

1. OOP Review

```
>>> snape = Professor("Snape")
```

```
>>> harry = Student("Harry", snape)
```

Your answer:

There are now 1 students

```
>>> harry.visit_office_hours(snape)
```

Your answer:

Thanks, Snape

```
>>> harry.visit_office_hours(Professor("Hagrid"))
```

Your answer:

Thanks, Hagrid

```
>>> harry.understanding
```

Your answer:

2

```
>>> for name in snape.students:
```

```
>>>     print(name)
```

Your answer:

‘Harry’

```
>>> x = Student("Hermione", Professor("McGonagall")).name
```

Your answer:

There are now 2 students

```
>>> x
```

Your answer:

Hermione

```
>>> for name in snape.students:
```

```
>>>     print(name)
```

Your answer:

‘Harry’

If we want add more students to Snape’s list, how do you do that?

- Enter `snape.add_student(name)` ‘name’ is a variable.

2. Inheritance

```
class Pet():  
    def __init__(self, name, owner):  
        self.is_alive = True    # It's alive!!!  
        self.name = name  
        self.owner = owner  
    def eat(self, thing):  
        print(self.name + " ate a " + str(thing) + "!")  
    def talk(self):  
        print(self.name)
```

```
class Dog(Pet):  
    def talk(self):  
        print(self.name + ' says woof!')
```

```
class Cat(Pet):  
    def __init__(self, name, owner, lives=9):  
        super().__init__(name, owner)  
        self.lives = lives  
  
    def talk(self):  
        """ Print out a cat's greeting.  
        """  
  
        print(self.name + " says meow!")
```

```
def lose_life(self):  
    """Decrements a cat's life by 1. When lives reaches zero, 'is_alive'  
becomes False. If this is called after lives has reached zero, print out  
that the cat has no more lives to lose.  
    """
```

```
        if not self.is_alive:  
            print("The cat has no more lives to lose.")  
  
        else:  
            self.lives -= 1  
            if self.lives == 0:  
                self.is_alive = False
```

```
>>> Cat('Thomas', 'Tammy').talk()  
Thomas says meow!
```

```
class NoisyCat(Cat):  
    """A Cat that repeats things twice."""  
  
    def talk(self):  
        """Talks twice as much as a regular cat."""  
        super().talk()  
        super().talk()
```

```
>>> NoisyCat('Magic', 'James').talk()  
Magic says meow!  
Magic says meow!
```

3. More inheritance

```
>>> deneros_car = Car('Tesla', 'Model S')
```

```
>>> deneros_car.model
```

Your answer:

```
'Model S'
```

```
>>> deneros_car.gas = 10
```

```
>>> deneros_car.drive()
```

Your answer:

```
'Tesla Model S goes vroom!'
```

```
>>> deneros_car.drive()
```

Your answer:

```
'Cannot drive!'
```

```
>>> deneros_car.fill_gas()
```

Your answer:

```
'Gas level: 20'
```

```
>>> deneros_car.gas
```

Your answer:

```
20
```

```
>>> Car.gas
```

Your answer:

```
30
```

```
>>> deneros_car = Car('Tesla', 'Model S')
```

```
>>> deneros_car.wheels = 2
```

```
>>> deneros_car.wheels
```

Your answer:

```
2
```

```
>>> Car.num_wheels
```

Your answer:

```
4
```

```
>>> deneros_car.drive()
```

Your answer:

```
'Cannot drive!'
```

```
>>> Car.drive()
```

Your answer:

```
TypeError: drive() missing 1 required positional argument: 'self'
```

```
>>> Car.drive(deneros_car)
```

Your answer:

‘Cannot drive!’