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The most "natural": all positive numbers in [0,255]

With unsigned char we get the standard binary representation of 8-bit numbers:

- 00000000: **0**
- 0000001: **1**
- 00000010: **2**
- 00000011: **3**
- ...
- 111111111: **255** = 2^8 1

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BE CAREFUL OF

OVERFLOW!!!!

More generally: unsigned n-bit integers are in [0,2^n-1]

- unsigned char: 1 byte, numbers in [0,2^8-1]
- unsigned short: 2 bytes, numbers in [0,2^16-1]
- unsigned int: 4 bytes, numbers in [0,2^32-1]
- unsigned long: 8 bytes, numbers in [0,2^64-1]

- **unsigned** n-bit integers are in [0,2^n-1]
- **signed** n-bit integers are in [-2^(n-1), 2^(n-1)-1]