

# Thomas Glezen

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## Education

### UC Berkeley

May 2021

B.A. IN COMPUTER SCIENCE

GPA: 3.1

## Coursework

### Undergraduate

CS 61B: Data Structures

CS 61C: Machine Structures

CS 161: Computer Security

CS 170: Algorithms

CS 182: Deep Neural Networks

CS 184: Computer Graphics

CS 186: Databases

CS 188: Artificial Intelligence

CS 189: Machine Learning

EE 126: Probability and Random Processes

EE 127: Optimization

Stat 140: Probability

Stat 135: Statistics

Data 100: Data Science

Data 102: Data, Inference, and Decisions

## Skills

### Programming

Proficient in:

Python • NumPy • pandas • PyTorch • SQL

Also coded in:

R • Java • C • Bash • HTML • Swift • JS

### Tools

Vim • Jupyter Notebook • IntelliJ

### Other

Git •  $\text{\LaTeX}$

Docker • Debugging

## Links

Github:// [tcglezen](#)

LinkedIn:// [tcglezen](#)

Website:// [tcglezen.com/](#)

Stackoverflow:// [tcglezen](#)

## Experience

### Lab Assistant | CS61B (DATA STRUCTURES)

Aug 2018 – Dec 2018 | Berkeley, CA

A lab assistant for students taking data structures (CS61B) at UC Berkeley. Some of my responsibilities includes helping students how to:

- use git and resolve their git issues.
- Inheritance/Polymorphism
- how Java inheritance/polymorphism works and how to effectively apply inheritance to class projects.
- how to build searching and sorting algorithms and when to use each type of algorithm.
- understand how run time complexity works and how to calculate the run time of their own algorithms under different environments.

## Projects

### Path Tracer

Project revolving around light modeling of 3D images.

- Implemented camera ray generation so camera can generate 2D image given a 3D world and a direction/location
- Built a volume bounding hierarchy system to optimize rendering time for tracing path of light rays of 3D models.
- Coded bidirectional scattering distribution function which calculates how light reflects off of different types of surfaces.
- Programmed the model so that it can efficiently trace bounces after a hundred bounces.
- Implemented adaptive sampling in order to better perceive light coming from a single source point.

### Language Detection

Developed a neural network that processes sentences and predicts its language.

- Modeled as a naive recurrent neural network which intakes a word at each input layer.
- Includes techniques such as Ensembles and dropout in order to avoid overfitting.
- Performs with an overall of 83% testing accuracy.