

Sistemas de Operação / Fundamentos de Sistemas Operativos

Brief comparison of Java and C/C++

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Outline

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- 2 Data types
- 3 Statements
- 4 Object-oriented features
- 5 Input/output
- 6 Functions

Introduction

Objectives

- I don't want to teach programming
- I just want to point out some tips that can help to bridge the gap between Java and C/C++

How?

- Pointing out correspondences between elements of the two languages
- Pointing out elements that exist in one and not in the other

Variables

Data types (1)

Integer numbers

Java

- byte, short, int, long
- only signed
- fixed size

C/C++

- char, short, int, long
- signed, unsigned
- non-fixed size
- `#include <stdint.h>`

Real numbers

Java

- float, double

C/C++

- float, double

Booleans

Java

- boolean

C/C++

- bool (C++)
- `#include <stdbool.h>` (C)

Variables

Data types (2)

Characters

Java

- `char` (unicode)

C/C++

- `char` (8-bit interger)

References

Java

- variables of non primitive types are references to objects

C/C++

- pointers (*, &)
- references (&) (C++)

Tuples

Java

- `class`
- Can contain methods
- nesting by reference

C/C++

- `class` (C++)
- Can contain methods (C++)
- nesting by value / reference
- `struct` (public)

Variables

Data types (3)

Arrays

Java

- The `[]` operator
- An Object
- The `length` property

C/C++

- The `[]` operator
- A pointer to an address location
- The `sizeof` operator (in some cases)

Strings

Java

- `String` class
- An Object, sequence of `char` (Unicode code points)
- immutable
- Operator +

C/C++

- An array
- A null-terminated sequence of `char` (8-bit interger)

Variables

Lifetime

static variables

Java

- class attributes (`static`)

C/C++

- class/struct attributes (`static`) (only C++)
- locally global attributes (`static`)
- global attributes

dynamic (heap) variables

Java

- `new` operator
- implicit deletion
- only Object and derivatives

C/C++

- `new` operator
- explicit deletion (`delete` operator)
- any type

automatic (stack) variables

Java

- only primitive types (including references)

C/C++

- any type

Variables

Operators (1)

Arithmetic operators

Java

- `+`, `-`, `*`, `/`, `%`

C/C++

- `+`, `-`, `*`, `/`, `%`

Relational operators

Java

- `>`, `<`, `>=`, `<=`, `==`, `!=`

C/C++

- `>`, `<`, `>=`, `<=`, `==`, `!=`

Logical operators

Java

- `&&`, `||`, `!`

C/C++

- `&&`, `||`, `!`
- `and`, `or`, `not` (C++)

Variables

Operators (2)

Bitwise operators

Java

- `&, |, ~, ^`
- `<<, >>, >>>`

C/C++

- `&, |, ~, ^`
- `<<, >>`

Assignment operators

Java

- `=`
- `+=, -=, *=, /=, %=`
- `&=, |=, ^=`
- `<<=, >>=, >>>=`

C/C++

- `=`
- `+=, -=, *=, /=, %=`
- `&=, |=, ^=`
- `<<=, >>=`

Variables

Operators (3)

Ternary operator

Java

- `? :`

C/C++

- `? :`

accessing tuple fields

Java

- `.`

C/C++

- `., ->`
- `&, *`
- `:: (C++)`

Statements

Flux control

Conditional statements

Java

- if-then-else
- switch-case

C/C++

- if-then-else
- switch-case

Loop statements

Java

- for
- while
- do-while
- for-each

C/C++

- for
- while
- do-while
- for-each (C++)

Break statements

Java

- break, continue
- break label

C/C++

- break, continue

Object-oriented features

inheritance

Java

- simple inheritance (Object)
- extends operator

only C++

- multiple inheritance
- : operator

access modifiers

Java

- public
- protected
- private
- package (default)

only C++

- public (default in struct)
- protected
- private (default in class)

Object-oriented features

polymorphism

Java

- function overloading
- function overriding
- `final`

only C++

- function overloading
- function overriding
- `virtual`
- operator overloading

Input/Output

Libraries

Java

- `import Java.io`

C/C++

- `#include <stdio.h>`
- `#include <iostream> (C++)`

Standard streams

Java

- `System.in`
- `System.out`
- `System.err`

C/C++

- `stdin`
- `std::cin (C++)`
- `stdout`
- `std::cout (C++)`
- `stderr`
- `std::cerr (C++)`

Functions

Type of functions

Java

- methods in classes

C/C++

- methods in classes (C++)
- global functions
- locally global functions (`static`)
- functions within namespaces (C++)

Arguments to functions

Java

- by value (primitive type)
- by reference (Object type)

C/C++

- by value (any type)
- by pointer (any type)
- by reference (any type) (C++)
- default values (C++)