# Bayesian Neural Networks

Blair, Taylor Sorgmon, Ava Conor

March 21, 2024

#### **Abstract**

Bayesian Neural Networks are...

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## 1 Introduction

Closing

#### 1.1 Neural Networks

## 1.2 Bayesian Neural Networks

Bayesian Neural were invented by Ralph Merkle. Ralph Merkle initially patented Merkle trees for digital signatures....

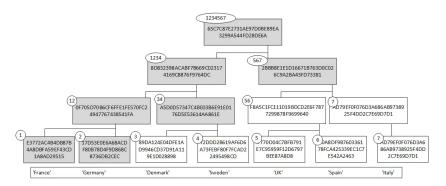


Figure 1: Basic Merkle Tree[6]

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#### 1.3 History

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The patent a 'Method of providing digital signatures' is filed by Ralph C. Merkle[5].

The original patent expires.

Bitcoin uses Merkle Trees for 'block header commitment.'[4]

BitTorent uses Merkle Trees for data integrity[1].
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#### 2 Literature Review

Merkle Trees are a component of several projects, as such many papers provide incremental changes towards certain operations on Merkle trees. This paper references the original patent by Ralph Merkle [5] in addition to descriptions of Merkle tree operations given by Boneh and Shoup [2]. As secondary sources, the implementation of Merkle trees in Bitcoin [4] provides a real example of the impact of hash functions in addition to a whitepaper from the BitTorrent project[1].

### 3 Construction

Merkle trees are constructed from the bottom up by hashing data as the leaf nodes.

#### Algorithm 1 Merkle tree construction

for 
$$i=1,\ldots,n$$
 do $\triangleright$  Compute leaf node hashes $y_i \leftarrow h(x_i)$ end forfor  $j=1,\ldots,n-1$  do $\triangleright$  Compute intermediate Nodes from  $y_{n+1},\ldots,y_{2n-1}$  $y_{i+n} \leftarrow h(y_{2i-1},y_{2i})$  $\triangleright$  Hash leaf nodes below for new hashend for

 $\triangleright$  Return tree where  $y_{2n-1}$  is the root

When referring to the parts of a Merkle tree the most common terminology is "root hash" which refers to the hashed value of the root of the tree and "leaf hash" which refers to the hash for a given data block.

#### 4 How it works

## 5 Use Cases

return Y

•••

### 6 Simulation

We used the Cifar 10....

# 7 Closing

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