Assignment #4, Fluid Mechanics 2011 due on Nov. 14, 2011

 $\tau$ : deviatoric stress tensor; **S**: rate of strain tensor; **v**: velocity vector

1: Show that a Newtonian fluid (fluid with constant viscosity) in incompressible flow obeys the relation

$$\nabla \cdot \tau = \mu \nabla^2 \mathbf{v}.$$

2: Show that for a Newtonian fluid the viscous dissipation,  $\Phi$ , is given by

$$\tau: \nabla \mathbf{v} = -\frac{2}{3}\mu(\nabla \cdot \mathbf{v})^2 + 2\mu \mathbf{S}: \mathbf{S}.$$

Note, symbol  $\mathbf{T}: \mathbf{S}$  stands for the inner product of two tensors  $T_{ij}S_{ji}$ 

3: Water flow steadily from a large open reservoir through a short length of pipe and a nozzle with cross-section area of  $A = 4 cm^2$ . A well-insulated 10 kW heater surrounds the pipe. Make proper assumptions and find the temperature rise of the water. (hints: use Bernoulli and energy equations, look up the constants you need from textbooks or internet.)

