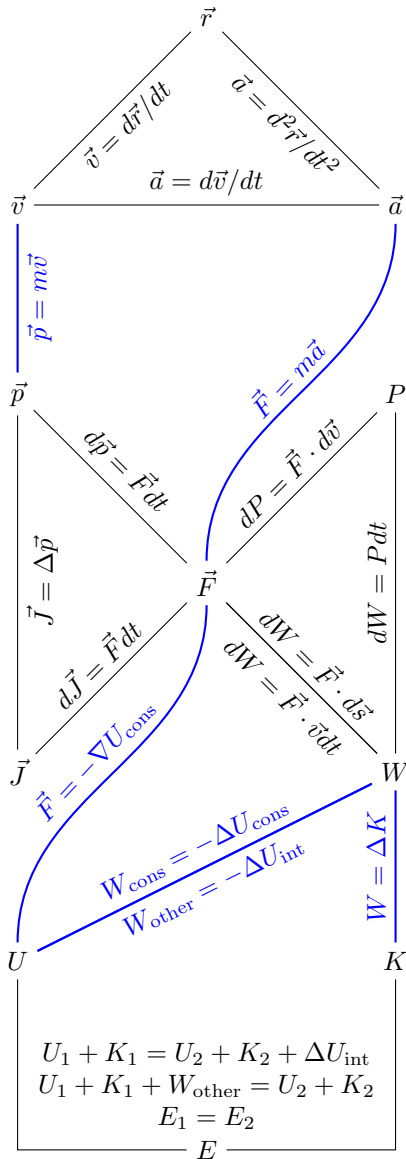


Kinematics Motion Concept Maps

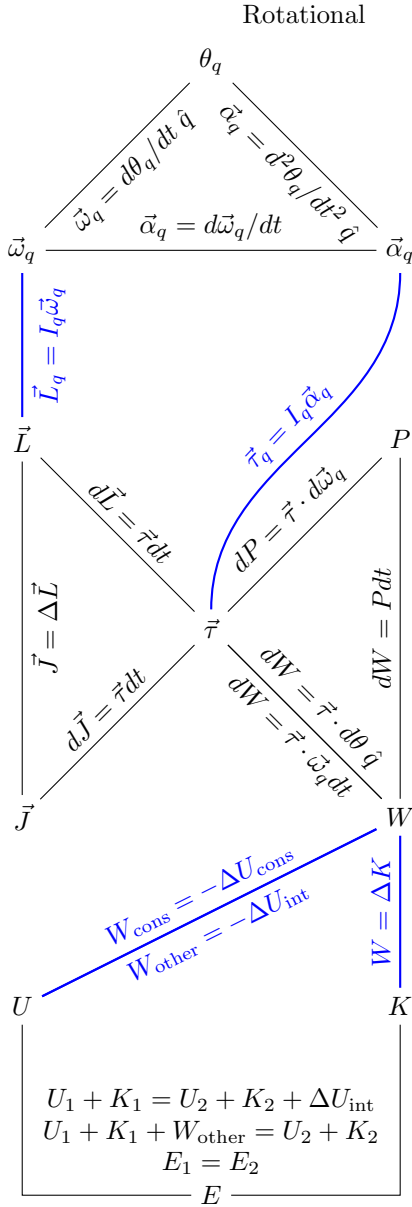
TCB

November 10, 2019

Translational



| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| t | time |
| \vec{r} | position |
| \vec{v} | velocity |
| \vec{a} | acceleration |
| m | mass |
| \vec{p} | momentum |
| \vec{F} | force |
| P | power |
| \vec{J} | impulse |
| W | work |
| U | potential energy |
| K | kinetic energy |
| U_{cons} | potential due to conservative interactions |
| W_{cons} | work done by conservative interactions |
| U_{int} | internal energy |
| W_{other} | work done by interactions not accounted for explicitly |
| E | total energy |
| q | generic variable for discussion of operations |
| Δq | difference between final and initial values of q ($\Delta q \equiv q_{\text{final}} - q_{\text{initial}}$) |
| dq | differential element q |
| $\vec{q}_1 \cdot \vec{q}_2$ | scalar (dot) product between q_1 and q_2 ($\vec{q}_1 \cdot \vec{q}_2 = \vec{q}_1 \vec{q}_2 \cos(\phi_{1,2})$) |
| ∇q | gradient of the scalar q |



| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| t | time |
| θ_q | angular position around axis q |
| $\vec{\omega}_q$ | angular velocity around axis q |
| $\vec{\alpha}_q$ | angular acceleration around axis q |
| I_q | moment of inertia about axis q |
| \vec{L} | angular momentum |
| $\vec{\tau}$ | torque |
| P | power |
| \vec{J} | impulse |
| W | work |
| U | potential energy |
| K | kinetic energy |
| U_{cons} | potential due to conservative interactions |
| W_{cons} | work done by conservative interactions |
| U_{int} | internal energy |
| W_{other} | work done by interactions not accounted for explicitly |
| E | total energy |
| q | generic variable for discussion of operations |
| Δq | difference between final and initial values of q ($\Delta q \equiv q_{\text{final}} - q_{\text{initial}}$) |
| dq | differential element q |
| \hat{n} | unit normal vector to the plane defined by q_1 and q_2 ; direction defined by right-hand rule |
| $\vec{q}_1 \cdot \vec{q}_2$ | scalar (dot) product between q_1 and q_2 ($\vec{q}_1 \cdot \vec{q}_2 = \vec{q}_1 \vec{q}_2 \cos(\phi_{1,2})$) |
| $\vec{q}_1 \times \vec{q}_2$ | vector product between q_1 and q_2 ($\vec{q}_1 \times \vec{q}_2 = \vec{q}_1 \vec{q}_2 \sin(\phi_{1,2}) \hat{n}$) |