Questions: Multivariate chain rule

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Summary

A selection of questions for the study guide on the multivariate chain rule.

Before attempting these questions, it is highly recommended that you read Guide: Multivariate chain rule.

Q1

Let z = f(x, y) be a function where both x and y depend on an independent variable t.

For each of the following, use the multivariate chain rule to find $\frac{dz}{dt}$, expressing your answer in terms of t only.

- 1.1. $z = x^2y$ where $x = \sin(t)$ and $y = e^{2t}$.
- 1.2. $z = \ln(xy)$ where $x = t^3$ and $y = \cos(t)$.
- $1.3. \hspace{0.5cm} z=x^3+y^3 \text{ where } x=\sqrt{t} \text{ and } y=t^2+1.$
- 1.4. $z = e^{xy}$ where x = t and $y = \ln(t+1)$.
- 1.5. $z = x \tan(y)$ where $x = \cos(t)$ and $y = t^2$.
- 1.6. $z = x^2 + 3xy + y^3$ where x = 2t 1 and $y = 5\sin(t)$.
- $1.7. \qquad z=\frac{x}{y} \text{ where } x=t^2+1 \text{ and } y=t-2.$
- 1.8. $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ where $x = \cos(t)$ and $y = \sin(t)$.
- 1.9. $z = xy^2 + yx^2$ where $x = e^t$ and $y = t^3$.
- 1.10. $z = \ln(x) + xy$ where $x = t^2$ and $y = e^{-t}$.
- 1.11. $z = x^2y$ where x = 2t and $y = \ln(t)$.
- 1.12. $z = x^2 \sin(y)$ where $x = t^3 + 1$ and y = 3t.
- 1.13. $z = e^x + e^y$ where $x = \cosh(t)$ and $y = \sinh(t)$.
- 1.14. $z = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$ where x = t and $y = t^2$.
- 1.15. $z = xe^y$ where $x = \ln(t+2)$ and $y = \sqrt{t}$.

Q2

Let z=f(x,y) be a function where both x and y depend on two independent variables s and t.

For each of the following, use the multivariate chain rule to find $\frac{\partial z}{\partial s}$ and $\frac{\partial z}{\partial t}$, expressing your answers in terms of s and t only.

- 2.1. $z = x^2y$ where x = s + t and $y = s^2 t^2$.
- 2.2. $z = \ln(x+y)$ where $x = e^s \cos(t)$ and $y = e^s \sin(t)$.
- 2.3. $z = x^3 3xy$ where x = st and y = s + t.
- 2.4. $z = e^{x+y}$ where $x = s^2$ and $y = \ln(t)$.
- 2.5. $z = x \sin(y)$ where $x = s t^2$ and y = st.
- 2.6. $z = x^2 + y^2$ where $x = \cos(s)\sin(t)$ and $y = \sin(s)\cos(t)$.
- 2.7. $z = xy + x^2$ where x = s + t and y = s t.
- 2.8. $z = \ln(x) \ln(y)$ where x = s + t and y = st.
- 2.9. $z = \tan(x + y)$ where $x = s^2 t$ and $y = s + t^2$.
- 2.10. $z = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$ where $x = s^2 t^2$ and y = 2st.

Q3

Let $w=f(x_1,\dots,x_n)$ be a function that depends on variables x_1,\dots,x_n , where each x_i is itself a function of t_1,\dots,t_m .

For each of the following, use a tree diagram to write the multivariate chain rule, and find the resulting partial derivatives.

3.1.
$$w = x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \text{ where } \begin{cases} x = s + t \\ y = s - t \\ z = st \end{cases}$$

3.2.
$$w = xy + z \text{ where } \begin{cases} x = s + t + u \\ y = st \\ z = u + t \end{cases}$$

3.3.
$$w = \sin(xy) + \cos(z) \text{ where } \begin{cases} x = s^2 \\ y = t^2 \\ z = s + t \end{cases}$$

3.4.
$$w=x^2+y^2$$
 where
$$\begin{cases} x=s+t+u\\ y=s-t+u \end{cases}$$

After attempting the questions above, please click this link to find the answers.

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