

Code used to the first Four problems (labeled appropriately below).

```
#define __STDC_FORMAT_MACROS
#include <assert.h>
#include <inttypes.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <strings.h>

#define CUR_TEST 14

inline static int64_t max(int64_t x, int64_t y) {
    return x > y ? x : y;
}

void simulate(FILE* inputFile, FILE* outputFile)
{
    // See the documentation to understand what these variables mean.
    int32_t microOpCount;
    uint64_t instructionAddress;
    int32_t sourceRegister1;
    int32_t sourceRegister2;
    int32_t destinationRegister;
    char conditionRegister;
    char TNnotBranch;
    char loadStore;
    int64_t immediate;
    uint64_t addressForMemoryOp;
    uint64_t fallthroughPC;
    uint64_t targetAddressTakenBranch;
    char macroOperation[12];
    char microOperation[23];

    int64_t totalMicroops = 0;
    int64_t totalMacroops = 0;

    // Vars for added code
    int64_t insn_total_len = 0;
    int64_t max_branch_offset = 0;
    int64_t total_branch = 0;
    int64_t gone_over = 0;
    int64_t total_extra_ops = 0;
    int64_t load = 0;
    int64_t store = 0;
    int64_t uncond = 0;
```

```

int64_t cond = 0;
int64_t other = 0;

fprintf(outputFile, "Processing trace...\n");

while (true) {
    int result = fscanf(inputFile,
        "%" SCNi32
        "%" SCNx64
        "%" SCNi32
        "%" SCNi32
        "%" SCNi32
        " %c"
        " %c"
        " %c"
        "%" SCNi64
        "%" SCNx64
        "%" SCNx64
        "%" SCNx64
        "%11s"
        "%22s",
        &microOpCount,
        &instructionAddress,
        &sourceRegister1,
        &sourceRegister2,
        &destinationRegister,
        &conditionRegister,
        &TNnotBranch,
        &loadStore,
        &immediate,
        &addressForMemoryOp,
        &fallthroughPC,
        &targetAddressTakenBranch,
        macroOperation,
        microOperation);

:
    if (result == EOF) {
        break;
    }

    if (result != 14) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Error parsing trace at line %" PRIi64 "\n", totalMicroops);
        abort();
    }

    if (targetAddressTakenBranch != 0) {
        total_branch++;
    }
}

```

QUESTION 2

```
    if((int)(2 + floor(log10(abs(instructionAddress - targetAddressTakenBranch))/log10(2))) >
CUR_TEST){
    gone_over++;
}
max_branch_offset =
max(abs(instructionAddress - targetAddressTakenBranch), max_branch_offset);
```

QUESTION 3

```
    if((int)(2 + floor(log10(abs(instructionAddress - targetAddressTakenBranch))/log10(2))) > 8){
    total_extra_ops++;
}
```

QUESTION 4

```
    if (conditionRegister == '-') uncond++;
    else if (conditionRegister == 'R') cond++;
} else if (loadStore == 'L') load++;
else if (loadStore == 'S') store++;
else other++;
```

```
// For each micro-op
totalMicroops++;
// For each macro-op:
if (microOpCount == 1) {
    totalMacroops++;
```

QUESTION 1

```
    insn_total_len += fallthroughPC - instructionAddress;
}
}

fprintf(outputFile, "Average instruction length: %f\n", (insn_total_len + 0.0) / totalMacroops); // Q1
fprintf(outputFile, "Max branch offset: %" PRIi64 "\n", max_branch_offset); // Q2
fprintf(outputFile, "Max branch offset bits: %d\n", (int)(1 +
floor(log10(max_branch_offset)/log10(2)))); // Q2 part 1
fprintf(outputFile, "Cur test: %d, percent over: %f\n %d\n", CUR_TEST, (gone_over + 0.0) /
total_branch); // Q2
fprintf(outputFile, "Added ops for 8 bit branch: %f\n", (total_extra_ops + 0.0) / totalMicroops); // Q3
fprintf(outputFile, "Counts: Load - %" PRIi64 " Store - %" PRIi64
    " UnCond - %" PRIi64 " Cond - %" PRIi64
    " Other - %" PRIi64 "\n",
    load, store, uncond, cond, other);

fprintf(outputFile, "Processed %" PRIi64 " trace records.\n", totalMicroops);

fprintf(outputFile, "Micro-ops: %" PRIi64 "\n", totalMicroops);
fprintf(outputFile, "Macro-ops: %" PRIi64 "\n", totalMacroops);

}
```

QUESTION 18

$\text{CPI} = (\text{seconds} * \text{cycles/ second}) / \text{total instructions}$

$$\text{CPI} = (7.94 * 3.4 \times 10^9) / (200,000 * 458,752)$$

QUESTION 19, 20 Used similar approach