

# Progress Towards Meeting Regulatory Goals

An Initiative of the Tampa Bay Nitrogen Management Consortium to Maintain and Restore the Bay's Resources



## FDEP Criteria:

	OTB	HB	MTB	LTB
1975	R	R	R	G
1976	R	R	R	G
1977	R	R	R	R
1978	R	R	R	G
1979	R	R	R	R
1980	R	R	R	R
1981	R	R	R	R
1982	R	R	R	R
1983	R	R	R	R
1984	G	G	R	G
1985	R	R	R	G
1986	R	R	G	G
1987	R	G	R	G
1988	G	G	G	G
1989	R	G	G	G
1990	R	G	G	G
1991	G	G	G	G
1992	G	G	G	G
1993	G	G	G	G
1994	R	R	R	R
1995	R	R	R	G
1996	G	G	G	G
1997	G	G	G	G
1998	R	R	R	R
1999	G	G	G	G
2000	G	G	G	G
2001	G	G	G	G
2002	G	G	G	G
2003	R	G	G	G
2004	R	G	G	G
2005	G	G	G	R
2006	G	G	G	G
2007	G	G	G	G
2008	G	G	G	G
2009	R	G	G	G
2010	G	G	G	G
2011	R	G	G	G
2012	G	G	G	G
2013	G	G	G	G
2014	G	G	G	G
2015	R	G	G	G
2016	G	G	G	G
2017	R	G	G	G
2018	G	G	G	G
2019	R	G	G	G
2020	R	G	G	G
2021	R	G	G	G

Figure 5: Attainment of bay segments for chlorophyll criteria from 1975 to 2021 (April, May data missing for 2020).

## Maintaining Reasonable Assurance & TMDL Compliance

In 2021, all bay segments met FDEP criteria for chlorophyll, except Old Tampa Bay. The criteria was exceeded for the third year in a row, requiring additional actions by the Tampa Bay Nitrogen Management Consortium to ensure water quality criteria are met under the 2017 Reasonable Assurance Update (RA Update). The fifth RA annual assessment report for the 2017-2021 period will be submitted in April 2022. Additionally, unanticipated release of legacy fertilizer process water and mixed seawater from the Piney Point facility in the spring introduced an estimated 205 tons of nitrogen to Lower Tampa Bay. A subsequent red tide event occurred in Middle and Lower Tampa Bay later in the summer.

## 2021 Chl-a Monthly Variation Compared to 1974-2020

Chlorophyll-a concentrations were evaluated within the bay on a monthly basis during 2021 and compared to prior years' levels (Figure 6). Elevated concentrations in Old Tampa Bay were primarily due to *Pyrodinium bahamense* during the late summer months.

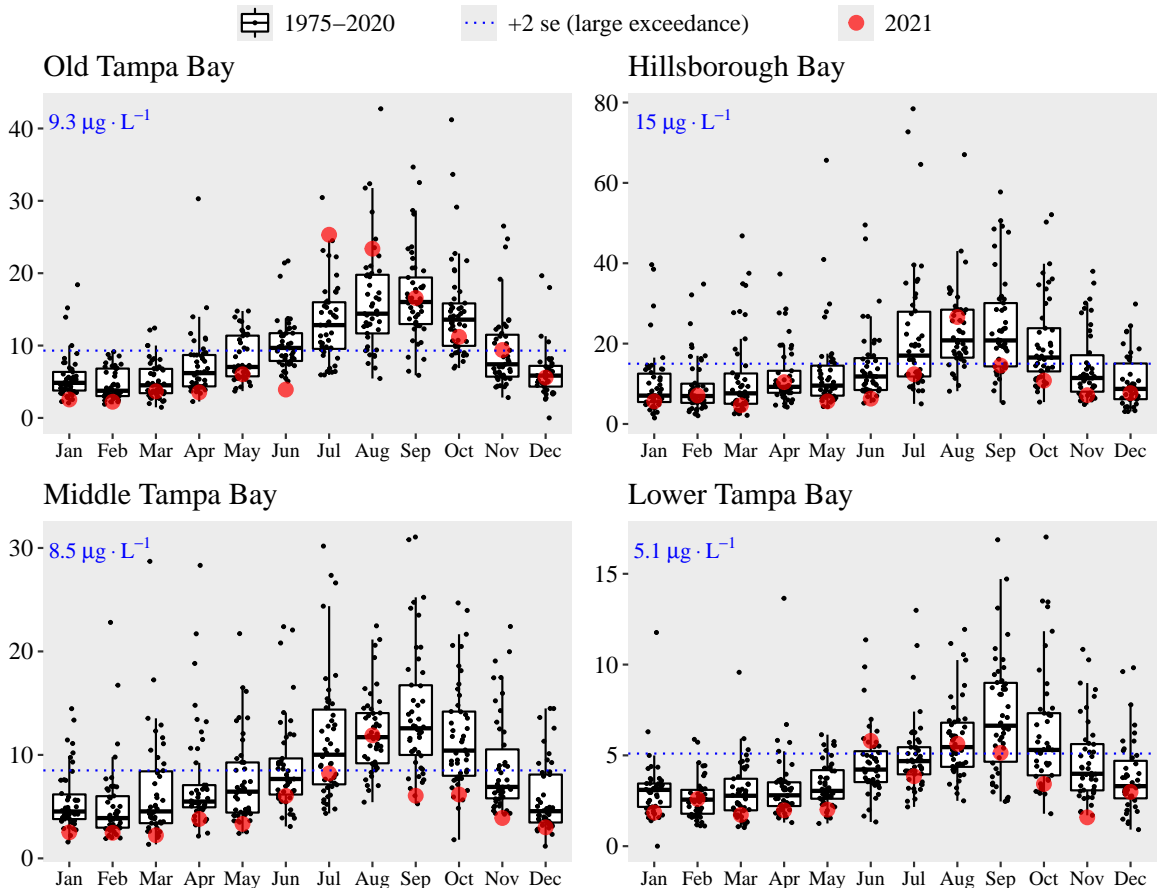


Figure 6: Chlorophyll-a monthly averages from 1975-2020 for the four bay segments. The monthly averages for 2021 are shown in red.

## Tampa Bay Seagrass Recovery

Tampa Bay's total seagrass coverage fell below the recovery goal with the most recent assessment data from SWFWMD. The 2020 baywide estimate was 34,298 acres, representing a decrease of 6,354 acres from 2018 (Figure 7). Large decreases were observed in Old Tampa Bay, especially in the Feather Sound area. The baywide target was also increased in 2020 to 40,000 acres with the Habitat Master Plan Update. Research and management plans are currently being developed to address these losses. More information on assessments of the bay's seagrass trends using transect monitoring data can be found at <https://shiny.tbep.org/seagrass-transect-dash/> and using the coverage estimates from SWFWMD can be found at <https://shiny.tbep.org/seagrass-analysis/>.

Note: 2021 nutrient management compliance assessment available from Sherwood, E., Burke, M., Beck, M.W. 2022. TBEP Technical Report #xx-22. Please cite this document as Beck, M.W., Burke, M., Raulerson, G. 2022. 2021 Tampa Bay Water Quality Assessment. TBEP Technical Report #xx-22. St. Petersburg, FL.

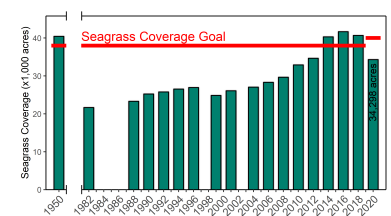


Figure 7: Seagrass estimates from 1950-2020 (Source: TBEP & SWFWMD)