How config Pelles C Compiler (32 and 64 bits) into CodeBlocks

Name of tutorial: How config Pelles C Compiler (32 and 64 bits) into Code::Blocks on Windows 11 64 bits.

Code::Blocks : the best and great free IDE for Windows, Linux and ... Mac OS

During first run of CB on Windows, this IDE detect automatically some compilers, or present one list of them pre-configured.

It's very good functionnality, but, sometimes, you must "force" these configurations proposed by default to run correctly.

This tuto describe how configure one compiler C on Windows : Pelles C Compiler (version 32 and 64 bits) that is not detected automatically by CB ...

Pelles C is a complete development kit for Desktop Windows. It contains among other things an optimizing C compiler, a macro

assembler, a linker, a resource compiler, a message compiler, a code signing utility, a make utility, an debbuger and an install

builder.

Last version of this compiler support C99/C11/C17/C2x recommandations of C. Pelles Orinius is creator and major maintener of

this fork of LCC compiler (by Chris Fraser and David Hanson).

How to install Pelles C Compiler (32 and 64 bits)?

You can download it from Internet site: http://www.smorgasbordet.com/pellesc/

Then, you select link "setup" and donwload file "setup_pellesC_v12.exe" (version v12 dated may 2023, maybe v13 appear soon!)

After, click on this file to install Pelles C compiler on "C:\PellesC" directory (by default), with no forget to select before

"Add-in SDK" in choices proposed.

Normally, after that, next run of CB detect presence of these compilers and proposed it in list of available compiler in main

menu "Settings" and after submenu "Compiler...", but in these case, no automatic detection... Then how configure this?

Arbitrarily, you can choose into list proposed by CB, "Microsoft Visual C++ 2022" compiler because Pelles C is very closed to

syntax of MSVC, and select "Copy" button, and after "Rename" button to change reference of new compiler like "Pelles C (32b)" by example.

Then you must force many parameters positioned by default with initial compiler "Microsoft Visual C++ 2022".

First, in tab "Toolchain executable", you must write in field "Compiler installation directory": C:\PellesC (subdirectory "\bin" automatically searched after this "top" directory), and in subtab "Program Files", type new list next, field by field:

C compiler : pocc.exe

C++ compiler: pocc.exe (unused here, because only C compiler)

linker for dynamic lib : polink.exe

linker for static lib: polib.exe

debugger:

resource compiler : porc.exe make program : pomake.exe

NB : All name of executable begin by "po" in reference at Pelles Orinius.

NB1 : Pelles C compiler support only C language (and very strict conformance of C99/C11/C17/C2x recommandations).

After, you select tab "Search directories", and into each subtab, you write with "add" button:

to compiler: C:\PellesC\include\Win and C:\PellesC\include

to linker: C:\PellesC\lib\Win and C:\PellesC\lib

to resource compiler: C:\PellesC\include\Win and C:\PellesC\include

It's recommended then to select an option in tab "Compiler Settings" and in subtab "Other compiler options" to write "-Tx86-coff",

and in subtab "#define" to type "X86" in first step. And in the last step, in tab "Linker Settings", select windows "Other linker

options" ans type "/MACHINE:X86", if you want generate and test your target in version 32 bits.

And, with simply source "hellowworld.c", you can test generation of program into IDE CB, choosing "create new project" in main

windows of CB, and choose "console application" with no source proposed by default, because named "main.c" by default, and choose

compiler "Pelles C (32b)".

You can select good directory/source with option "add file" after first creation of project into CB.

One time project created, you can generate it with selecting main menu "Build" and choose submenu "Rebuild..." (or CTRL-F11).

If you apply all of precedent instructions, compile and link of your program must be succeeded. Save your project.

You can also define version 64 bits of Open WATCOM compiler, into CB. You must first return in main menu "Settings" and

after submenu "Compiler..." to choose "Pelles C (32b)", after click on button "Copy" and to terminate rename it with type

"Pelles C (64b)" by button "Rename", by example (=> force identification of "new" compiler into CB).

Nothing to change into "Toolchain executables" menu, but you must change values in "Search directories" menu, for each subtab you

must write with "edit" button to type:

to compiler: C:\PellesC\include\Win64 and C:\PellesC\include

to linker: C:\PellesC\lib\Win64 and C:\PellesC\lib

to resource compiler: C:\PellesC\include\Win64 and C:\PellesC\include

After, you must change "Compiler settings" and "Linker settings". select an option in tab "Compiler Settings" and in subtab

"Other compiler options" to write "-Tx64-coff", and suppress "X86" in subtab "#define" in first step.

And in the last step, in tab "Linker Settings", select windows "Other linker options" ans type "/MACHINE:X64", if you want

generate and test your target in version 64 bits.

You can see that the only difference beetween 32 or 64 bits with this compiler is not based on different binaries, but only

with different options during generations, positioned during compilation but also during linkage.

And, with simply source "hellowworld.c", you can test generation of program into IDE CB, choosing "create new project" in main

windows of CB, and choose "console application" with no source proposed by default, because named "main.c" by default, and choose

compiler "Pelles C (64b)".

You can select good directory/source with option "add file" after first creation of project into CB.

One time project created, you can generate it with selecting main menu "Build" and choose submenu "Rebuild..." (or CTRL-F11).

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Pleasure of programming is open for you, your imagination is illimited, at your keyboard! Enjoy
PS: source file "hellowworld.c":
/ Basic example in language C : hellowworld.c /
#include <stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char argv[]) {
/ printf() displays the string inside quotation */
printf("Hello, World!");
return 0;
PS2: Pelles C compiler can be used directly into command console of Windows (CMD.EXE)
and next command lines configure it:
SET PATHSAV=%PATH%
SET INCSAV=%INCLUDE%
SET LIBSAV=%LIB%
SET PELLESC=C:\PellesC
REM Choose if you use binary directory of Pelles C beetween 32 bits or 64 bits, by suppress "
[64]" after or conserve only "64" beetween []
SET PATH=%PELLESC%\bin;%PATH%
SET INCLUDE=%PELLESC%\include\Win[64];%PELLESC%\include;%INCLUDE%
SET LIB=%PELLESC%\lib\Win[64];%PELLESC%\lib;%LIB%
REM No "one pass" available to generate target with this compiler. Only two passes are
supported:
pocc /Fohellowworld.obj hellowworld.c
polink /OUT:hellowworld.exe hellowworld.obj /MACHINE:X64 /SUBSYSTEM:CONSOLE
After work with Pelles C compiler, but, at the end of your work, think to return in initial state ... to
avoid difficulties:
SET PATH=%PATHSAV%
SET INCLUDE=%INCSAV%
SET LIB=%LIBSAV%
But, it's much easy to use Pelles C Compiler with CB -).
```

PS3: Options of command line utilities "pocc" and "polink" for Pelles C compiler:

Options of command line "pocc" Pelles ISO C Compiler, Version 12.00.1 Copyright (c) Pelle Orinius 1999-2023 Syntax: POCC [options] srcfile{.c|.asm} Options: /arch: Select X64 architecture AVX, AVX2, or SSE2 /D[= Syntax: POLINK [{ option | file | @commandfile } ...] Options: /ALIGN:# /ALLOWBIND[:NO] /ALLOWISOLATION[:NO] /ALTERNATENAME:symbol=symbol /BASE:address /DBG:filename /DEBUG[:NO] /DEBUGTYPE:{PO|COFF|BOTH} /DEF:filename /DEFAULTLIB:filename /DELAY:{NOBIND|UNLOAD} /DELAYLOAD:filename /DEPENDENTLOADFLAG:flag /DLL /DRIVER[:{UPONLY|WDM}] /DYNAMICBASE[:NO] /ENTRY:symbol /EXPORT:symbol[=[module.]symbol][,@ordinal[,NONAME]][,DATA] /FIXED[:NO] /FORCE:MULTIPLE /HEAP:reserve[,commit] /HIGHENTROPYVA[:NO] /IMPLIB:filename /INCLUDE:symbol /INTEGRITYCHECK[:NO] /LARGEADDRESSAWARE[:NO] /LIBPATH:path

/MACHINE:{X64|X86}

/MANIFEST[:{NO|EMBED[,ID=#]}]

/MANIFESTDEPENDENCY:dependency

/MANIFESTFILE:filename

/MANIFESTUAC[:{NO|fragment}]

/MAP[:filename]

/MAPINFO:{EXPORTS|FIXUPS|LINES|PATHS}

/MERGE:from=to

/NODEFAULTLIB

/NOENTRY

/NOIMPLIB

/NXCOMPAT[:NO]

/OPT:{REF|NOREF}

/OSVERSION:#[.##]

/OUT:filename

/RELEASE

/SAFESEH[:NO]

/SECTION:name,[!][E][R][W][S][D][K][P][,ALIGN=#]

/STACK:reserve[,commit]

/STUB:filename

/SUBSYSTEM:{CONSOLE|NATIVE|WINDOWS}[,#[.##]]

/SWAPRUN:{CD|NET}

/TSAWARE[:NO]

/VERBOSE

/VERSION:#[.##]

Pelles C is very good C compiler on Windows systems, it "make the job", it support "openmp" and recent standards of C language,

and generate very small executable with option "/Os". But it's only C compiler, not C++ ...