

code from

<https://www.pyimagesearch.com/2018/07/30/opencv-object-tracking/>

import the necessary packages

```
from imutils.video import VideoStream
from imutils.video import FPS
import argparse
import imutils
import time
import cv2
import numpy as np
import os
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import glob
```

run at command prompt with:

```
python opencv_object_tracker.py --video  
.\vid_1540304255.h264 --tracker kcf
```

```
python opencv_cobble_tracker.py --video  
.\vid_1540311466.h264 --tracker kcf
```

```
python opencv_cobble_tracker.py --video  
.\timeavg_test.webm --tracker kcf
```

cd

Projects\AdvocateBeach2018\src\data\ope

nCV

```
homechar = os.path.expanduser('~')
```

```
tide = 'tide19'
```

```
vidchunk = 'position2'
```

```
vid = 'vid_1540304255' # pos1
```

vid = 'vid_1540307860' # pos2, 3

vid = 'vid_1540311466' # pos4

```
stonefile = 'yellow_01.npy'
```

stonefile = 'red_01.npy'

stonefile = 'blue_18.npy'

stonefile = 'green_02.npy'

5 is questionable

```
#pos1 - did 7 move?
```

load in trajectories already logged

```
traj_dir =
```

```
os.path.join(homechar, 'Projects', 'AdvocateBeach2018', 'data', 'interim', 'cobble_tracking', tide, vidchunk, vid)
```

```
 yellows = glob.glob(os.path.join(traj_dir, 'yellow_.npy')) reds = glob.glob(os.path.join(traj_dir, 'red_.npy'))
```

```
 blues = glob.glob(os.path.join(traj_dir, 'blue_*.npy'))
```

```
sv = os.path.join(traj_dir, stonefile)
```

```
if os.path.exists(sv):
```

```
# print('File already exists! Change filename.')
raise Exception('File already exists! Change filename.')

yellow_trajs = {}
for i in range(len(yellows)):
    if os.path.exists(os.path.join(traj_dir, yellows[i])):
        yellow_trajs[i] = np.load(os.path.join(traj_dir, yellows[i])).item()

red_trajs = {}
for i in range(len(reds)):
    if os.path.exists(os.path.join(traj_dir, reds[i])):
        red_trajs[i] = np.load(os.path.join(traj_dir, reds[i])).item()

blue_trajs = {}
for i in range(len(blues)):
    if os.path.exists(os.path.join(traj_dir, blues[i])):
        blue_trajs[i] = np.load(os.path.join(traj_dir, blues[i])).item()
```

construct the argument parser and parse the arguments

```
ap = argparse.ArgumentParser()
ap.add_argument("-v", "--video", type=str,
    help="path to input video file")
ap.add_argument("-t", "--tracker", type=str, default="kcf",
    help="OpenCV object tracker type")
args = vars(ap.parse_args())
```

extract the OpenCV version info

```
(major, minor) = cv2.version.split(".")[2]
```

if we are using OpenCV 3.2 OR BEFORE, we can use a special factory

function to create our object tracker

```
if int(major) == 3 and int(minor) < 3:  
tracker = cv2.Tracker_create(args["tracker"].upper())
```

otherwise, for OpenCV 3.3 OR NEWER, we need to explicitly call the

appropriate object tracker constructor:

```
else:  
# initialize a dictionary that maps strings to their corresponding  
# OpenCV object tracker implementations  
OPENCV_OBJECT_TRACKERS = {  
"csrt": cv2.TrackerCSRT_create,  
"kcf": cv2.TrackerKCF_create,  
"boosting": cv2.TrackerBoosting_create,  
"mil": cv2.TrackerMIL_create,  
"tld": cv2.TrackerTLD_create,  
"medianflow": cv2.TrackerMedianFlow_create,  
"mosse": cv2.TrackerMOSSE_create  
}
```

```
# grab the appropriate object tracker using our dictionary of  
# OpenCV object tracker objects  
tracker = OPENCV_OBJECT_TRACKERS[args["tracker"]]()
```

initialize the bounding box coordinates of the object we are going

to track

```
initBB = None
```

if a video path was not supplied, raise exception `// #` grab the reference to the

web cam

```
if not args.get("video", False):  
    raise Exception('No video file provided.')
```

otherwise, grab a reference to the video file

```
else:  
    vs = cv2.VideoCapture(args["video"])
```

initialize the FPS throughput estimator

```
fps = None  
  
counter = -1 # for keeping track of time  
  
counter_vec = []  
position_vec = []  
  
x = []
```

loop over frames from the video stream

```
while True:
```

```
    counter += 1  
  
    # grab the current frame, then handle if we are using a  
    # VideoStream or VideoCapture object  
    frame = vs.read()  
    frame = frame[1] if args.get("video", False) else frame  
  
    # check to see if we have reached the end of the stream  
    if frame is None:  
        break  
  
    # resize the frame (so we can process it faster) and grab the  
    # frame dimensions  
    frame = imutils.resize(frame, width=1000) # was 500
```

```

(H, W) = frame.shape[:2]

# check to see if we are currently tracking an object
if initBB is not None:
    # grab the new bounding box coordinates of the object
    (success, box) = tracker.update(frame)

    # check to see if the tracking was a success
    if success:
        (x, y, w, h) = [int(v) for v in box]
        cv2.rectangle(frame, (x, y), (x + w, y + h),
            (0, 255, 0), 2)

    # update the FPS counter
    fps.update()
    fps.stop()

    # initialize the set of information we'll be displaying on
    # the frame
    info = [
        ("Tracker", args["tracker"]),
        ("Success", "Yes" if success else "No"),
        ("FPS", "{:.2f}".format(fps.fps())),
    ]

    # loop over the info tuples and draw them on our frame
    for (i, (k, v)) in enumerate(info):
        text = "{}: {}".format(k, v)
        cv2.putText(frame, text, (10, H - ((i * 20) + 20)),
            cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 0.6, (0, 0, 255), 2)

    ### draws circle on previously logged positions
    for j in range(len(yellow_trajs)):
        cmin = np.int(np.min(np.abs(counter - np.array(yellow_trajs[j]['count']))))
        if cmin is 0:
            Imin = np.argmin(np.abs(counter - np.array(yellow_trajs[j]['count'])))
            cv2.circle(frame, yellow_trajs[j]['position'][Imin], 5, (0, 100, 100), -1)

    for j in range(len(red_trajs)):
        cmin = np.int(np.min(np.abs(counter - np.array(red_trajs[j]['count']))))
        if cmin is 0:
            Imin = np.argmin(np.abs(counter - np.array(red_trajs[j]['count'])))
            cv2.circle(frame, red_trajs[j]['position'][Imin], 5, (0, 0, 100), -1)

    for j in range(len(blue_trajs)):
        cmin = np.int(np.min(np.abs(counter - np.array(blue_trajs[j]['count']))))
        if cmin is 0:
            Imin = np.argmin(np.abs(counter - np.array(blue_trajs[j]['count'])))
            cv2.circle(frame, blue_trajs[j]['position'][Imin], 5, (100, 0, 0), -1)

    ###
    # added by TBG to deal with loss of tracker
    if not success:
        tracker = OPENCV_OBJECT_TRACKERS[args["tracker"]]()
        cv2.imshow("Frame", frame)

```

```

# wait for input
act = cv2.waitKey(0)
if act == ord("q"):
    break

elif act == ord("r"):
    # redraw bounding box
    # select the bounding box of the object we want to track (make
    # sure you press ENTER or SPACE after selecting the ROI)
    initBB = cv2.selectROI("Frame", frame, fromCenter=True,
                           showCrosshair=True)

    # start OpenCV object tracker using the supplied bounding box
    # coordinates, then start the FPS throughput estimator as well
    tracker.init(frame, initBB)
    fps = FPS().start()

# elif act == ord(" "):

if x:
    position_vec.append((x + np.int(w/2), y + np.int(h/2)))
    counter_vec.append(counter)

    # show the output frame
    cv2.imshow("Frame", frame)
    key = cv2.waitKey(1) & 0xFF

# if the 's' key is selected, we are going to "select" a bounding
# box to track
if key == ord("s"):
    # select the bounding box of the object we want to track (make
    # sure you press ENTER or SPACE after selecting the ROI)
    initBB = cv2.selectROI("Frame", frame, fromCenter=True,
                           showCrosshair=True)

    # start OpenCV object tracker using the supplied bounding box
    # coordinates, then start the FPS throughput estimator as well
    tracker.init(frame, initBB)
    fps = FPS().start()

    # if the `q` key was pressed, break from the loop
elif key == ord("q"):
    break

```

```

traj = {'count': counter_vec, 'position': position_vec}

```

```

if not os.path.exists(traj_dir):
    try:
        os.makedirs(traj_dir)

```

```
except OSError as exc: # Guard against race condition
if exc.errno != errno.EEXIST:
raise

np.save(sv, traj)
```

if we are using a webcam, release the pointer

```
if not args.get("video", False):
vs.stop()
```

otherwise, release the file pointer

```
else:
vs.release()
```

close all windows

```
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```