## **InPars**



## 1. Steps

- 1. Positive query generation via GPT-3.5-Turbo ✓
- 2. Negative query generation via BM25 <a></a></a>
- 3. Binary Classifier Training 😵
- 4. Two-phase Re-Ranking: BM25 + ranking of relevant documents via the score of the classifier trained in step 3. 😵

Note: The symbols ✓ and ❤ are used to indicate completion and incomplete tasks, respectively.

# 2. Concepts

- Augmented data (queries) using LLMs
  - prompt engineering
- Fine-tune using synthetic data (queries)

### 3. Tricks

- used getpass() (didn't know) or simple input for keys
- LangChain FTW! 🐇
- used chatgpt do generate some prompts that would generate good queries
  - Sure, here are some prompts that can be used to instruct ChatGPT to generate synthetic queries for documents:
    - 1. "Can you generate queries that would help a user find information related to this document's content?"
    - 2. "What are some alternative ways to ask for information covered in this document?"
    - 3. "What are some common search queries that someone might use to find this document?"
    - 4. "Can you suggest queries that would help a user identify the main points covered in this document?"
    - 5. "Can you generate queries that would help a user connect this document to other relevant resources on this topic?"

# 4. Interesting/Unexpected

- chatgpt was unable to generate good code snippets for langchain since it doesn't know about it
- low cost with gpt-3 🕏
- prompt tuning
- Borela interesting analysis on presentation

# 4.1. Prompt

#### prompt:

Generate a short and objective query in the way a human user would in search engines (based on trec-covid dataset) that would help him find more information about the main topic on the following document:

title: Automatic Detection and Quantification of Tree-in-Bud (TIB) Opacities from CT Scans

**text:** This study presents a novel computer-assisted detection (CAD) system for automatically detecting and precisely quantifying abnormal nodular branching opacities in chest computed tomography (CT), termed tree-in-bud (TIB) opacities by radiology literature. ...

#### query from gpt-3.5-turbo:

What is the Automatic Detection and Quantification of Tree-in-Bud (TIB) Opacities from CT Scans and how does the developed CAD system work?

**ps:** tried changing the prompt so it would generate queries more similar to the trec-covid dataset by adding "(based on trec-covid dataset)", generate longer queries in general.

# 5. A "basic" doubt that you or your colleagues may have

• is it a good idea to filter documents based on their relevant queries in some way to improve the synthetic data?