

## Java Foundations

1-3 Setting Up Java





#### Objectives

This lesson covers the following objectives:

- Understand the difference between the JDK and JRE
- Understand the difference between .java and .class files
- Describe the purpose of an integrated development environment (IDE)
- Download and install the JDK, JRE, and NetBeans IDE
- Import a project into NetBeans

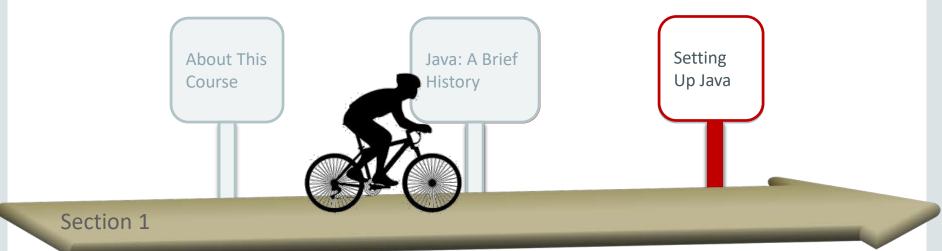






#### **Topics**

- Understanding the JRE, JDK, and NetBeans IDE
- Time to Set Up!

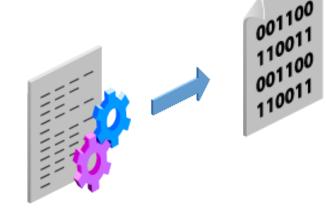




#### Purpose of a Computer Program

A computer program is a set of instructions that run on a computer or other digital device.

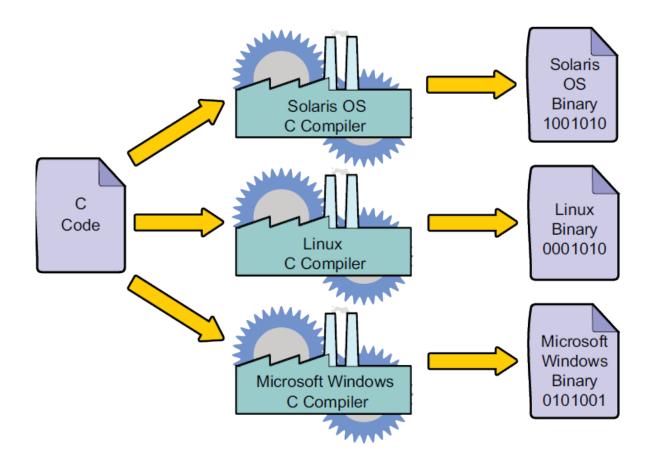
- At the machine level, the program consists of binary instructions (1s and 0s).
  - Machine code
- Most programs are written in high-level code (readable).
  - Must be translated to machine code







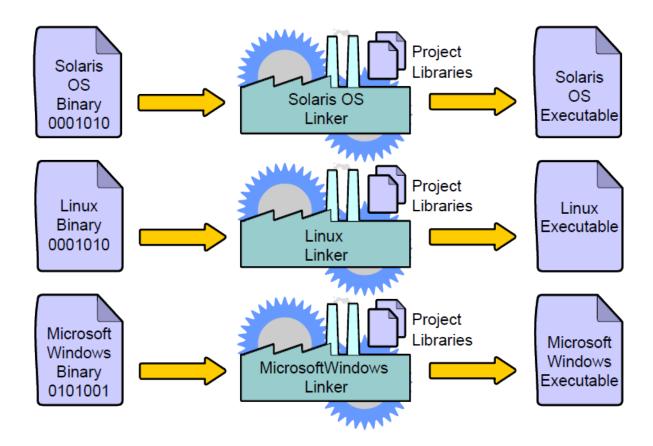
# Translating High-Level Code to Machine Code





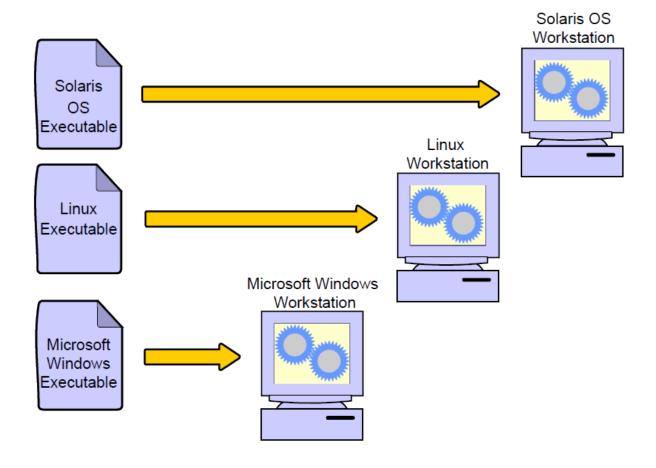


#### Linked to Platform-Specific Libraries





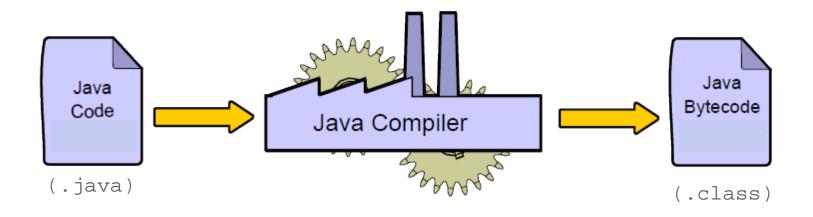
## Platform-Dependent Programs





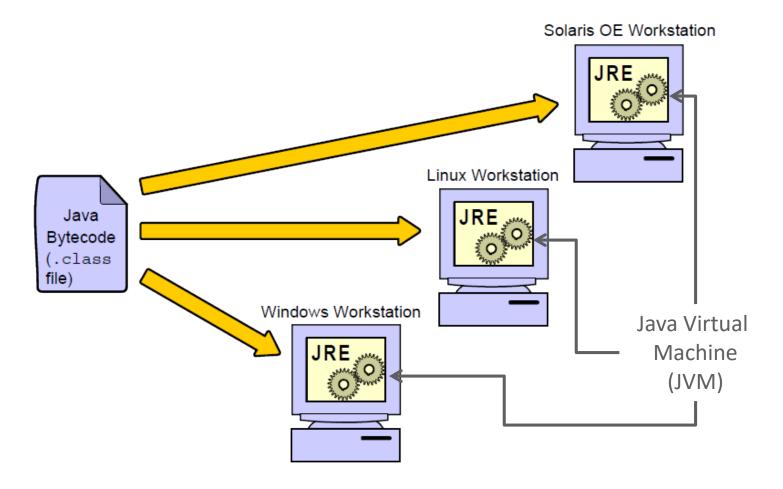


### Java Is Platform-Independent





#### Java Programs Run in a JVM





#### Java Runtime Environment (JRE)



**JRE** 

#### • Includes:

- The Java Virtual Machine (JVM)
- Java class libraries

#### • Purpose:

- Read bytecode (.class)
- Run the same bytecode anywhere with a IVM

### Java Development Kit (JDK)



**JDK** 

#### • Includes:

 $-\mathsf{JRE}$ 



- Java Compiler
- Additional tools

- Purpose:
  - Compile bytecode (.java → .class)

#### Integrated Development Environment (IDE)



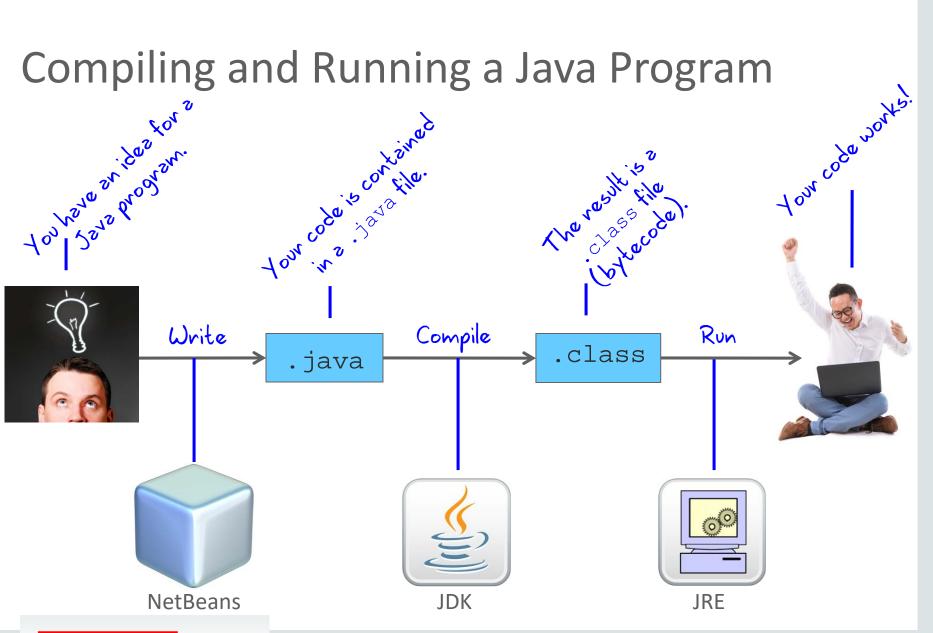
#### • Purpose:

- Provide a sophisticated text editor
- Offer assistance debugging code
- Manage projects
- Write source code (.java)

#### • Examples:

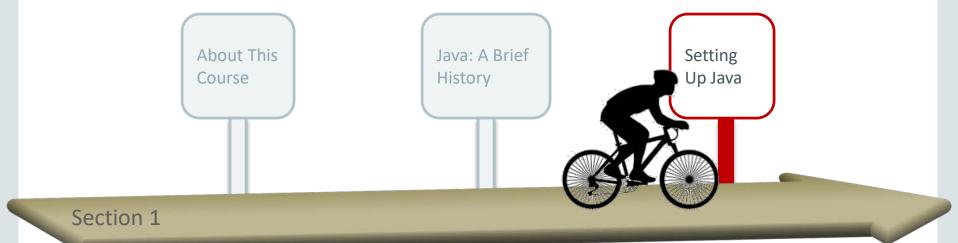
- NetBeans
- Greenfoot and BlueJ
- Alice





#### **Topics**

- Understanding the JRE, JDK and NetBeans IDE
- Time to Set Up!



## Time to Set Up!







JDK



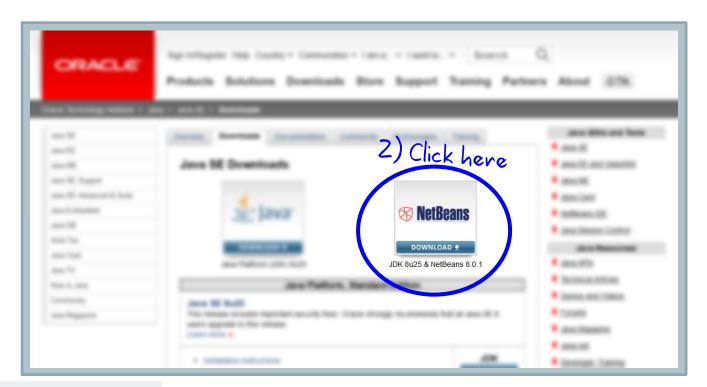
NetBeans IDE





#### Downloading JDK 8 & NetBeans

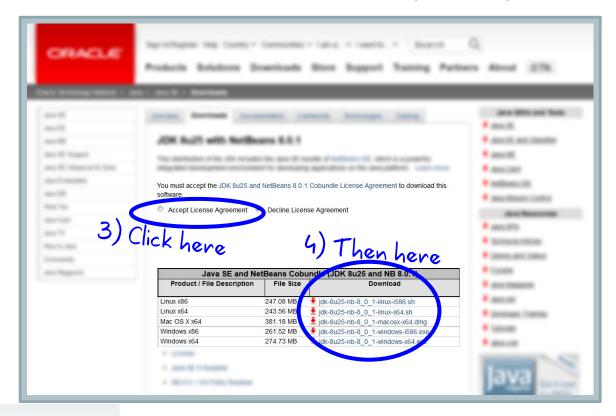
- 1. Go to the Java SE Downloads page at <a href="http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/index.html">http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/index.html</a>.
- 2. Select the combined JDK & NetBeans.





#### Downloading JDK 8 & NetBeans

- 3. Accept the license agreement.
- 4. Select the correct download for your system.







#### Installing JDK 8 & NetBeans (Windows)

- 1. Double-click the installer file to run the installer.
- 2. On the Welcome page of the installation wizard, click **Next.**
- 3. On the JUnit License Agreement page, decide if you want to install JUnit (Optional), select the appropriate option, and click **Next.**
- 4. On the JDK Installation page, specify which directory to install the JDK into, and click **Next**.





#### Installing JDK 8 & NetBeans (Windows)

- 5. On the NetBeans IDE Installation page, do the following:
  - a) Specify the directory for the NetBeans IDE installation.
  - b) Accept the default JDK installation to use with the IDE.
- 6. Click Next.
- 7. Review the Summary page to ensure that the software installation locations are correct.
- 8. Click **Install** to begin the installation.
- 9. On the Setup Complete page, provide anonymous usage data if wanted, and click **Finish**.





### Installing JDK 8 & NetBeans (Mac)

- 1. After the download is completed, run the installer. The installer file has the .dmg extension.
- 2. On the panel that opens, double-click the package icon. The package has the .mpkg extension. The installation wizard starts.
- 3. On the Introduction page of the installation wizard, click **Continue**.





#### Installing JDK 8 & NetBeans (Mac)

- 4. On the Installation Type page, select the appropriate option:
  - To perform a standard installation of the Software Bundle, click Install, and then skip to step 7.
  - To specify another installation location, click Change Install Location, and then proceed to step 5.
- 5. On the Destination Select page, specify the disk for Software Bundle installation, and click **Continue**.





#### Installing JDK 8 & NetBeans (Mac)

- 6. On the Installation Type page, click Install.
- 7. On the Installation page, enter the administrator's name and password for your system, and click **Install Software** to begin the installation. The page displays the installation's progress.
- 8. When the installation is completed, click **Close** on the Summary page.



# Linux

## Installing JDK 8 & NetBeans (Linux)

- 1. Enter the following command from the directory where you placed the installation file: ./<installer-file-name>
- 2. On the Welcome page of the installation wizard, click **Next.**
- 3. On the JUnit License Agreement page, decide if you want to install JUnit (optional), select the appropriate option, and click **Next**.
- 4. On the JDK Installation page, specify which directory to install the JDK into, and click **Next**.





## Installing JDK 8 & NetBeans (Linux)

- 5. On the NetBeans IDE Installation page, do the following:
  - Specify the directory for the NetBeans IDE installation.
  - Accept the default JDK installation to use with the IDE or specify another JDK location.
- 6. Click Next.
- 7. Review the Summary page to ensure that the software installation locations are correct.





## Installing JDK 8 & NetBeans (Linux)

- 8. Click **Install** to begin the installation.
- 9. On the Setup Complete page, provide anonymous usage data if wanted, and click **Finish**.

**Note:** If you install this bundle in a systemwide location such as /usr/local, you must first log on as root to gain the necessary permissions.



#### Testing NetBeans

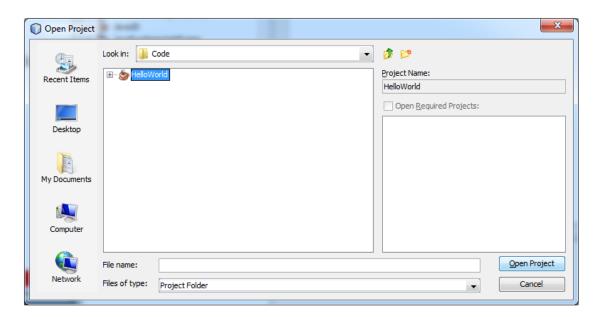
1. Download and unzip the HelloWorld project:



2. Launch NetBeans:



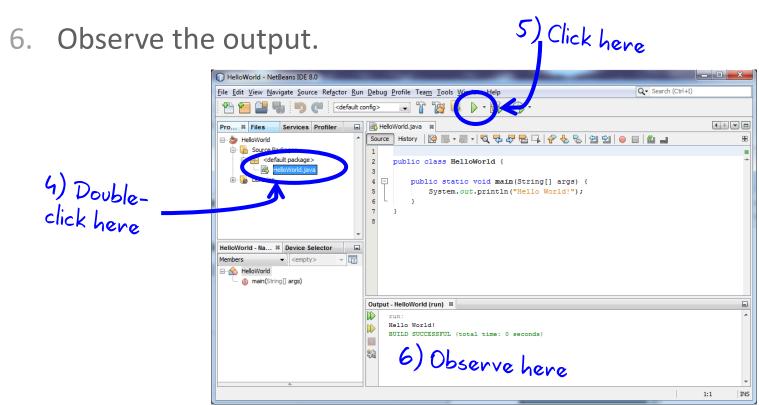
3. Select File > Open Project, and then select HelloWorld.





#### Testing NetBeans

- 4. Expand the project and open HelloWorld.java.
- 5. Compile and run the project.







#### Exercise



- Edit the code so that it prints a message other than "Hello World!"
  - Compile and run your code to verify that your changes work.
- Change the 'S' in "System" to lowercase and try to compile it.
  - Is Java syntax case-sensitive?
- Remove the semicolon (;) and try to compile.
  - Is the semicolon important to Java syntax?



#### Summary

- A computer program is written in a high-level language, but must be compiled into machine code.
- Most programming languages compile a separate executable for each platform.
- Java is platform-independent.



An IDE like NetBeans is used to write source code (.java).



The JDK compiles bytecode (.java  $\rightarrow$  .class).



Bytecode runs in a JVM, which is part of the JRE.

#### Summary

In this lesson, you should have learned how to:

- Understand the difference between the JDK and JRE
- Understand the difference between .java and .class files
- Describe the purpose of an IDE
- Download and install the JDK, JRE, and NetBeans IDE
- Import a project into NetBeans

