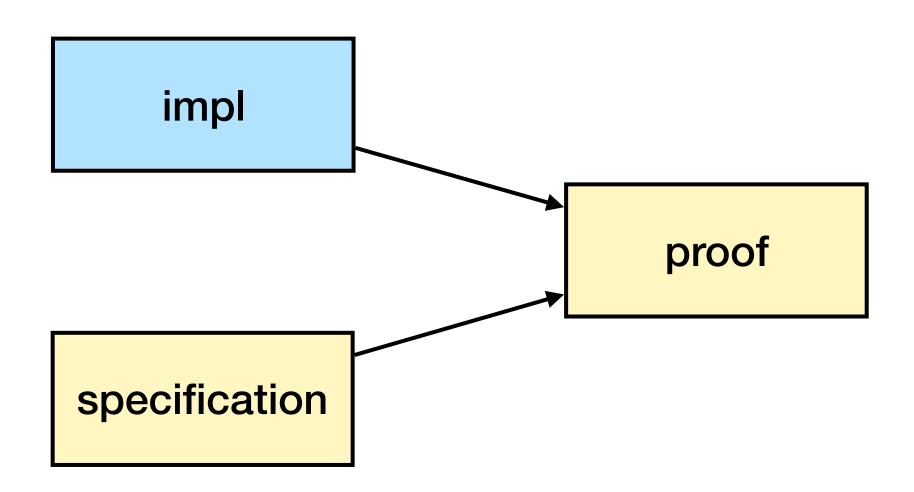
# Verifying concurrent Go code in Coq with **Goose**

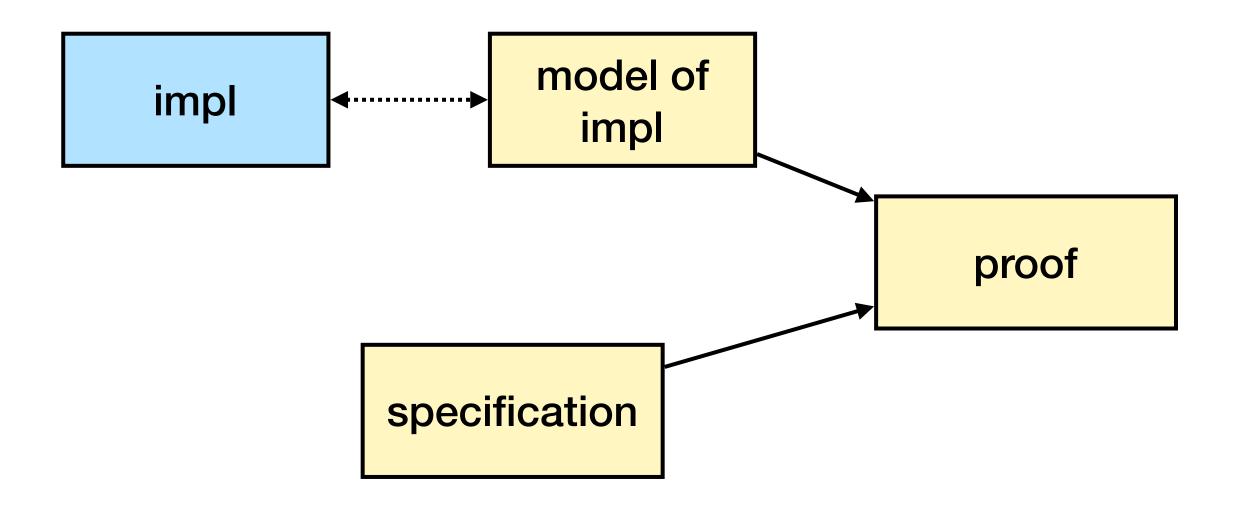
Tej Chajed, Joseph Tassarotti\*, Frans Kaashoek, Nickolai Zeldovich

MIT and \*Boston College

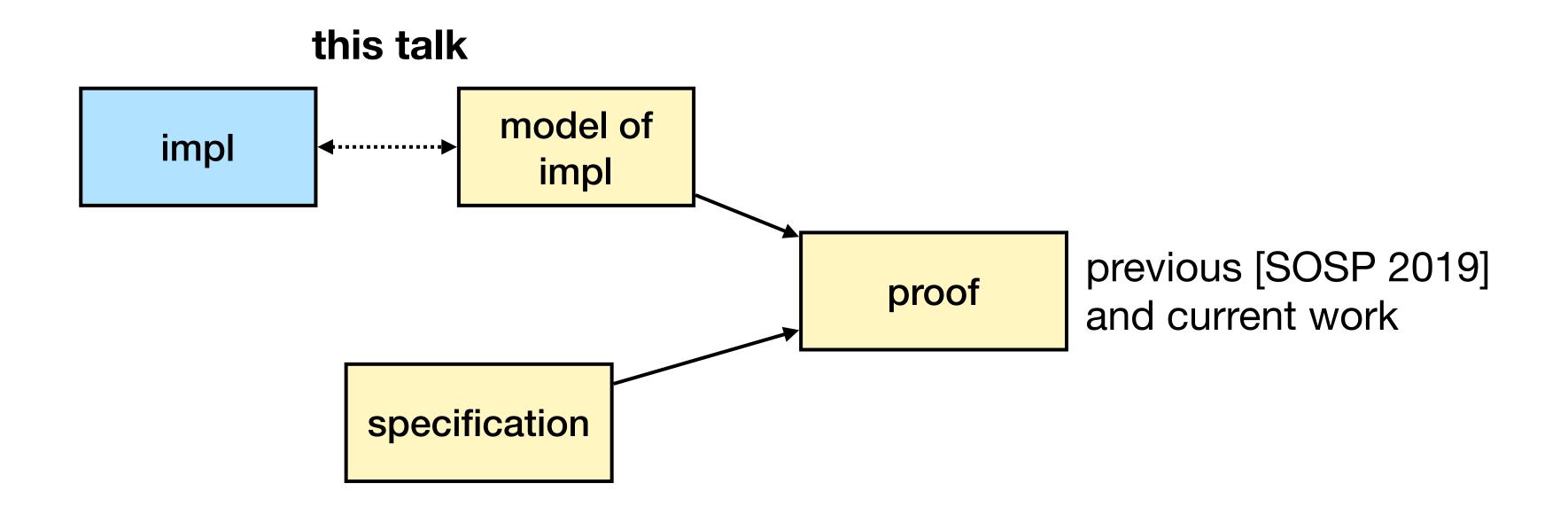
### Systems verification, broadly



### Systems verification requires connecting implementation to proof



### Systems verification requires connecting implementation to proof



### We aim to verify realistic systems

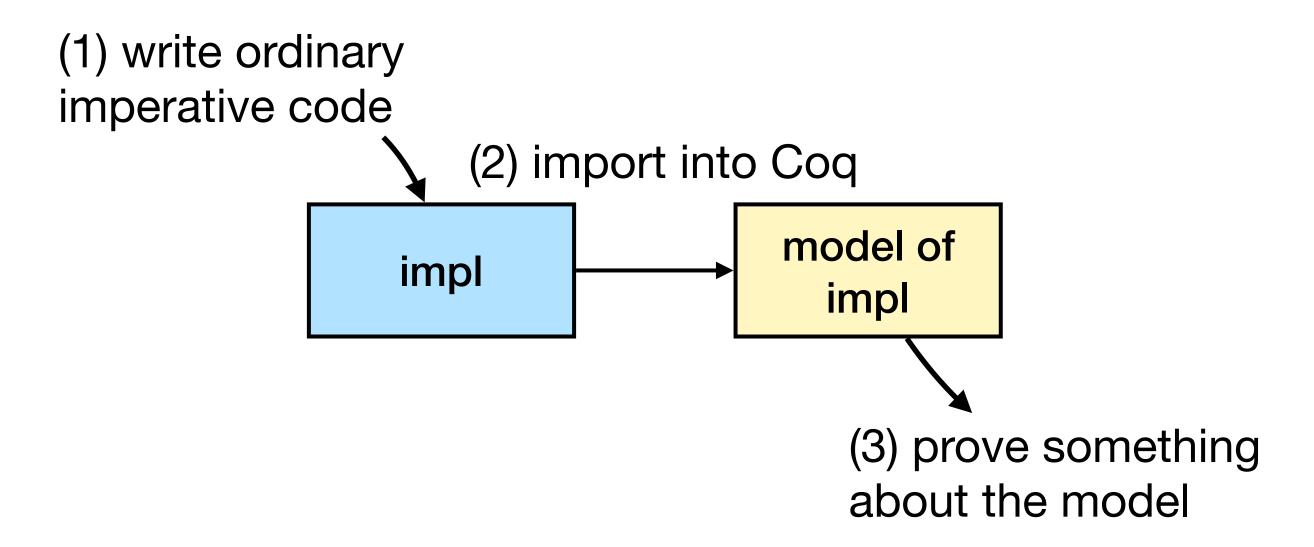
PDOS (the part that does verification)

Systems: running code, interacts with outside world

Realistic: reasonably efficient, concurrency

Verification: functional correctness, focus on crash safety

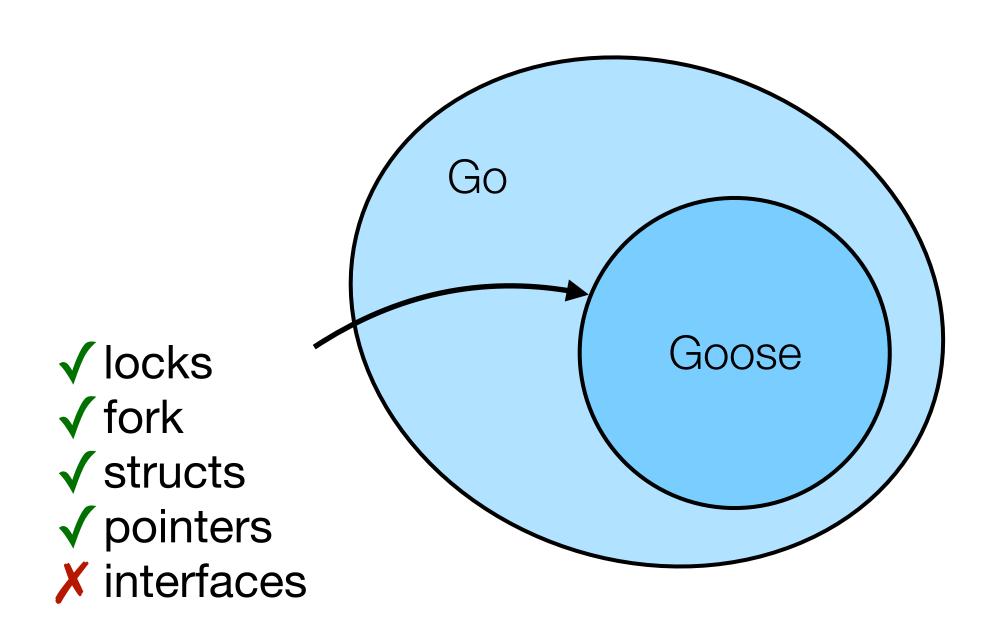
### Goal: implement in a systems language

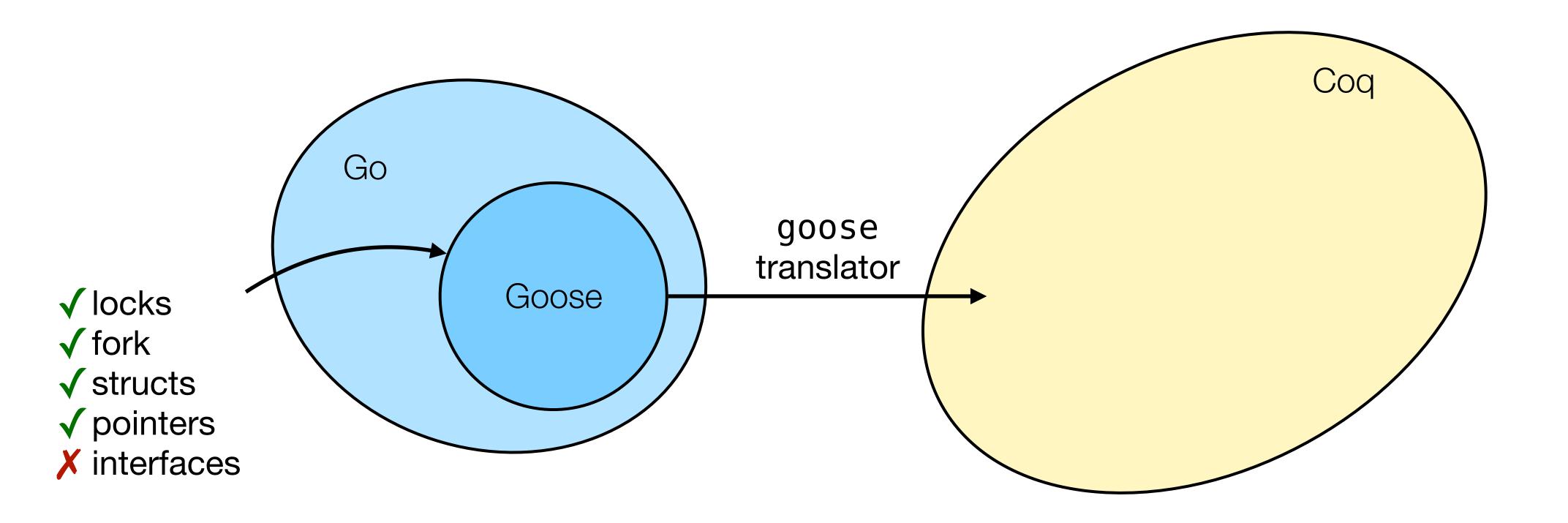


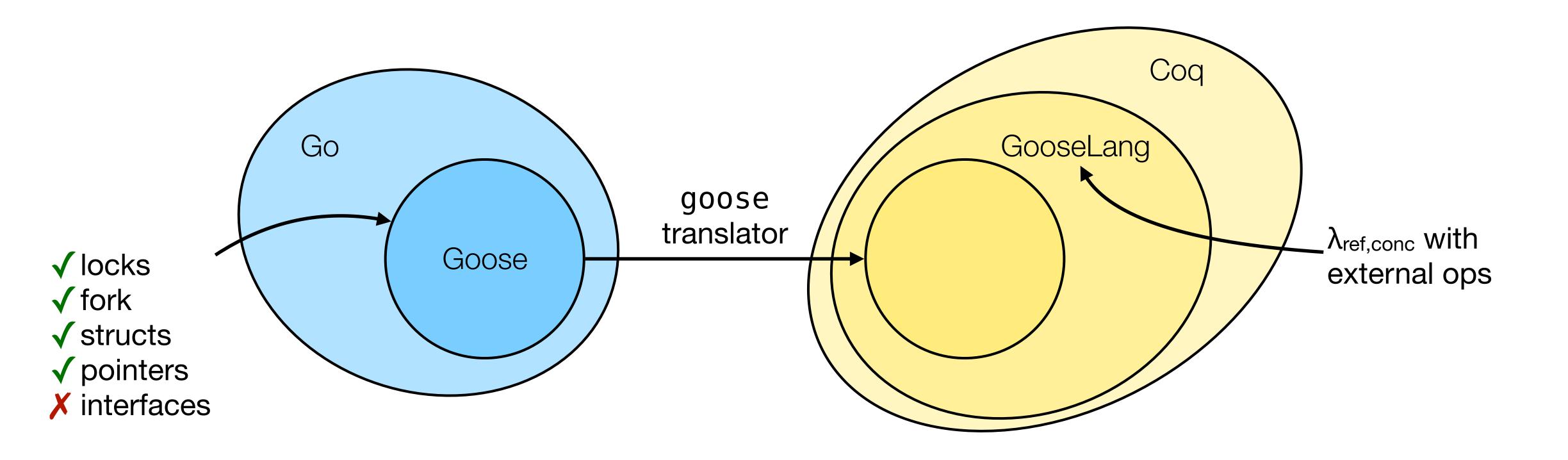
### Goose: write code in Go and prove with Iris

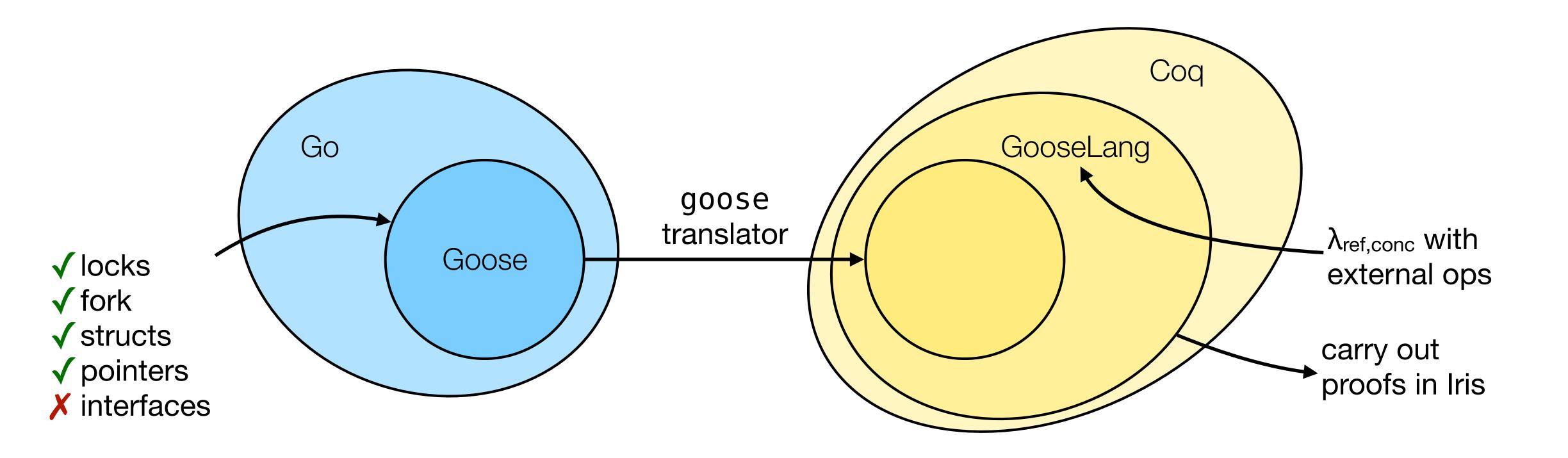
Why Go (vs. C or Rust)? Simple, good tooling

Why Iris (vs. VST)? Concurrency, extensibility









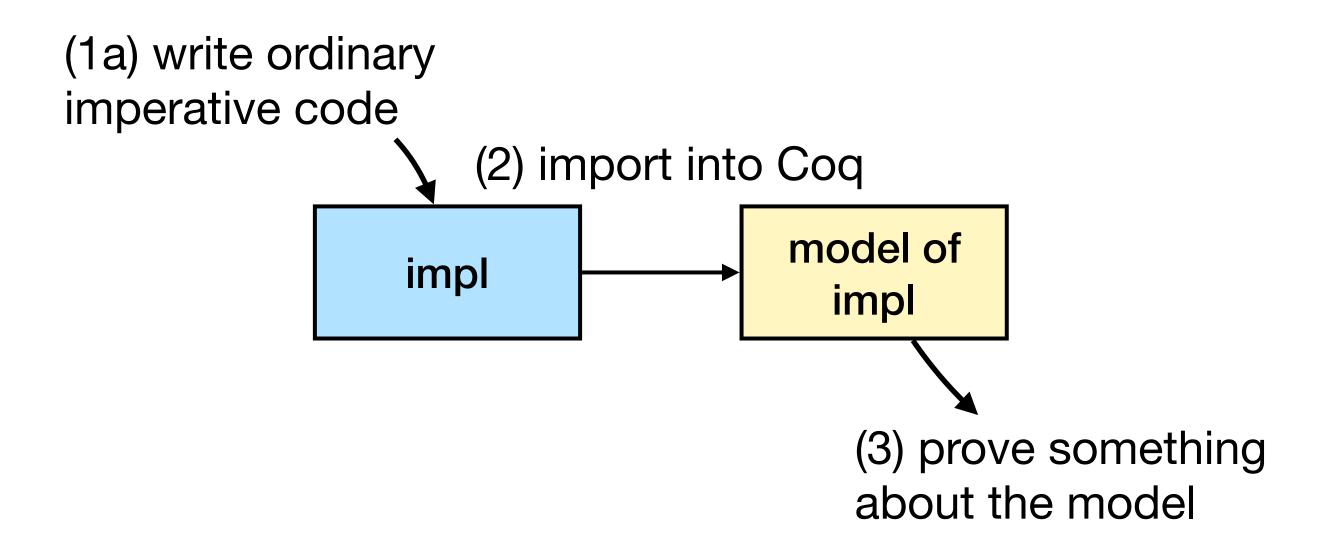
#### Our systems verification research using Goose

Persistent key-value store using file system (unverified)

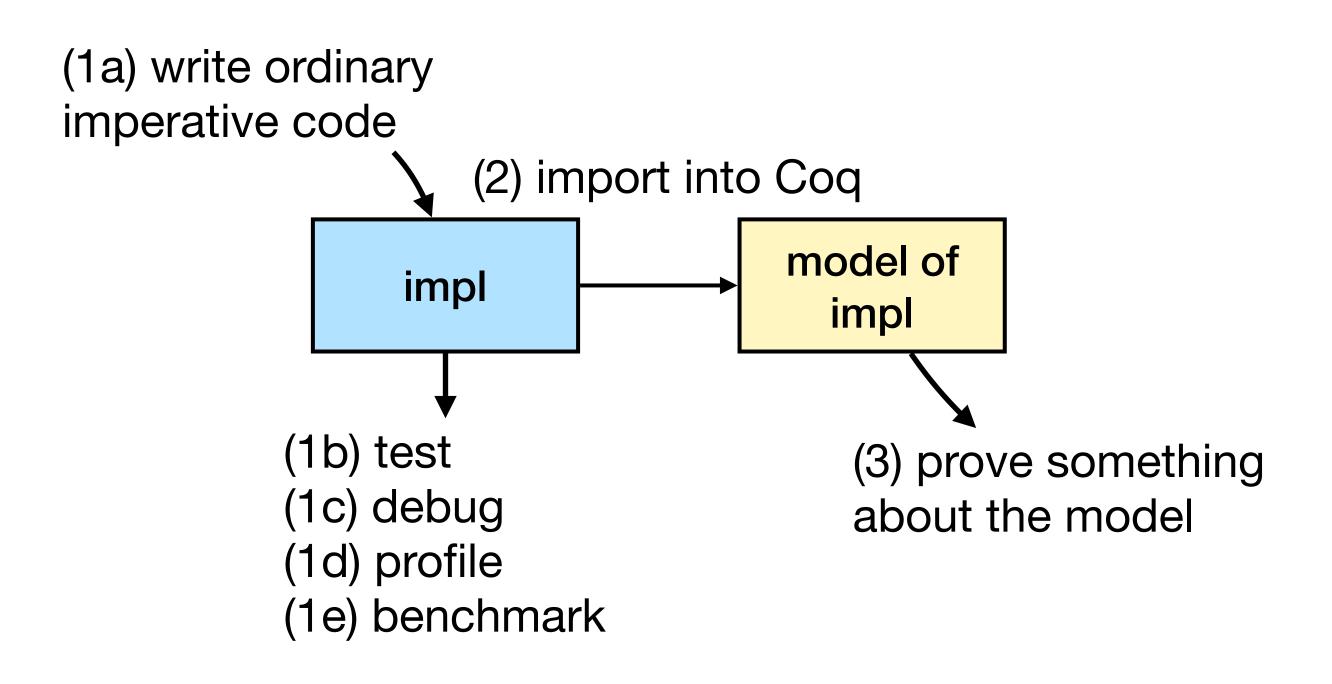
Mail server using file system (appeared in SOSP '19)

Concurrent file system using disk (in progress)

### Implementing in Go helps build the software



### Implementing in Go helps build the software



### Go is a systems language

C-like: functions, structs, pointers

Exposes system calls

Efficient runtime (garbage collection, threads)

#### Goose code

Looks like standard Go, but avoids most of the standard library

Use narrow interfaces for file system or disk

More of Go is supported frequently

### Challenges in implementing Goose

Defining GooseLang, a semantic model of Go

Translating Go to GooseLang

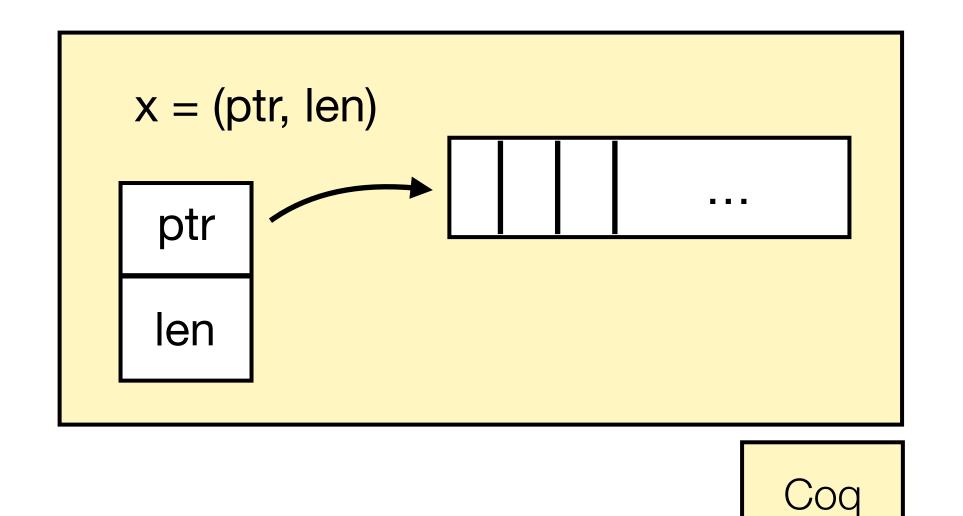
### GooseLang, a semantic model of Go

```
e ::= x \mid \lambda x. e \mid e_1 \mid e_2 // \lambda-calculus \mid ref e \mid !e \mid e_1 \leftarrow e_2 // heap operations \mid fork e \mid cmpxchg // concurrency
```

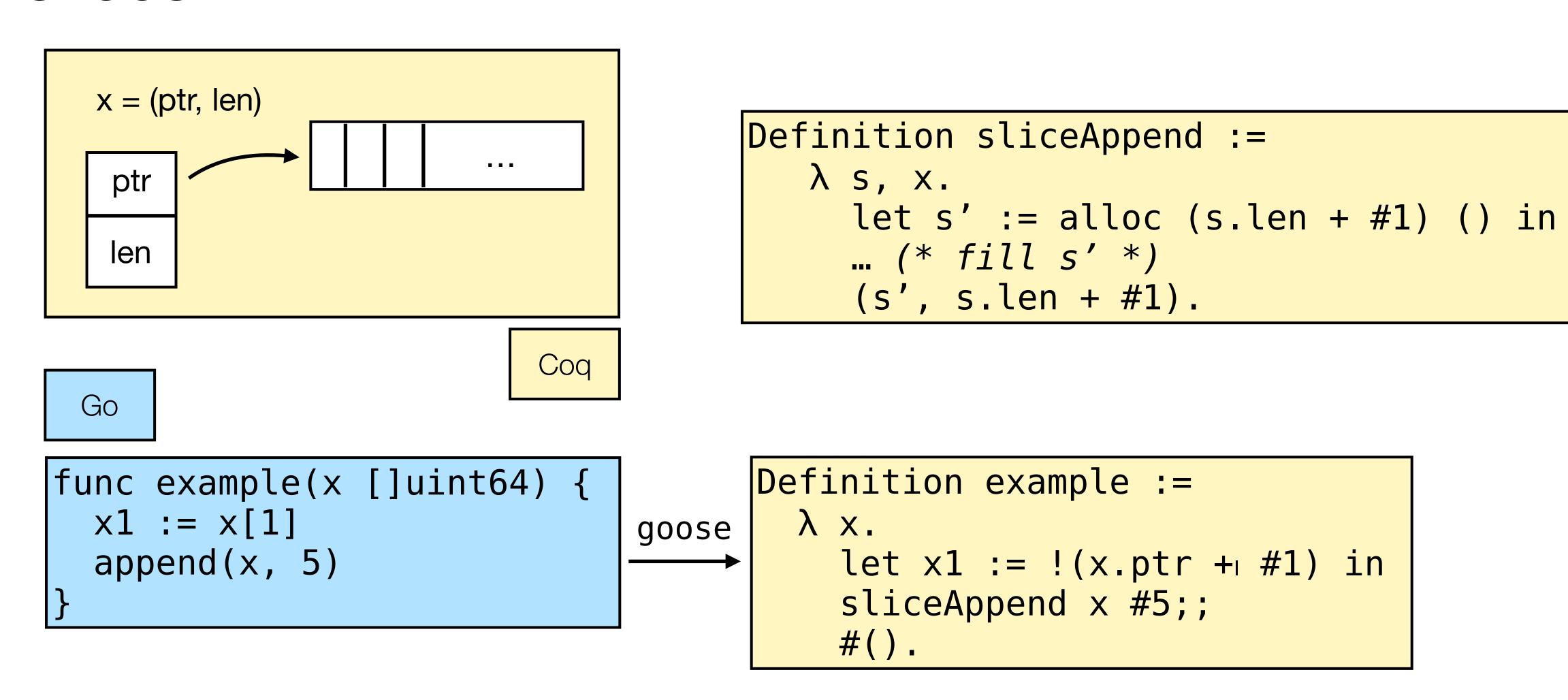
### GooseLang, a semantic model of Go

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### Excerpt from GooseLang: slices



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```
func coin() bool {
  m := new(sync.Mutex)
 x := new(bool)
  go func() {
    m.Lock()
    *x = true
    m.Unlock()
  }()
  m.Lock()
  V := *X
  m.Unlock()
  return v
```

```
goose
```

```
Definition coin: val :=
  λ <>.
    let: "m" := lock.new #() in
    let: "x" := ref #(zero val boolT) in
    fork (lock.acquire "m";;
          "x" ← #true;;
          lock.release "m");;
    lock.acquire "m";;
    let: "v" := !"x" in
    lock.release "m";;
    "V".
```

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 x := new(bool)
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goose

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```
goose
```

```
Definition coin: val :=
    λ <>.
    let: "m" := lock.new #() in
    let: "x" := ref #(zero_val_boolT) in
    fork (lock.acquire "m";;
        "x" ← #true;;
        lock.release "m");;
    lock.acquire "m";;
    let: "v" := !"x" in
    lock.release "m";;
    "v".
```

### Challenge in modeling Go: weak memory

```
func uh0h(x *uint64) {
   go func() {
     *x = 1
     print("set x")
   }()
   print("x=", *x)
}

Definition uh0h: val :=
   \lambda x.
   fork (x \leftarrow #1
     print "set x" !x);;
   print "x=" !x.

imagine sequential consistency
```

If we first see "set x", then

x86-TSO

### Challenge in modeling Go: weak memory

```
func uh0h(x *uint64) {
  go func() {
    *x = 1
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print "x=" !x.

imagine sequential consistency
```

If we first see "set x", then sequential consistency means x=1

x86-TSO

### Challenge in modeling Go: weak memory

If we first see "set x", then sequential consistency means x=1 but TSO allows x=0

x86-TSO

### Disallow racy loads and stores

```
Definition Store: val :=

λ p, v. BeginStore p;;

FinishStore p v.

Notation "p ← v" := (Store p v).
```

```
Inductive nonAtomic :=
    Quiescent (v:val)
    | Writing
```

Track in-progress stores

Concurrent store/store and load/store are undefined

### Compatibility with Iris gives us amazing verification technology

Concurrent separation logic with higher-order ghost state

Iris Proof Mode (IPM)

Connect to our unwritten POPL 2021 paper for crash safety

### Proofs using non-atomic memory

```
Load (non-atomic) Store \{p\mapsto v\} \{p\mapsto v_0\} p\leftarrow v \{\lambda v\cdot p\mapsto v\} \{p\mapsto v\}
```

These triples are sound because  $p\mapsto v$  is exclusive access to p exclude using locks exclude by using local variables

### GooseLang programs can make system calls

```
import "github.com/tchajed/goose/
machine/disk"

func Copy() {
   b := disk.Read(0)
   disk.Write(1, b)
}
```

```
Import disk.  
Definition Copy: val := \lambda_{-}.  
let b := call ReadOp #0 in call WriteOp (#1, b).
```

Language is parameterized by external calls

Currently implementing GooseLang + file-system ops in terms of GooseLang + disk ops

### Semantics of GooseLang

Small-step operational semantics, mostly standard and following design of HeapLang

For testing, have executable semantics (interpreter + soundness proof)

### Previous approach: shallow embedding as semantic model

GooseLang was a free monad instead of a λ-calculus

Go code had to explicitly sequence effectful operations

Pure operations were expressed directly in Gallina

### GooseLang is a mix of shallow and deep embedding

Heap operations, concurrency are deeply represented

Data structures are shallowly built out of sums

AST is not directly for Go

#### Goose translator

2.5k lines of Go

Implemented using go/ast and go/types

Single pass, per function

### Goose translator supports enough Go

multiple return values struct field pointers mutexes and cond vars

early return struct literals goroutines

for loops slice element pointers ++ and +=

slice and map iteration sub-slicing uint64, uint32, bytes

panic pointers to local variables bitwise ops

# Goose supports more of Go whenever Frans and Nickolai need something

my advisors

- √ Multiple packages
- √ First-class functions
- ✓ Interfaces and type casts

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## Goose supports more of Go whenever Frans and Nickolai need something

my advisors

- √ Multiple packages
- √ First-class functions
- ✓ Interfaces and type casts
- X Channels
- X Control flow like return from loop, defer

### Making the goose translator sound

Simple and syntactic translation

Make mistakes result in undefined behavior

Basic type checking catches many mistakes

Hand-audited integration tests

#### Related work

Extraction

VST and CompCert

RustBelt

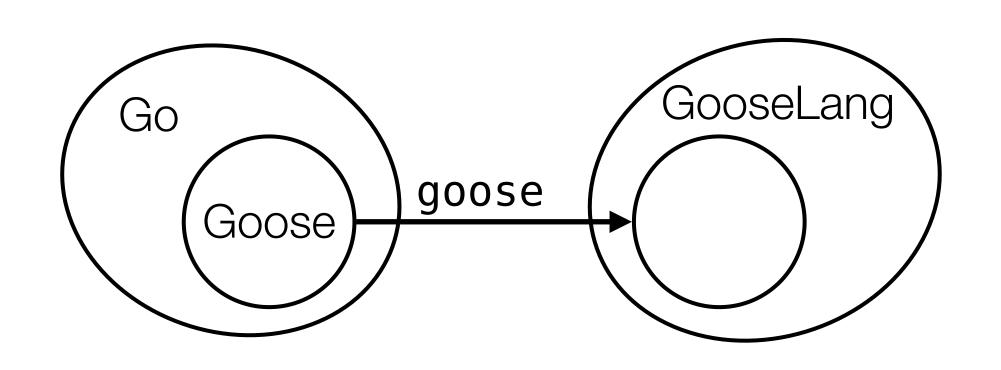
### Ongoing work

Scaling Goose: handling a large, efficient program

Structs: better support for sequential struct code

Testing: using executable semantics to test translator

#### Conclusion



Goose is a new approach to concurrent systems verification: imports Go into Coq

Actively using it for current research

Come talk to us!

Tej and Joe are at CoqPL

https://github.com/tchajed/goose