

Computer Science 315
Spring 2016
Computer Architecture
Homework #1 Solutions

1.5

- a. performance of P1 (instructions/sec) = $3 \times 10^9 / 1.5 = 2 \times 10^9$
 performance of P2 (instructions/sec) = $2.5 \times 10^9 / 1.0 = 2.5 \times 10^9$
 performance of P3 (instructions/sec) = $4 \times 10^9 / 2.2 = 1.8 \times 10^9$
- b. cycles(P1) = $10 \times 3 \times 10^9 = 30 \times 10^9$ s
 cycles(P2) = $10 \times 2.5 \times 10^9 = 25 \times 10^9$ s
 cycles(P3) = $10 \times 4 \times 10^9 = 40 \times 10^9$ s
- c. No. instructions(P1) = $30 \times 10^9 / 1.5 = 20 \times 10^9$
 No. instructions(P2) = $25 \times 10^9 / 1 = 25 \times 10^9$
 No. instructions(P3) = $40 \times 10^9 / 2.2 = 18.18 \times 10^9$
 $CPI_{new} = CPI_{old} \times 1.2$, then $CPI(P1) = 1.8$, $CPI(P2) = 1.2$, $CPI(P3) = 2.6$
 $f = \text{No. instr.} \times CPI / \text{time}$, then
 $f(P1) = 20 \times 10^9 \times 1.8 / 7 = 5.14 \text{ GHz}$
 $f(P2) = 25 \times 10^9 \times 1.2 / 7 = 4.28 \text{ GHz}$
 $f(P3) = 18.18 \times 10^9 \times 2.6 / 7 = 6.75 \text{ GHz}$

1.7

- a. $CPI = T_{exc} \times f / \text{No. instr.}$
 Compiler A $CPI = 1.1$
 Compiler B $CPI = 1.25$
- b. $f_B / f_A = (\text{No. instr.}(B) \times CPI(B)) / (\text{No. instr.}(A) \times CPI(A)) = 1.37$
- c. $T_A / T_{new} = 1.67$
 $T_B / T_{new} = 2.27$

1.12

1.12.1 $T(P1) = 5 \times 10^9 \times 0.9 / (4 \times 10^9) = 1.125 \text{ s}$

$$T(P2) = 10^9 \times 0.75 / (3 \times 10^9) = 0.25 \text{ s}$$

clock rate (P1) > clock rate(P2), performance(P1) < performance(P2)

1.12.2 $T(P1) = \text{No. instr.} \times \text{CPI} / \text{clock rate}$

$$T(P1) = 2.25 \times 10^{12} / 4 \times 10^9 \text{ s}$$

$$T(P2) = N \times 0.75 / (3 \times 10^9), \text{ then } N = 9 \times 10^8$$

1.12.3 $\text{MIPS} = \text{Clock rate} \times 10^{-6} / \text{CPI}$

$$\text{MIPS}(P1) = 4 \times 10^9 \times 10^{-6} / 0.9 = 4.44 \times 10^3$$

$$\text{MIPS}(P2) = 3 \times 10^9 \times 10^{-6} / 0.75 = 4.0 \times 10^3$$

$\text{MIPS}(P1) > \text{MIPS}(P2)$, performance(P1) < performance(P2) (from 11a)

1.12.4 $\text{MFLOPS} = \text{No. FP operations} \times 10^{-6} / T$

$$\text{MFLOPS}(P1) = .4 \times 10^9 \times 10^{-6} / 1.125 = 1.78 \times 10^3$$

$$\text{MFLOPS}(P2) = .4 \times 10^9 \times 10^{-6} / .25 = 1.60 \times 10^3$$

$\text{MFLOPS}(P1) > \text{MFLOPS}(P2)$, performance(P1) < performance(P2)
(from 11a)