

What is it?

Remote Installer is a tool for automatic operating terminal in Linux Server via SSH protocol. It uses Groovy script language to process received data. By storing a key-value map, the tool checks received data line by line and whenever a line that includes a stored key in map, it will send the value based on the key.

```
TreeMap<String, String> configCommand = new TreeMap<String, String>();
configCommand.put('Choose Locale','1');
configCommand.put("by typing 'quit'",'');
configCommand.put("PRESS <ENTER> TO CONTINUE","");
configCommand.put("DO YOU ACCEPT THE TERMS OF THIS LICENSE AGREEMENT?","y");
configCommand.put("ENTER THE NUMBER OF THE DESIRED CHOICE, OR PRESS <ENTER> TO ACCEPT THE","1");
configCommand.put("ENTER AN ABSOLUTE PATH", extractedPath);
configCommand.put("INSTALL FOLDER IS","y");
configCommand.put('the maximum memory that the DC',"");
configCommand.put('Disk Space Information','');
configCommand.put('Data Aggregator Host',daIP);
configCommand.put('Installation Complete','\necho $?');
```

How to use?

Entering your SSH host IP, username and password.

Selecting a name on The Resource List, it will show you the defined functions on The Function List, the Groovy script file name in File Text Box and the defined variables on The Variable Table below. You have to check all variables showed before starting. Modifying if any variable's values are not correct with your need (Ex: *.bin file is located in other path)

Option: You can save all of the information to a file and load it next time without setting your information again.

68.3.82

rtica_DB

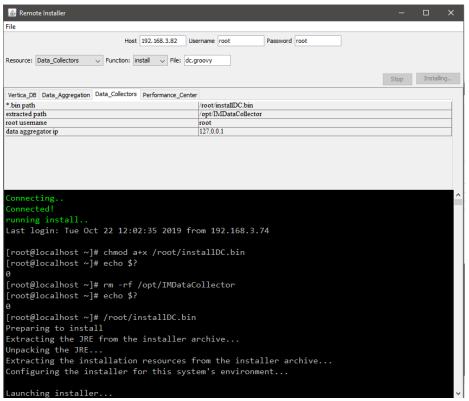
Remote Installer

Save

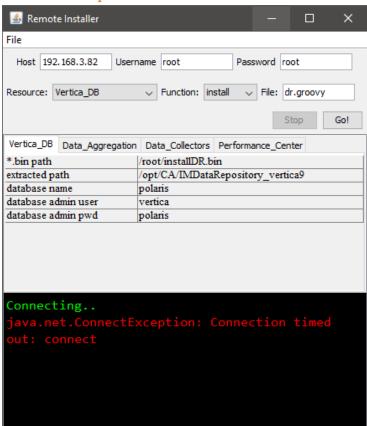
File

The common cases

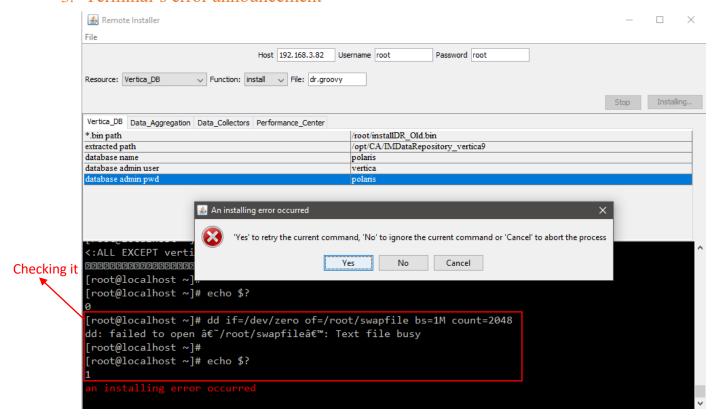
1. Running well



2. Connection problems



3. Terminal's error announcement



- Checking the announcement, then if the problem is important for the next activities, you have to find and fix it by fixing in the connected server or if problem is caused by variable's value, you can modify the wrong ones. Finally, pressing "Yes" to retry.
- If the problem is not important, pressing "No" to ignore it.
- If you need to stop running, you can press "Cancel"

Adding new resources

You can add new resources by altering a saved file and loading it again in next time using.

A tutorial example to add a new resource named "new_resource", following the steps below:

1. Save a configuration file



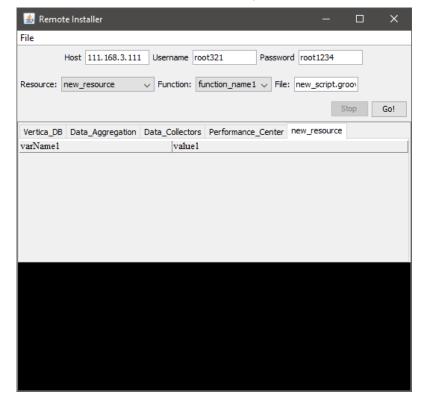
2. Open the file, now you see the format look like:

```
[section name]
key1 = value1
key2 = value2
```

3. Add some information of "new_resource" to the content

```
[Initiation]
Resources = Vertica_DB,Data_Aggregation,Data_Collectors,Performance_Center, new_resource
[Groovy]
Vertica_DB = dr.groovy
Data_Aggregation = da.groovy
Data_Collectors = dc.groovy
Performance_Center = pc.groovy
new_resource = new_script.groovy
[Functions]
Vertica DB = install,uninstall
Data_Aggregation = install,uninstall
Data Collectors = install,uninstall
Performance_Center = install,uninstall
new_resource = function_name1,function_name2
[new_resource_Variables]
varName1 = value1
```

4. Load the modified file into the tool, now the User Interface is updated



5. Create and write a new Groovy script named new_script.groovy in "...\src\main\resources" with the format like other groovy files in this path.

