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HW6

Problem 1:

USING LINDO

D^* is distance from d_g to vertex d^* , such as d_h , d_a etc.

a)

17 edges so 18 constraints with $d_g=0$

MAX d_c

ST

$$d_g = 0$$

$$d_h - d_g \leq 3$$

$$d_d - d_g \leq 2$$

$$d_a - d_h \leq 4$$

$$d_b - d_h \leq 9$$

$$d_c - d_b \leq 4$$

$$d_e - d_b \leq 10$$

$$d_f - d_a \leq 10$$

$$d_b - d_a \leq 8$$

$$d_a - d_f \leq 5$$

$$d_b - d_f \leq 7$$

$$d_c - d_f \leq 3$$

$$d_e - d_f \leq 2$$

$$d_d - d_c \leq 3$$

$$d_f - d_d \leq 18$$

$$d_e - d_d \leq 25$$

$$d_g - d_e \leq 7$$

$$d_d - d_e \leq 9$$

END

← → ↻ <https://apps.oregonstate.edu/Citrix/StoreWeb/clients/HTML5Client/src/SessionWindow.html?launchid=1550608450838>

MAX
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1) 16.00000

LP OPTIMUM FOUND AT STEP 2

OBJECTIVE FUNCTION VALUE

VARIABLE	VALUE	REDUCED COST
DC	16.000000	0.000000
DG	0.000000	0.000000
DH	3.000000	0.000000
DD	0.000000	0.000000
DA	4.000000	0.000000
DB	12.000000	0.000000
DE	0.000000	0.000000
DF	13.000000	0.000000

ROW	SLACK OR SURPLUS	DUAL PRICES
2)	0.000000	1.000000
3)	0.000000	1.000000
4)	2.000000	0.000000
5)	3.000000	0.000000
6)	0.000000	1.000000
7)	0.000000	1.000000
8)	22.000000	0.000000
9)	1.000000	0.000000
10)	0.000000	0.000000
11)	14.000000	0.000000
12)	8.000000	0.000000
13)	0.000000	0.000000
14)	15.000000	0.000000
15)	19.000000	0.000000
16)	5.000000	0.000000
17)	25.000000	0.000000
18)	7.000000	0.000000
19)	9.000000	0.000000

NO. ITERATIONS= 2

MAX dc

ST

dg = 0

dh - dg <= 3

dd - dg <= 2

da - dh <= 4

db - dh <= 9

dc - db <= 4

de - db <= 10

df - da <= 10

db - da <= 8

da - df <= 5

db - df <= 7

dc - df <= 3

de - df <= 2

dd - dc <= 3

df - dd <= 18

de - dd <= 25

dg - de <= 7

dd - de <= 9

END

So, the answer for a) is 16

b)

MAX $dc + dh + db + da + df + dd + de$

ST

$$dg = 0$$

$$dh - dg \leq 3$$

$$dd - dg \leq 2$$

$$da - dh \leq 4$$

$$db - dh \leq 9$$

$$dc - db \leq 4$$

$$de - db \leq 10$$

$$df - da \leq 10$$

$$db - da \leq 8$$

$$da - df \leq 5$$

$$db - df \leq 7$$

$$dc - df \leq 3$$

$$de - df \leq 2$$

$$dd - dc \leq 3$$

$$df - dd \leq 18$$

$$de - dd \leq 25$$

$$dg - de \leq 7$$

$$dd - de \leq 9$$

END

Picture of LINDO code and output is below

← → ↻ <https://apps.oregonstate.edu/Citrix/StoreWeb/clients/HTML5Client/src/SessionWindow.html?launchid=1550608450838>

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LP OPTIMUM FOUND AT STEP 5

OBJECTIVE FUNCTION VALUE

1) 76.00000

VARIABLE	VALUE	REDUCED COST
DC	16.000000	0.000000
DH	3.000000	0.000000
DB	12.000000	0.000000
DA	7.000000	0.000000
DF	17.000000	0.000000
DD	2.000000	0.000000
DE	19.000000	0.000000
DG	0.000000	0.000000

ROW	SLACK OR SURPLUS	DUAL PRICES
2)	0.000000	7.000000
3)	0.000000	6.000000
4)	0.000000	1.000000
5)	0.000000	3.000000
6)	0.000000	2.000000
7)	0.000000	1.000000
8)	3.000000	0.000000
9)	0.000000	2.000000
10)	3.000000	0.000000
11)	15.000000	0.000000
12)	12.000000	0.000000
13)	4.000000	0.000000
14)	0.000000	1.000000
15)	17.000000	0.000000
16)	3.000000	0.000000
17)	8.000000	0.000000
18)	26.000000	0.000000
19)	26.000000	0.000000

NO. ITERATIONS= 5

```

MAX dc + dh + db + da + df + dd + de
ST
dg = 0
dh - dg <= 3
dd - dg <= 2
da - dh <= 4
db - dh <= 9
dc - db <= 4
de - db <= 10
df - da <= 10
db - da <= 8
da - df <= 5
db - df <= 7
dc - df <= 3
de - df <= 2
dd - dc <= 3
df - dd <= 18
de - dd <= 25
dg - de <= 7
dd - de <= 9
END

```

The answer to b) is the picture below with vertices and shortest path distances:

```

C      16.000000
H      3.000000
B     12.000000
A      7.000000
F     17.000000
D      2.000000
E     19.000000
G      0.000000

```

G is 0 as expected. C remains 16 as expected. Adjacent vertices have expected values as well. And all others have their correct values.

Problem 2 – USING LINDO AGAIN

s = number of silk ties, p = number of polyester ties, b = number of blend1 ties, c = number of blend2 tie

~~ms = raw silk material in yards, mp = raw polyester material in yards, mc = raw cotton material in yards~~

material Cost for each tie in dollars:

$$s = 0.125 \cdot 20 + 0 + 0 = 2.5$$

$$p = 0 + 0.08 \cdot 6 + 0 = 0.48$$

$$b = 0 + 0.05 \cdot 6 + 0.05 \cdot 9 = 0.3 + 0.45 = 0.75$$

$$c = 0 + 0.03 \cdot 6 + 0.07 \cdot 9 = 0.18 + 0.63 = 0.81$$

Labor cost for each tie is 0.75 so TOTAL costs for each tie is:

$$s = 3.25$$

$$p = 1.23$$

$$b = 1.5$$

$$c = 1.56$$

Profits for each tie are:

$$s = 6.7 - 3.25 = 3.45$$

$$p = 3.55 - 1.23 = 2.32$$

$$b = 4.31 - 1.5 = 2.81$$

$$c = 4.81 - 1.56 = 3.25$$

This means we are maximizing the following:

$$\text{Maximize: } 3.45s + 2.32p + 2.81b + 3.25c$$

The constraints are the following:

Cannot use more than 1,000 yards of silk

$$0.125 \cdot s \leq 1000$$

Cannot use more than 2,000 yards of Polyester

$$0.08 \cdot p + 0.05 \cdot b + 0.03 \cdot c \leq 2000$$

Cannot use more than 1,250 yards of cotton

$$0.05b + 0.07c \leq 1250$$

Cannot sell less than 6000 s ties

$$s \geq 6000$$

Cannot sell more than 7000 s ties

$$s \leq 7000$$

Cannot sell less than 10,000 p ties

$$p \geq 10000$$

Cannot sell more than 14,000 p ties

$$p \leq 14000$$

Cannot sell less than 13,000 b ties

$$b \geq 13000$$

Cannot sell more than 16,000 b ties

$$b \leq 16000$$

Cannot sell less than 6,000 c ties

$$c \geq 6000$$

Cannot sell more than 8,500 c ties

$$c \leq 8500$$

So we have for the objective function and constraints:

$$\text{MAX } 3.45s + 2.32p + 2.81b + 3.25c$$

ST

$$0.125*s \leq 1000$$

$$0.08*p + 0.05*b + 0.03*c \leq 2000$$

$$0.05b + 0.07c \leq 1250$$

$$s \geq 6000$$

$$s \leq 7000$$

$$p \geq 10000$$

$$p \leq 14000$$

$$b \geq 13000$$

$$b \leq 16000$$

$$c \geq 6000$$

$$c \leq 8500$$

END

← → ↻ <https://apps.oregonstate.edu/Citrix/StoreWeb/clients/HTML5Client/src/SessionWindow.html?launchid=1550681877254>

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LP OPTIMUM FOUND AT STEP 4

OBJECTIVE FUNCTION VALUE

1) 120196.0

VARIABLE	VALUE	REDUCED COST
S	7000.000000	0.000000
P	13625.000000	0.000000
B	13100.000000	0.000000
C	8500.000000	0.000000

ROW	SLACK OR SURPLUS	DUAL PRICES
2)	125.000000	0.000000
3)	0.000000	29.000000
4)	0.000000	27.200001
5)	1000.000000	0.000000
6)	0.000000	3.450000
7)	3625.000000	0.000000
8)	375.000000	0.000000
9)	100.000000	0.000000
10)	2900.000000	0.000000
11)	2500.000000	0.000000
12)	0.000000	0.476000

NO. ITERATIONS= 4

MAX 3.45s + 2.32p + 2.81b + 3.25c

ST

0.125s ≤ 1000

0.08p + 0.05b + 0.03c ≤ 2000

0.05b + 0.07c ≤ 1250

s ≥ 6000

s ≤ 7000

p ≥ 10000

p ≤ 14000

b ≥ 13000

b ≤ 16000

c ≥ 6000

c ≤ 8500

END

This means the optimal profit is 120196 dollars.

And the number of ties for each type are as follows:

S= 7000

P= 13625

B= 13100

C= 8500

This makes sense to me because the only limit on silk ties is the maximum number which is 7000. C ties are also maxed out because there is enough material and they are the most profitable out of those that use polyester and cotton. P ties and b ties are such that profit is max using up the resources needed.

Problem 3

Part A

So, we are minimizing because we are trying to reduce cost. We have a variable for every edge or route. I see 21 edges in graph. I also see 21 costs in the tables. We will have 21 variables to MIN.

Some constraints will be that supply is not exceeded and demand is met.

Another constraint is that values are non-negative because we are minimizing.

Also, what is going into a warehouse minus what is going out must = 0

Variables will be that p11 signifies shipping from plant 1 to warehouse 1, etc. And w11 will be shipping from warehouse 1 to retail 1, etc.

So the objective function with constraints in near LINDO format will be:

MIN $10 \cdot p_{11} + 15 \cdot p_{12} + 11 \cdot p_{21} + 8 \cdot p_{22} + 13 \cdot p_{31} + 8 \cdot p_{32} + 9 \cdot p_{33} + 14 \cdot p_{42} + 8 \cdot p_{43} + 5 \cdot w_{11} + 6 \cdot w_{12} + 7 \cdot w_{13} + 10 \cdot w_{14} + 12 \cdot w_{23} + 8 \cdot w_{24} + 10 \cdot w_{25} + 14 \cdot w_{26} + 14 \cdot w_{34} + 12 \cdot w_{35} + 12 \cdot w_{36} + 6 \cdot w_{37}$

ST

$$P_{11} + p_{12} \leq 150$$

$$P_{21} + p_{22} \leq 450$$

$$P_{31} + p_{32} + p_{33} \leq 250$$

$$P_{42} + p_{43} \leq 150$$

$$W_{11} \geq 100$$

$$W_{12} \geq 150$$

$$W_{13} + w_{23} \geq 100$$

$$W_{14} + w_{24} + w_{34} \geq 200$$

$$W_{25} + w_{35} \geq 200$$

$$W_{26} + w_{36} \geq 150$$

$$W_{37} \geq 100$$

$$P_{11}, p_{12}, p_{21}, p_{22}, p_{31}, p_{32}, p_{33}, p_{42}, p_{43}, w_{11}, w_{12}, w_{13}, w_{14}, w_{23}, w_{24}, w_{25}, w_{26}, w_{34}, w_{35}, w_{36}, w_{37} \geq 0$$

$$P_{11} + p_{21} + p_{31} - w_{11} - w_{12} - w_{13} - w_{14} \geq 0$$

$$P_{12} + p_{22} + p_{32} + p_{42} - w_{23} - w_{24} - w_{25} - w_{26} \geq 0$$

$$P_{33} + p_{43} - w_{34} - w_{35} - w_{36} - w_{37} \geq 0$$

END

USING LINDO

Full picture of code and results

LP OPTIMUM FOUND AT STEP 13

OBJECTIVE FUNCTION VALUE

1) 17100.00

VARIABLE	VALUE	REDUCED COST
P11	150.000000	0.000000
P12	0.000000	8.000000
P21	200.000000	0.000000
P22	250.000000	0.000000
P31	0.000000	2.000000
P32	150.000000	0.000000
P33	100.000000	0.000000
P42	0.000000	7.000000
P43	150.000000	0.000000
W11	100.000000	0.000000
W12	150.000000	0.000000
W13	100.000000	0.000000
W14	0.000000	5.000000
W23	0.000000	2.000000
W24	200.000000	0.000000
W25	200.000000	0.000000
W26	0.000000	1.000000
W34	0.000000	7.000000
W35	0.000000	3.000000
W36	150.000000	0.000000
W37	100.000000	0.000000

ROW	SLACK OR SURPLUS	DUAL PRICES
2)	0.000000	1.000000
3)	0.000000	0.000000
4)	0.000000	0.000000
5)	0.000000	1.000000
6)	0.000000	-16.000000
7)	0.000000	-17.000000
8)	0.000000	-18.000000
9)	0.000000	-16.000000
10)	0.000000	-18.000000
11)	0.000000	-21.000000
12)	0.000000	-15.000000
13)	150.000000	0.000000
14)	0.000000	0.000000
15)	200.000000	0.000000
16)	250.000000	0.000000
17)	0.000000	0.000000
18)	0.000000	0.000000
19)	100.000000	0.000000
20)	0.000000	0.000000
21)	150.000000	0.000000
22)	100.000000	0.000000
23)	150.000000	0.000000
24)	100.000000	0.000000
25)	0.000000	0.000000
26)	0.000000	0.000000
27)	200.000000	0.000000
28)	200.000000	0.000000
29)	0.000000	0.000000
30)	0.000000	0.000000
31)	0.000000	0.000000
32)	150.000000	0.000000
33)	100.000000	0.000000
34)	0.000000	-11.000000
35)	0.000000	-8.000000
36)	0.000000	-9.000000

NO. ITERATIONS= 13

MIN 10p11 + 15p12 + 11p21 + 8p22 + 13p31 + 8p32 + 9p33 + 14p42 + 8p43 + 5w11 + 6w12 + 7w13 + 10w14 + 12w23 + 8w24 + 10w25 + 14w26 + 14w34 + 12w35 + 12w36 + 6w37

ST

p11 + p12 <= 150
p21 + p22 <= 450
p31 + p32 + p33 <= 250
p42 + p43 <= 150
w11 >= 100
w12 >= 150
w13 + w23 >= 100
w14 + w24 + w34 >= 200
w25 + w35 >= 200
w26 + w36 >= 150
w37 >= 100
p11 >= 0
p12 >= 0
p21 >= 0
p22 >= 0
p31 >= 0
p32 >= 0
p33 >= 0
p42 >= 0
p43 >= 0
w11 >= 0
w12 >= 0
w13 >= 0
w14 >= 0
w23 >= 0
w24 >= 0
w25 >= 0
w26 >= 0
w34 >= 0
w35 >= 0
w36 >= 0
w37 >= 0
p11 + p21 + p31 - w11 - w12 - w13 - w14 >= 0
p12 + p22 + p32 + p42 - w23 - w24 - w25 - w26 >= 0
p33 + p43 - w34 - w35 - w36 - w37 >= 0

END

Smaller picture of variable values

P11	150.000000
P12	0.000000
P21	200.000000
P22	250.000000
P31	0.000000
P32	150.000000
P33	100.000000
P42	0.000000
P43	150.000000
W11	100.000000
W12	150.000000
W13	100.000000
W14	0.000000
W23	0.000000
W24	200.000000
W25	200.000000
W26	0.000000
W34	0.000000
W35	0.000000
W36	150.000000
W37	100.000000

This means that the minimum cost to ship is **17100**

The smaller above graph details exactly how to ship to achieve this optimal. That is $P_{11} = 150$ and $p_{12} = 0$ means plant 1 will only ship to warehouse one and will ship 150 units. Similarly, plant two will ship 200 to warehouse one and 250 to warehouse 2 and so on for the rest of the plants. $W_{11} = 100$, $w_{12} = 150$, $w_{13} = 100$ and $w_{14} = 0$ means that warehouse one will not ship to retail 4 but will ship 100, 150 and 100 units to retails 1 2 and 3 respectively. This is the same for the rest of the warehouses shown above in the smaller picture.

below is additional picture for part A of only code for easier viewing

```

MIN 10p11 + 15p12 + 11p21 + 8p22 + 13p31 + 8p32 + 9p33 + 14p42 + 8p43 + 5w11 + 6w12 + 7w13 + 10w14 + 12w23 + 8w24 + 10w25 + 14w26 + 14w34 + 12w35 + 12w36 + 6w37
ST
    p11 + p12 <= 150
    p21 + p22 <= 450
    p31 + p32 + p33 <= 250
    p42 + p43 <= 150
    w11 >= 100
    w12 >= 150
    w13 + w23 >= 100
    w14 + w24 + w34 >= 200
    w25 + w35 >= 200
    w26 + w36 >= 150
    w37 >= 100
    p11 >= 0
    p12 >= 0
    p21 >= 0
    p22 >= 0
    p31 >= 0
    p32 >= 0
    p33 >= 0
    p42 >= 0
    p43 >= 0
    w11 >= 0
    w12 >= 0
    w13 >= 0
    w14 >= 0
    w23 >= 0
    w24 >= 0
    w25 >= 0
    w26 >= 0
    w34 >= 0
    w35 >= 0
    w36 >= 0
    w37 >= 0
    p11 + p21 + p31 - w11 - w12 - w13 - w14 >= 0
    p12 + p22 + p32 + p42 - w23 - w24 - w25 - w26 >= 0
    p33 + p43 - w34 - w35 - w36 - w37 >= 0
END

```

Part B

If we eliminate warehouse 2 entirely, starting from code for part A the only changes that need to be made are:

Removing variables p12, p22,p32, p42, w23, w24, w25, w26 from objective function

And from constraints.

~~The constraints should not change much outside of the removal of these variables and the objective function is the same.~~ By removing these variables one entire constraint will be removed and many will be modified So now the near-LINDO code is the following:

MIN $10 \cdot p_{11} + 11 \cdot p_{21} + 13 \cdot p_{31} + 9 \cdot p_{33} + 8 \cdot p_{43} + 5 \cdot w_{11} + 6 \cdot w_{12} + 7 \cdot w_{13} + 10 \cdot w_{14} + 14 \cdot w_{34} + 12 \cdot w_{35} + 12 \cdot w_{36} + 6 \cdot w_{37}$

ST

$P_{11} \leq 150$

$P_{21} \leq 450$

$P_{31} + p_{33} \leq 250$

$p_{43} \leq 150$

$W_{11} \geq 100$

$W_{12} \geq 150$

$W_{13} \geq 100$

$W_{14} + w_{34} \geq 200$

$w_{35} \geq 200$

$w_{36} \geq 150$

$W_{37} \geq 100$

$P_{11}, p_{21}, p_{31}, p_{33}, p_{43}, w_{11}, w_{12}, w_{13}, w_{14}, w_{34}, w_{35}, w_{36}, w_{37} \geq 0$

$P_{11} + p_{21} + p_{31} - w_{11} - w_{12} - w_{13} - w_{14} \geq 0$

$P_{33} + p_{43} - w_{34} - w_{35} - w_{36} - w_{37} \geq 0$

END

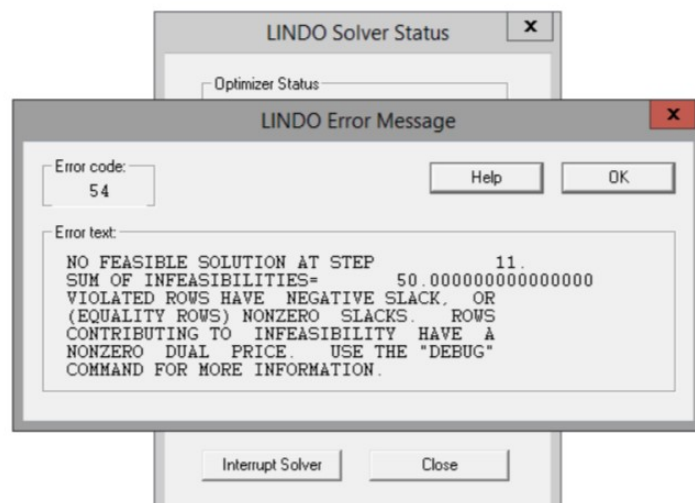
USING LINDO

RESULTS BELOW IN PICTURE

```

MIN 10p11 + 11p21 + 13p31 + 9p33 + 8p43 + 5w11 + 6w12 + 7w13 + 10w14 + 14w34 + 12w35 + 12w36 + 6w37
ST
    p11 <= 150
    p21 <= 450
    p31 + p33 <= 250
    p43 <= 150
    w11 >= 100
    w12 >= 150
    w13 >= 100
    w14 + w34 >= 200
    w35 >= 200
    w36 >= 150
    w37 >= 100
    p11 >= 0
    p21 >= 0
    p31 >= 0
    p33 >= 0
    p43 >= 0
    w11 >= 0
    w12 >= 0
    w13 >= 0
    w14 >= 0
    w34 >= 0
    w35 >= 0
    w36 >= 0
    w37 >= 0
    p11 + p21 + p31 - w11 - w12 - w13 - w14 >= 0
    p33 + p43 - w34 - w35 - w36 - w37 >= 0
END

```



The result was **NO FEASIBLE SOLUTION**

Specifically, at step 11.

The reason why being that in this scenario given the routes, disregarding prices, the most that can pass through warehouse 3 is from plant 3 and plant 4 for a max of 400 however, the retail stores that can only receive from warehouse 3 in this scenario require 450. So even if warehouse three ships nothing to retail 4 which is the only retail that can receive from either warehouse 1 or 3, there will not be enough supply coming from plant 3 and 4 to meet this demand. Thus in this scenario retail 7, 5 and 6 will no matter what not receive enough supply for their demand. So the result should be infeasible as was determined by LINDO and my code.

Part C

I am doing part C before part B because it will be easier to make the changes in that order.

If we limit warehouse 2 to having only 100 incoming and 100 outgoing shipments the only change to our code needed is extra constraints saying so. These will be the following:

$$P12 + p22 + p32 + p42 \leq 100$$

$$W23 + w24 + w25 + w26 \leq 100$$

Maybe we could use only one but I will put in both to be safe

So using same code as before but with these two extra constraints we get:

USING LINDO STILL

LP OPTIMUM FOUND AT STEP 15			<untitled>	
OBJECTIVE FUNCTION VALUE			MIN 10p11 + 15p12 + 11p21 + 8p22 + 13p31 + 8p32 + 9p33 + 14p42 + 8p43 + 5w11 + 6w12 + 7w13 + 10w14 + 12w23 + 8w24 + 10w25 + 14w26 + 14w34 + 12w35 + 12w36 + 6w37	
1)	18300.00		ST	
VARIABLE	VALUE	REDUCED COST		
P11	150.000000	0.000000	p11 + p12 <= 150	
P12	0.000000	8.000000	p21 + p22 <= 450	
P21	350.000000	0.000000	p31 + p32 + p33 <= 250	
P22	100.000000	0.000000	p42 + p43 <= 150	
P31	0.000000	4.000000	w11 >= 100	
P32	0.000000	2.000000	w12 >= 150	
P33	250.000000	0.000000	w13 + w23 >= 100	
P42	0.000000	9.000000	w14 + w24 + w34 >= 200	
P43	150.000000	0.000000	w25 + w35 >= 200	
W11	100.000000	0.000000	w26 + w36 >= 150	
W12	150.000000	0.000000	w37 >= 100	
W13	100.000000	0.000000	p11 >= 0	
W14	150.000000	0.000000	p12 >= 0	
W23	0.000000	7.000000	p21 >= 0	
W24	50.000000	0.000000	p22 >= 0	
W25	50.000000	0.000000	p31 >= 0	
W26	0.000000	4.000000	p32 >= 0	
W34	0.000000	4.000000	p33 >= 0	
W35	150.000000	0.000000	p42 >= 0	
W36	150.000000	0.000000	p43 >= 0	
W37	100.000000	0.000000	w11 >= 0	
ROW	SLACK OR SURPLUS	DUAL PRICES	w12 >= 0	
2)	0.000000	1.000000	w13 >= 0	
3)	0.000000	0.000000	w14 >= 0	
4)	0.000000	2.000000	w23 >= 0	
5)	0.000000	3.000000	w24 >= 0	
6)	0.000000	-16.000000	w25 >= 0	
7)	0.000000	-17.000000	w26 >= 0	
8)	0.000000	-18.000000	w34 >= 0	
9)	0.000000	-21.000000	w35 >= 0	
10)	0.000000	-23.000000	w36 >= 0	
11)	0.000000	-22.000000	w37 >= 0	
12)	0.000000	-17.000000	p11 + p21 + p31 - w11 - w12 - w13 - w14 >= 0	
13)	150.000000	0.000000	p12 + p22 + p32 + p42 - w23 - w24 - w25 - w26 >= 0	
14)	0.000000	0.000000	p33 + p43 - w34 - w35 - w36 - w37 >= 0	
15)	350.000000	0.000000	p12 + p22 + p32 + p42 <= 100	
16)	100.000000	0.000000	w23 + w24 + w25 + w26 <= 100	
17)	0.000000	0.000000	END	
18)	0.000000	0.000000		
19)	250.000000	0.000000		
20)	0.000000	0.000000		
21)	150.000000	0.000000		
22)	100.000000	0.000000		
23)	150.000000	0.000000		
24)	100.000000	0.000000		
25)	150.000000	0.000000		
26)	0.000000	0.000000		
27)	50.000000	0.000000		
28)	50.000000	0.000000		
29)	0.000000	0.000000		
30)	0.000000	0.000000		
31)	150.000000	0.000000		
32)	150.000000	0.000000		
33)	100.000000	0.000000		
34)	0.000000	-11.000000		
35)	0.000000	-9.000000		
36)	0.000000	-11.000000		
37)	0.000000	0.000000		
38)	0.000000	5.000000		
NO. ITERATIONS= 15				

This means that this is feasible if we limit warehouse 2.

However, now the objective function optimal value is larger at **18300**.

And these are the exact routes and shipment amounts for each as was presented for part A:

Below

P11	150.000000
P12	0.000000
P21	350.000000
P22	100.000000
P31	0.000000
P32	0.000000
P33	250.000000
P42	0.000000
P43	150.000000
W11	100.000000
W12	150.000000
W13	100.000000
W14	150.000000
W23	0.000000
W24	50.000000
W25	50.000000
W26	0.000000
W34	0.000000
W35	150.000000
W36	150.000000
W37	100.000000

And again, here is close up of code:

```

MIN 10p11 + 15p12 + 11p21 + 8p22 + 13p31 + 8p32 + 9p33 + 14p42 + 8p43 + 5w11 + 6w12 + 7w13 + 10w14 + 12w23 + 8w24 + 10w25 + 14w26 + 14w34 + 12w35 + 12w36 + 6w37
ST
    p11 + p12 <= 150
    p21 + p22 <= 450
    p31 + p32 + p33 <= 250
    p42 + p43 <= 150
    w11 >= 100
    w12 >= 150
    w13 + w23 >= 100
    w14 + w24 + w34 >= 200
    w25 + w35 >= 200
    w26 + w36 >= 150
    w37 >= 100
    p11 >= 0
    p12 >= 0
    p21 >= 0
    p22 >= 0
    p31 >= 0
    p32 >= 0
    p33 >= 0
    p42 >= 0
    p43 >= 0
    w11 >= 0
    w12 >= 0
    w13 >= 0
    w14 >= 0
    w23 >= 0
    w24 >= 0
    w25 >= 0
    w26 >= 0
    w34 >= 0
    w35 >= 0
    w36 >= 0
    w37 >= 0
    p11 + p21 + p31 - w11 - w12 - w13 - w14 >= 0
    p12 + p22 + p32 + p42 - w23 - w24 - w25 - w26 >= 0
    p33 + p43 - w34 - w35 - w36 - w37 >= 0
    p12 + p22 + p32 + p42 <= 100
    w23 + w24 + w25 + w26 <= 100
END

```

Problem 4

4. Making Change(6 points)

Given coins of denominations (value) $1 = v_1 < v_2 < \dots < v_n$, we wish to make change for an amount A using as few coins as possible. Assume that v_i 's and A are integers. Since $v_1 = 1$ there will always be a solution. Solve the coin change using integer programming. For each the following denomination sets and amounts formulate the problem as an integer program with an objective function and constraints, determine the optimal solution. What is the minimum number of coins used in each case and how many of each coin is used? Include a copy of your code.

- a) $V = [1, 5, 10, 25]$ and $A = 202$.
- b) $V = [1, 3, 7, 12, 27]$ and $A = 293$

V_1 for both a) and b) is coin of value 1. V_2 for a is 5 and 3 for b. V_3 for a is coin of value 10 and for b a coin of value 7. V_4 is a coin of 25 for a and 12 for b. And v_5 is used only in b) which represents the coin of value 27. And used GIN on $v_1 - v_4$ for a and GIN on $v_1 - v_5$.

USING LINDO WITH GIN

a)

Before any LP, I will use brute force to find a guess of a solution. This is essentially assigning largest coin that will not force sum over A . Add 25 values 8 times to get 200, 8×250 . Obvious I cannot get 200 with fewer coins of smaller values. The one's place value of 2 can only be obtained from 2 1coins. This means the fewest coins to be used is $8+2$ or 10. Exchanging the 2 ones for anything else is impossible to achieve 2 in the ones place of the resulting A . And exchanging any of the 25coins for 5 5coins or 2 10coins and a 5 result in a larger number of coins so I am aiming to achieve 10.

MIN $v_1 + v_2 + v_3 + v_4$

ST

$$V_1 + 5v_2 + 10v_3 + 25v_4 = 202$$

END

GIN v_1

GIN v_2

GIN v_3

GIN v_4

Picture of results and input code below:

Objective function value = 10.0

With 2 v_1 coins

And 8 v4 coins

As predicted from my brute force.

```

← → ↻ https://apps.oregonstate.edu/Citrix/StoreWeb/clients/HTML5Client/src/SessionWindow.html?launchid=
MAX
File Edit Solve Reports Window Help
[Icons]
MAX
LP OPTIMUM FOUND AT STEP      0
OBJECTIVE VALUE =      8.07999992

FIX ALL VARS.(      2) WITH RC >  0.000000E+00
SET      V1 TO >=      1 AT      1, BND=  -9.040      TWIN=-0.1000E+31      4
SET      V4 TO <=      8 AT      2, BND= -10.00      TWIN=-0.1000E+31      5

NEW INTEGER SOLUTION OF      10.0000000      AT BRANCH      2 PIVOT      5
BOUND ON OPTIMUM:  9.0000000
DELETE      V4 AT LEVEL      2
DELETE      V1 AT LEVEL      1
RELEASE FIXED VARIABLES
FIX ALL VARS.(      2) WITH RC >  0.000000E+00
SET      V3 TO >=      2 AT      1, BND=  -9.280      TWIN=-0.1000E+31      11
DELETE      V3 AT LEVEL      1
RELEASE FIXED VARIABLES
FIX ALL VARS.(      1) WITH RC >  0.000000E+00
SET      V1 TO <=      0 AT      1, BND=  -9.000      TWIN=  -9.840      18
SET      V2 TO >=      2 AT      2, BND=  -9.680      TWIN=-0.1000E+31      20
DELETE      V2 AT LEVEL      2
DELETE      V1 AT LEVEL      1
RELEASE FIXED VARIABLES
ENUMERATION COMPLETE. BRANCHES=      5 PIVOTS=      25

LAST INTEGER SOLUTION IS THE BEST FOUND
RE-INSTALLING BEST SOLUTION...

OBJECTIVE FUNCTION VALUE
1)      10.00000

VARIABLE      VALUE      REDUCED COST
V1      2.000000      1.000000
V2      0.000000      1.000000
V3      0.000000      1.000000
V4      8.000000      1.000000

ROW      SLACK OR SURPLUS      DUAL PRICES
2)      0.000000      0.000000

NO. ITERATIONS=      25
BRANCHES=      5 DETERM.=  1.000E  0
MAX
MIN v1 + v2 + v3 + v4
ST
v1 + 5v2 + 10v3 + 25v4 = 202
END
GIN v1
GIN v2
GIN v3
GIN v4

```

b) is below

b)

$V = 1, 3, 7, 12, 27$

$A = 293$

Starting with brute force/greedy algorithm, I will first remove the max number of 27coins before getting a negative A leftover. So $277 \cdot 11 = 297$ but $27 \cdot 10 = 270$. So, 10 27coins with a left over of 23. One 12coin for a leftover of 11. One 7coin with a leftover of 4, and then one 3coin and one onecoin for 4. So we have $10 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 = 14$. Instead of 23 being made with 4 coins we could have 3 7coins and 2 onecoins but this would be 5. I feel confident for now, that the objective function optimal solution is 14.

*Code and result below as two pictures from LINDO used in browser *

Two pics to provide all of the result page

File Edit Solve Reports Window Help

LP OPTIMUM FOUND AT STEP 1
OBJECTIVE VALUE = 10.8518515

FIX ALL VARS. (2) WITH RC >	0.000000E+00		
SET V1 TO <= 0 AT 1. BND= -12.33	TWIN= -12.83	8	
SET V5 TO <= 9 AT 2. BND= -13.17	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	10	
SET V4 TO >= 5 AT 3. BND= -13.63	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	12	
SET V5 TO <= 8 AT 4. BND= -13.63	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	12	
SET V4 TO >= 7 AT 5. BND= -14.74	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	16	
SET V5 TO <= 7 AT 6. BND= -15.67	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	18	
SET V4 TO >= 9 AT 7. BND= -15.85	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	20	
SET V5 TO <= 6 AT 8. BND= -16.92	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	22	
SET V4 TO >= 11 AT 9. BND= -16.96	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	24	
SET V5 TO <= 5 AT 10. BND= -18.17	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	26	
SET V4 TO >= 14 AT 11. BND= -18.63	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	28	
SET V5 TO <= 4 AT 12. BND= -19.42	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	30	
SET V4 TO >= 16 AT 13. BND= -19.74	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	32	
SET V5 TO <= 3 AT 14. BND= -20.67	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	34	
SET V4 TO >= 18 AT 15. BND= -20.85	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	36	
SET V5 TO <= 2 AT 16. BND= -21.92	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	38	
SET V4 TO >= 20 AT 17. BND= -21.96	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	40	
SET V5 TO <= 1 AT 18. BND= -23.17	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	42	
SET V4 TO >= 23 AT 19. BND= -23.63	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	44	
SET V5 TO <= 0 AT 20. BND= -24.42	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	45	
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 21			
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 20			
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 19			
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 18			
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 17			
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 16			
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 15			
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 14			
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 13			
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 12			
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 11			
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 10			
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 9			
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 8			
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 7			
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 6			
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 5			
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 4			
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 3			
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 2			
FLIP V1 TO >= 1 AT 1 WITH BND= -12.833333			
SET V4 TO <= 1 AT 2. BND= -22.00	TWIN= -12.93	48	
NEW INTEGER SOLUTION OF 22.00000000 AT BRANCH 21 PIVOT 48			
BOUND ON OPTIMUM: 12.000000			
FLIP V4 TO >= 2 AT 2 WITH BND= -12.925926			
SET V5 TO <= 9 AT 3. BND= -14.08	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	50	
SET V4 TO <= 4 AT 4. BND= -15.00	TWIN= -14.59	53	
NEW INTEGER SOLUTION OF 15.00000000 AT BRANCH 23 PIVOT 53			
BOUND ON OPTIMUM: 12.000000			
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 4			
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 3			
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 2			
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 1			
RELEASE FIXED VARIABLES			
FIX ALL VARS. (2) WITH RC >	0.000000E+00		
SET V4 TO <= 1 AT 1. BND= -12.57	TWIN= -12.70	63	
SET V3 TO >= 2 AT 2. BND= -12.75	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	65	
SET V4 TO >= 1 AT 3. BND= -12.89	TWIN= -13.29	67	
SET V5 TO <= 9 AT 4. BND= -12.89	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	67	
SET V5 TO >= 8 AT 5. BND= -15.43	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	69	
DELETE V3 AT LEVEL 6			
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 5			
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 4			
FLIP V4 TO <= 0 AT 3 WITH BND= -13.285714			
SET V3 TO >= 4 AT 4. BND= -13.81	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	71	
SET V3 TO <= 4 AT 5. BND= -13.81	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	71	
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 6			
DELETE V3 AT LEVEL 5			
DELETE V3 AT LEVEL 4			
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 3			
DELETE V3 AT LEVEL 2			
FLIP V4 TO >= 2 AT 1 WITH BND= -12.703704			
SET V5 TO <= 9 AT 2. BND= -13.58	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	73	
SET V5 TO >= 9 AT 3. BND= -13.58	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	73	
SET V4 TO <= 3 AT 4. BND= -14.00	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	74	
NEW INTEGER SOLUTION OF 14.00000000 AT BRANCH 31 PIVOT 74			
BOUND ON OPTIMUM: 12.333333			
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 4			
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 3			
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 2			
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 1			
RELEASE FIXED VARIABLES			
FIX ALL VARS. (2) WITH RC >	0.000000E+00		
SET V4 TO >= 2 AT 1. BND= -12.85	TWIN= -14.67	83	
SET V4 TO <= 2 AT 2. BND= -12.85	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	83	
SET V5 TO <= 9 AT 3. BND= -19.67	TWIN=-0.1000E+31	85	
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 3			
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 2			
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 1			
RELEASE FIXED VARIABLES			
SET V3 TO <= 0 AT 1. BND= -13.58	TWIN= -13.08	97	
DELETE V3 AT LEVEL 1			
ENUMERATION COMPLETE. BRANCHES= 34 PIVOTS= 97			
LAST INTEGER SOLUTION IS THE BEST FOUND			
RE-INSTALLING BEST SOLUTION...			
OBJECTIVE FUNCTION VALUE			
1) 14.00000			

MIN v1 + v2 + v3 + v4 + v5

ST

v1 + 3v2 + 7v3 + 12v4 + 27v5= 293

END

GIN v1

GIN v2

GIN v3

GIN v4

GIN v5

```

DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 16
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 15
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 14
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 13
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 12
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 11
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 10
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 9
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 8
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 7
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 6
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 5
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 4
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 3
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 2
FLIP V1 TO >= 1 AT 1 WITH BND= -12.833333
SET V4 TO <= 1 AT 2, BND= -22.00 TWIN= -12.93 48

NEW INTEGER SOLUTION OF 22.0000000 AT BRANCH 21 PIVOT 48
BOUND ON OPTIMUM: 12.000000
FLIP V4 TO >= 2 AT 2 WITH BND= -12.925926
SET V5 TO <= 9 AT 3, BND= -14.08 TWIN=-0.1000E+31 50
SET V4 TO <= 4 AT 4, BND= -15.00 TWIN= -14.59 53

NEW INTEGER SOLUTION OF 15.0000000 AT BRANCH 23 PIVOT 53
BOUND ON OPTIMUM: 12.000000
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 4
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 3
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 2
DELETE V1 AT LEVEL 1
RELEASE FIXED VARIABLES
FIX ALL VARS. ( 2) WITH RC > 0.000000E+00
SET V4 TO <= 1 AT 1, BND= -12.57 TWIN= -12.70 63
SET V3 TO >= 2 AT 2, BND= -12.75 TWIN=-0.1000E+31 65
SET V4 TO <= 1 AT 3, BND= -12.89 TWIN= -13.29 67
SET V5 TO <= 9 AT 4, BND= -12.89 TWIN=-0.1000E+31 67
SET V5 TO >= 9 AT 5, BND= -15.43 TWIN=-0.1000E+31 69
DELETE V3 AT LEVEL 6
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 5
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 4
FLIP V4 TO <= 0 AT 3 WITH BND= -13.285714
SET V3 TO >= 4 AT 4, BND= -13.81 TWIN=-0.1000E+31 71
SET V3 TO <= 4 AT 5, BND= -13.81 TWIN=-0.1000E+31 71
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 6
DELETE V3 AT LEVEL 5
DELETE V3 AT LEVEL 4
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 3
DELETE V3 AT LEVEL 2
FLIP V4 TO >= 2 AT 1 WITH BND= -12.703704
SET V5 TO <= 9 AT 2, BND= -13.58 TWIN=-0.1000E+31 73
SET V5 TO >= 9 AT 3, BND= -13.58 TWIN=-0.1000E+31 73
SET V4 TO <= 3 AT 4, BND= -14.00 TWIN=-0.1000E+31 74

NEW INTEGER SOLUTION OF 14.0000000 AT BRANCH 31 PIVOT 74
BOUND ON OPTIMUM: 12.333333
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 4
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 3
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 2
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 1
RELEASE FIXED VARIABLES
FIX ALL VARS. ( 2) WITH RC > 0.000000E+00
SET V4 TO >= 2 AT 1, BND= -12.85 TWIN= -14.67 83
SET V4 TO <= 2 AT 2, BND= -12.85 TWIN=-0.1000E+31 83
SET V5 TO <= 9 AT 3, BND= -19.67 TWIN=-0.1000E+31 85
DELETE V5 AT LEVEL 3
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 2
DELETE V4 AT LEVEL 1
RELEASE FIXED VARIABLES
SET V3 TO <= 0 AT 1, BND= -13.58 TWIN= -13.08 97
DELETE V3 AT LEVEL 1
ENUMERATION COMPLETE. BRANCHES= 34 PIVOTS= 97

LAST INTEGER SOLUTION IS THE BEST FOUND
RE-INSTALLING BEST SOLUTION...

OBJECTIVE FUNCTION VALUE
1) 14.000000

VARIABLE VALUE REDUCED COST
V1 0.000000 1.000000
V2 0.000000 1.000000
V3 2.000000 1.000000
V4 3.000000 1.000000
V5 9.000000 1.000000

ROW SLACK OR SURPLUS DUAL PRICES
2) 0.000000 0.000000

NO. ITERATIONS= 97
BRANCHES= 34 DETERM.= 1.000E 0

```

```

MIN v1 + v2 + v3 + v4 + v5
ST
v1 + 3v2 + 7v3 + 12v4 + 27v5= 293

END
GIN v1
GIN v2
GIN v3
GIN v4
GIN v5

```

LINDO with GIN provided my expected total of 14 coins but with different coins used. This is due partly to the nature of coin values in relation to this specific A=293 and the algorithm used in LINDO.

The coins provided in the LINDO result answer are: 9 27coins, 3 12coins, and 2 7coins. $9 + 3 + 2 = 14$