# RSPARROW v2.0 code review

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Thanks again for the opportunity to conduct the code review of RSPARROW v2.0. I believe this will be an incredibly valuable piece of software for the water management community and I commend the team for adapting the tool to an open source environment. I also appreciate the responsiveness to my comments provided during beta testing of v2.0, in particular the removal of the maptools and rgdal dependencies, including use of a version of sp that does not require rgdal.

The master branch containing RSPARROW v2.0 was downloaded to my personal computer on September 26th. I installed the downloaded version as before during beta testing by creating an RStudio project in the unzipped directory and downloading the required dependencies following the R console prompts after running devtools::load\_all('RSPARROW\_master'). Also note that my beta testing used R version 4.2.3 and my current R installation uses v4.3.1, as was included in the repository.

The remainder of this document provides the code review after running the calibrated total phosphorus model for Tampa Bay, as used in the file *UserTutorialDy-namic/results/sparrow\_control.R.* I have also used the ROpenSci review template.

#### Package Review

- Briefly describe any working relationship you have (had) with the package authors. I have been involved with this project since 2019 as an end user at the Tampa Bay Estuary Program. My involvement has been testing development versions of RSPARROW and sharing these tools with our management conference.
- ⊠ As the reviewer I confirm that there are no conflicts of interest for me to review this work.

## Documentation

$\boxtimes$ A statement of need:	clearly stating problems the software is designed to solve and
its target audience in RE.	ADME
oxtimes Installation instructio	ns: for the development version of package and any non-
standard dependencies in	README
▼ Vignette(s): demonstrate	ting major functionality that runs successfully locally
	ion: for all exported functions
☐ <b>Examples:</b> (that run suc	ccessfully locally) for all exported functions
	s: including contribution guidelines in the README or CON-RIPTION with URL, BugReports and Maintainer (which may hors@R).
Functionality	
☐ <b>Installation:</b> Installation	n succeeds as documented.
☐ <b>Functionality:</b> Any func	ctional claims of the software been confirmed.
☐ <b>Performance:</b> Any perfe	ormance claims of the software been confirmed.
	tests cover essential functions of the package and a reasonable tions. All tests pass on the local machine.
$\square$ Packaging guidelines:	The package conforms to the rOpenSci packaging guidelines.
Estimated hours spent reviewing	ıg:
. ,	em it appropriate, I agree to be acknowledged as a package ne package DESCRIPTION file.

## **Review Comments**

sf use unit tests formal R package help documentation less installation issues migrate to GitHub TN model number of dependencies

#### Considerations for future versions

Most of my comments relate to expected future developments of RSPARROW and, as such, do not need to be addressed at this time. I provide them here for consideration for the developers moving forward.

I strongly encourage that RSPARROW be developed as a standalone package made available on CRAN. The user workflow for downloading, installing, and using the package is unconventional compared to a vast majority of other R packages. I realize the current design was intentional given the large number of dependencies, both for R packages and supporting datasets for calibrated models. However, the workflow required by this format is unfamiliar to most R users and there will be a substantial learning curve to using the model (although, again, I commend the authors for providing sufficiently detailed documentation in the user manual). If the authors are able to further develop RSPARROW as a standalone R package, the following could be more easily implemented:

- More complete function documentation: Although the functions include typical components of Roxygen documentation (e.g., function title, parameter descriptions, etc.), many other components are missing, such as example code or details on the returned values.
- Limit the number of R package dependencies: Although there is no hardset rule, most R packages include no more than ten or so dependencies in the DESCRIPTION file. RSPARROW v2.0 includes 40 R packages in the depends field. This not only increases installation time, it also makes RSPARROW vulnerable to missing packages. It is not uncommon for packages to be removed from CRAN or existing dependencies have newer versions with breaking changes. RSPARROW will have a greater chance of being successfully maintained and usable in the future if the authors can greatly reduce the number of dependencies.