■ AP_Validation.md

ADEPT-FC Autopilot Validation Procedure

Grayson Schaer
Bretl Research Group
Aerodynamics and Unsteady Flow Group
ESAero
Created: 10/29/2020 12:50 CST

Created: 10/29/2020 13:50 CST Updated: 11/05/2020 12:58 CST

Unit Tests

This section will describe the purpose, scope, and procedure relating to the autopilot unit tests.

TEST CONDUCTED ON:

TEST CONDUCTED BY:

Purpose

Unit tests are conducted to ensure:

- 1. All PWM input commands given by the autopilot are within an acceptable range and will not damage the physical servos.
- 2. Autopilot state rejection performs as expected.
- 3. Input commands calculated by the autopilot are in the expected direction.

These tasks are achieved by intercepting the states observed by the 5-hole probe and INS and replacing them with a set of test states. In total, 21 states are tested. The expected inputs are based on optimal controller simulation. The test points include:

- 1. Rejection of too negative state
- · Expected behavior: All state variables rejected. Replaced by last known good state (trim state)
- Expected input: Trim input on all input axes.
- 2. Rejection of too large state
- · Expected behavior: All state variables rejected. Replaced by last known good state (trim state)
- Expected input: Trim input on all input axes.
- 3. Positive pitch
- Expected behavior: No state variables rejected.
- Expected input: Trim input on aileron and rudder. IF CONTROLLED, positive inputs from elevator and throttle. ELSE, trim.
- 4. Negative pitch
- Expected behavior: No state variables rejected.
- Expected input: Trim input on aileron and rudder. IF CONTROLLED, negative inputs from elevator and throttle. ELSE, trim.
- 5. Positive roll
- Expected behavior: No state variables rejected.

• Expected input: Trim input on elevator. IF CONTROLLED, negative inputs from aileron, rudder, and left throttle. Positive inputs from right throttle. ELSE, trim.

6. Negative roll

- Expected behavior: No state variables rejected.
- Expected input: Trim input on elevator. IF CONTROLLED, positive inputs from aileron, rudder, and left throttle. Negative inputs from right throttle. ELSE, trim.

7. Positive yaw

- Expected behavior: No state variables rejected.
- Expected input: Trim input on elevator. IF CONTROLLED, negative inputs from aileron and left throttle. Positive inputs from rudder and right throttle. ELSE, trim.

8. Negative yaw

- Expected behavior: No state variables rejected.
- Expected input: Trim input on elevator. IF CONTROLLED, positive inputs from aileron and left throttle. Negative inputs from rudder and right throttle. ELSE, trim.

9. Positive pitch rate

- Expected behavior: No state variables rejected.
- Expected input: Trim input on aileron and rudder. IF CONTROLLED, positive inputs from elevator and throttle. ELSE, trim.

10. Negative pitch rate

- Expected behavior: No state variables rejected.
- Expected input: Trim input on aileron and rudder. IF CONTROLLED, negative inputs from elevator and throttle. ELSE, trim.

11. Positive roll rate

- Expected behavior: No state variables rejected.
- Expected input: Trim input on elevator. IF CONTROLLED, negative inputs from aileron, rudder, and left throttle. Positive inputs from right throttle. ELSE, trim.

12. Negative roll rate

- Expected behavior: No state variables rejected.
- Expected input: Trim input on elevator. IF CONTROLLED, positive inputs from aileron, rudder, and left throttle. Negative inputs from right throttle. ELSE, trim.

13. Positive yaw rate

- Expected behavior: No state variables rejected.
- Expected input: Trim input on elevator. IF CONTROLLED, positive inputs from aileron, rudder, and right throttle. Negative inputs from left throttle. ELSE, trim.

14. Negative yaw rate

- Expected behavior: No state variables rejected.
- Expected input: Trim input on elevator. IF CONTROLLED, negative inputs from aileron, rudder, and right throttle. Positive inputs from left throttle. ELSE, trim.

15. Positive angle of attack

• Expected behavior: No state variables rejected.

 Expected input: Trim input on aileron and rudder. IF CONTROLLED, negative input from elevator, positive input from throttle. ELSE, trim.

16. Negative angle of attack

- Expected behavior: No state variables rejected.
- Expected input: Trim input on aileron and rudder. IF CONTROLLED, positive input from elevator, negative input from throttle. ELSE, trim.

17. Positive sideslip angle

- Expected behavior: No state variables rejected.
- Expected input: Trim input on elevator. IF CONTROLLED, negative input from aileron, rudder, and right throttle. Positive input from left throttle. ELSE, trim.

18. Negative sideslip angle

- Expected behavior: No state variables rejected.
- Expected input: Trim input on elevator. IF CONTROLLED, positive input from aileron, rudder, and right throttle. Negative input from left throttle. ELSE, trim.

19. Positive velocity

- Expected behavior: No state variables rejected.
- Expected input: Trim input on aileron and rudder. IF CONTROLLED, negative inputs from elevator and throttle. ELSE, trim.

20. Negative velocity

- Expected behavior: No state variables rejected.
- Expected input: Trim input on aileron and rudder. IF CONTROLLED, positive inputs from elevator and throttle. ELSE, trim.

21. Trim condition

- Expected behavior: No state variable rejection.
- Expected input: Trim input on all input axes.

Scope

These tests are conducted on single axis states only. They will not ensure proper functionality on multi-axis state inputs. These tests cannot verify that the control surfaces deflect in the proper direction, only that the proper directional command is sent to them based on the standard deflection directions. It is up to the user to confirm proper directional calibration of control surfaces by verifying expected behavior.

Procedure

- In terminal make clean
- In terminal git clean -fxd
- In terminal make debug
- In terminal sudo ./run.sh
 - When autopilot module is loaded the text "WARNING: AUTOPILOT STARTED IN DEBUGGING MODE. DO NOT FLY." will appear
- In terminal pwm arm
- On TX, SC3 to AP
- 21 tests will run. Displayed will be test number, state input, and AP inputs. Control surfaces will deflect. To ensure proper control surface deflection direction, watch each surface and ensure it moves as excepted. Figure 1 provides control surface and body axes definitions. The program will automatically check as well.
- A new test will run every 7 seconds
- When all 21 tests are passed, in terminal pwm disarm

- In terminal all exit
- In terminal sudo poweroff

Calibration Check

This section will describe the purpose, scope, and procedure relating to the autopilot calibration check.

TEST CONDUCTED ON:

TEST CONDUCTED BY:

Purpose

The purpose of this test is to ensure that the control surfaces adhere to deflection commands sent by autopilot, both in magnitude and direction. This verifies proper PWM conversion and calibration in the AP module.

Scope

This test does not check AP command generation. All commands sent during the test are artificially generated. This test only investigates PWM calibration curves.

Procedure

- Attach 3ft radius protractor to left aileron.
- In terminal make clean
- In terminal git clean -fxd
- In terminal make ail_cc
- In terminal sudo ./run.sh
- In terminal pwm arm
- On TX, SC3 to manual
- Adjust 3ft radius protractor so that the deflection reads 0 deg.
- Move TX aileron stick all the up left and right. Ensure that the protractor needle does not scrape the radius at any point. If it does, adjust accordingly.
- In terminal pwm disarm
- In terminal all exit
- In terminal sudo ./run.sh
 - When autopilot module is loaded the text "WARNING: AUTOPILOT STARTED IN CALIBRATION CHECK. DO NOT FLY." will appear
- In terminal pwm arm
- On TX, SC3 to AP
- Angular tests will run in 15 second intervals. Each test will display the expected deflection angle. Compare the expected deflection to the actual deflection as measured by the 3ft radius protractor. Deflection directions are determined by Figure 1.
- When all 5 angles are complete, in terminal pwm disarm
- In terminal all exit
- Repeat all above steps elevator and rudder control surfaces.
 - o make ele_cc
 - o make rud_cc

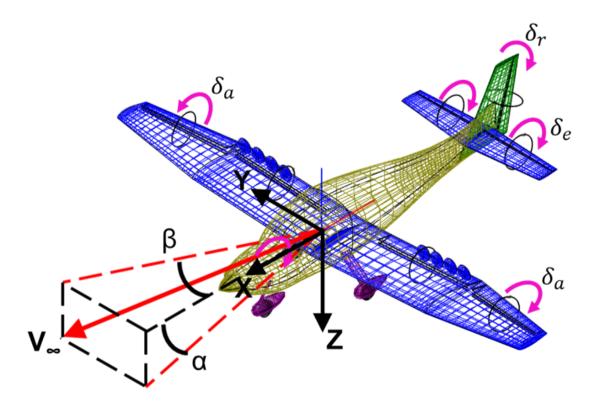


Figure 1: Axes definition for control surfaces and body axes of ADEPT-FC aircraft.

Walkaround Inspection

This section will describe the purpose, scope, and procedure relating to the ADEPT-FC walkaround inspection.

TEST CONDUCTED ON:

TEST CONDUCTED BY:

Purpose

This inspection ensures that there is no visible damage to the airframe, wings, doors, skin, control surfaces, or propulsors of the aircraft. It also ensures that the control surfaces behave as expected.

Scope

This inspection does not test the health of the software systems. It also does not inspect the calibrations for any hardware components

Procedure

| At nose of aircraft, remove 5 hole probe cover. Ensure all 5 holes are open and not obstructed. Return cover. |
|---|
| Inspect 5 hole probe support beam for any signs of damage to surface or structure. Ensure that is it firmly attached to aircraft. |
| Remove nose shield, inspect pneumatic cables for kinks, tears, or other signs of damage. |
| Inspect battery harnesses for signs of fraying, adapter damage, or insulation damage. |
| Return nose shield. |
| Inspect nose gear for signs of wall damage. Ensure that there are no flat spots on wheel. |
| Inspect front windscreen for signs of cracking or delamination. |
| Ensure the left wing is secured to fuselage by wing nut. |

- ☐ Inspect upper surface of left wing for any signs of cracking, tearing, or delamination.
- Inspect each motor and motor duct. Ensure free of debris and damage.

| Ensure each left wing propulsor freely spins. | |
|---|----------|
| ☐ Ensure left aileron freely moves. | |
| ☐ Inspect lower surface of left wing for any signs of cracking, tearing, or delamination. | |
| ■ Ensure left flap moves freely. | |
| ■ Ensure the left hall effect sensor tape is in tact with no signs of tearing or delamination. | |
| ■ Ensure the right wing is secured to fuselage by wing nut. | |
| ☐ Inspect upper surface of right wing for any signs of cracking, tearing, or delamination. | |
| ☐ Inspect each motor and motor duct. Ensure free of debris and damage. | |
| ■ Ensure each right wing propulsor freely spins. | |
| ■ Ensure right aileron freely moves. | |
| ☐ Inspect lower surface of right wing for any signs of cracking, tearing, or delamination. | |
| ■ Ensure right flap moves freely. | |
| ■ Ensure the right hall effect sensor tape is in tact with no signs of tearing or delamination. | |
| ☐ Inspect the upper surface of the fuselage. Ensure there are no visible signs of cracking. Ensure all tape is free of tears and delam | nination |
| Ensure all holes in fuselage are covered by tape. | |
| ☐ Inspect the left surface of the fuselage. Ensure there are no visible signs of cracking. Ensure all tape is free of tears and delaminate Ensure radio probes are covered by tape. | ation. |
| Inspect the right surface of the fuselage. Ensure there are no visible signs of cracking. Ensure all tape is free of tears and delamin | nation. |
| ☐ Inspect the lower surface of the fuselage. Ensure there are no visible signs of cracking. | |
| ☐ Inspect both main gear for signs of wall damage. Ensure that there are no flat spots on either wheel. | |
| Inspect the upper surface of the elevator. Ensure there are no visible signs of cracking. | |
| ■ Ensure the left elevator moves freely. | |
| ■ Ensure the right elevator move freely. | |
| ☐ Inspect the lower surface of the elevator. Ensure that there are no visible signs of cracking. | |
| ■ Ensure all 4 screws securing left elevator servo to elevator are secure. | |
| ■ Ensure screw securing left elevator is secure. | |
| ■ Ensure the left hall effect sensor tape is in tact with no signs of tearing or delamination. | |
| ■ Ensure all 4 screws securing right elevator servo to elevator are secure. | |
| ■ Ensure screw securing right elevator is secure. | |
| ■ Ensure the right hall effect sensor tape is in tact with no signs of tearing or delamination. | |
| ☐ Inspect rudder surface. Ensure that there are no visible signs of cracking. | |
| ■ Ensure rudder moves freely. | |
| ■ Ensure the rudder hall effect sensor tape is in tact with no signs of tearing or delamination. | |
| Download most recent flight release: https://github.com/tbretl/adept-fc.git | |
| ☐ In terminal make clean | |
| ☐ In terminal git clean -fxd | |
| ☐ In terminal make all | |
| ☐ In terminal sudo ./run.sh | |
| ☐ In terminal pwm arm | |
| Deflect each control surface in both directions to the limit using the TX. Ensure each control surface behaves as expected. | |
| Fully actuate flaps. Ensure both behave as expected. | |
| □ In terminal pwm disarm | |
| □ In terminal all exit | |