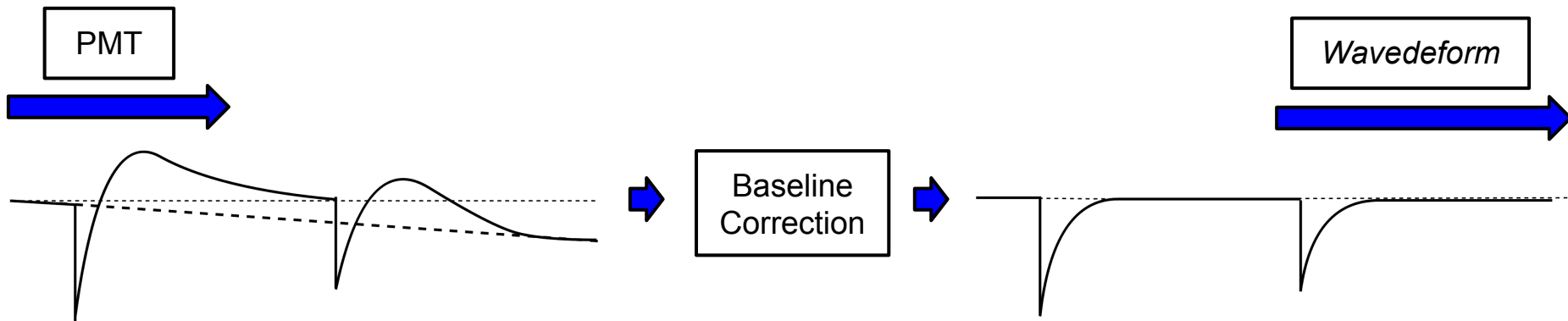


# Baseline Correction

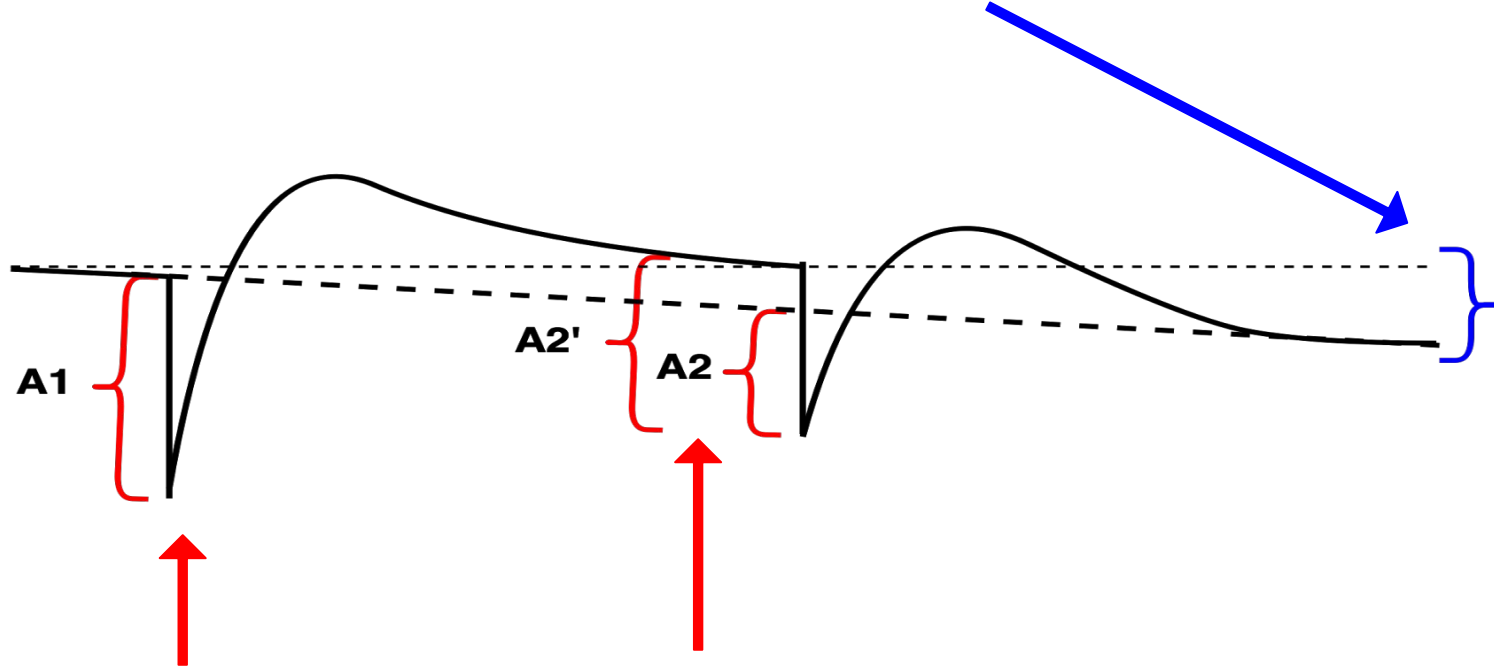
**Goal**: design and verification of FPGA baseline correction module (drift and droop) which can run inside of Gen-2 DOM.

**Prerequisite for running *Wavedeform* in the DOM.**



# Drift and Droop

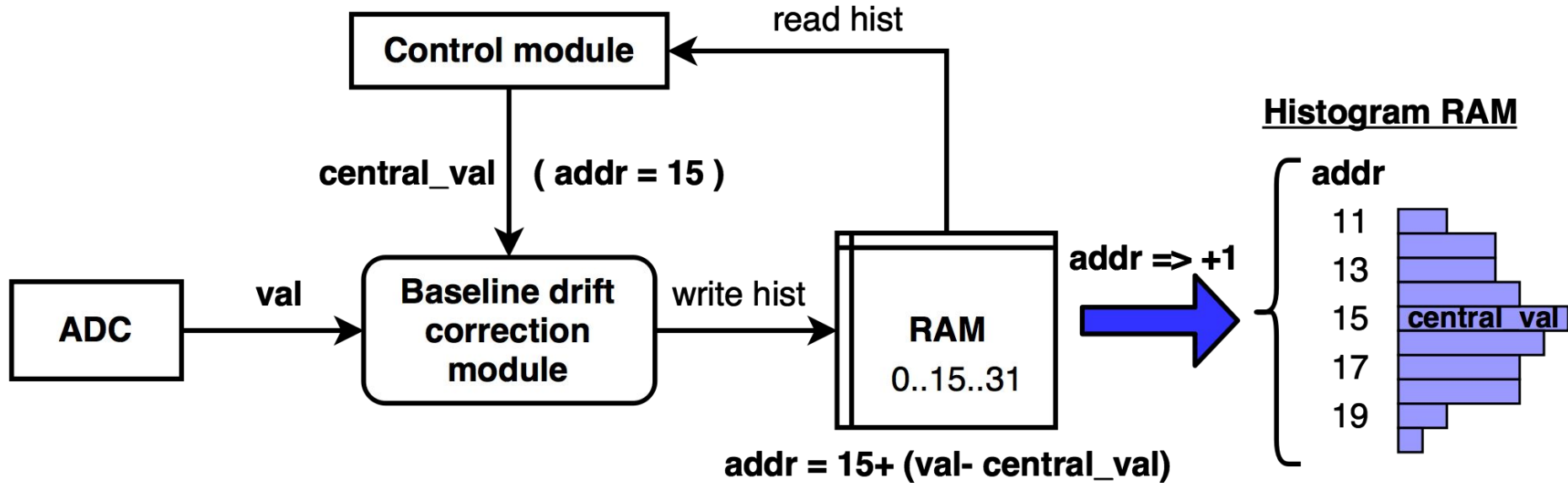
Drift - long term change of baseline due to electronics and environment



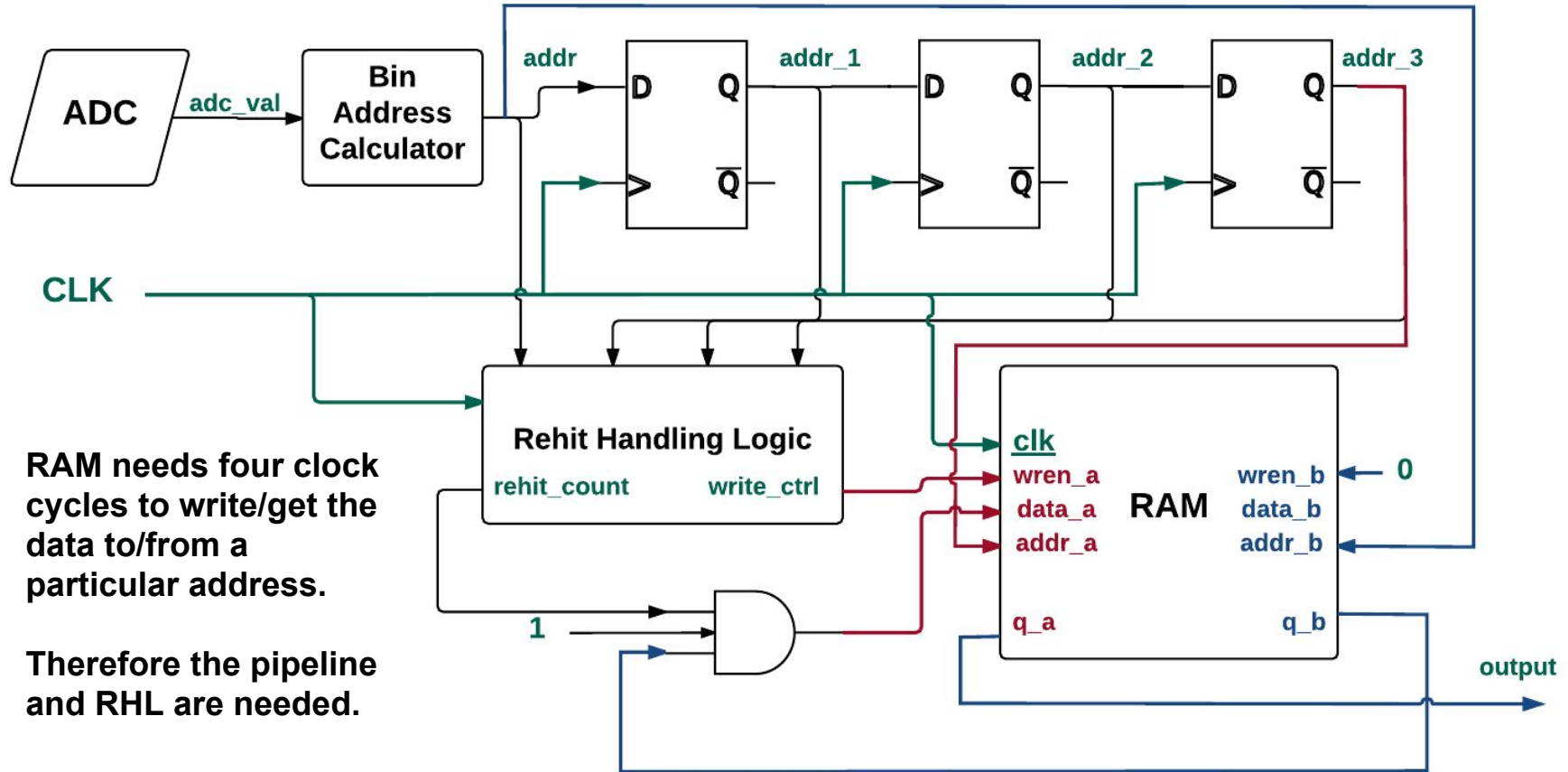
Droop - a change due to toroid, following a signal.

# Drift correction.

Idea: Histogramming. Fill the RAM with ADC values and find the baseline from the mean ( $\text{central\_val}$ ).

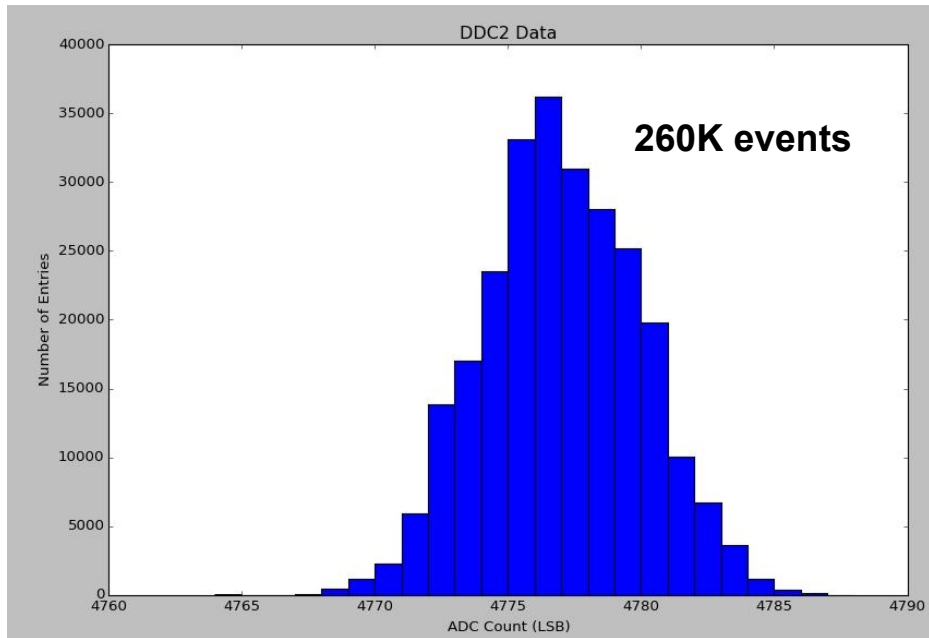


# Drift correction module diagram

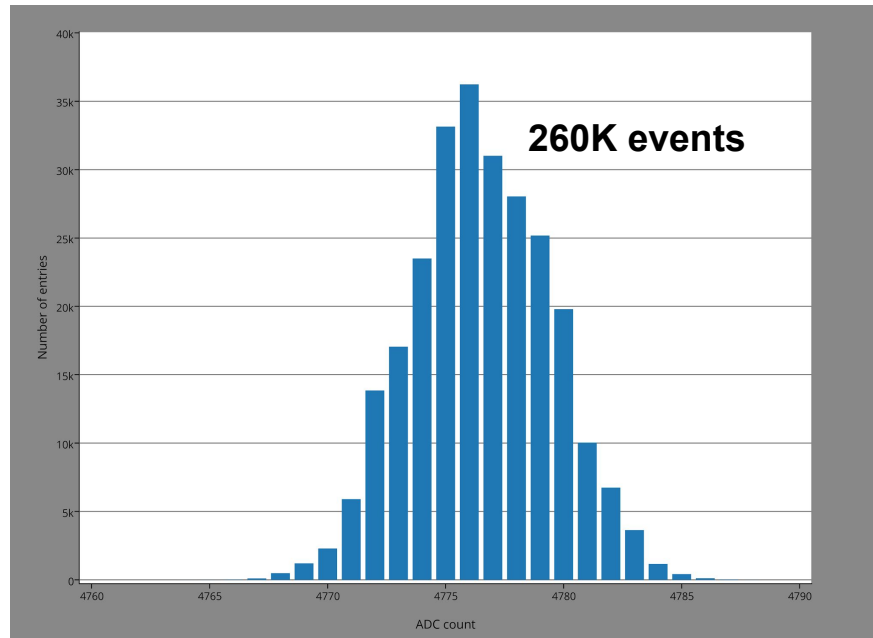


# Drift correction testing with *ModelSim*.

They match!

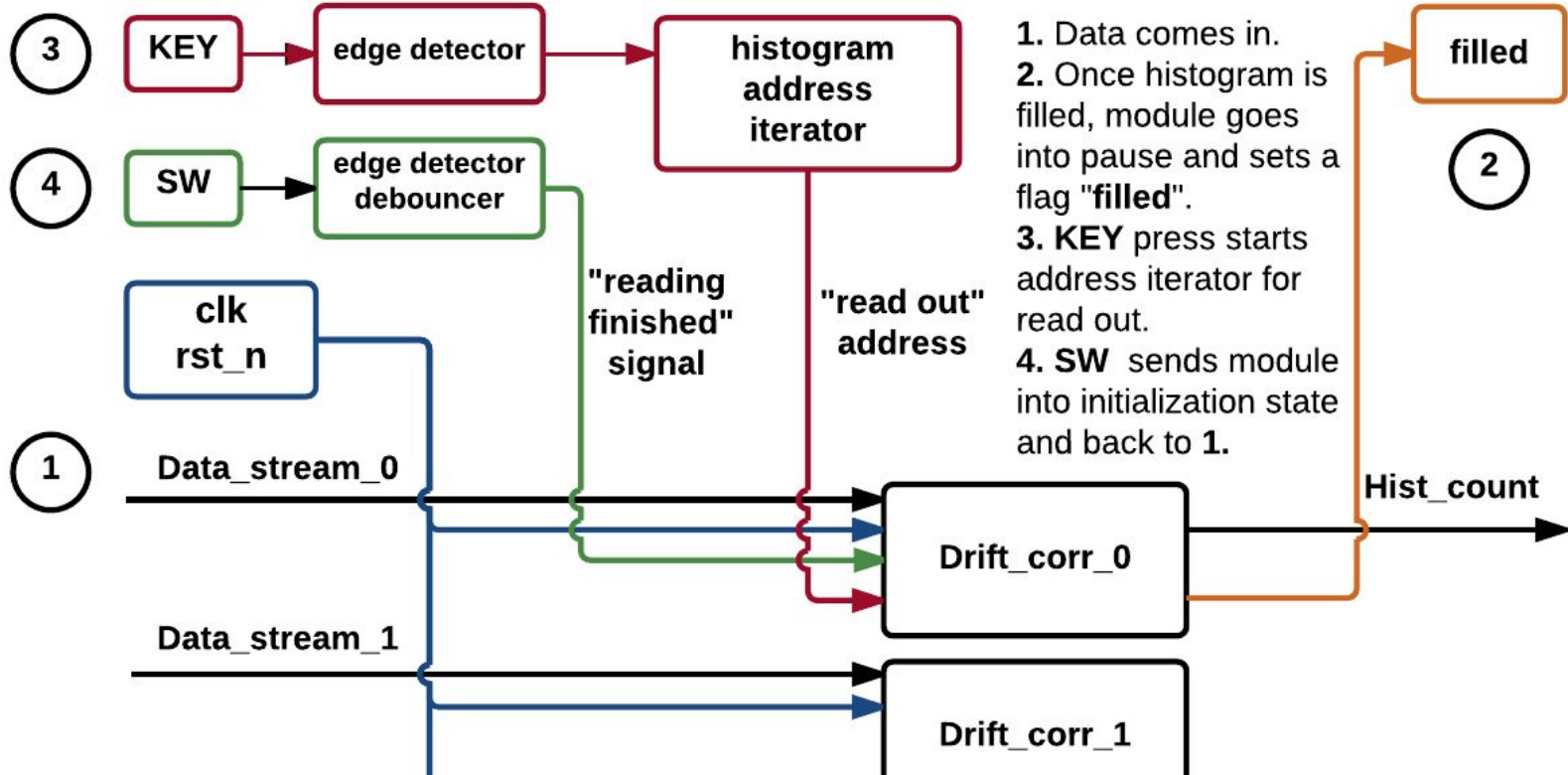


Python. Expected Histogram.



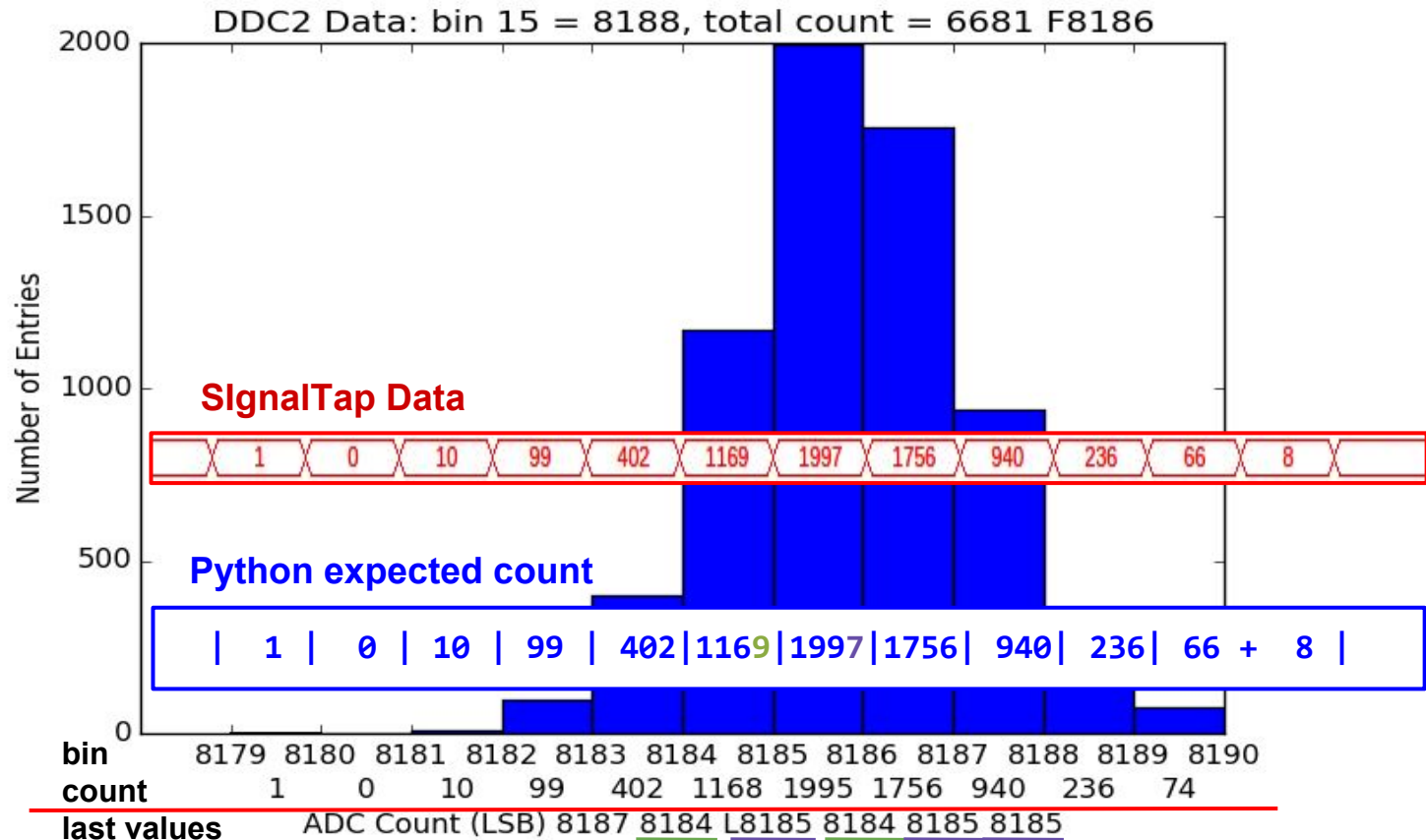
ModelSim. Histogram result.

# Drift Correction on FPGA.



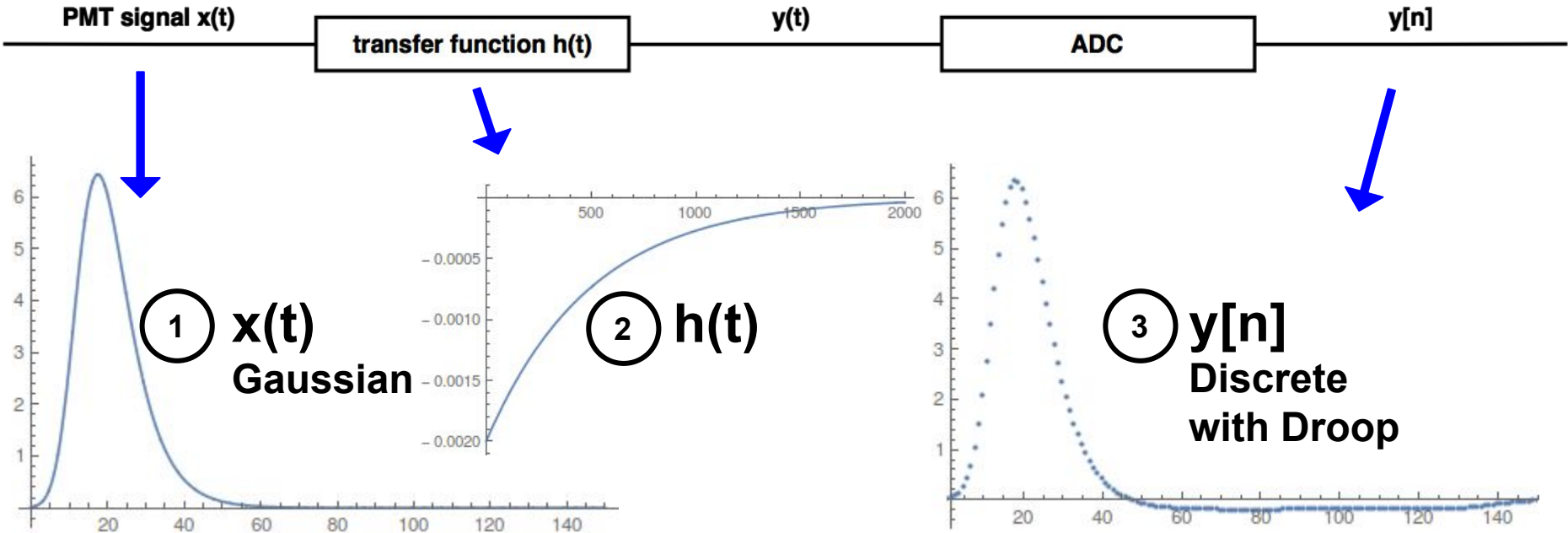
# Drift correction testing on FPGA.

They match! Using Quartus' SignalTap. 150K events (22 batches). Example batch:



# Droop Correction.

## Signal Transformation:



**Goal:** Find  $x[n]$  from  $y[n]$ .  $x[n]$  is Discrete and without Droop.



# Droop Correction. Possible strategy.

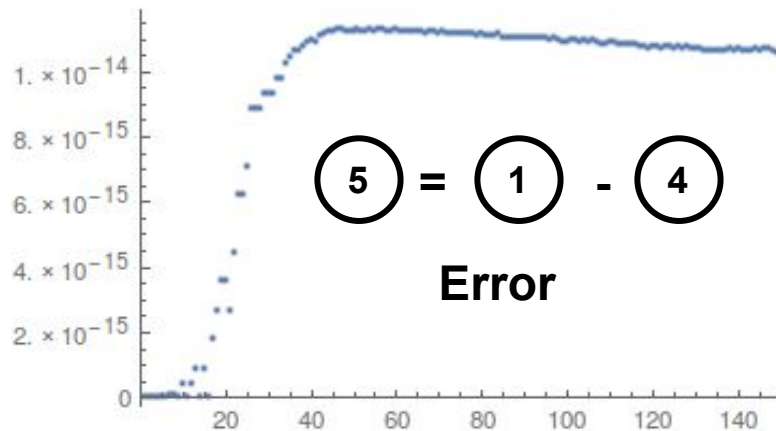
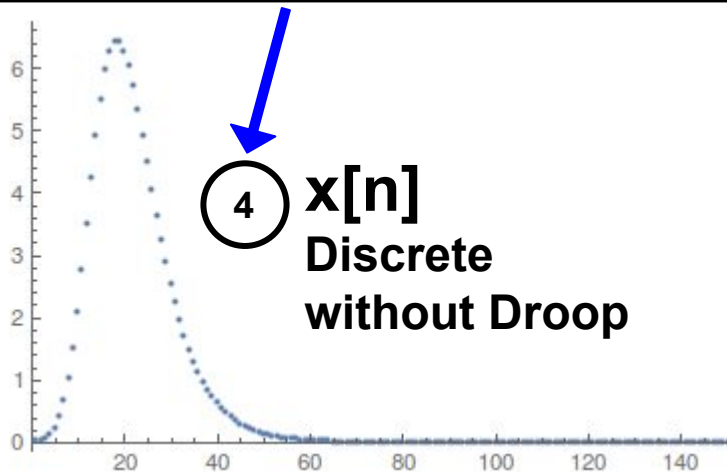
❑ Calculated possible transfer function  $h[n]$  (Impulse invariance).

❑ Convolution 
$$y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} h[n - k]x[k]$$

❑ Recursive solution:

$$x[n] = a \cdot (b \cdot (y[n - 1] - x[n - 1]) - y[n])$$

$$x[0] = -a \cdot y[0]$$



# Conclusion

## Done

- **Drift monitoring module implemented and tested**

## To be done

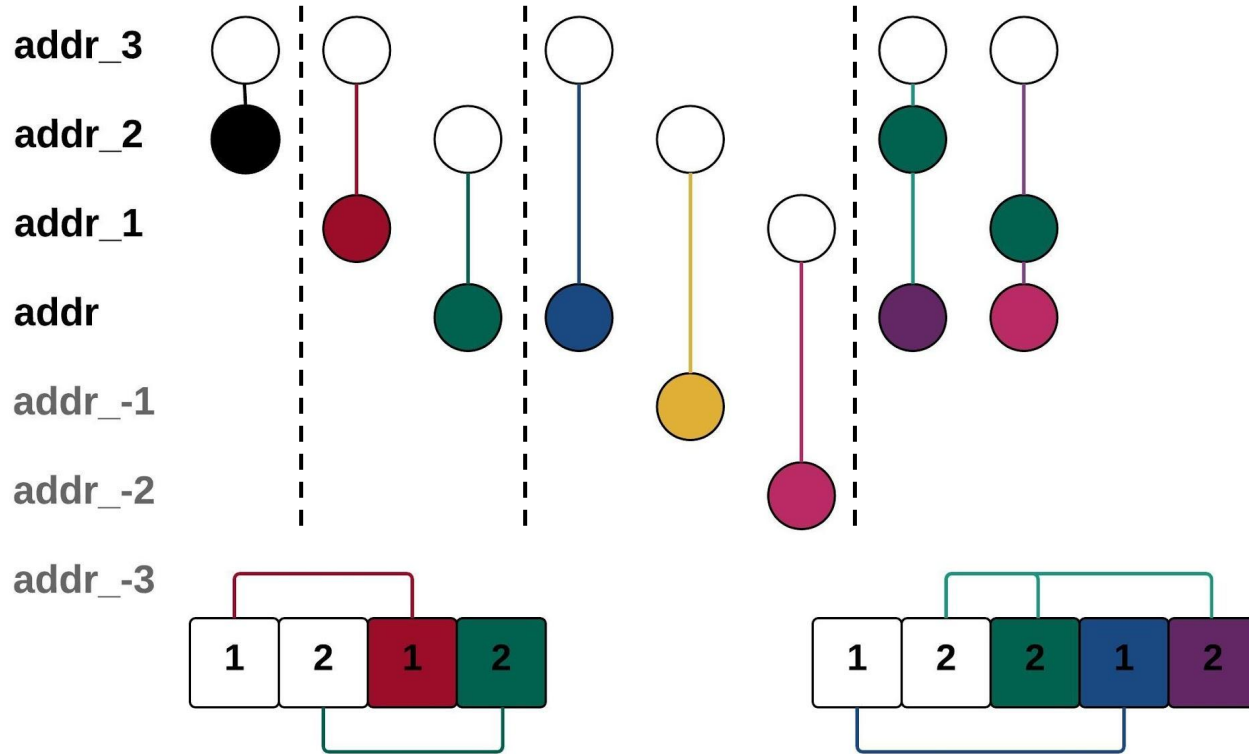
- **Droop monitoring module implementation and testing**
- **Module to control all separate modules and do correction**

**Back up slides**

# Rehit Handling strategy

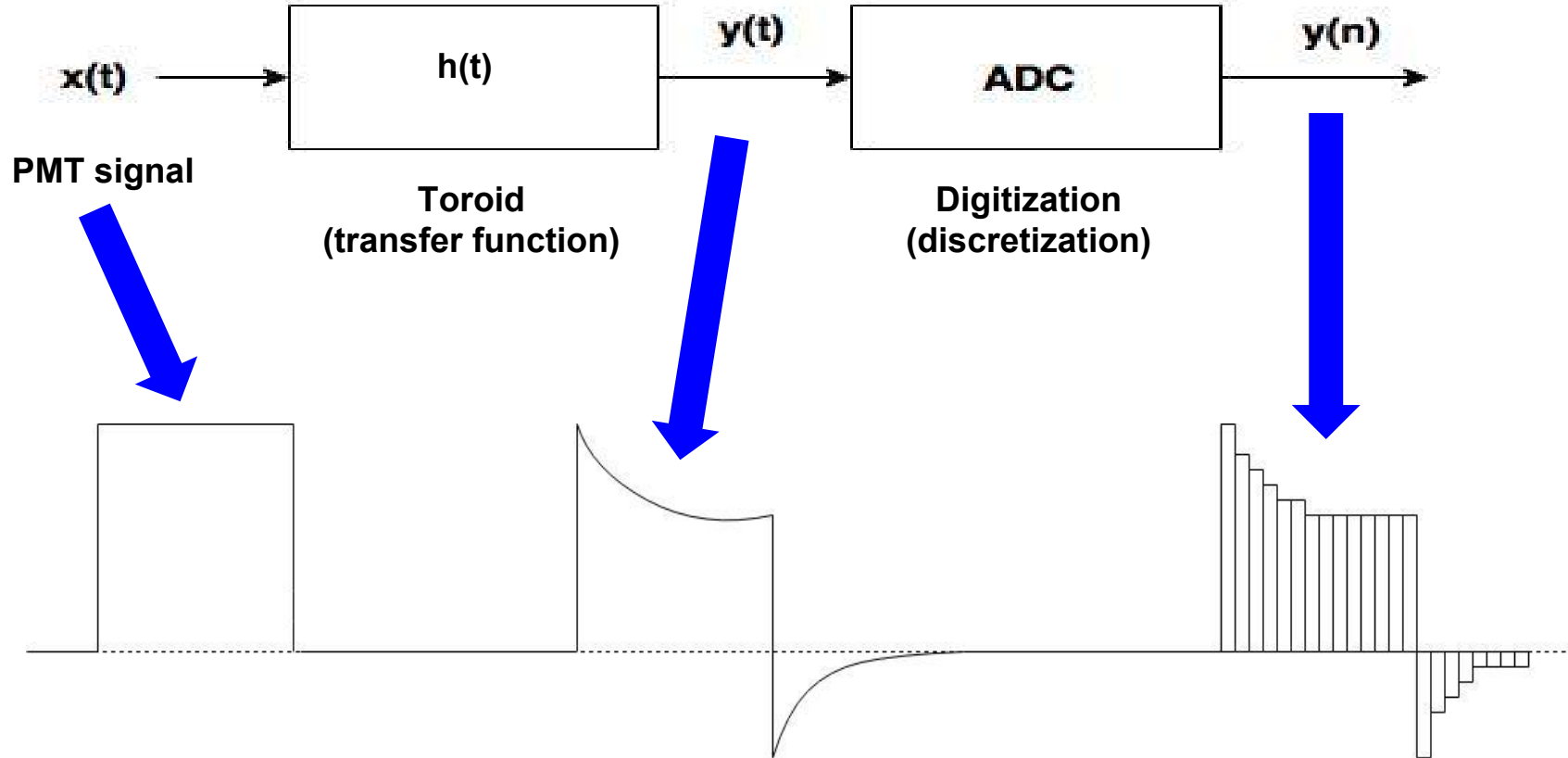
Due to RAM limitations in Pipeline, same bin can't be rehit within 4 cycles

addr\_mem\_n - remembers the repeating address  
remove\_n - is high until repeating address is removed

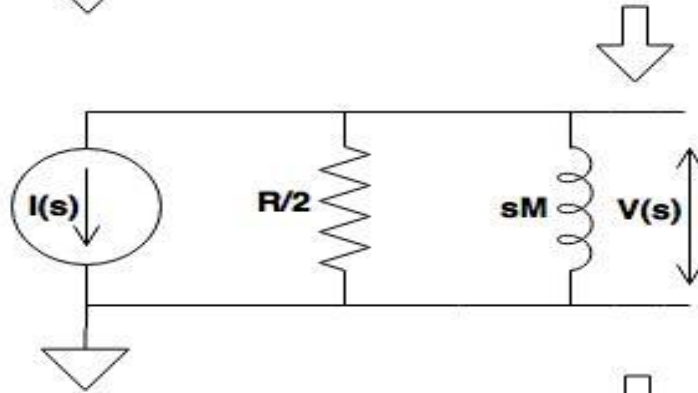
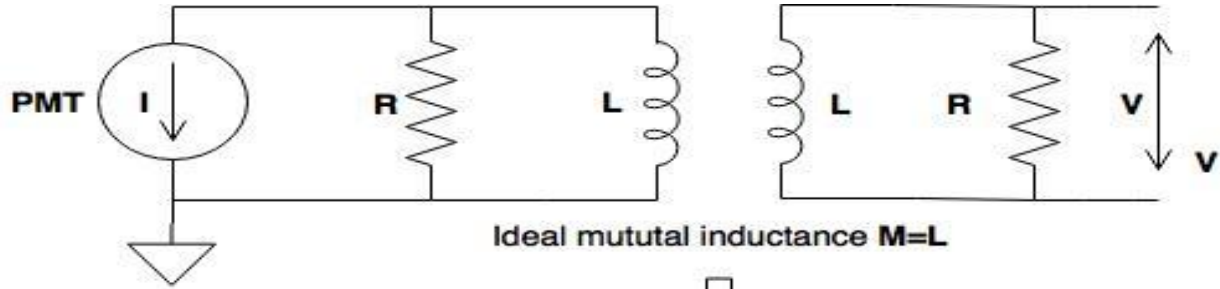


# Droop Correction Detail

## Signal transformation scheme

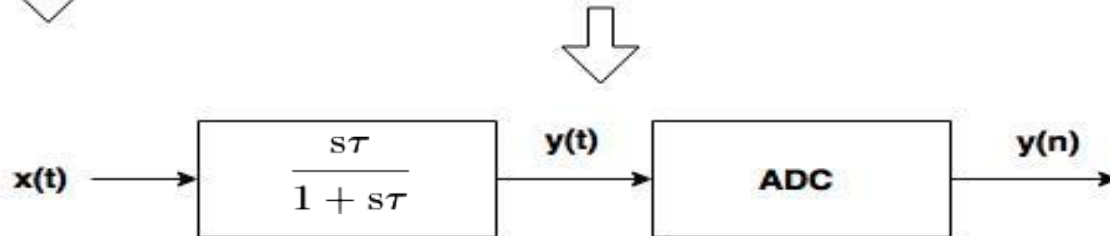


# Transfer function



$$H(s) = \frac{V(s)}{I(s)} = Z(s)$$

$$H(s) = \frac{R}{2} \frac{s\tau}{1 + s\tau}$$



# Recursive expression

## Transfer function

$$h(t) = L^{-1} \{H(s)\} \xrightarrow{\text{Mathematica}} h(t) = \begin{cases} -\frac{e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}}}{\tau} + \delta(t), & t \geq 0 \\ 0, & t < 0 \end{cases}$$

## Discretization

**ADC frequency**  $f = \frac{1}{T}, \Gamma = \frac{\tau}{T} \rightarrow h[n] = \begin{cases} -\frac{e^{-\frac{n}{\Gamma}}}{\Gamma} + \delta[n], & n \geq 0 \\ 0, & n < 0 \end{cases}$

## Convolution

$$y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} h(t - t')x(t')dt' \rightarrow y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} h[n - k]x[k]$$
$$y[n] = \sum_{k=0}^n \left( \frac{-e^{-\frac{k-n}{\Gamma}}}{\Gamma} + \delta[n - k] \right) x[k]$$

# Expansion

$$y(0) = -\left(\frac{1}{\Gamma} - 1\right) x[0]$$

$$y(1) = -\frac{e^{-\frac{1}{\Gamma}}}{\Gamma} x[0] - \left(\frac{1}{\Gamma} - 1\right) x[1]$$

$$y(2) = -\frac{e^{-\frac{2}{\Gamma}}}{\Gamma} x[0] - \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{\Gamma}}}{\Gamma} x[1] - \left(\frac{1}{\Gamma} - 1\right) x[2]$$

$$y(3) = -\frac{e^{-\frac{3}{\Gamma}}}{\Gamma} x[0] - \frac{e^{-\frac{2}{\Gamma}}}{\Gamma} x[1] - \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{\Gamma}}}{\Gamma} x[2] - \left(\frac{1}{\Gamma} - 1\right) x[3]$$

•  
•  
•

$$y[n] = -\frac{e^{-\frac{n}{\Gamma}}}{\Gamma} x[0] - \frac{e^{-\frac{n-1}{\Gamma}}}{\Gamma} x[1] - \cdots - \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{\Gamma}}}{\Gamma} x[n-1] - \left(\frac{1}{\Gamma} - 1\right) x[n]$$



# Recursive form

$$y[n] = \underbrace{-\frac{e^{-\frac{n}{\Gamma}}}{\Gamma}x[0] - \frac{e^{-\frac{n-1}{\Gamma}}}{\Gamma}x[1] - \dots - \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{\Gamma}}}{\Gamma}x[n-1]}_{\text{sum of previous terms}} - \left(\frac{1}{\Gamma} - 1\right)x[n]$$

$$y[n-1] = -\frac{e^{-\frac{n-1}{\Gamma}}}{\Gamma}x[0] - \frac{e^{-\frac{n-2}{\Gamma}}}{\Gamma}x[1] - \dots - \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{\Gamma}}}{\Gamma}x[n-2] - \left(\frac{1}{\Gamma} - 1\right)x[n-1]$$

$$e^{-\frac{1}{\Gamma}}y[n-1] = \underbrace{-\frac{e^{-\frac{n}{\Gamma}}}{\Gamma}x[0] - \frac{e^{-\frac{n-1}{\Gamma}}}{\Gamma}x[1] - \dots - \frac{e^{-\frac{2}{\Gamma}}}{\Gamma}x[n-2]}_{\text{sum of previous terms}} - \left(\frac{1}{\Gamma} - 1\right)e^{-\frac{1}{\Gamma}}x[n-1]$$



$$y[n] = e^{-\frac{1}{\Gamma}}y[n-1] + \left(\cancel{\frac{1}{\Gamma}} - 1\right)e^{-\frac{1}{\Gamma}}x[n-1] - \cancel{\frac{e^{-\frac{1}{\Gamma}}}{\Gamma}x[n-1]} - \left(\frac{1}{\Gamma} - 1\right)x[n]$$

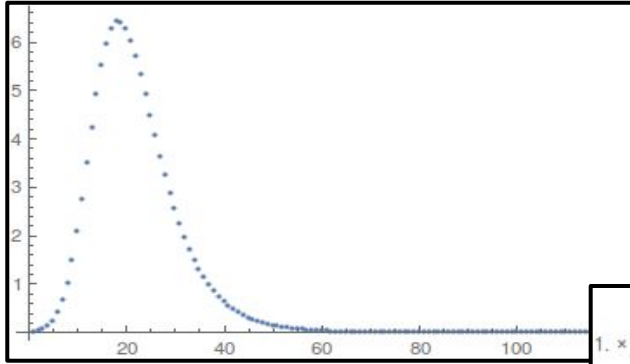
$$y[n] = e^{-\frac{1}{\Gamma}}y[n-1] - e^{-\frac{1}{\Gamma}}x[n-1] - \left(\frac{1}{\Gamma} - 1\right)x[n]$$

$$x[n] = \left(\frac{\Gamma}{1-\Gamma}\right) \left(e^{-\frac{1}{\Gamma}}(y[n-1] - x[n-1]) - y[n]\right) = a \cdot (b \cdot (y[n-1] - x[n-1]) - y[n])$$

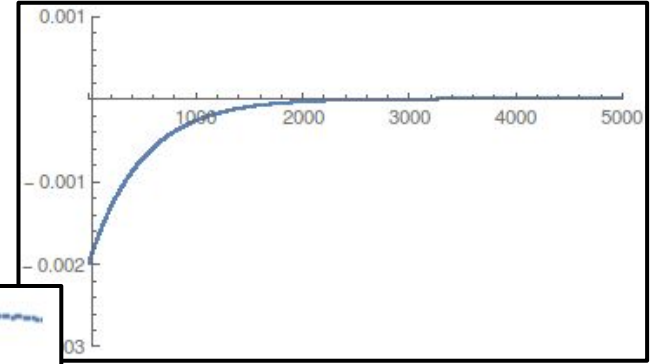
$$x[n] = a \cdot (b \cdot (y[n-1] - x[n-1]) - y[n]) \quad a = \frac{\Gamma}{1-\Gamma}, b = e^{-\frac{1}{\Gamma}}$$

$$x[0] = -a \cdot y[0]$$

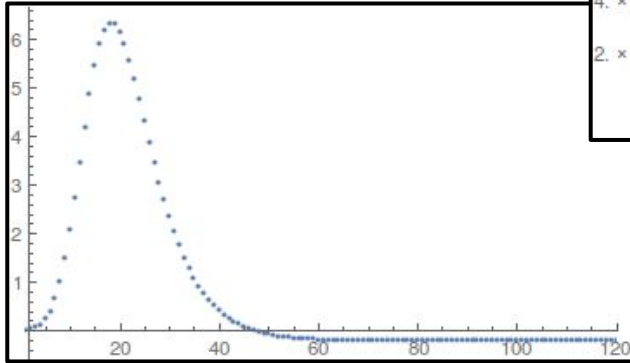
# Numerical confirmation



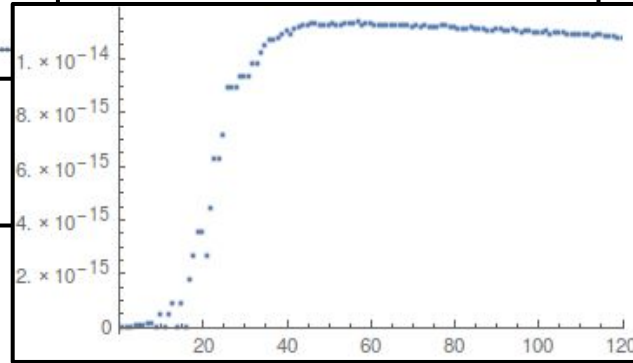
a) Gaussian input  $x(t)$



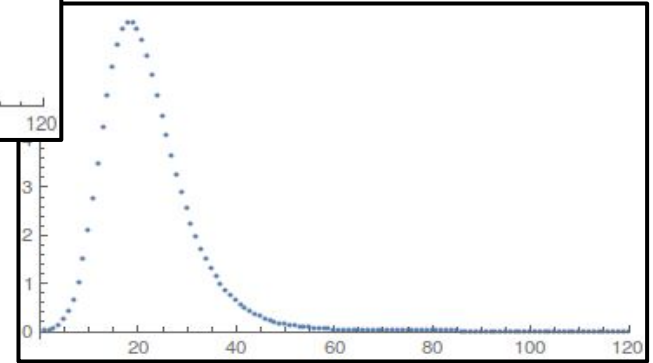
b) Transfer function  $h(t)$



c) After convolution  $y(t)$

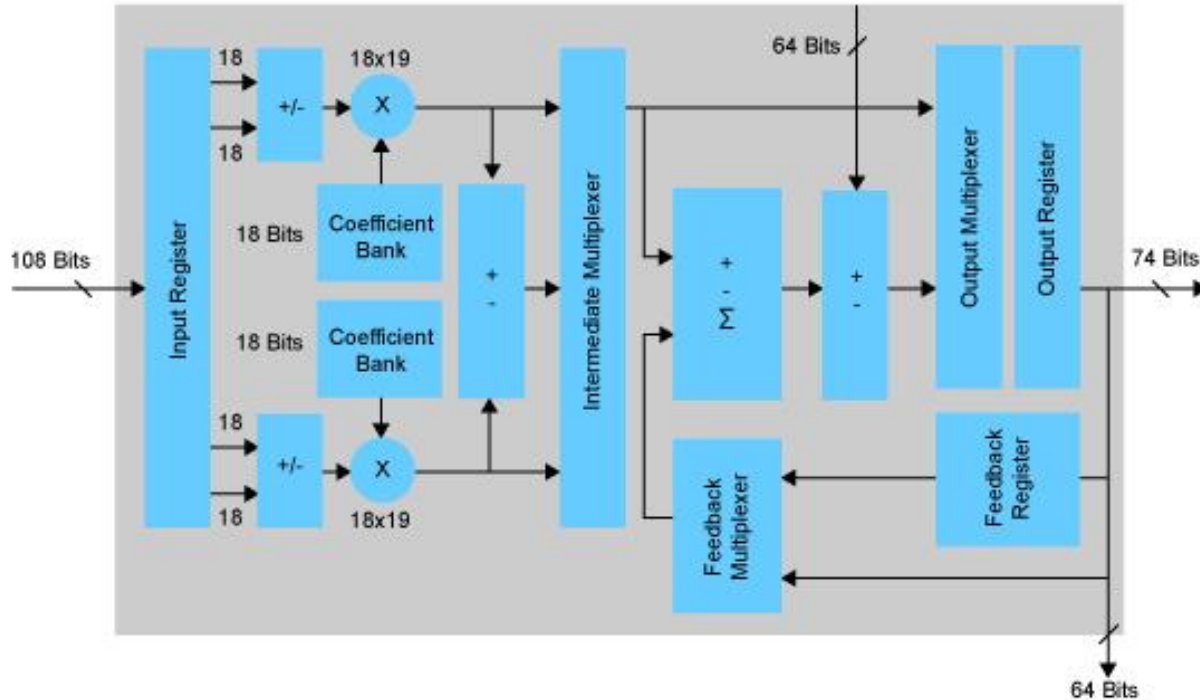


e) Error  $x(t) - x'(t)$



d) After the method  $x'(t)$

# DSP block in FPGA



Need to:

- Multiply by a constant
- Subtraction
- Storage of previous values