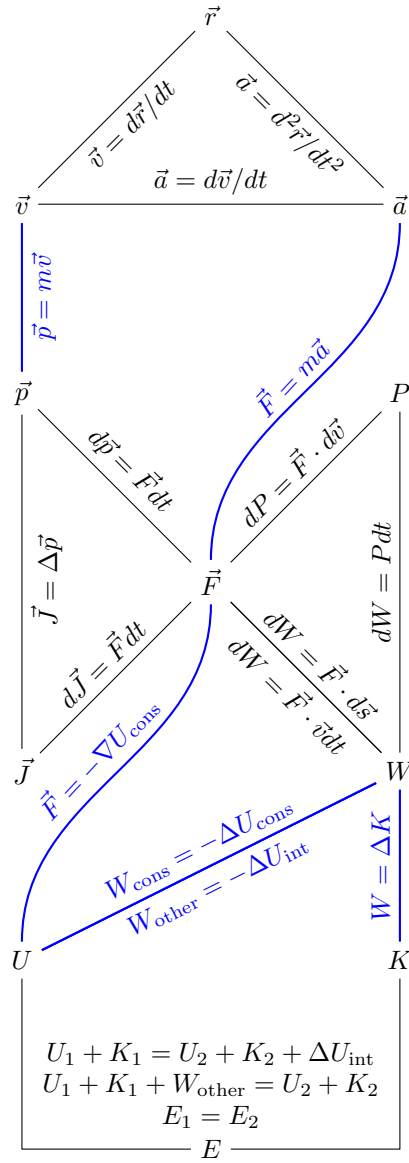


Translational Motion Concept Map

Timothy C. Burt

January 3, 2020



t	time
\vec{r}	position
\vec{v}	velocity
\vec{a}	acceleration
m	mass
\vec{p}	momentum
\vec{F}	force
P	power
\vec{J}	impulse
W	work
U	potential energy
K	kinetic energy
U_{cons}	potential due to conservative interactions
W_{cons}	work done by conservative interactions
U_{int}	internal energy
W_{other}	work done by interactions not accounted for explicitly
E	total energy
q	generic variable for discussion of operations
Δq	difference between final and initial values of q ($\Delta q \equiv q_{\text{final}} - q_{\text{initial}}$)
dq	differential element q
$\vec{q}_1 \cdot \vec{q}_2$	scalar (dot) product between q_1 and q_2 ($\vec{q}_1 \cdot \vec{q}_2 = \vec{q}_1 \vec{q}_2 \cos(\phi_{1,2})$)
∇q	gradient of the scalar q