#### **Robotics**

Estimation and Learning with Dan Lee

Week 4. Localization

4.1 Odometry Modeling4.2 Sensor Registration4.3 Particle Filter



# Week 4. Localization

4.1 Odometry Modeling

### Localization

- Encoder and local sources of information can be very precise ~200,000 pulse/m [1]
- Laser range finding: 3-5 cm obstacle detection [2,3]
- RGB(-D) Vision: 1-10cm
- Gyroscope (turning)
  - Accelerometer integration provides poor accuracy
- Higher precision, but local information

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> http://www.clearpathrobotics.com/husky-unmanned-ground-vehicle-robot/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> <a href="http://www.hokuyo-aut.jp/02sensor/07scanner/utm\_30lx\_ew.html">http://www.hokuyo-aut.jp/02sensor/07scanner/utm\_30lx\_ew.html</a>

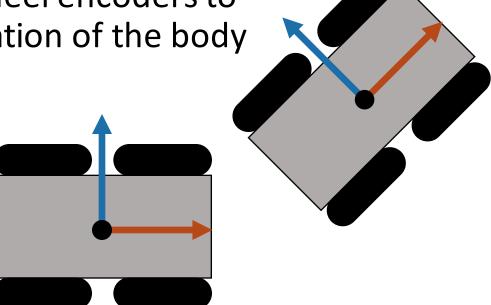
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> http://velodynelidar.com/vlp-16-lite.html

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Robust Real-Time Visual Odometry for Dense RGB-D Mapping

## Simple Approach

- Integrate odometry information
- Form a model of the vehicle
  - Skid steer, in this case

 Map ticks of the wheel encoders to translation and rotation of the body



# Tracking Angular Movement

 Encoder ticks (e) are observed at the inner and outer radii

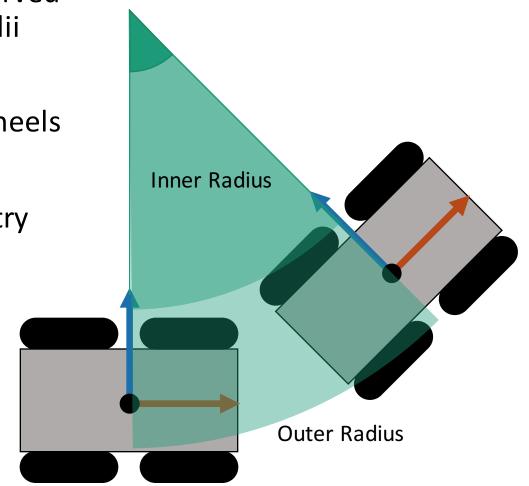
$$e_i = \theta r_i \quad e_o = \theta r_o$$

Known width between wheels

$$w = r_o - r_i$$

Calculate angular odometry

$$\theta = \frac{e_o - e_i}{w}$$

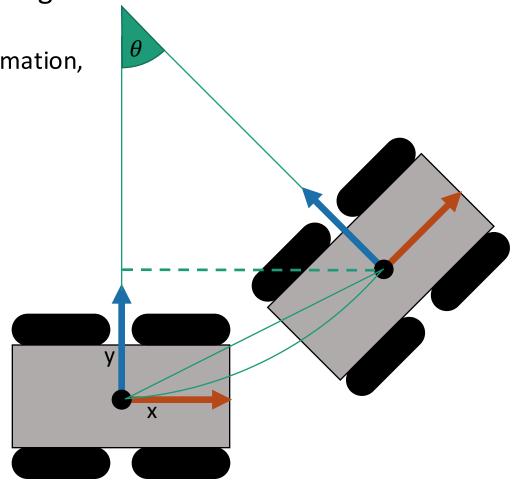


# Tracking Translational Motion

- Translation requires knowledge of the angular movement
  - Use circular sector approximation, valid for small movements
- Quiz: Spinning in Place

$$y = \frac{e_o + e_i}{2} \cos \theta$$

$$x = \frac{e_o + e_i}{2} \sin \theta$$



# Aiding Pure Encoder Odometry

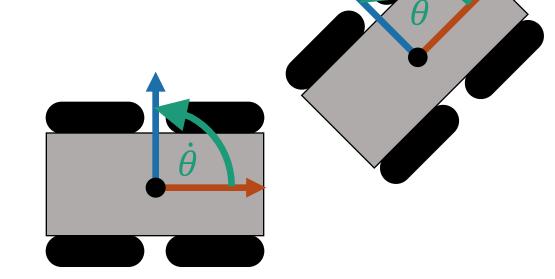
- Encoder measurements can be noisy
- Angular estimate feeds into translation, propagating error
- Solution: Utilize more precise gyroscope for angular change

• Gyroscope is accurate for small  $\Delta t$ 

$$\theta = \dot{\theta} \Delta t$$

$$y = \frac{e_o + e_i}{2} \cos \theta$$

$$x = \frac{e_o + e_i}{2} \sin \theta$$



# Simple Approach Characteristics

- Local frame of reference of the robot starting point
- Issue: Encoders suffer from slippage, missing counts
- Issue: Gyroscope integration suffers from drift
- Utilizing maps of the world can correct localization errors