P vs NP A DESPERATE SEARCH BY SANDOR DALECKE



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IS THERE A DIFFERENCE BETWEEN CHECKING A PROOF AND FINDING ONE?

SOME BASICS

- P is the class of problems solvable by a Turing machine in polynomial time
 - Sort a list:
 - Bubblesort is in $O(n^2) \rightarrow P$

 $300^2 = 90000$

- **NP** is the class of problems for which, if the answer is yes, then there's a polynomial-size *proof* of that fact that you can *check* in polynomial time.
 - SAT (Check if a Boolean formula is TRUE):
 - Checking one solution is easy
 - Finding a solution? Best we know is Brute Force O(2ⁿn)

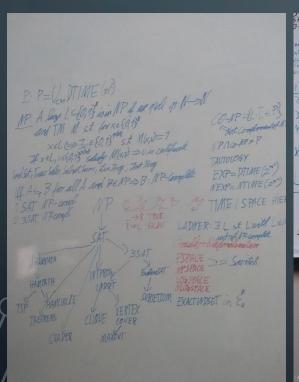
 $3^{300} = ?$

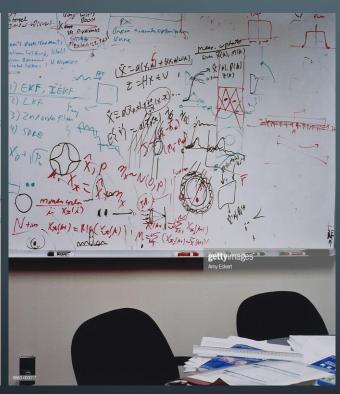
WHY DO WE CARE?

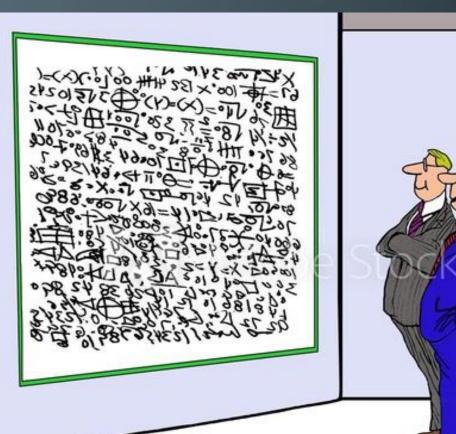
- If P = NP:
 - Fold Proteins
 - Break most cryptography
 - Packing Boxes perfectly
 - Always find the best travel route
 - Always find the shortest prove for every theorem



LET'S PROVE THIS: USE MATH!



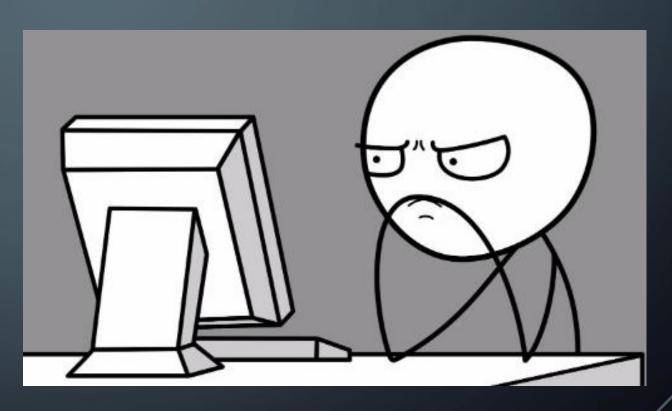




"When you put it like that, it makes complete sense."

METHOD: COMPLEMENT

- P = Co-P
- SATISFIABILITY vs TAUTOLOGY
- IF NP \neq Co-NP \rightarrow P \neq NP
- We don't know

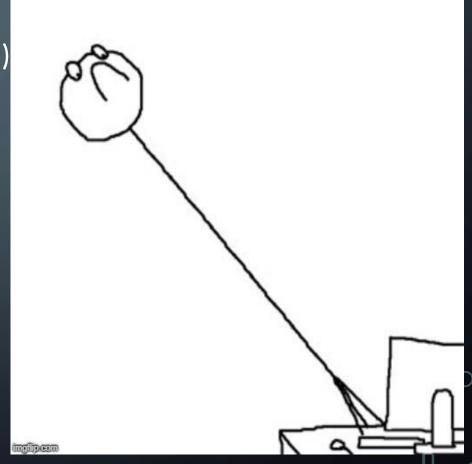


METHOD: MAYBE SPACE?

- PSPACE: Computation in Polynomial Space
- Obviously NP ⊂ PSPACE
- ... well NP ⊆ PSPACE is true!

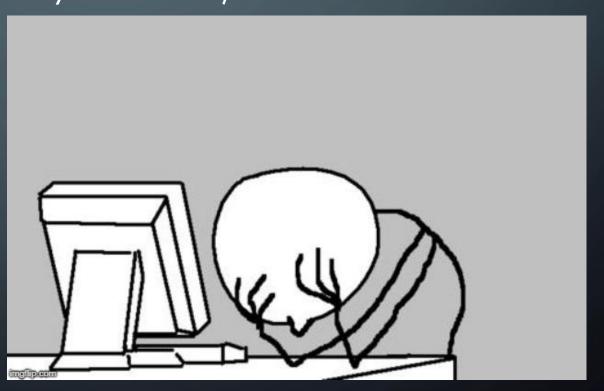
METHOD: WELL...HOW ABOUT RANDOMIZATION?

- BPP (Bounded-Error Probabilistic Polynomial-Time)
 - Accept computation 2/3 if answer is YES
 - Accept computation 1/3 if answer is NO
- P ≟ BPP ≟ NP
 - BPP is it's own monster



OKAY OKAY... QUANTUM COMPUTING!

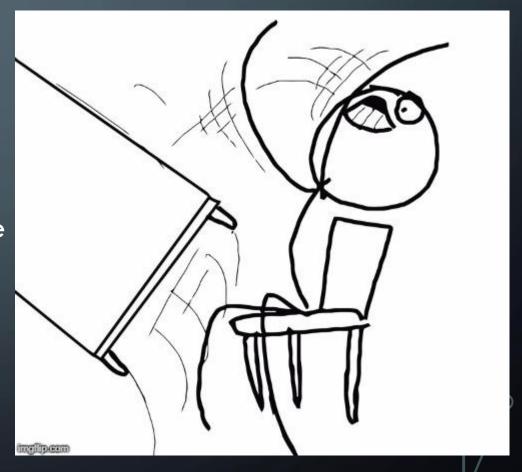
- BQP (Bounded-Error Quantum Polynomial-Time)
 - BPP on Quantum Computer
- Just try everything!
 - Not how QC work!
- Probably BQP ≠ NP



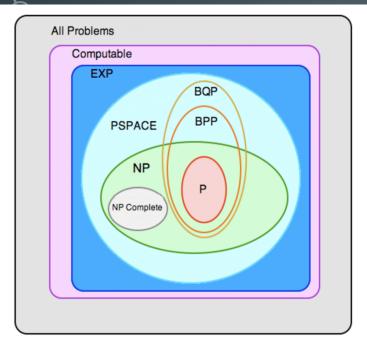
SCREW THIS: LET'S TRY ORACLES!

- Let's pretend we have an Oracle
 - Knows answer to P or to NP or EXP or ...

"...the relativized P =? NP question has a positive answer for some oracles and a negative answer for other oracles. We feel that this is further evidence of the difficulty of the P =? NP question." Baker, Gill, Solvay



AND THAT WAS JUST A GLIMPSE!



P solution can be found in time polynomial in the size (number of bits)

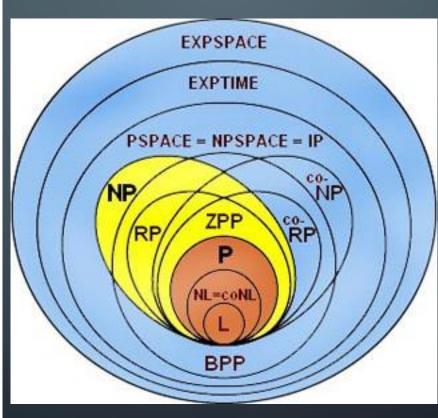
NP solution can be checked in polynomial time

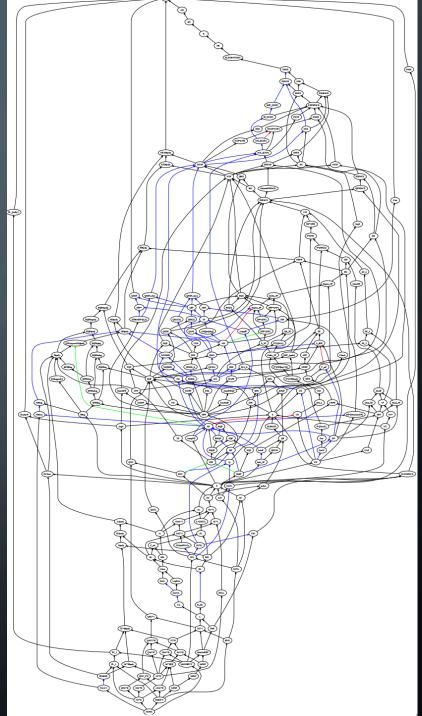
NP COMPLETE any NP problem can be reduced to one of these solution in polynomial time at probability p>1/2

SPP solution in polynomial time at probability p>1/2
SQP solution in polynomial time at probability p>1/2 on quantum computer

DE solution requires a polynomial amount of memory solution can be found in exponential time

EXP solution can be found in exponer COMPUTABLE solution can be found eventually





THANKS YOU FOR LISTENING