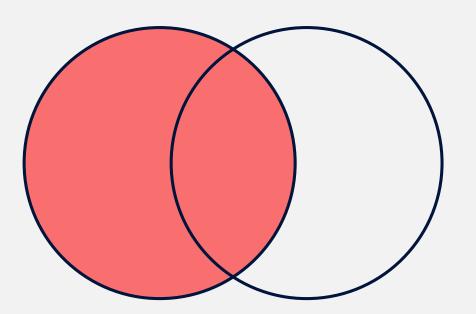


**LEFT JOIN** 





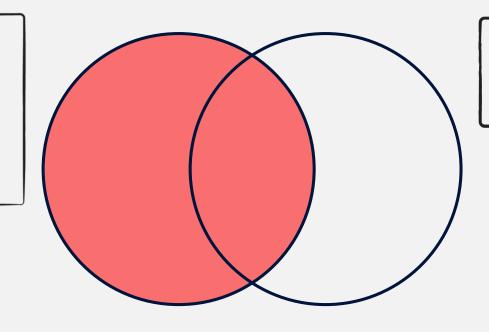
#### dept\_manager\_dup

dept\_no CHAR(4)

emp\_no INT

from\_date DATE

to\_date DATE



#### departments\_dup

dept\_no CHAR(4)

dept\_name VARCHAR(40)

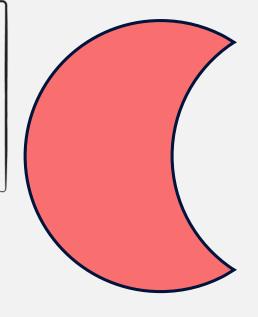
#### dept\_manager\_dup

dept\_no CHAR(4)

emp\_no INT

from\_date DATE

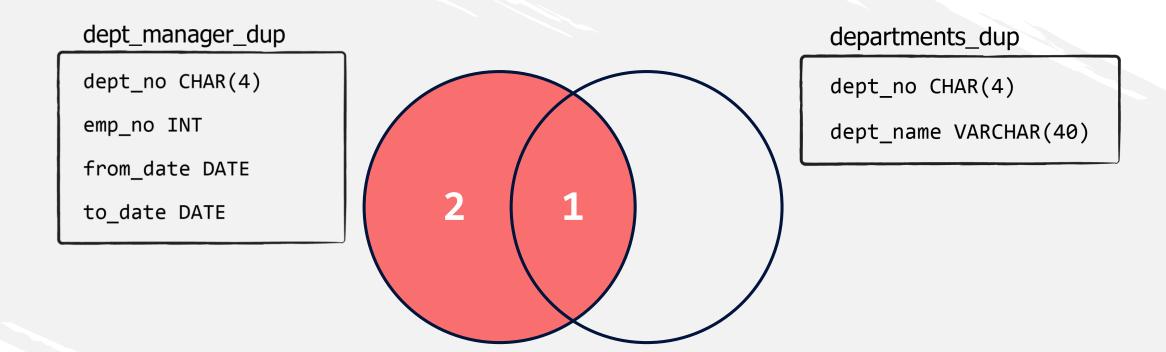
to\_date DATE



#### departments\_dup

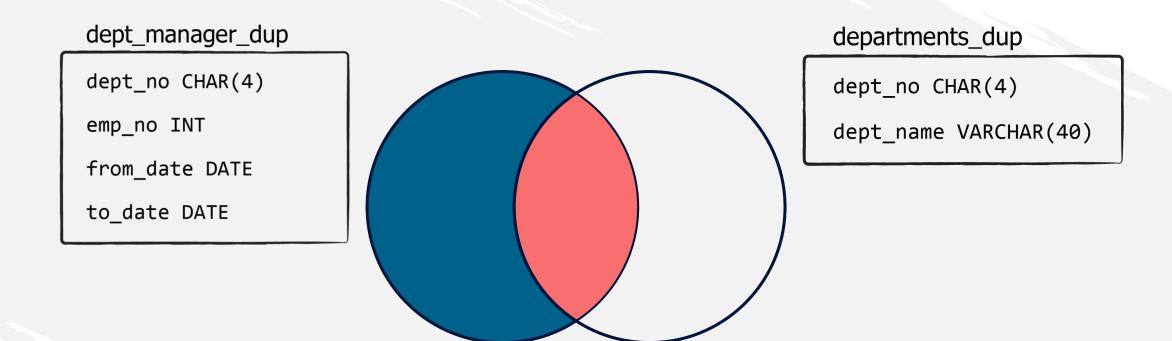
dept\_no CHAR(4)

dept\_name VARCHAR(40)



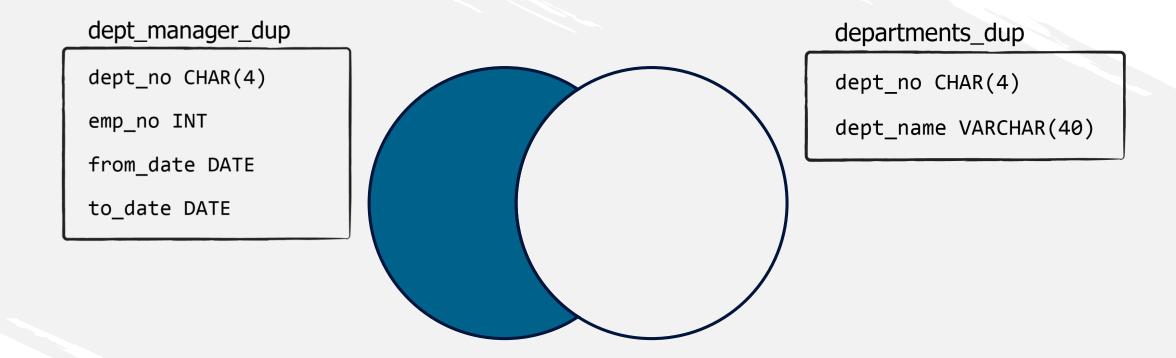
1) all matching values of the two tables +2) all values from the left table that match no values from the right table





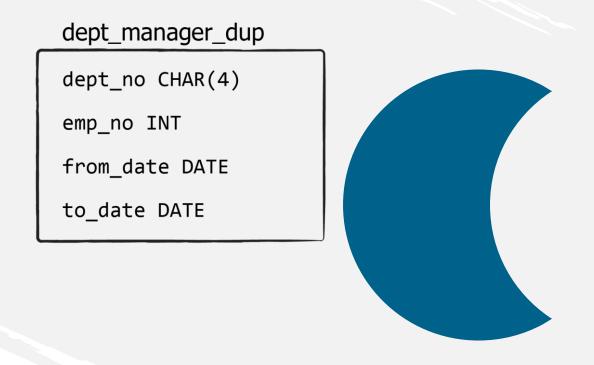
all matching values of the two tables + all values from the left table that match no values from the right table





all walues from the left table that match no values from the right table





departments\_dup

dept\_no CHAR(4)

dept\_name VARCHAR(40)

all walues from the left table that match no values from the right table



## **LEFT JOIN**

when working with left joins, the order in which you join tables matters

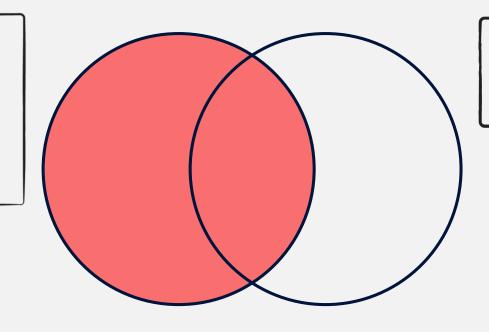
#### dept\_manager\_dup

dept\_no CHAR(4)

emp\_no INT

from\_date DATE

to\_date DATE



#### departments\_dup

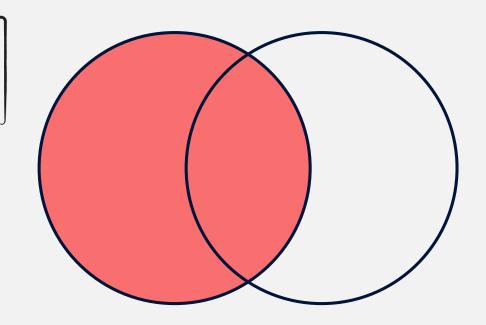
dept\_no CHAR(4)

dept\_name VARCHAR(40)

#### departments\_dup

dept\_no CHAR(4)

dept\_name VARCHAR(40)



### dept\_manager\_dup

dept\_no CHAR(4)

emp\_no INT

from\_date DATE

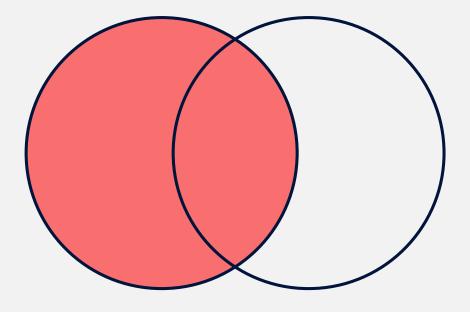
to\_date DATE

### departments\_dup

dept\_no CHAR(4)
dept\_name VARCHAR(40)

dept_no	dept_name	
NULL	Public Relations	
d001	Marketing	
d003	Human Resources	
d004	Production	
d005	Development	
d006	Ouality Management	
d007	Sales	
d008	Research	
d009	Customer Service	
d010	HULL	
d011	HULL	

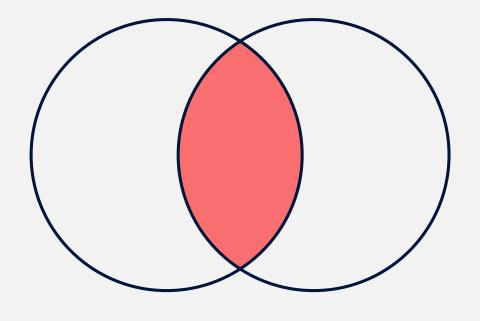
# LEFT JOIN



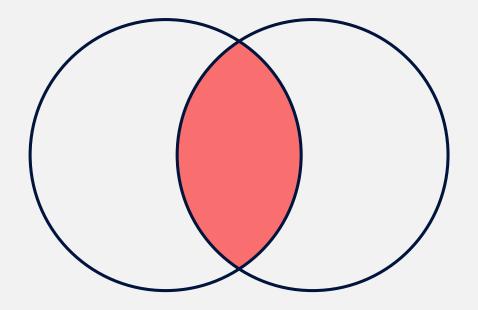
#### dept\_manager\_dup

dept\_no CHAR(4)
emp\_no INT
from\_date DATE
to\_date DATE

emp_no	dept_no	from_date	to_date
999904	NULL	2017-01-01	NULL
999905	NULL	2017-01-01	NULL
999906	NULL	2017-01-01	NULL
999907	NULL	2017-01-01	NULL
110085	d002	1985-01-01	1989-12-17
110114	d002	1989-12-17	9999-01-01
110183	d003	1985-01-01	1992-03-21
110228	d003	1992-03-21	9999-01-01
110303	d004	1985-01-01	1988-09-09
110344	d004	1988-09-09	1992-08-02
110386	d004	1992-08-02	1996-08-30
110420	d004	1996-08-30	9999-01-01
110511	d005	1985-01-01	1992-04-25
110567	d005	1992-04-25	9999-01-01
110725	d006	1985-01-01	1989-05-06
110765	d006	1989-05-06	1991-09-12
110800	d006	1991-09-12	1994-06-28
110854	d006	1994-06-28	9999-01-01
111035	d007	1985-01-01	1991-03-07
111133	d007	1991-03-07	9999-01-01
111400	d008	1985-01-01	1991-04-08
111534	d008	1991-04-08	9999-01-01
111692	d009	1985-01-01	1988-10-17
111784	d009	1988-10-17	1992-09-08
111877	d009	1992-09-08	1996-01-03
111939	d009	1996-01-03	9999 365



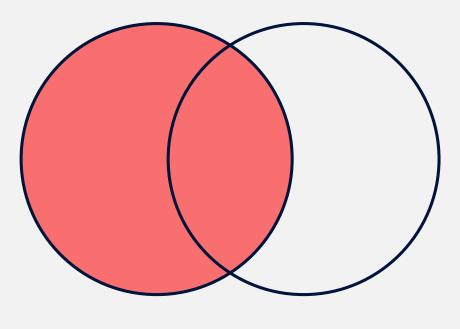
**INNER** join



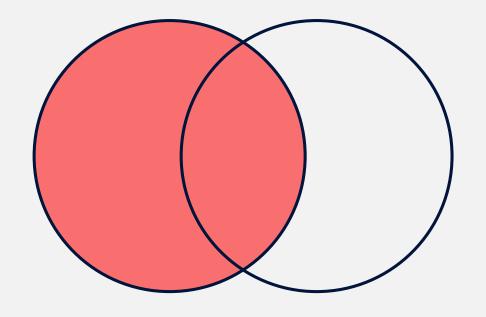
INNER join

the <u>result set</u> is in the *inner* part of the Venn diagram





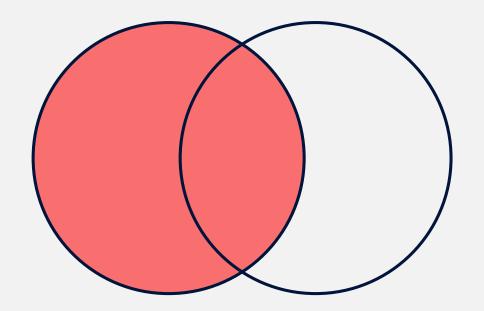
LEFT join



LEFT join

in the output obtained you have data from the outer part of the Venn diagram too

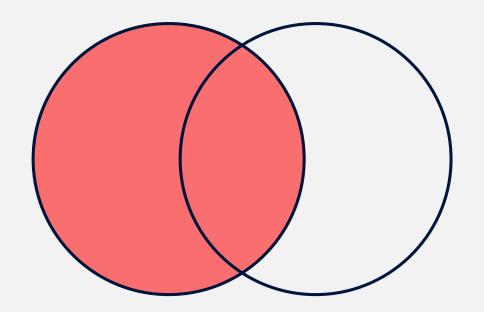




LEFT join = LEFT OUTER join

in the output obtained you have data from the outer part of the Venn diagram too





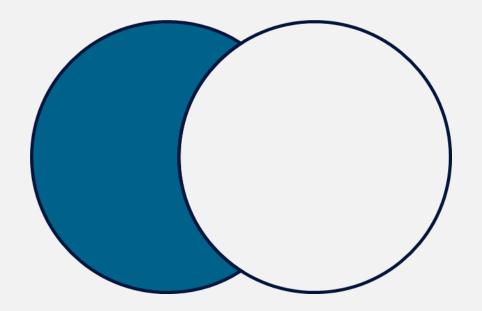
LEFT join = LEFT OUTER join

if you are using a left join, it will always be an OUTER type of join

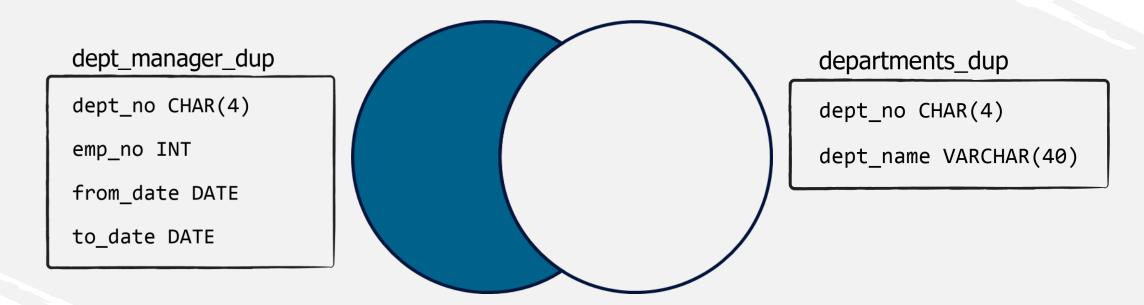


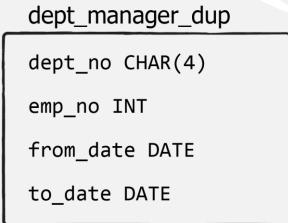
<u>left joins</u> can deliver a list with all records from the left table that do not match any rows from the right table

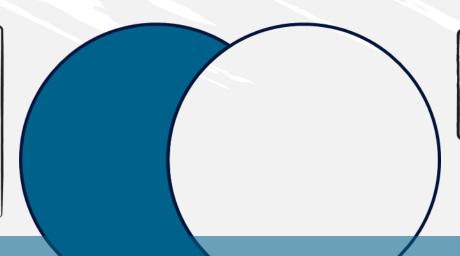
<u>left joins</u> can deliver a list with all records from the left table that do not match any rows from the right table



<u>left joins</u> can deliver a list with all records from the left table that do not match any rows from the right table







departments\_dup

dept\_no CHAR(4)
dept\_name VARCHAR(40)



```
SELECT
     t1.column_name, t1.column_name, ..., t2.column_name, ...
FROM
     table_1 t1

JOIN
     table_2 t2 ON t1.column_name = t2.column_name
WHERE
     column_name ... IS NULL;
```