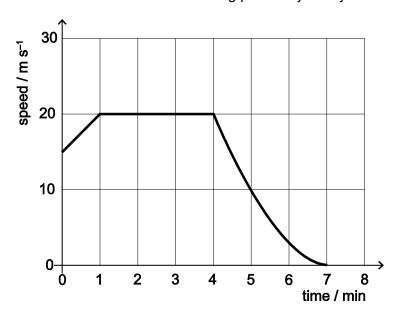
- **A** x 1
- **B** x 2
- **C** x 5
- **D** 2x 1
- **E** 2x 5

36 Two resistors with resistance R_1 ohms and R_2 ohms are connected in series with a battery that has a voltage V across its terminals.

Which formula gives the power dissipated by the resistor with resistance $\it R_{\rm 1}$ ohms?

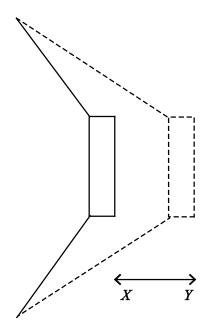
- $\mathbf{A} = \frac{VR_1}{R_1 + R_2}$
- $\mathbf{B} = \frac{V^2 R_1}{R_1 + R_2}$
- $\mathbf{C} = \frac{VR_1}{\left(R_1 + R_2\right)^2}$
- $\mathbf{D} = \frac{V^2 R_1}{\left(R_1 + R_2\right)^2}$
- $\mathbf{E} = \frac{VR_1^2}{(R_1 + R_2)}$
- $\mathbf{F} = \frac{V^2 R_1^2}{(R_1 + R_2)^2}$

37 The graph represents the motion of a vehicle during part of a journey.



- What is the best estimate of the distance travelled during the part of the journey shown?
- **A** 100.00 m
- **B** 107.50 m
- **C** 115.00 m
- **D** 6.00 km
- **E** 6.45 km
- **F** 6.90 km

A sound wave is produced by a loudspeaker cone, which creates pulses of pressure by moving back and forth between two points *X* and *Y* as shown in the diagram.



[diagram not to scale]

The distance between points X and Y is 5.0 mm and the loudspeaker produces pulses of high pressure every 0.20 milliseconds.

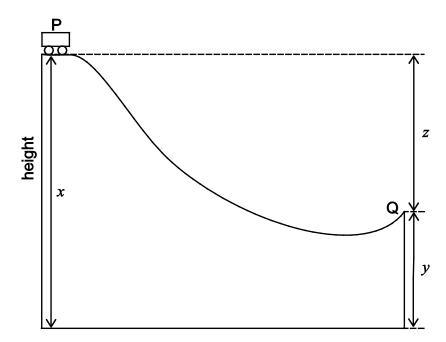
The following statements about the sound wave produced are made:

- **P** It has a speed of $25 \,\mathrm{m \, s}^{-1}$.
- **Q** It has an amplitude of 5.0 mm.
- **R** It has a wavelength of 5.5 mm.
- **S** It has a frequency of 5.0 kHz.

Which of these statements can be correctly deduced from the information given?

- A Ponly
- **B** S only
- C P and Q only
- **D** P and R only
- **E** Q and S only
- **F** R and S only
- **G** P, R and S only

39 The diagram shows a truck on a section of a roller coaster ride.



The truck is launched from position P as shown, and moves along frictionless rails towards position Q.

The values of the Earth's gravitational field strength and the initial speed of the truck are known.

Which single additional piece of information is needed to be able to calculate the speed of the truck at Q?

(Assume air resistance is negligible and the truck has no internal power source.)

- A mass of the truck
- **B** distance x
- **C** distance *y*
- **D** distance z
- **E** distance from P to Q along the rails
- F straight line distance from P to Q

The radioactive isotope carbon-14 is found in living material in small quantities. There are approximately 1000 carbon-14 atoms for every 10¹⁵ carbon-12 atoms. Whilst the material is still living this ratio remains constant, because even though the carbon-14 is decaying, it is being constantly replenished. When the material dies the carbon-14 decays and is not replaced. The half-life of carbon-14 is about 6000 years.

In a bone the ratio of carbon-14 to carbon-12 atoms is found to be 100:10¹⁵.

Which of the following is the closest estimate of the age of the bone?

- A 60 years
- B 600 years
- **C** 1000 years
- **D** 10 000 years
- E 20000 years
- **F** 30 000 years
- **G** 50 000 years
- **H** 60 000 years

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PART C Chemistry

PART C Chemistry

41 The colours of three indicators are shown.

indicator	colour at		pH at which colour	
	low pH	high pH	change takes place	
methyl orange	red	yellow	4.0	
bromothymol blue	yellow	blue	6.5	
phenolphthalein	colourless	pink	9.0	

Equal volumes of these three indicators were mixed and the mixture was added to a solution of pH 5.0.

What colour would be seen?

- A blue
- **B** green
- **C** orange
- **D** purple
- E yellow
- When concentrated aqueous sodium chloride solution is electrolysed using inert electrodes a reaction occurs at each electrode.

Which is the correct combination of elements actually produced at the electrodes in this electrolysis?

- A positive electrode = chlorine; negative electrode = hydrogen
- **B** positive electrode = chlorine; negative electrode = sodium
- **C** positive electrode = oxygen; negative electrode = hydrogen
- **D** positive electrode = oxygen; negative electrode = sodium
- **E** positive electrode = sodium; negative electrode = chlorine

43 Which substance (A-E) in the table could have a giant covalent structure?

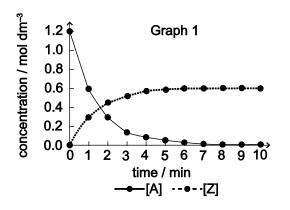
substance	melting point /°C	boiling point / °C	electrical conductivity	
Substance			when solid	when molten
Α	1700	2200	none	none
В	800	1470	none	good
С	98	880	good	good
D	-20	58	none	none
E	-39	357	good	good

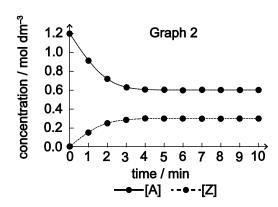
PART C Chemistry

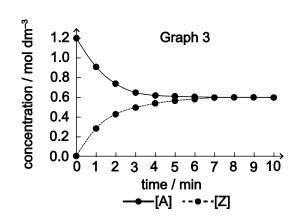
Chemicals A and B react to form products Y and Z. The reaction goes to completion. The equation for the reaction is:

$$2A(aq) + B(aq) \rightarrow Y(aq) + Z(aq)$$

Equimolar samples of A and B were mixed and the concentrations of A and Z were measured over time. Which of the following graphs could represent this reaction?







- A Graph 1 only
- B Graph 2 only
- C Graph 3 only
- **D** Graphs 1 and 2 only
- E Graphs 2 and 3 only

45 An oxide of iron has the formula Fe_3O_4 and contains both Fe^{2+} and Fe^{3+} ions.

Which one of the following is the fraction of iron ions that are in the Fe²⁺ state?

- **A** $\frac{1}{4}$
- **B** $\frac{1}{3}$
- $c \frac{1}{2}$
- **D** $\frac{2}{3}$
- $E = \frac{3}{4}$
- 46 An element has a mass number of 40 and an atomic number of 20.

Which statement(s) about this element is/are correct?

- 1 Its atomic nucleus has a relative mass of 20.
- 2 It is a noble gas.
- 3 It would form a negative ion.
- 4 It is in Group 2 of the Periodic Table.
- 5 It is a non-metallic element.
- **A** 1, 2 and 3 only
- **B** 1, 3 and 4 only
- **C** 1, 4 and 5 only
- **D** 2, 3 and 5 only
- E 4 only
- **F** 5 only

PART C Chemistry

47 The reaction between nitrogen and hydrogen to form ammonia is exothermic.

$$N_2(g) + 3H_2(g) \rightleftharpoons 2NH_3(g)$$
 ΔH is negative

The bond energies in the three molecules are as shown:

Which statement can be deduced from this information?

$$N \equiv N$$
 $x \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
 $H - H$ $y \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
 $N - H$ $z \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$

$$\mathbf{A} \quad z > x + y$$

B
$$2z > x + y$$

C
$$2z > x + 3y$$

D
$$6z > x + 3y$$

48 In which two of the following equations is the **first reactant** an oxidising agent?

$$\textbf{1} \quad \textbf{Mg} \, + \, 2HCl \, \rightarrow \, MgCl_2 \, + \, H_2$$

2
$$Cr_2O_7^{2-} + 6Fe^{2+} + 14H^+ \rightarrow 2Cr^{3+} + 6Fe^{3+} + 7H_2O$$

$$\textbf{3} \quad \textbf{2Cu}^{\textbf{2+}} \, + \, \textbf{4I}^{-} \, \rightarrow \, \textbf{2CuI} \, + \, \textbf{I}_{2}$$

$$\textbf{4} \quad \textbf{H}_2\textbf{SO}_3 \ + \ 2 \textbf{F} e^{3^+} \ + \ \textbf{H}_2 \textbf{O} \ \rightarrow \ \textbf{H}_2 \textbf{SO}_4 \ + \ 2 \textbf{F} e^{2^+} \ + \ 2 \textbf{H}^+$$

What volume of water vapour measured at room temperature and pressure would be produced from an ice cube of mass 6.00 g if it all evaporated?

 $(A_r \text{ values: } H = 1; O = 16. \text{ Molar volume of a gas at room temperature and pressure} = 24 \, \text{dm}^3)$

- **A** 240 cm³
- **B** 1800 cm³
- **C** 4800 cm³
- **D** 8000 cm³
- **E** 24 000 cm³
- **50** A compound of iodine and oxygen contains 63.5 g of iodine and 20.0 g of oxygen.

Which one of the following is its empirical formula?

 $(A_r \text{ values: } I = 127; O = 16)$

- A IO
- B IO₂
- $C I_2O$
- \mathbf{D} I_2O_3
- $E I_2O_5$
- $\mathbf{F} \quad \mathbf{I}_5\mathbf{O}_2$
- **51** Listed are the electron configurations for the atoms of different elements.

Which one represents the most reactive non-metal?

- **A** 2,4
- **B** 2,6
- **C** 2,7
- **D** 2,8,1
- **E** 2,8,6
- **F** 2,8,7

Naturally occurring chlorine is a mixture of two isotopes with mass number 35 and 37. The isotope with mass number 35 is three times as common as the isotope with mass number 37.

Naturally occurring bromine is a mixture of two isotopes with mass numbers 79 and 81. They are present in equal amounts.

What fraction of the naturally occurring compound CH₂BrCl has a relative molecular mass of 128?

 $(A_r \text{ values: } H = 1; C = 12)$

- **A** $\frac{1}{8}$
- B $\frac{1}{4}$
- **c** $\frac{3}{8}$
- **D** $\frac{1}{2}$
- **E** $\frac{5}{8}$
- A mixture of equal parts of hexane (bp 68 °C) and heptane (bp 98 °C) is distilled using a fractionating column.

The temperature of the liquid in the flask and the temperature at the top of the fractionating column are measured.

Which one of the following shows the likely temperatures when the first drops of distillate are collected?

	temperature in flask / °C	temperature at top of column / °C
Α	83	68
В	98	68
С	83	83
D	98	83
E	98	98

Carbon, in the form of coke, is used to reduce iron oxide in a blast furnace. The three stages are shown below:

1
$$C + O_2 \rightarrow CO_2$$

2
$$CO_2 + C \rightarrow 2CO$$

3 3CO +
$$Fe_2O_3 \rightarrow 2Fe + 3CO_2$$

If 12g of carbon is used in stage 2 and all the carbon monoxide produced is used in stage 3, what mass of carbon dioxide is produced in stage 3?

$$(A_r \text{ values: } C = 12; O = 16)$$

- **A** 17.8 g
- **B** 35.6 g
- C 44 g
- **D** 88 g
- **E** 132 g
- The following exothermic, reversible reaction is used in the manufacture of sulfuric acid from sulfur dioxide and oxygen:

$$2SO_2(g) + O_2(g) \rightleftharpoons 2SO_3(g)$$

Which one of the following statements about this reaction is correct?

- **A** Pressure has no effect on the position of equilibrium.
- **B** Raising the temperature moves the equilibrium to the right.
- **C** At equilibrium no sulfur dioxide is being changed into sulfur trioxide.
- **D** The addition of a catalyst speeds up the forward reaction more than the backward reaction.
- **E** Before equilibrium is reached, the rate of the forward reaction is greater than the rate of the backward reaction.

PART C Chemistry

An impure sample of sodium hydroxide has a mass of 1.20 g. All the sodium hydroxide completely reacts with a minimum of 50.0 cm³ of 0.50 mol dm⁻³ hydrochloric acid.

What is the percentage purity of the sodium hydroxide sample?

 $(A_r \text{ values: } H = 1; O = 16; Na = 23; Cl = 35.5)$

- **A** 37.5%
- **B** 41.6%
- **C** 72.7%
- **D** 75.0%
- **E** 83.3%
- **F** 90.4%
- 57 A sample of an alkali XOH of mass 2.8 g was dissolved in water.

This solution was neutralised by 12.5 cm³ of sulfuric acid of concentration 2.0 mol dm⁻³.

$$2XOH(aq) + H_2SO_4(aq) \rightarrow X_2SO_4(aq) + 2H_2O(l)$$

What is the relative atomic mass of X?

 $(A_r \text{ values: } H = 1; O = 16; S = 32)$

- **A** 13
- **B** 26
- **C** 39
- **D** 52
- **E** 65
- **F** 78

58 The equation summarises the reaction of copper and dilute nitric acid.

$$Cu + rHNO_3 \rightarrow Cu(NO_3)_2 + sH_2O + tNO_2$$

What values of s and t are needed to balance the equation?

	S	t
Α	1	1
В	2	1
С	4	1
D	2	2
E	4	2

59 Complete combustion of 35 cm³ of a straight-chain alkane vapour gave 105 cm³ of carbon dioxide gas. Both gas volumes were measured at the same temperature and pressure.

Which of the following is the molecular formula of the alkane?

- \mathbf{A} C_2H_4
- **B** C₂H₆
- \mathbf{C} C_3H_6
- D C_3H_8
- **E** C₄H₁₀

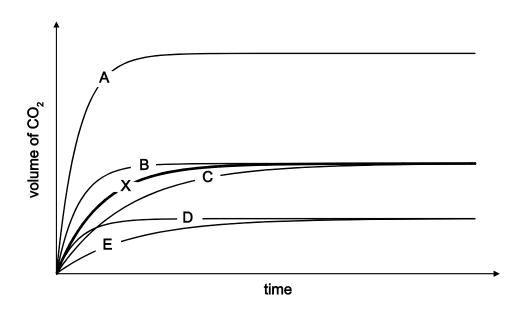
PART C Chemistry

60 Calcium carbonate reacts with hydrochloric acid. The reaction gives off carbon dioxide gas.

Line X on the graph shows the volume of carbon dioxide formed against time when 100 cm³ of 1.0 mol dm⁻³ of hydrochloric acid reacts with calcium carbonate chips at 20 °C. There was an excess of calcium carbonate chips.

$$CaCO_3 + 2HCI \rightarrow CaCl_2 + CO_2 + H_2O(I)$$

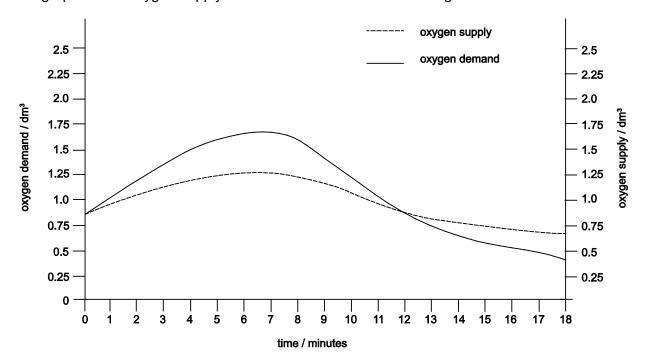
Which line best represents the volume of carbon dioxide formed against time when the reaction is repeated with $50~\text{cm}^3$ of 2.0~mol dm⁻³ of hydrochloric acid reacting with excess calcium carbonate chips at $20~^{\circ}\text{C}$?



- A line A
- B line B
- C line C
- **D** line D
- **E** line E

- **61** Which of the following describe(s) a role of mitosis?
 - 1 formation of gametes
 - 2 growth of cells
 - 3 repair of cells
 - 4 replacement of skin cells
 - **A** 1 only
 - **B** 2 only
 - C 3 only
 - **D** 4 only
 - E 1 and 2 only
 - **F** 3 and 4 only
 - **G** 1, 3 and 4 only
 - **H** 1, 2, 3 and 4

62 The graph shows oxygen supply and demand in muscle cells during exercise.



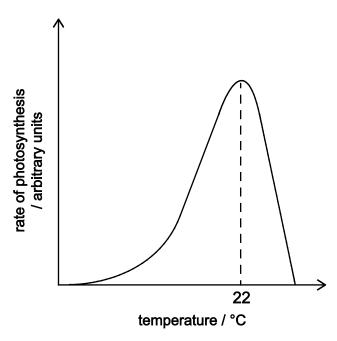
Which statement correctly describes what is happening in the muscle cells between 0 and 11 minutes?

- **A** Anaerobic respiration only is taking place.
- **B** More oxygen is being supplied than is required.
- **C** Aerobic respiration only is taking place.
- **D** Both anaerobic and aerobic respiration are taking place.

- Which of the four statements below about natural selection are correct?
 - 1 Competition occurs between individuals of the same species.
 - 2 Competition occurs between individuals of different species.
 - **3** Selection can lead to evolution.
 - 4 Selection can lead to extinction.
 - A 1 and 3 only
 - **B** 2 and 4 only
 - **C** 1, 2 and 4 only
 - **D** 1, 3 and 4 only
 - **E** 2, 3 and 4 only
 - **F** 1, 2, 3 and 4

A student carried out an experiment to investigate the effect of temperature on the rate of photosynthesis. All of the other variables were kept constant.

The graph shows the results obtained.



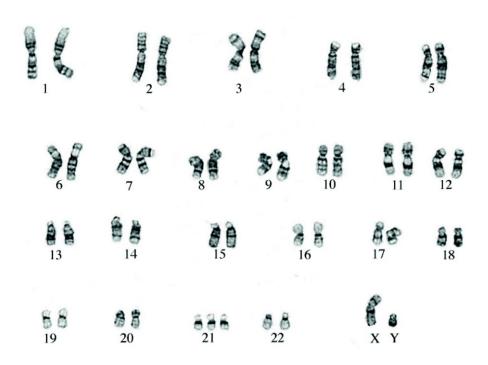
The student considered the graph and made the following conclusions.

- 1 Up to 22 °C temperature is limiting the rate of photosynthesis.
- **2** At temperatures higher than 22 °C not all of the enzymes work so the rate of photosynthesis drops.
- **3** As the temperature increases across the temperature range studied, the rate of photosynthesis increases due to increased kinetic energy.

Which of the student's conclusions is/are correct?

- A none of them
- B 1 only
- C 2 only
- **D** 3 only
- E 1 and 2 only
- **F** 1 and 3 only
- **G** 2 and 3 only
- **H** 1, 2 and 3

65 The karyogram below is a photograph of the chromosomes taken from a single human cell.



Using the karyogram, which of the following statements is/are correct?

- **1** The person is healthy with no visible mutations.
- 2 These chromosomes come from a male cell.
- 3 The cell used could have been a white blood cell.
- A none of them
- **B** 1 only
- C 2 only
- **D** 3 only
- E 1 and 2 only
- F 1 and 3 only
- G 2 and 3 only
- **H** 1, 2 and 3

Image used with permission of UW Cytogenetics/Wisconsin State Laboratory of Hygiene © Board of Regents of the University of Wisconsin System

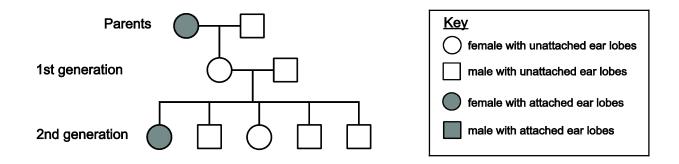
- Which of the following statements is/are correct about a stem cell extracted from the bone marrow of a healthy human donor to be given to a patient?
 - 1 It can undergo meiosis to form genetically identical offspring.
 - 2 It may contain 46 chromosomes.
 - 3 It could differentiate to become a white blood cell.
 - A none of them
 - B 1 only
 - C 2 only
 - **D** 3 only
 - E 1 and 2 only
 - **F** 1 and 3 only
 - G 2 and 3 only
 - **H** 1, 2 and 3
- Tomato plants were placed in sunlight in an atmosphere containing radioactively labelled carbon dioxide. After a period of time, radioactively labelled sugars were detected in the roots of the plants.

Which of the following statements is correct?

- **A** Carbon dioxide diffused into the roots where it was converted into sugars.
- **B** Carbon dioxide entering the leaves was used to make sugars, some of which was transported by translocation to the roots.
- **C** Carbon dioxide entering the leaves was used to make sugars, some of which was transported by transpiration to the roots.
- **D** Carbon dioxide entering the leaves was transported by translocation to the roots where it was converted into sugars.
- **E** Carbon dioxide entering the leaves was transported by transpiration to the roots where it was converted into sugars.

A person's ear lobes can be attached to the side of their head or unattached. The allele for attached ear lobes is recessive to the allele for unattached ear lobes.

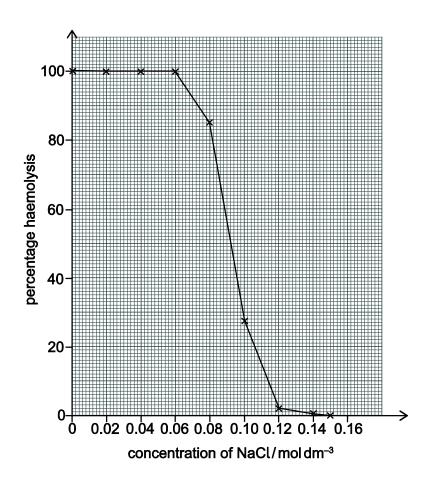
The pedigree diagram below shows the ear lobe attachment in one family.



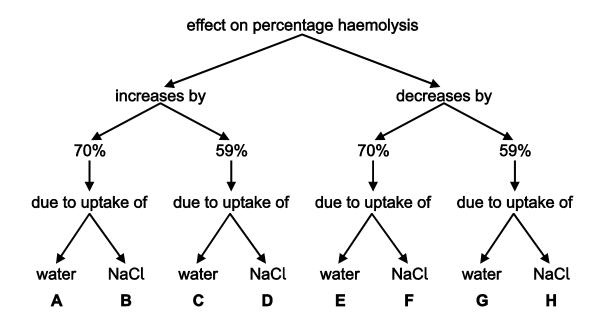
What is the maximum possible number of heterozygous individuals in this pedigree diagram?

- **A** 2
- **B** 3
- **C** 4
- **D** 5
- **E** 6
- **F** 7
- **G** 8
- **H** 9

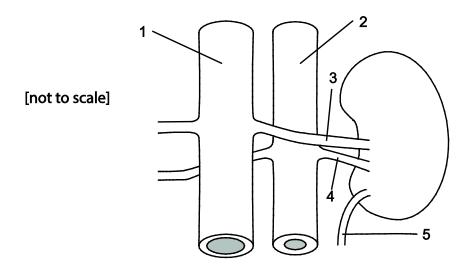
69 The graph below shows the effect of different concentrations of sodium chloride (NaCl) solution on the percentage haemolysis of human red blood cells. Haemolysis occurs when the cells swell and then burst open.



Which letter correctly describes the effect of changing the concentration of NaCl from 0.12 mol dm⁻³ to 0.084 mol dm⁻³ on percentage haemolysis?



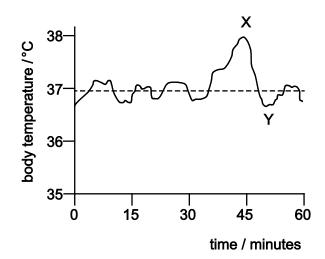
70 The diagram shows a kidney and its associated vessels from a healthy individual.



Which row correctly identifies the vessels along with the concentration of urea they contain?

	lowest concentration of urea	highest concentration of urea
A	1 is the aorta	2 is the vena cava
В	1 is the vena cava	2 is the aorta
С	3 is the renal artery	5 is the urethra
D	3 is the renal vein 5 is the ureter	
E	4 is the renal vein	5 is the ureter
F	4 is the renal artery	5 is the urethra

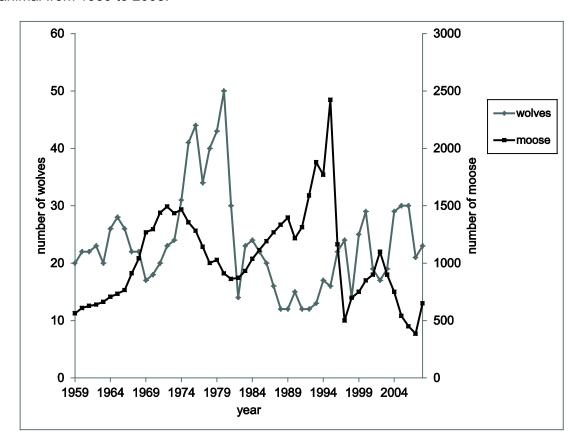
71 The graph shows how body temperature of a human varies over a period of 60 minutes.



Which of the following could have caused the temperature change between X and Y?

- 1 Homeostasis causing more sweat production.
- The temperature control centre in the brain causing hairs on the skin to stand up on end.
- The temperature control centre in the brain causing less blood to flow near the skin's surface.
- A none of them
- **B** 1 only
- C 2 only
- **D** 3 only
- E 1 and 2 only
- **F** 1 and 3 only
- **G** 2 and 3 only
- **H** 1, 2 and 3

An isolated island in Canada has populations of moose and wolves. Moose are the main source of food for the wolves. The graph shows changes in the populations of the two species of animal from 1959 to 2008.



A student listed four trends in the populations of moose and wolves from 1959 to 2008.

- 1 Increases in wolf population are always after increases in moose population.
- 2 The wolf population is always lower than the moose population.
- 3 There were more wolves than moose in 1965.
- **4** When the wolf population is low there is an increase in the moose population.

Which of the student's statements are correct?

- A 1 and 2 only
- B 1 and 3 only
- C 1 and 4 only
- **D** 2 and 4 only
- E 3 and 4 only

73 The sex of a species of fruit fly is determined by the number of X chromosomes relative to the number of non-sex chromosomes (A) in a cell. This is called the X: A ratio.

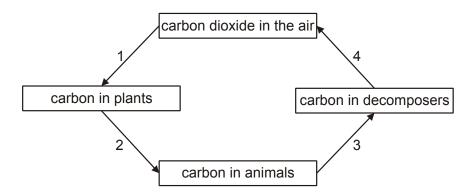
A fruit fly will be male if X:A = 0.5:1, and female if X:A = 1:1

The Y chromosome contains genes necessary for making sperm.

Which row of the table correctly shows the sex of the five fruit flies with different numbers of these chromosomes?

	XAA	XYAA	XXAA	XXYAA	XXYYAA
Α	female	female	female	male	male
В	female	female	male	male	male
С	female	male	female	male	female
D	female	male	female	male	male
E	male	female	male	female	female
F	male	female	male	female	male
G	male	male	female	female	female
Н	male	male	female	female	male

74 The diagram shows part of the carbon cycle.



Which row shows the numbered processes that use digestive or respiratory enzymes?

	process or processes that involve digestive enzymes	process or processes that involve respiratory enzymes
Α	1 only	2 and 3 only
В	2 only	1 and 4 only
С	3 only	2 and 4 only
D	4 only	2 and 3 only
Е	2 and 3 only	1 only
F	3 and 4 only	2 only
G	1 and 4 only	3 only
Н	2 and 3 only	4 only

75 A section of DNA is 420 base pairs long and contains 42% of one of the bases, adenine (A).

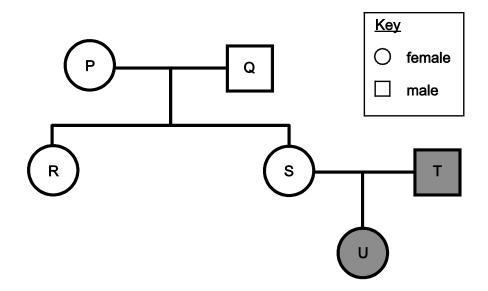
Which one of the following rows in the table correctly states how many amino acids can be coded for by this section of DNA and what percentage of the base guanine (G) is present in this section of DNA?

	number of amino acids	percentage of guanine (G)
Α	140	8
В	140	13
С	140	42
D	260	16
E	260	42
F	420	8
G	420	13
Н	420	16

- Which of the statements about the genetic modification of a bacterium to produce human insulin are correct?
 - 1 Human insulin DNA is cut out using an enzyme.
 - 2 This DNA is inserted into the nucleus of a bacterium.
 - **3** The modified bacterium is cultured.
 - 4 The bacterial cells are injected into humans with diabetes.
 - A 1 and 2 only
 - **B** 1 and 3 only
 - C 2 and 4 only
 - **D** 3 and 4 only
 - **E** 1, 2 and 3 only
 - **F** 1, 3 and 4 only

- 77 Which of the following could be produced when a mutation occurs in a cheek cell of an organism?
 - 1 a change in the sequence of amino acids used to make a protein
 - 2 an advantageous allele that can be passed on to the offspring of that organism
 - 3 a change of an essential cell process that causes the death of the cell
 - A none of them
 - B 1 only
 - C 2 only
 - **D** 3 only
 - E 1 and 2 only
 - F 1 and 3 only
 - **G** 2 and 3 only
 - **H** 1, 2 and 3

78 The genetic condition represented by the shading is caused by the presence of at least one allele for the condition.



Which of the following are possible reasons why U has the condition?

- **1** The condition is dominant.
- **2** The sperm from T carried the allele for the condition.
- **3** A mutation is present in an egg of S.
- A none of them
- **B** 1 and 2 only
- C 1 and 3 only
- **D** 2 and 3 only
- **E** 1, 2 and 3

- **79** Which of the following could be found in an adult liver cell?
 - 1 starch
 - 2 at least one X chromosome
 - 3 gene for amylase
 - A none of them
 - **B** 1 only
 - C 2 only
 - **D** 3 only
 - E 1 and 2 only
 - F 1 and 3 only
 - **G** 2 and 3 only
 - **H** 1, 2 and 3

An animal cell is surrounded by a very dilute glucose solution which has a lower concentration of glucose than the glucose solution in the cytoplasm of the cell. There is net movement of glucose molecules and water molecules into the cell.

A second, identical cell is treated for a short time with a chemical which inhibits respiration. The cell is then surrounded by the same glucose solution.

Which row in the table shows the effect of this chemical on the movement of glucose molecules into the cell and the movement of water molecules across the cell surface membrane immediately after it is surrounded by the solution?

	net movement of glucose molecules	net movement of water molecules
Α	do not move into the cell	move into the cell
В	move into the cell	move into the cell
С	do not move into the cell	no net movement into or out of the cell
D	move into the cell	no net movement into or out of the cell
Е	do not move into the cell	move out of the cell
F	move into the cell	move out of the cell

END OF TEST

