$$k_{Marcus} = \frac{2\pi}{\hbar} |V_{ab}|^2 \frac{1}{\sqrt{4\pi k_B T \lambda}} e^{-(\lambda + \Delta G^o)^2/4\lambda k_B T},$$

$$(1)$$

$$k_{Marcus}$$

$$k_{da} = (\sum_{i=1}^{\ell_1} V_{12}) + (\sum_{i=1}^{\ell_1} \sum_{i=2}^{\ell_2}) \cdot \mathbf{q} + \frac{\mathbf{p}^2}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{q}^T \cdot \mathbf{\Omega} \cdot \mathbf{q}.$$

$$(2)$$

$$k_{dia} = (\sum_{i=1}^{\ell_1} V_{12}) + (\sum_{i=1}^{\ell_1} \sum_{i=2}^{\ell_2}) \cdot \mathbf{q} + \frac{\mathbf{p}^2}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{q}^T \cdot \mathbf{\Omega} \cdot \mathbf{q}.$$

$$(2)$$

$$k_{dia} = (\sum_{i=1}^{\ell_1} V_{12}) + (\sum_{i=1}^{\ell_1} \sum_{i=2}^{\ell_2}) \cdot \mathbf{q} + H_{ds}$$

$$H_{dia} = (\sum_{i=1}^{\ell_1} V_{12}) + (\sum_{i=1}^{\ell_1} \sum_{i=2}^{\ell_1}) \cdot (\sum_{i=1}^{\ell_1} \sum_{i=2}^{\ell_1}) \cdot (\sum_{i=1}^{\ell_1} \sum_{i=2}^{\ell_1}) \cdot (\sum_{i=1}^{\ell_1} \sum_{i=2}^{\ell_1} \sum_{i=2}^{\ell_1}) \cdot (\sum_{i=1}^{\ell_1} \sum_{i=2}^{\ell_1} \sum_{i=2}^{\ell_1} \sum_{i=2}^{\ell_1}) \cdot (\sum_{i=1}^{\ell_1} \sum_{i=2}^{\ell_1} \sum_{i=2}^{\ell_1} \sum_{i=2}^{\ell_1}) \cdot (\sum_{i=1}^{\ell_1} \sum_{i=2}^{\ell_1} \sum_{i=2}^{\ell_2} \sum_{i=2}^{\ell_1} \sum_{i=2}^{\ell_1} \sum_{i=2}^{\ell_2} \sum_{i=2}^{\ell_1} \sum_{i=2}^{\ell_2} \sum_{i=2}^{\ell_1} \sum_{i=2}^{\ell_2} \sum_{i=$$

$$\begin{array}{l} C_{nm}(t) \\ V_{nm}(t) \\ V_{nm}(t) \\ C(t) \\ \frac{1}{2}nm \\ \frac{1}{2}2^2 \\ \frac{1}{2}^2 \\ \frac{1}{2} \\$$