Name S [.]	tudentID	

Level 1 [1.25 Point]: (Save program under filename expense1.py)

Level 1.1 [0.25 Point] (Save program under filename expense1.py

Write a program that compares two numbers and reports whether the first number is less than, more than, or equal to the second number.

Function Name	Inputs	Outputs	Functionality
compare_nums	two numbers	string	Receive two numbers as input
			parameters.
			Compare two numbers, and return "less
			than" if the first number is less than the
			second number. Or return "more than" if
			the first number is more than the second
			number. Otherwise, return "equal to".

Sample outputs are shown below:

Level 1,1, Sample output 1:	Level 1.1, Sample output 2:	Level 1.1, Sample output 3:
Enter x: <u>2</u>	Enter x: <u>7.2</u>	Enter x: <u>6</u>
Enter y: <u>3.5</u>	Enter y: <u>4</u>	Enter y: <u>6</u>
2.0 is less than 3.5	7.2 is more than 4.0	6.0 is equal to 6.0

Level 1.2 [1.00 Point] (Continue to work on your program under filename expense1.py)

Each day, teachers will spend money on stationery (เครื่องเขียน).

Write a program to compare stationery expense (ค่าใช้จ่าย) of two teachers.

First, the program reads number of days to compare the expenses. Then, the program reads expenses of n days for Teacher 1 and Teacher 2 respectively. At the end, the program will report whether Teacher 1 spends more, less, or equal to money of Teacher 2 on every day.

In your program, you must include the following 3 functions:

^{*} Your program can have more than these 3 functions.

Function Name	Inputs	Outputs	Functionality
compare_nums (same as level 1.1)	two numbers	string	Receive two numbers as input parameters. Compare them, and return "less than" if the first number is less than the second number. Or return "more than" if the first number is more than the second number. Otherwise, return "equal to".
read_list	One number (n = number of days)	A list of numbers	Receive n (number of days) as input parameter. Read n expenses of one teacher from user, and return a list of n expenses.

print_list_comparison	two lists of	None	Receive two lists of expenses as input
	numbers		parameters. Compare and report whether
			Teacher 1 spends more, less or equal to
			Teacher 2 on every day.

Sample outputs are shown below.

Level 1.2, Sample output 1:	Level 1.2, Sample output 2:
Enter #days: <u>3</u>	Enter #days: 4
Teacher 1:	Teacher 1:
Day 1: enter expense: 50	Day 1: enter expense: <u>40</u>
Day 2: enter expense: 20	Day 2: enter expense: <u>40</u>
Day 3: enter expense: 40	Day 3: enter expense: <u>50</u>
Teacher 2:	Day 4: enter expense: <u>10</u>
Day 1: enter expense: 30	Teacher 2:
Day 2: enter expense: <u>25</u>	Day 1: enter expense: <u>25</u>
Day 3: enter expense: 15.5	Day 2: enter expense: <u>40</u>
[50.0, 20.0, 40.0]	Day 3: enter expense: <u>80</u>
[30.0, 25.0, 15.5]	Day 4: enter expense: <u>25</u>
Day 1: Teacher1 spends more than Teacher2	[40.0, 40.0, 50.0, 10.0]
Day 2: Teacher1 spends less than Teacher2	[25.0, 40.0, 80.0, 25.0]
Day 3: Teacher1 spends more than Teacher2	Day 1: Teacher1 spends more than Teacher2
	Day 2: Teacher1 spends equal to Teacher2
	Day 3: Teacher1 spends less than Teacher2
	Day 4: Teacher1 spends less than Teacher2

<u>Level 2 [2.5 Points]: (Save program under filename expense2.py. This Level 2 can be done without completing Level 1)</u>

Write a program to compute summation of expenses from some specific days, not every day.

First, the program shows expenses of two teachers. Then, the program continuously reads which days user wants to compute summation until user enters -99. Next, the program reads which teacher to compute summation, and reports summation of some specific days with 2 decimal numbers. The program asks whether the user wants to continue computing the next summation or not. If user enter 'n', the program will stop.

Note that beginning of main part for Level 2 is given (see code).

In your program, you must include the following 2 functions:

* Your program can have more than these 2 functions.

Function Name	Inputs	Outputs	Functionality
read_day_list	None	A list of days	Read which days that user wants to compute summation. Return a list of days.
compute_partial_sum	A list of days	One number	Receive a list of days as input parameter. Compute and return summation of expenses from a list of days.

Beginning of main for each sample output are given below.

Level 2, Sample output 1: Beginning of main	Level 2, Sample output 2: Beginning of main
<pre># main t1 = [50, 20, 30] t2 = [40, 25, 15.5] print('Teacher 1:') print(t1) print('Teacher 2:') print(t2)</pre>	<pre># main t1 = [40,40,50,15,12.5] t2 = [25,40,80,20,10] print('Teacher 1:') print(t1) print('Teacher 2:') print(t2)</pre>
<pre># fill in the rest of program yourself</pre>	<pre># fill in the rest of program yourself</pre>

Sample outputs are shown below.

Level 2, Sample output 1:	Level 2, , Sample output 2:
Teacher 1:	Teacher 1:
[50, 20, 30]	[40, 40, 50, 15, 12.5]
Teacher 2:	Teacher 2:
[40, 25, 15.5]	[25, 40, 80, 20, 10]
Compute sum of some days	Compute sum of some days
Enter day number: <u>1</u>	Enter day number: <u>1</u>
Enter day number: <u>3</u>	Enter day number: <u>3</u>
Enter day number: <u>-99</u>	Enter day number: <u>5</u>
Which teacher (1 or 2): 2	Enter day number: <u>-99</u>
[1, 3]	Which teacher (1 or 2): <u>1</u>
[40, 25, 15.5]	[1, 3, 5]
Sum of Days [1, 3] = 55.50	[40, 40, 50, 15, 12.5]
Continue (y/n): y	Sum of Days [1, 3, 5] = 102.50
	Continue (y/n): <u>y</u>
Compute sum of some days	
Enter day number: <u>2</u>	Compute sum of some days
Enter day number: <u>-99</u>	Enter day number: <u>1</u>
Which teacher (1 or 2): <u>1</u>	Enter day number: <u>2</u>
[2]	Enter day number: <u>4</u>
[50, 20, 30]	Enter day number: <u>5</u>
Sum of Days [2] = 20.00	Enter day number: <u>-99</u>
Continue (y/n): <u>y</u>	Which teacher (1 or 2): <u>2</u>
	[1, 2, 4, 5]
Compute sum of some days	[25, 40, 80, 20, 10]
Enter day number: 2	Sum of Days [1, 2, 4, 5] = 95.00
Enter day number: <u>3</u>	Continue (y/n): <u>n</u>
Enter day number: <u>-99</u>	
Which teacher (1 or 2): 2	
[2, 3]	
[40, 25, 15.5]	
Sum of Days [2, 3] = 40.50	
Continue (y/n): <u>n</u>	

Level 3 [1.75 points] (Save program in another file from Levels 1,2, filename = expense3.py)

In this Level 3, expense files for two teachers are given. (If you do not know how to read file, you can use read list function and enter expenses yourself.)

There are 3 data sets: sets A, B, C. Each data set contains 2 files for Teacher1 and Teacher2 respectively. When we run the program, only one data set (or 2 files) is used. The data sets are shown below:

teacher1A.txt	teacher2A.txt
50	40
20	25
30	15.5
teacher1B.txt	teacher2B.txt
40	25
40	40
50	80
15	20
12.5	10
teacher1C.txt	teacher2C.txt
teacher1C.txt	teacher2C.txt
100	80
100 52	80 124
100 52 84	80 124 67
100 52 84 10.5	80 124 67 20.75
100 52 84 10.5 20.25	80 124 67 20.75 5.5
100 52 84 10.5 20.25	80 124 67 20.75 5.5
100 52 84 10.5 20.25 13	80 124 67 20.75 5.5 33 120

<u>Combine your code from Levels 1 and 2 into Level 3 here.</u> Add the code to report which day the <u>teacher spends the maximum expense</u>, and the <u>maximum amount</u>. See sample outputs for more understanding.

The program starts by asking user which data set he/she wants to run (set A,B or C). Then, the program prints menu choices 1-3 and 0.

If user chooses 1, the program will compare how Teacher1 spends more, less, or equal to Teacher2.

If user chooses 2, the program will compute summation of expenses on specific days.

If user chooses 3, the program will report which day the specific teacher spends the maximum expense and the maximum amount.

After reporting result for choices 1,2 or 3, the program will continuously ask for the next menu choice from user. If user chooses 0, the program will exit.

Note that beginning of main part for Level 3 is given (see code).

In your program, you must include the following 3 functions:

^{*} Your program can have more than these 3 functions.

Function Name	Inputs	Outputs	Functionality
read_file	string	A list of	Receive filename as input parameter.
	(filename)	expenses	Read expenses of one teacher from a
			file and return a list of expenses.
read_menu_choice	None	Menu choice	Print menu choices. Read choice of
			menu from user and return this
			choice.
find_max	A list of	Day that teacher	Find which day that the specific
	expenses	spends the	teacher spends maximum expense.
		maximum	Return such day and the maximum
		expense, and	amount.
		the maximum	
		amount	

Beginning of main is given below.

```
#main

data_set = input('Enter your data set (A,B,C): ')
filename1 = 'teacher1'+data_set+'.txt'
filename2 = 'teacher2'+data_set+'.txt'
t1 = read_file(filename1)
t2 = read_file(filename2)

#fill in the rest of program yourself
```

<u>Sample outputs are shown below:</u> Note that sample outputs only show results for data sets A and C. However, your code should work with data set B also.

Level 3, Sample output 1:	Level 3, Sample output 2:
Enter your data set (A,B,C): <u>A</u>	Enter your data set (A,B,C): <u>C</u>
Teacher 1:	Teacher 1:
[50.0, 20.0, 30.0]	[100.0, 52.0, 84.0, 10.5, 20.25, 13.0, 157.0, 40.0, 68.0, 76.0]
Teacher 2:	Teacher 2:
[40.0, 25.0, 15.5]	[80.0, 124.0, 67.0, 20.75, 5.5, 33.0, 120.0, 71.0, 68.0, 46.0]
Menu:	Menu:
1=List comparison	1=List comparison
2=Partial sum	2=Partial sum
3=Find max	3=Find max
0=Quit	0=Quit
Enter your choice: <u>1</u>	Enter your choice: <u>2</u>
Day 1: Teacher1 spends more than Teacher2	Compute sum of some days
Day 2: Teacher1 spends less than Teacher2	Enter day number: <u>1</u>
Day 3: Teacher1 spends more than Teacher2	Enter day number: <u>4</u>
	Enter day number: <u>6</u>
Menu:	Enter day number: <u>-99</u>
1=List comparison	Which teacher (1 or 2): <u>2</u>
2=Partial sum	[1, 4, 6]

3=Find max [80.0, 124.0, 67.0, 20.75, 5.5, 33.0, 120.0, 71.0, 68.0, 46.0] 0=Quit Sum of Days [1, 4, 6] = 133.75 Enter your choice: 2 Continue (y/n): y Compute sum of some days... Enter day number: 1 Compute sum of some days... Enter day number: 3 Enter day number: 9 Enter day number: -99 Enter day number: 10 Which teacher (1 or 2): 2 Enter day number: -99 [1, 3] Which teacher (1 or 2): 1 [40.0, 25.0, 15.5] [9, 10] Sum of Days [1, 3] = 55.50 [100.0, 52.0, 84.0, 10.5, 20.25, 13.0, 157.0, 40.0, 68.0, 76.0] Sum of Days [9, 10] = 144.00 Continue (y/n): y Continue (y/n): y Compute sum of some days... Enter day number: 2 Compute sum of some days... Enter day number: -99 Enter day number: 3 Which teacher (1 or 2): 1 Enter day number: -99 Which teacher (1 or 2): 1 [2] [50.0, 20.0, 30.0] [3] Sum of Days [2] = 20.00[100.0, 52.0, 84.0, 10.5, 20.25, 13.0, 157.0, 40.0, 68.0, 76.0] Continue (y/n): n Sum of Days [3] = 84.00 Continue (y/n): n Menu: 1=List comparison Menu: 2=Partial sum 1=List comparison 3=Find max 2=Partial sum 0=Quit 3=Find max Enter your choice: 3 0=Quit Which teacher (1 or 2): 1 Enter your choice: 1 Teacher1 spends maximum money = 50.00 on Day 1: Teacher1 spends more than Teacher2 Day 2: Teacher1 spends less than Teacher2 Day1 Day 3: Teacher1 spends more than Teacher2 Day 4: Teacher1 spends less than Teacher2 Menu: Day 5: Teacher1 spends more than Teacher2 1=List comparison 2=Partial sum Day 6: Teacher1 spends less than Teacher2 3=Find max Day 7: Teacher1 spends more than Teacher2 0=Quit Day 8: Teacher1 spends less than Teacher2 Enter your choice: 0 Day 9: Teacher1 spends equal to Teacher2 Day 10: Teacher1 spends more than Teacher2 Menu: 1=List comparison 2=Partial sum 3=Find max 0=Quit Enter your choice: 3 Which teacher (1 or 2): 1 Teacher1 spends maximum money = 157.00 on Day7 Menu:

> 1=List comparison 2=Partial sum

3=Find max
0=Quit
Enter your choice: 3
Which teacher (1 or 2): 2
Teacher2 spends maximum money = 124.00 on Day2

Menu:
1=List comparison
2=Partial sum
3=Find max
0=Quit
Enter your choice: 0

<u>Level 4 [0.5 Point]</u>: (Save program in another file from Levels 1,2,3, filename = expense4.py)

Continue problem from Level 3. Add one more menu choice (choice 4) to get a partial list of expenses from specific days. See sample outputs for more understanding.

In your program, you must include the following 1 function:

^{*} Your program can have more than this 1 function.

Function Name	Inputs	Outputs	Functionality
extract_list	A list of days	A list of	Receive a list of specific days as input parameter.
		expenses	Form a new list of expenses from specific days and
			return this new list of expenses.

Sample outputs are shown below: (Sample outputs only shows results for menu choice 4.)

Level 4, Sample output 1:	Level 4, Sample output 2:	
Enter your data set (A,B,C): A	Enter your data set (A,B,C): <u>C</u>	
Teacher 1:	Teacher 1:	
[50.0, 20.0, 30.0]	[100.0, 52.0, 84.0, 10.5, 20.25, 13.0, 157.0, 40.0, 68.0, 76.0]	
Teacher 2:	Teacher 2:	
[40.0, 25.0, 15.5]	[80.0, 124.0, 67.0, 20.75, 5.5, 33.0, 120.0, 71.0, 68.0, 46.0]	
Menu:	Menu:	
1=List comparison	1=List comparison	
2=Partial sum	2=Partial sum	
3=Find max	3=Find max	
4=Extract list	4=Extract list	
0=Quit	0=Quit	
Enter your choice: <u>4</u>	Enter your choice: <u>4</u>	
Get partial list of some days	Get partial list of some days	
Enter day number: <u>1</u>	Enter day number: <u>1</u>	
Enter day number: <u>3</u>	Enter day number: <u>5</u>	
Enter day number: <u>-99</u>	Enter day number: <u>9</u>	
Which teacher (1 or 2): <u>2</u>	Enter day number: <u>10</u>	
[1, 3]	Enter day number: <u>-99</u>	
[40.0, 25.0, 15.5]	Which teacher (1 or 2): <u>2</u>	
Partial list of Days [1, 3] = [40.0, 15.5]	[1, 5, 9, 10]	

Continue (y/n): y

Get partial list of some days...

Enter day number: <u>1</u>
Enter day number: <u>2</u>
Enter day number: <u>-99</u>
Which teacher (1 or 2): <u>1</u>

[1, 2]

[50.0, 20.0, 30.0]

Partial list of Days [1, 2] = [50.0, 20.0]

Continue (y/n): y

Get partial list of some days...

Enter day number: <u>3</u> Enter day number: <u>-99</u> Which teacher (1 or 2): <u>1</u>

[3]

[50.0, 20.0, 30.0]

Partial list of Days [3] = [30.0]

Continue (y/n): n

Menu:

1=List comparison 2=Partial sum 3=Find max 4=Extract list 0=Quit

Enter your choice: 0

[80.0, 124.0, 67.0, 20.75, 5.5, 33.0, 120.0, 71.0, 68.0, 46.0]

Teacher2: Partial list of Days [1, 5, 9, 10] = [80.0, 5.5, 68.0, 46.0]

Continue (y/n): v

Get partial list of some days...

Enter day number: 2 Enter day number: 3 Enter day number: 5 Enter day number: 8 Enter day number: 10 Enter day number: -99 Which teacher (1 or 2): 1

[2, 3, 5, 8, 10]

[100.0, 52.0, 84.0, 10.5, 20.25, 13.0, 157.0, 40.0, 68.0, 76.0]

Teacher1: Partial list of Days [2, 3, 5, 8, 10] = [52.0, 84.0, 20.25, 40.0, 76.0]

Continue (y/n): y

Get partial list of some days...

Enter day number: <u>3</u> Enter day number: <u>-99</u> Which teacher (1 or 2): <u>2</u>

[3]

[80.0, 124.0, 67.0, 20.75, 5.5, 33.0, 120.0, 71.0, 68.0, 46.0]

Teacher2: Partial list of Days [3] = [67.0]

Continue (y/n): n

Menu:

1=List comparison 2=Partial sum 3=Find max 4=Extract list 0=Quit

Enter your choice: 0