

Semi-supervised Learning with Deep Generative Models

Kingma et. al. (2014)

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CS 7180

Motivating Question

How can we model data of increasing size when obtaining label information is difficult?

High-level Answer

We can estimate missing label information by using a probabilistic model.

Specifying the Probabilistic Model for Missing Labels

- ▶ Data appears as pairs $(\mathbf{X}, \mathbf{Y}) = \{(\mathbf{x}_1, y_1), \dots, (\mathbf{x}_N, y_N)\}$ with the i -th observation $x_i \in \mathbb{R}^D$ and a corresponding class label $y_i \in \{1, \dots, L\}$
 - ▶ Each pair of observations (x_i, y_i) has a corresponding latent variable z_i
 - ▶ Empirical distribution over the labelled and unlabelled subsets is referred to as $\tilde{p}_l(\mathbf{x}, y)$ and $\tilde{p}_u(\mathbf{x})$
- ▶ We can estimate y_i for x_i in distribution $\tilde{p}_u(\mathbf{x})$ by finding the maximum probability of $p(y_i)$ by using a set of features related to z_i and a predictive model
 1. **Latent-feature discriminative model (M1)**
 2. **Generative semi-supervised model (M2)**
 3. **Stacked generative semi-supervised model (M1+M2)**

Bayes Rule is used when specifying M1 & M2

TODO: this slide doesn't transition well....

$$\begin{aligned}p(x, y) &= p(x)p(y|x) \\ &= p(y)p(x|y) \\ p(x|y) &= \frac{p(x)p(y|x)}{p(y)}\end{aligned}$$

We need to find an inferred posterior distribution $p_{\theta}(\cdot)$ for M1 ¹

$$p_{\theta}(\mathbf{x}|\mathbf{z})$$

and M2 ²

$$p_{\theta}(\mathbf{x}|y, \mathbf{z})$$

¹Kingma et. al. (2014) equation (1)

²Kingma et. al. (2014) equation (2)

(M1) Latent-feature discriminative model

$$y \Leftarrow p(z|x) = \frac{p(z)p(x|z)}{p(x)}$$

where

$p(z) = \mathcal{N}(z|0, I)$ Gaussian distribution of z given a missing label y

$p(x|z) = f(x; z, \theta)$ likelihood function, parameters θ of a set of z

$p(x) = \tilde{p}_u(x)$ unlabelled subset of $x_i \in \mathbb{R}^D$

Kingma et. al. (2014) eq. (1)

(M1) Predicting Class Labels y

Approximate samples from the posterior distribution over the latent variables $p(z|x)$ are used as features to train a classifier that predicts class labels y

- ▶ (transductive) SVM
- ▶ multinomial regression

TODO: Add pictures or simulation here

(M2) Generative semi-supervised model

$$p(y|\mathbf{x}) = \frac{p(\mathbf{x}|y)p(y)}{p(\mathbf{x})} \approx \frac{p_{\theta}(\mathbf{x}|y, \mathbf{z})p(y)}{p(\mathbf{x})}$$

where

$$p(y) = \text{Cat}(y|\pi)$$

multinomial distribution, y can be latent

$$p(\mathbf{z}) = \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{z}|\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{I})$$

Gaussian distribution of \mathbf{z} when missing y

$$p_{\theta}(\mathbf{x}|y, \mathbf{z}) = f(\mathbf{x}; y, \mathbf{z}, \theta)$$

likelihood function, nonlinear parameters

$$p(\mathbf{x})$$

all \mathbf{x} in dist. of real numbers; $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^D$