#### CISD43\_MongoDB Final

- -- Using USA\_Housing.csv within MongoDB when reentering MongoDB Compass, find the "housing\_sales", click the three dots, select [Open in new tab] th data will open
  - By Taichun Chao

# Open MongoDB Compass and:

•

create a new database called "housing\_db"

•

Create a collection named housing\_saless".

## Import Data:¶

Press "Import Data" and select the fileUSA\_Housingl.csv. The file contains columns: Ave. Area House Ageo,Ave. Area Number of Roomse, Ave. Area Number of Bedroomsn,Area Populationy,Pricee,aandAddressy".

```
In [4]: #!pip install pymongo
```

## Import MongoClient and Pandas

```
In [7]: #import liibrary
from pymongo import MongoClient
import pandas as pd
```

## Connect to MongoDB

```
In [10]: #Connect to MonagoDB
    client = MongoClient('mongodb://localhost:27017/')
    #Select the database
    db = client["housing_db"]
    #Select the collection
    collection = db["housing_sales"]
```

## Count the total number of record

```
In [13]: total_records = collection.count_documents({})
print("Total number of records: ", total_records)
```

Total number of records: 5000

#### Retrieve the first three records

```
In [16]: # Retrieve the first three records
         results = collection.find().limit(3)
         # Print the records
         for result in results:
             print(result)
        {'_id': ObjectId('6657e896a2bc56798b9339d6'), 'Avg': {' Area Income': 79545.45857431
        678, ' Area House Age': 5.682861321615587, ' Area Number of Rooms': 7.00918814279223
        7, 'Area Number of Bedrooms': 4.09}, 'Area Population': 23086.800502686456, 'Pric
        e': 1059033.5578701235, 'Address': '208 Michael Ferry Apt. 674\nLaurabury, NE 37010-
        5101'}
        {'_id': ObjectId('6657e896a2bc56798b9339d7'), 'Avg': {' Area Income': 79248.64245482
        568, ' Area House Age': 6.0028998082752425, ' Area Number of Rooms': 6.7308210190949
        19, 'Area Number of Bedrooms': 3.09}, 'Area Population': 40173.07217364482, 'Pric
        e': 1505890.91484695, 'Address': '188 Johnson Views Suite 079\nLake Kathleen, CA 489
        58'}
        {'_id': ObjectId('6657e896a2bc56798b9339d8'), 'Avg': {' Area Income': 61287.06717865
        6784, ' Area House Age': 5.865889840310001, ' Area Number of Rooms': 8.5127274303750
        99, 'Area Number of Bedrooms': 5.13}, 'Area Population': 36882.15939970458, 'Pric
        e': 1058987.9878760849, 'Address': '9127 Elizabeth Stravenue\nDanieltown, WI 06482-3
        489'}
```

### Use query to find the condition, only print out "price" not whole row

```
In [19]: # Query to find houses with 4 bedrooms and house age >= 6, then count the total amo
query = {
        'Avg. Area Number of Bedrooms': 4,
        'Avg. Area House Age': {'$gte': 6}
}

# Execute the query and project the price field
#results = collection.find(query, {'Price': 1, '_id': 1}) # 0 means not include
results =collection.find(query, {'Price':1, 'Address':1}).limit(5)
count = collection.count_documents(query)
# Print the prices
for house in results:
    print(f"Price: {house['Price']}, Address: {house['Address']}")
    # print(house['Price'], "_id":0)
print('total item:', count)
```

```
Price: 1520234.2293774572, Address: 905 Lane Pines Suite 348
Brownborough, DE 57196-3319
Price: 1262017.792059947, Address: 089 Wilson Forks Suite 185
East Gina, PA 98785-6132
Price: 1852375.50677484, Address: 22801 Skinner Isle
Mooretown, TN 01957
Price: 1610006.604587974, Address: 338 Karen Prairie Apt. 341
Murphymouth, MI 56611
Price: 1550359.5484654682, Address: 31018 Park Square Suite 876
Normanside, MA 65696-1725
total item: 20
```

In [22]: #find the house price is less \$80000 and only print 2 on the list

query = {'Price': {"\$lt": 200000}}

9'}

# Find hourse price less \$200000 and only print out 2 on list

```
count = collection.count_documents(query)
results = collection.find(query).limit(2)

print("Total house less than $200000: total num ", count, '\n')
for result in results:
    print(result)

Total house less than $200000: total num 6

{'_id': ObjectId('6657e896a2bc56798b933add'), 'Avg': {' Area Income': 40366.61629125 728, ' Area House Age': 4.902939589246314, ' Area Number of Rooms': 7.61711809996279 1, ' Area Number of Bedrooms': 5.07}, 'Area Population': 16349.365394310094, 'Pric e': 152071.87474956046, 'Address': '503 Howard Pass Apt. 427\nFernandezborough, GA 0 2514'}
{'_id': ObjectId('6657e896a2bc56798b933ecd'), 'Avg': {' Area Income': 37971.20756623 529, ' Area House Age': 4.291223903128535, ' Area Number of Rooms': 5.80750952723879 8, ' Area Number of Bedrooms': 3.24}, 'Area Population': 33267.767727560946, 'Pric e': 31140.517620186045, 'Address': '98398 Terrance Pines\nSouth Joshua, MT 00544-891
```

# Find the number of Avg. Area Number of Bedrooms >= 5. in all the document with using a query variable, a result variable, and a dataframe

```
In [25]: # Query to count the number of houses with 5 or more bedrooms
   query = {'Avg. Area Number of Bedrooms': {'$gte': 5}}

# Execute the query and count the results
   count = collection.count_documents(query)

# Print the count
   print(f'Number of houses with 5 or more bedrooms: {count}')
```

Number of houses with 5 or more bedrooms: 1214

Find a house's bedroom more than 5 and the house age less than 3 years, the price can not over \$500000

Convert the result to Pandas DataFrame

```
In [28]: query ={'Avg. Area Number of Bedrooms':{"$gt" : 5},
              'Avg. Area House Age': {'$lt': 3},
              "Price":{'$1t':500000}
            }
         results = collection.find(query)
         count =collection.count_documents(query)
         #The following printout will continue
         print(list(results))
         print('total item:', count)
        [{'_id': ObjectId('6657e896a2bc56798b933e08'), 'Avg': {' Area Income': 65016.2238106
        4409, ' Area House Age': 2.644304186036705, ' Area Number of Rooms': 8.3063040817626
        76, 'Area Number of Bedrooms': 6.05}, 'Area Population': 15902.582017185101, 'Pric
        e': 414571.22293662146, 'Address': '584 Rick Cove\nLeeberg, ND 15540-8557'}, {'_id':
        ObjectId('6657e896a2bc56798b934032'), 'Avg': {' Area Income': 71721.42137723006, ' A
        rea House Age': 2.6830429033311556, 'Area Number of Rooms': 7.583527004255256, 'Ar
        ea Number of Bedrooms': 6.26}, 'Area Population': 10704.821908621432, 'Price': 39544
        0.2021544269, 'Address': '92426 Bennett Islands\nClintonberg, PW 44484'}]
        total item: 2
In [ ]:
```

## To find Maximum and minimum number, setup pipeline

The following structure is called pipeline

- 1 every item put in " "
- · 2 use aggregate,
- 3 result need to put in list ex. list(result)
- 4. " id": none, none can be ""

```
else:
    print("No data found")
```

Max price: 2469065.5941747027 Min price: 15938.657923287848

## Put data in dataframe as in pandas

```
In [35]: data = collection.find({})
# Convert the result to a pandas DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(list(data))
# Display the DataFrame
df.head()
```

Out[35]:

	_id	Avg	Area Population	Price	
0	6657e896a2bc56798b9339d6	{' Area Income': 79545.45857431678, ' Area Hou	23086.800503	1.059034e+06	208 Micha 674\nLa
1	6657e896a2bc56798b9339d7	{' Area Income': 79248.64245482568, ' Area Hou	40173.072174	1.505891e+06	188 Jo Suit Ka
2	6657e896a2bc56798b9339d8	{' Area Income': 61287.067178656784, ' Area Ho	36882.159400	1.058988e+06	91 Stravenue\r
3	6657e896a2bc56798b9339d9	{' Area Income': 63345.24004622798, ' Area Hou	34310.242831	1.260617e+06	USS Barn
4	6657e896a2bc56798b9339da	{' Area Income': 59982.197225708034, ' Area Ho	26354.109472	6.309435e+05	USNS Ray

In [37]: df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 5000 entries, 0 to 4999
Data columns (total 5 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	_id	5000 non-null	object
1	Avg	5000 non-null	object
2	Area Population	5000 non-null	float64
3	Price	5000 non-null	float64
4	Address	5000 non-null	obiect

dtypes: float64(2), object(3)
memory usage: 195.4+ KB

**Tasks: Retrieve Data:** 

Write queries to retrieve the following information:

- Total number of records in the collection.
- total records = collection.count documents({})
- print("Total number of records:", total\_records)
- Find the maximum and minimum values by using the pipeline
- combine two conditions in the same queries
- use "\$gt","Ite" in query

db.collection.countDocuments(query, options) Example:

- db. collection.countDocument({}): To count the number of all documents in the collection.
- count the InvoiceDate great than the date '01/01/2024', limit 100 times
- -- collection.countDocuments({"InvoiceDate":{\$gt: new Date('01/01/2024')}}, {limit: 100})

## Find the most popular product

```
In [42]: #Conclusion: USA-housing most of the items numerical, not so many thing to play ar
In []:
```