## How config MinGW GCC C\_C++ compiler (official version) (32 bits) into CodeBlocks

Name of tutorial: How config MinGW GCC C/C++ compiler "official version" (32 bits) into Code::Blocks on Windows 11 64 bits.

Code::Blocks: the best and great free IDE for Windows, Linux and ... Mac OS

During first run of CB on Windows, this IDE detect automatically some compilers, or present one list of them pre-configured.

It's very good functionnality, but, sometimes, you must "force" these configurations proposed by default to run correctly.

This tuto describe how configure very "basic" compiler on Windows : compiler GCC included in package MinGW, official version.

MinGW: A native Windows port of the GNU Compiler Collection (GCC), with freely distributable import libraries and header

files for building native Windows applications; includes extensions to the MSVC runtime to support C99 functionality.

All of MinGW's software will execute on the 64bit Windows platforms.

Remark: MinGW "official version" is only an version 32 bits. Initials authors refuse "porting" to "true" version 64 bits.

I don't know why, but I regret this, and it's reason of creation of "fork": MINGW64, much up to date and "true" 64 bits.

How to install GNU GCC Compiler C/C++ included in package Mingw32 "official version" (version gcc 9.2.0, very old today ...

recent version of gcc is 14.2.0 ... dated 01/08/2024 ...) ?

You can download it from Internet site of Sourceforge:

https://sourceforge.net/projects/mingw/files/Installer/mingw-get-setup.exe

With these tool, you must install all software mandatory to develop: "make", "gcc", "binutils", "win32-api", etc...

You installation of MingW32 is, by default, on directory: C:\MingW. Normally, CB can detect this installation.

But, if not, you can configure this compiler into CB by selecting main menu "Settings" then submenu "Compiler..." into IDE

interface.

After, you choose an compiler proposed : by example, "GNU GCC Compiler (default)", and you choose tab" "Toolchain executable" :

C:\MinGW (subdirectory "\bin" automatically searched after this "top" directory)

compilateur C : gcc.exe

compilateur C++ : g++.exe

linker for dynamic lib: g++.exe

linker for static lib: ar.exe

debugger: gdb.exe

resource compiler : windres.exe make program : mingw32-make.exe

If CB don't propose different values of fields described below, you can change it.

After, you select tab "Search directories", and into each subtab, you write with "add" button, if not searched by default :

to compiler : C:\MinGW\include

to linker: C:\MinGW\lib

to resource compiler: C:\MinGW\include

Then, you can type this into command console Windows: "C:\MinGW\bin\gcc.exe --version"; text after must appear:

gcc.exe (MinGW.org GCC Build-2) 9.2.0

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And, with simply source "hellowworld.c", you can test generation of program into IDE CB, choosing "create new project" in main

windows of CB, and choose "console application" with no source proposed by default, because named "main.c" by default, and choose

compiler "GNU GCC Compiler (default)".

You can select good directory/source with option "add file" after first creation of project into CB.

One time project created, you can generate it with selecting main menu "Build" and choose submenu "Rebuild..." (or CTRL-F11).

If, you apply all of precedent instructions, compile and link of your program must be succeeded. Save your project CB.

Pleasure of programming is open for you, your imagination is illimited, at your keyboard! Enjoy

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PS: source file "hellowworld.c":
/ Basic example in language C : hellowworld.c /
#include <stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char argv[]) {
/ printf() displays the string inside quotation */
printf("Hello, World!");
return 0;
}
PS2: You can also use compiler GCC in command console on Windows (CMD.EXE) with next
instructions:
set PATHSAV=%PATH%
set PATH=C:\MinGW\bin;%PATH%
REM Next instructions are not mandatory, but you can set var if you want.
REM set CLANG=C:\MinGW\include
REM set LIBRARY PATH=C:\MinGW\lib
REM Generate console application in one pass
gcc hellowworld.c -o hellowworld.exe
REM Generate console application in two pass
gcc -c hellowworld.c -o hellowworld.obj
gcc hellowworld.obj -o hellowworld.exe -WI,--subsystem console
Continue with use of GCC, and don't forgive, at the end of your work, to return to initial state:
set PATH=%PATHSAV%
But, it's much easy to use GCC of MinGW directly into CB IDE especially with complex C
program (many C sources
and many subdirectories ...) -)
PS3: Command "gcc" present a very "verbose" list of options, but to resume principal and
useful options, you can use
by example:
"-m16" Generate i386 16 bits object or executable.
"-m32" Generate i386 32 bits object or executable.
"-m64" Generate x64 64 bits object or executable.
"-c" Compile and assemble, but do not link.
"-D var[=value]" Define variable to be use by préprocessor, and optionnally affect an value at
```

this variable.

- "-o " Place the output into .
- "-I " Add directory to search include files
- "-L " Add directory to search library files
- "-shared" Create a shared library.
- "-llibrary" Give name of library used by linker.
- "-pthread" Link with the POSIX threads library.
- "-WI," Pass comma-separated on to the linker. Example of options :
- -t trace all input files used by linker
- --kill-at not add the function name decorations at-sign and number for stdcall functions
- --add-stdcall-alias export functions with the stdcall decoration suffix (@nn) and also without this suffix
- --dll create DLL on Win32 systems
- --export-all-symbols all global symbols in the objects used to build a DLL will be exported by the DLL
- --output-def file create a def file of all exported sysmbols
- --out-implib file create a import library in parallel of creation of shared library
- --subsystem ident create target based on "ident" that can be valued by "native, windows, console, posix, or xbox"

You can consult an summary of these options on site :

https://gcc.gnu.org/onlinedocs/gcc/Option-Summary.html

And for "Id" (linker og gcc), you can consult too: http://sourceware.org/binutils/docs-

2.16/ld/Options.html