

# kathara lab

## bgp: stub-as

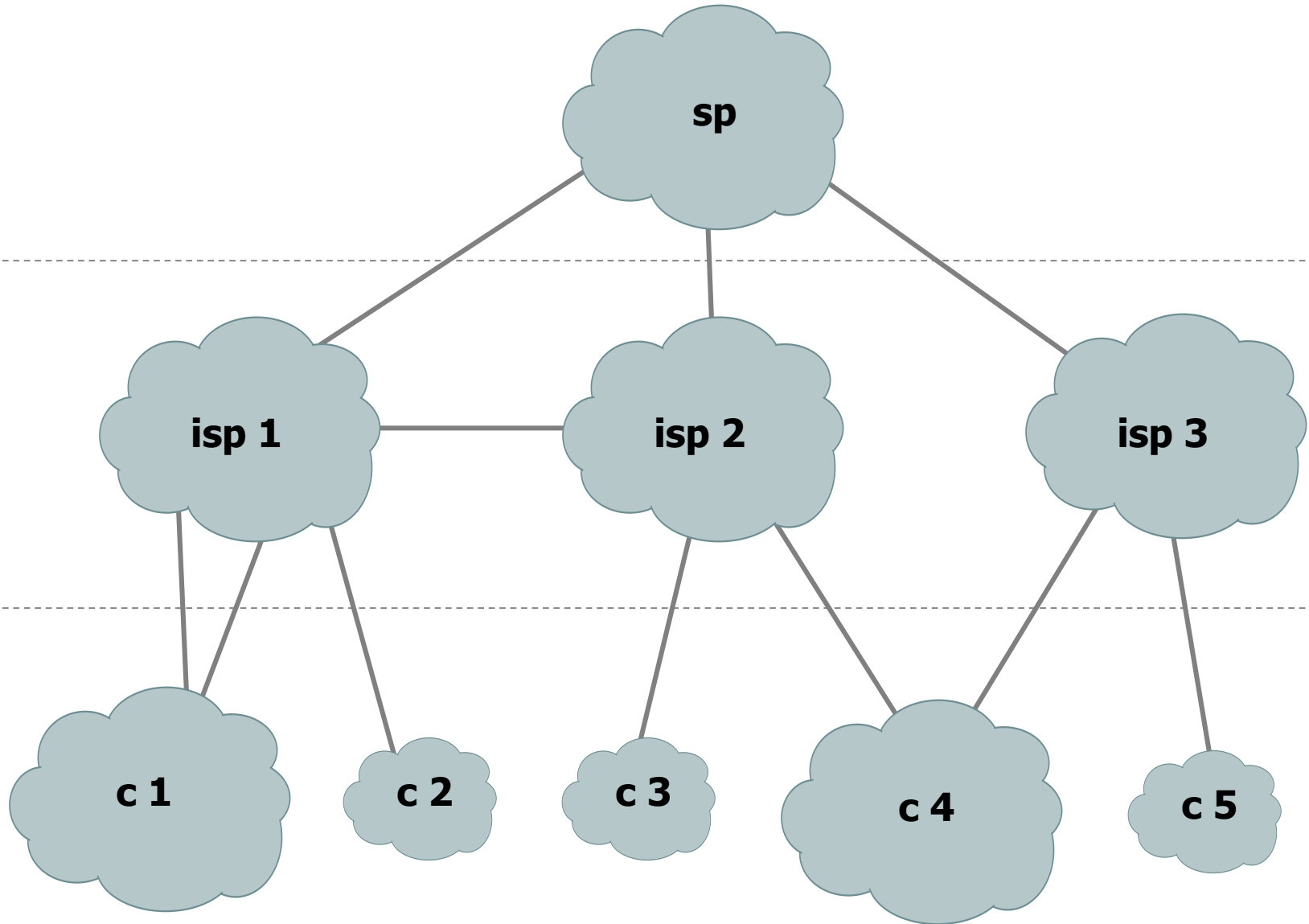
<b>Version</b>	1.0
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<b>Description</b>	architecture of a stub network; kathara version of a netkit lab

# a small internet

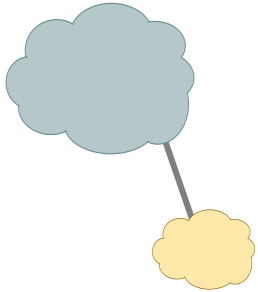
backbone

provider

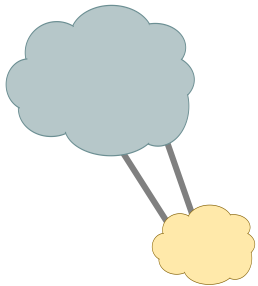
customer



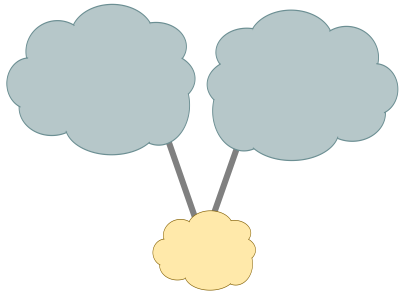
# customer classification



- stub networks
  - one link to a single isp



- multi-homed stub network
  - two or more links to the same isp
  - purposes: backup or load sharing



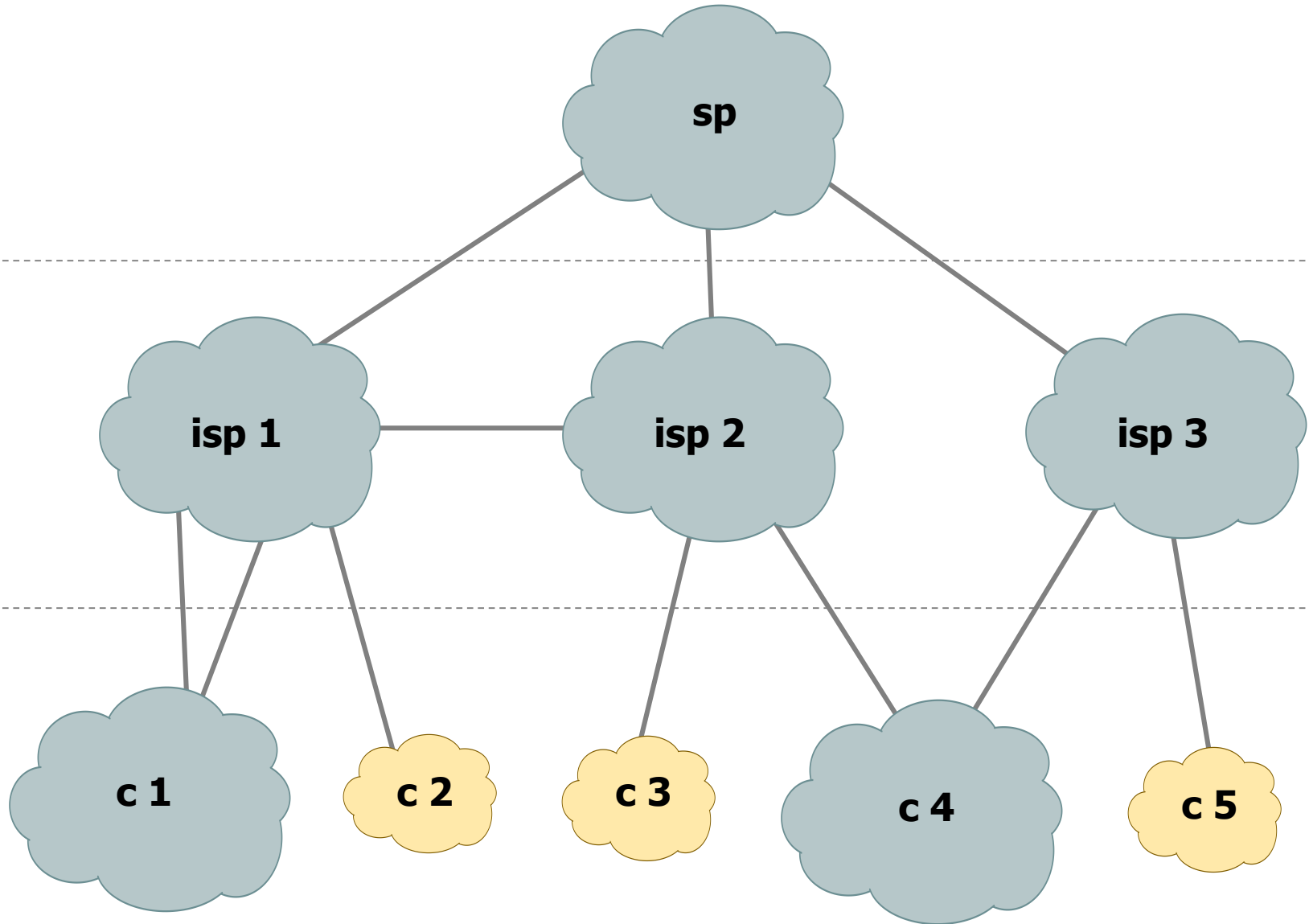
- multi-homed network
  - two or more links to different isps
  - purposes: backup or load sharing

# stub networks

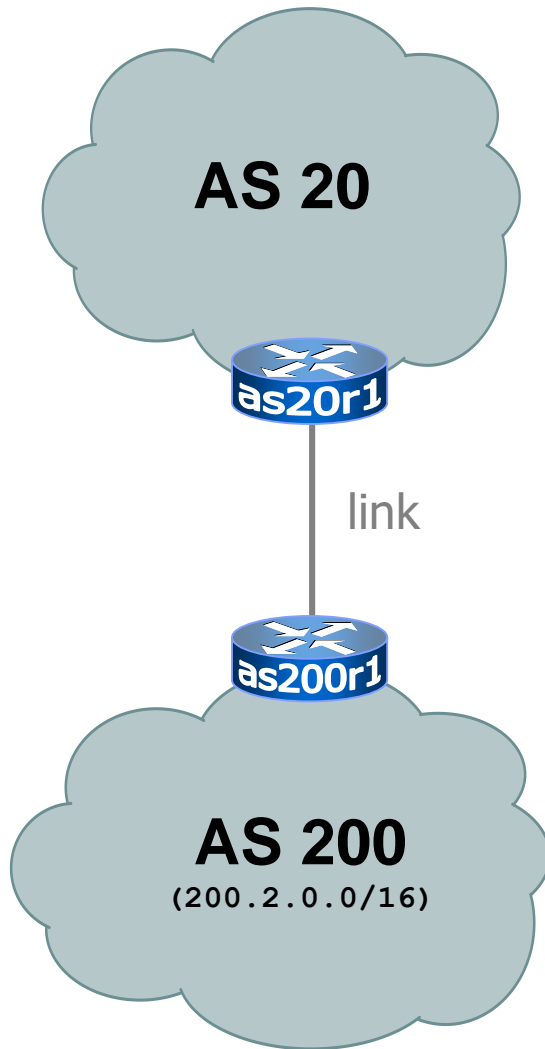
backbone

provider

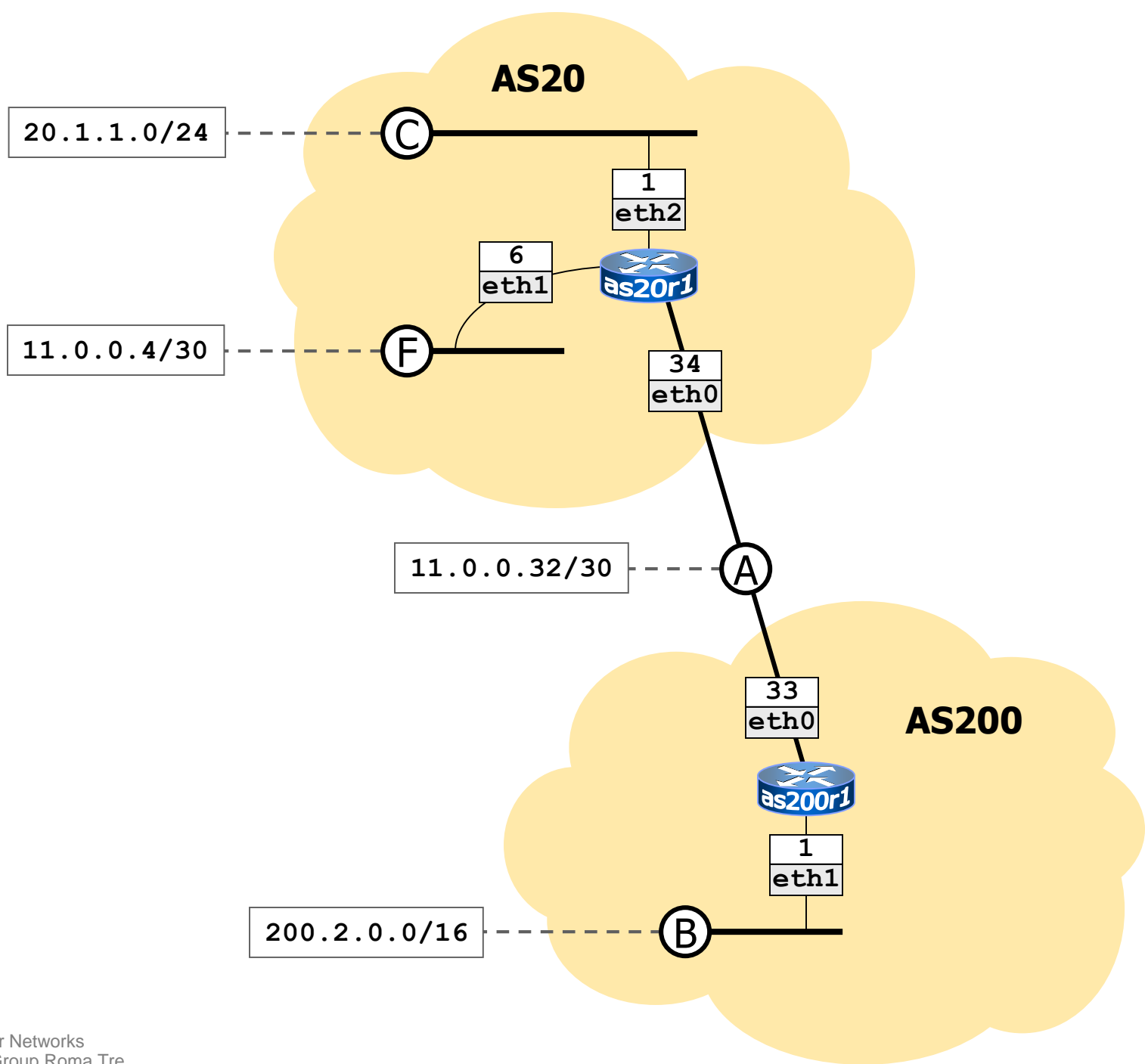
customer



# stub network architecture



- one of the customer routers is chosen to be the default gateway
- the router is attached to a single router of the isp with a link (possibly more than one)
- a single peering in which as200 announces its route and accepts the default is enough



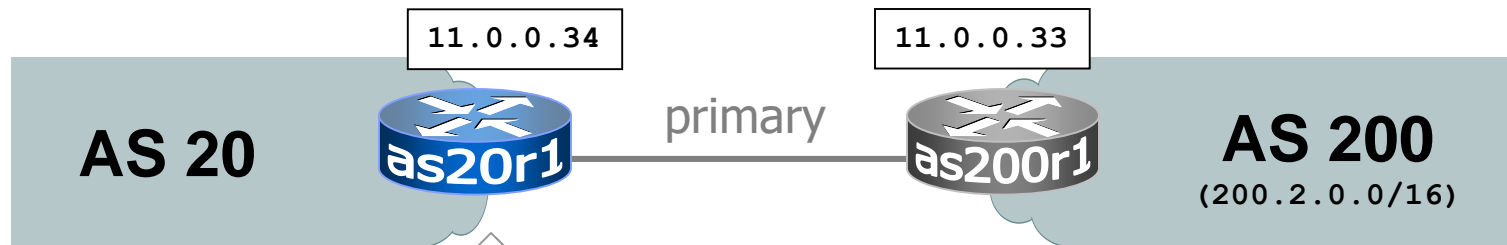
# router as200r1 configuration



zebra configuration file

```
! router as200r1 (customer side)
!  
router bgp 200  
network 200.2.0.0/16  
neighbor 11.0.0.34 remote-as 20  
neighbor 11.0.0.34 description Router as20r1
```

# router as20r1 configuration



zebra configuration file

```
! router as20r1 (isp side)
router bgp 20
network 20.1.1.0/24
network 0.0.0.0/0
neighbor 11.0.0.33 remote-as 200
neighbor 11.0.0.33 description Router as200r1
neighbor 11.0.0.33 default-originate
neighbor 11.0.0.33 prefix-list customerIn in
neighbor 11.0.0.33 prefix-list defaultOut out
!
ip prefix-list customerIn permit 200.2.0.0/16
ip prefix-list defaultOut permit 0.0.0.0/0
```



# about `default-originate`



- in zebra, using `network 0.0.0.0/0` is enough to
  - place a default route in the local bgp routing table
  - announce it
- using `default-originate` for a specific neighbor
  - does not place a default route in the local bgp routing table
  - announces the default route to that neighbor, regardless of the presence of `network 0.0.0.0/0` in the local router configuration

# about default-originate



- **network 0.0.0.0/0** may be used at the top of the isp hierarchy to originate the default route
- **network 0.0.0.0/0** should **not** be used at intermediate levels of the hierarchy
  - otherwise, routers would prefer the locally originated default route and remove the one offered by their upstream from the forwarding table
- using **default-originate** makes the default route appear as if it were originated by the upstream, even if it is not

# default-originate and route-maps



- a default route originated with **network 0.0.0.0/0** is handled like any other route
  - **route-maps** used with a specific neighbor are applied to the default route as well
- a default route originated with **default-originate** is processed by a different **route-map**:

—command syntax—

```
neighbor <neighbor-ip> default-originate route-map  
    <r-map-name> in
```

—command syntax—

```
neighbor <neighbor-ip> default-originate route-map  
    <r-map-name> out
```

# stub as: lab

- start the lab

▼ **host machine**

```
user@localhost:~$ cd kathara-lab_bgp-stub-as  
user@localhost:~/kathara-lab_bgp-stub-as$ 1start
```

- check the bgpd configuration file

▼ **as20r1**

```
as20r1:~# 1less /etc/zebra/bgpd.conf
```

- check the bgpd log file

▼ **as20r1**

```
as20r1:~# 1less /var/log/zebra/bgpd.log
```

# stub as: lab

- check the routing table of as20r1

as20r1

```
as20r1:~# route
Kernel IP routing table
Destination      Gateway          Genmask          Flags  Metric  Ref    Use  Iface
11.0.0.32        *               255.255.255.252  U      0        0      0  eth0
11.0.0.4         *               255.255.255.252  U      0        0      0  eth1
20.1.1.0         *               255.255.255.0    U      0        0      0  eth2
200.2.0.0        11.0.0.33       255.255.0.0      UG     0        0      0  eth0
as20r1:~# telnet localhost zebra
.....
User Access Verification

Password: zebra
Router> show ip route
Codes: K - kernel route, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, O - OSPF,
      B - BGP, > - selected route, * - FIB route

C>* 11.0.0.4/30 is directly connected, eth1
C>* 11.0.0.32/30 is directly connected, eth0
C>* 20.1.1.0/24 is directly connected, eth2
C>* 127.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, lo
B>* 200.2.0.0/16 [20/0] via 11.0.0.33, eth0, 00:03:22
Router> █
```

# stub as: lab

- check the bgpd cli (command line interface)

as20r1

```
as20r1:~# telnet localhost bgpd
```

```
.....  
User Access Verification
```

```
Password: zebra
```

```
bgpd> show ip bgp neighbors
```

```
BGP neighbor is 11.0.0.33, remote AS 200, local AS 20, external link
```

```
Description: Router as200r1
```

```
BGP version 4, remote router ID 200.2.0.1
```

```
BGP state = Established, up for 00:00:24
```

```
Last read 00:00:23, hold time is 180, keepalive interval is 60 seconds
```

```
.....  
bgpd> show ip bgp
```

```
BGP table version is 0, local router ID is 20.1.1.1
```

```
Status codes: s suppressed, d damped, h history, * valid, > best, i - internal
```

```
Origin codes: i - IGP, e - EGP, ? - incomplete
```

	Network	Next Hop	Metric	LocPrf	Weight	Path
*>	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	0		32768	i
*>	20.1.1.0/24	0.0.0.0	0		32768	i
*>	200.2.0.0/16	11.0.0.33	0		0	200 i

```
Total number of prefixes 3
```

```
bgpd> █
```

# stub as: lab

- perform several pings on the routers
- terminate the lab



```
▼ host machine
user@localhost:~/kathara-lab_bgp-stub-as$ lclean
```