Χ





getpythoncode@gmail.com ~

NPTEL (https://swayam.gov.in/explorer?ncCode=NPTEL) » The Joy of Computing using Python (course)



Course outline

How does an NPTEL online course work?

Week 1

- Introduction to Programming (unit? unit=17&lesson=18)
- Why
 Programming?
 (unit?
 unit=17&lesson=19)
- Programming for Everybody (unit? unit=17&lesson=20)
- Any Prerequisites? (unit? unit=17&lesson=21)
- Where to start? (unit? unit=17&lesson=22)
- Why do we have so many

Assignment 1

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.

Due on 2020-09-30, 23:59 IST.

Assignment submitted on 2020-09-21, 12:42 IST

- toolgrimont oublinetod on 2020 oo 21, 12.12 to
- 1) Which of the following is true about a computer program?

1 point

- It is a sequence of instructions
- Instructions that are written in simple english
- There is only one universal programming language
- It is meant for only software developers

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

It is a sequence of instructions

- 2) Assume you are given two images, each displaying two basic positions of situps.1 point Identify the set of commands to perform an exercise with both images.
 - Turn clockwise 90 degree / Turn clockwise -90 degrees
 - Move 10 steps / Move -10 steps
 - Hide / Show
 - point in direction 90 / point in direction -90

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

Hide / Show

languages? (unit? unit=17&lesson=23)

- How to go about programming? (unit? unit=17&lesson=24)
- Why to learn programming? (unit? unit=17&lesson=25)
- What is programming? (unit? unit=17&lesson=26)
- How to give instructions? (unit? unit=17&lesson=27)
- Introduction to Scratch (unit? unit=17&lesson=28)
- Introduction to Loops (unit? unit=17&lesson=29)
- More about Loops (unit? unit=17&lesson=30)
- Solution to Looping Problem (unit? unit=17&lesson=31)
- Scratch : Animation 1 (unit? unit=17&lesson=32)
- O Scratch: Animation 2 (unit? unit=17&lesson=33)
- Scratch : Animation 3 (unit? unit=17&lesson=34)
- More on Scratch (unit? unit=17&lesson=35)

- 3) Choose the best command to be used at the start of your code, to locate the sprite at an initial position every time you play the animation.
 - change x to val
 - set x to val / set y to val
 - point in direction 90
 - point towards mouse pointer

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

set x to val / set y to val

 Assume the sprite is a ball and predict the output of the following control structure. 1 point



- The ball glides to a random position in 1 second
- The ball glides to 10 random positions taking 1 second to reach each position
- The ball glides to a random position and waits there for 10 seconds
- The ball glides to 10 random positions within 1 second

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

The ball glides to 10 random positions taking 1 second to reach each position

5) Pick the snippet that helps the sprite to find the factorial of 5 as output.

1 point

Given:

Factorial (n)=1 x 2 x 3 x .. x (n-1) x n

Quiz: Assignment 1 (assessment? name=274)

Week 1
Feedback
Form: The Joy
of Computing
using Python
(unit?
unit=17&lesson=282)

Assignment 1 solutions (unit? unit=17&lesson=300)

Week 2

Week 3

week 4

Week 5

Week 6

Week 7

Week 8

Week 9

Week 10

Week 11

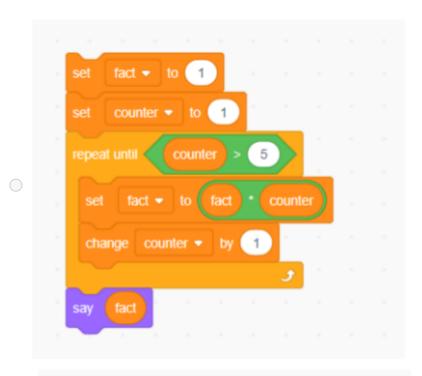
Week 12

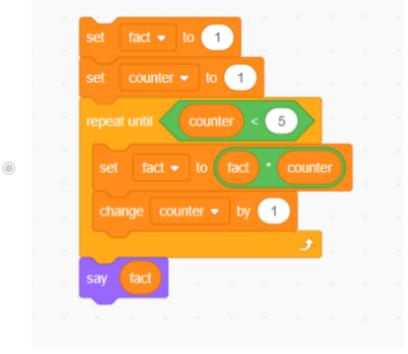
Text Transcripts

Download Videos

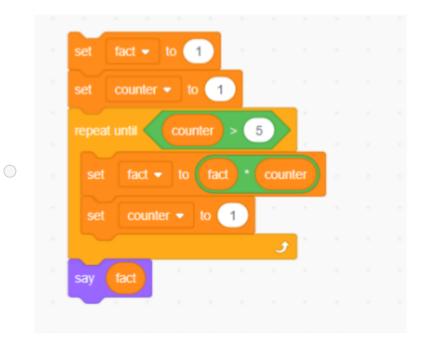
Books

December 13 Programming test - Session 1 (10AM to 11AM)



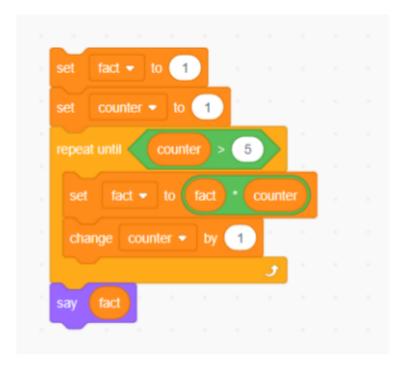


December 13 Programming test - Session 2 (8PM to 9PM)



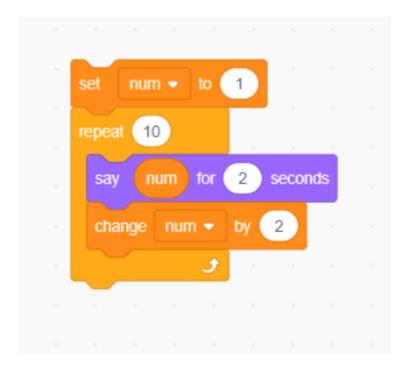


No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers:



6) Predict the sequence of numbers that the sprite recites:

1 point



```
1, 2, 3, ..., 19
```

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

^{0 1, 3, 5, ..., 19}

^{3, 5, 7, ..., 19}

^{1, 2, 3, ..., 20}

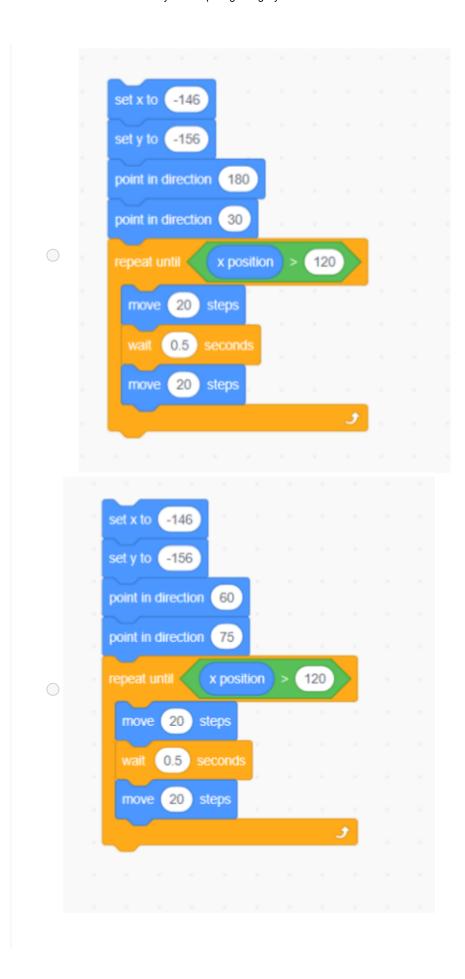
Accepted Answers:

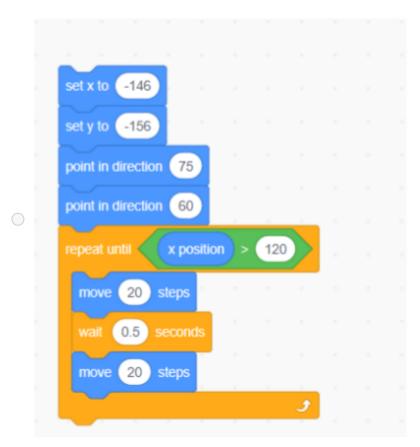
1, 3, 5, .., 19

7) Consider a road inclined at an angle of 30° and we have a car sprite to be driven over 1 point this road. Pick the code that helps to perform the same.

Hint: The initial direction of the sprite is $90^{\circ}\,$.

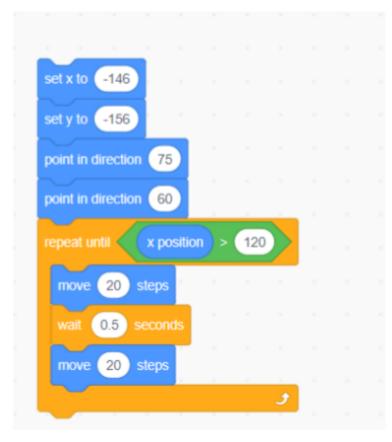






No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers:



		_			
O١	Idontify the	aammand ta	aammuniaata	OOLOO	multiple sprites.
\sim 1	ICIELLIUV ILIE	COMBINATION	COMMUNICATE	acioss	minimole somes

1 point

- say message
- oplay sound
- Broadcast message
- touching color

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

Broadcast message

9) Pick out the scratch library that provides the functionality to switch backdrop?

1 point

- Motion
- Control
- Looks
- Sensing

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

Looks

10) Imagine a Magic wand sprite and predict the output for the following set of instructions. 1 point



- The Magic wand flies to a random position takes 1 sec pause and then reaches another random position.
- The Magic wand flies to a random position in 1 sec and after a 0.25 sec pause, it repeats the same until it is stopped.
- The Magic wand reaches all edges of the screen in a uniform pattern
- The Magic wand flies between the top and bottom edges repeatedly.

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

The Magic wand flies to a random position in 1 sec and after a 0.25 sec pause, it repeats the same until it is stopped.

func()

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.

Due on 2020-09-30, 23:59 IST.

Assignment submitted on 2020-09-29, 21:16 IST

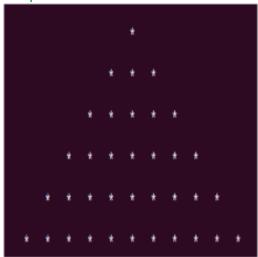
NOTE: Python 3.7 has been used for this Assignment

Identify the statement with an invalid syntax. Expected Output: Stay Safe! Friends 1 point print("Stay Safe!", "Friends") print("Stay Safe! Friends") print('Stay Safe! Friends') print(Stay Safe Friends) Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1 Accepted Answers: print(Stay Safe Friends) Predict the output for the following code that checks the eligibility to vote. 1 point age=19if age >= 18print('Hey! You are eligible to vote') else: print('OOPS! You are not eligible to vote') Hey! You are eligible to vote OOPS! You are not eligible to vote Syntax Error: invalid syntax Invalid age No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: Syntax Error: invalid syntax What is the output of the following code? 0 points def func(): print() c=10i=0while (i <=5): while $(j \le 20)$: **print**(' ',end=' ') **if** (j > = 10-i **and** j < = 10+i): print('*', end=" ") else: print(' ', end=" ") j=j+1print('\n') i=i+1

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:



With n as input, the code below computes

0 points

```
def mul(num):
    if (num==1):
        return(-1)
    return(-1*mul(num-1))
    n=int(input("Enter the value of n"))
    print(mul(n))

-1 × n -1 × n
-1 + n -1 + n
(-1)^n (-1)n
(-1)^n (-1)

Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 0
Accepted Answers:
(-1)^n (-1)n
```

For the given code, what is the value of 'total' variable at the end of execution?

1 point

```
m1 = '98'

m2 = '79'

m3 = '87'

total = m1 + m2 + m3

print(total)
```

- syntax error
- 264
- 988779
- 987987

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

987987

Replace the given set of instructions with a for loop.

1 point

```
n=2
       print(n)
       n=n*2
       print(n)
       n=n*2
       print(n)
       n=n*2
       print(n)
       n=n*2
       print(n)
      for i in range (1,6):
      print(pow(2,i))
      for i in range (1,6):
                 print(pow(i,2))
      for i in range (1,6):
                 print(pow(2, i))
   for i in range (1,5):
                \mathbf{print}(\mathbf{pow}(2,i))
  Yes, the answer is correct.
 Score: 1
 Accepted Answers:
   for i in range (1,6):
             print(pow(2,i))
Which of the following is the output for the given code?
                                                                         1 point
       n=5; print (n+5); print (n+5); print (n+5); print (n+5);
   0 10 10 10 10
   0 5 10 15 20
      10
      10
      10
      10
     5
     10
     15
     20
 Yes, the answer is correct.
 Score: 1
 Accepted Answers:
```

```
10
   10
   10
Identify the appropriate output.
                                                                                      1 point
          name='Avani Chaturvedi!'
          print('Hello!', name, 'How are you?')
          print('Proud to meet you!')
   Hello! Avani Chaturvedi! How are you? Proud to meet you!
   Hello! Avani Chaturvedi!
      How are you?
      Proud to meet you!
   Hello!
      Avani Chaturvedi!
      How are you?
     Proud to meet you!
   Hello! Avani Chaturvedi! How are you?
     Proud to meet you!
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  Hello! Avani Chaturvedi! How are you?
    Proud to meet you!
What happens if we key in number 5 for the variable c in the below code?
                                                                                      1 point
          c=1
          \mathbf{while}(c==1):
                      print('hello')
                      c=int(input('Enter choice:0/1:'))
   Loop terminates

    Continues execution

   Program restarts execution
   None of the above
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  Loop terminates
What is the output of the following code?
                                                                                      1 point
         d = -20
         \mathbf{while}(d>0):
               \mathbf{print}(d)
          if (d<0):
                \mathbf{print}(-1*d)
   Infinite loop
   -20 20
   20
   _ -20
```

10

Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1

Accepted Answers: 20

print (sum)

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.

Due on 2020-10-07, 23:59 IST.

Assignment submitted on 2020-10-07, 23:54 IST

```
NOTE: Python 3.7 has been used for this Assignment
What is the expected output for the following code?
                                                                    1 point
  cart = ['coffee', 'sugar', 'cheese', 'butter']
  for item in cart:
               if item='sugar':
                            print('jaggery')
               else:
                            print(item)
  ['coffee','jaggery','cheese','butter']
   ['coffee', 'sugar', 'cheese', 'butter']
  coffee
    jaggery
    cheese
    butter

    coffee jaggery cheese butter

 Yes, the answer is correct.
 Score: 1
 Accepted Answers:
 coffee
   jaggery
   cheese
   butter
Which of the following code prints the sum of weights of people in the lift?
                                                                    1 point
    \mathbf{sum} = 0
    weights = [97, 52, 65, 43, 77]
    for w in weights:
                 sum=sum+w
    print (sum)
   sum=0
   weights = [97, 52, 65, 43, 77]
   for w in range(len(weights)):
                sum=sum+w
```

```
\mathbf{sum} = 0
    weights = [97, 52, 65, 43, 77]
    for w in weights:
    sum=sum+w
    print (sum)
     sum=0
     weights = [97, 52, 65, 43, 77]
     for w in weights:
                    sum=w
     print (sum)
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
   sum=0
    weights = [97, 52, 65, 43, 77]
    for w in weights:
                  sum=sum+w
    print (sum)
Consider a python list named 'book titles'. Pick the statement to add 'Who moved my cheese?' as
the third item.
Given: book titles = ['Exam Warriors', 'Evil in the Mahabharata', '6 TIMES THINNER', 'The Driver in the
Driverless Car', 'Evolution']
   book titles.append(2,'Who moved my cheese?')
   book titles.insert(2,'Who moved my cheese?')
   book titles.insert(3,'Who moved my cheese?')
   book titles.append(3,'Who moved my cheese?')
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  book titles.insert(2, 'Who moved my cheese?')
Pick the relevant output for the given code.
                                                                             1 point
        n = [1, 4, 2, 8, 21, 17]
        n.reverse()
         print(n)
   [1, 2, 4, 8, 17, 21]
   [21, 17, 8, 4, 2, 1]
   [17, 21, 8, 2, 4, 1]
   [1, 4, 2, 8, 21, 17]
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
 [17, 21, 8, 2, 4, 1]
```

Specify the purpose of 'break' statement inside a nested loop.			
Ends execution of the program			
Ends execution of the outermost loop			
Skips the current iteration of the loop			
Ends the execution of the loop			
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0			
Accepted Answers: Ends the execution of the loop			
You are given a list, 'marks' scored by 30 students. Identify the instruction to find the 2% trimmed mean for the given data.	1 point		
m=stats.trim_mean(marks,0.2)			
m=stats.trim_mean(marks,0.03)			
m=stats.trim_mean(30,0.02)			
m=stats.trim_mean(marks,0.02)			
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1			
Accepted Answers: m=stats.trim_mean(marks,0.02)			
How will you simulate 'Rolling a Dice' with six faces by making use of 'random' library?	1 point		
oroll= random.choice(1,2,3,4,5,6)			
oroll= random.range(1,5)			
oroll= random.randint(1,6)			
oroll= random.random(6)			
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1			
Accepted Answers: roll= random.randint(1,6)			
Consider a python list named 'book_titles'. Given: book_titles = ['Exam Warriors', 'Evil in the Mahabharata', '6 TIMES THINNER', 'The Driver in Driverless Car', 'Evolution']	1 point the		
What is the output for the following operation?			
book_titles[4:]			
C['Evolution']			
['Exam Warriors', 'Evil in the Mahabharata', '6 TIMES THINNER','The Driver in the Driverless Car']			
O[]			
◯ ['Exam Warriors', 'Evil in the Mahabharata', '6 TIMES THINNER']			
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1			
Accepted Answers: ['Evolution']			
Assuming, there is no file named 'file.txt' on my computer, what does the following code do?	1 point		

```
with open('file.txt', 'w') as f:
            f. write ('Hey! I am writing.');
 f.close()
 with open('file.txt','w') as f:
            f. write ('Hey I am writing the second line.');
 f.close()
 with open('file.txt','r') as f:
            print(f.read())
 f.close()
  Shows error
  Displays: Hey I am writing the second line
  Displays: Hey! I am writing. Hey I am writing the second line.
  Oisplays: Hey! I am writing.
 Yes, the answer is correct.
 Score: 1
 Accepted Answers:
 Displays: Hey I am writing the second line
Predict the output
                                                                     1 point
       my_para='i am to go to KT in A'
       print(list(my_para))
   ['i', ' ', 'a', 'm', ' ', 't', 'o', ' ', 'g', 'o', ' ', 't', 'o', ' ',
   'K', 'T', '', 'i', 'n', '', 'A']
   ['i', 'a', 'm', 't', 'o', 'g', 'o', 't', 'o', 'K', 'T', 'i', 'n', 'A']
   ['i', 'am', 'to', 'go', 'to', 'KT', 'in', 'A']
   ['i', '', 'am', '', 'to', '', 'go', '', 'to', '', 'KT', '', 'in', '',
   'A']
 Yes, the answer is correct.
 Score: 1
 Accepted Answers:
  ['i', '', 'a', 'm', '', 't', 'o', '', 'g', 'o', '', 't', 'o', '',
  'K', 'T', '', 'i', 'n', '', 'A']
```

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.

NOTE: Python 3.7 has been used for this Assignment

Due on 2020-10-14, 23:59 IST.

Assignment submitted on 2020-10-14, 21:33 IST

Which statement can be used to come out of an infinite loop?	1 point
ontinue	
○ break	
○ try	
catch	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: break	
You are supposed to code your 'To do' list that contains all the activities that you plan to perfoday. Assume you recharged your mobile and want to delete it from the list. Identify the statement to perform the same. Given: to_do=['Send Email', 'Recharge Mobile', 'Workshop preparation']	orm in a 1 point
○ to_do.delete("Recharge Mobile ")	
○ to_do.clear("Recharge Mobile")	
to_do.remove("Recharge Mobile")	
to_do.pop()	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: to_do.remove("Recharge Mobile")	
Simulate a 'Lot Box' that contains all alphabets from 'A' to 'Z'. Draw and Display.	0 points
<pre>print(random.choice(list(string.ascii_letters)))</pre>	
<pre>print(random.choice(list(string.ascii_uppercase)))</pre>	
print(random.choice(list(string.ascii_lowercase)))	
print(random.choice(string.ascii_uppercase))	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 0	
Accepted Answers: print(random.choice(list(string.ascii_uppercase)))	
The following snippet produces TypeError: int object not callable. Pick out the correct code. result=a(b+(c**2)) where a, b and c are any integers	1 point
result=ax(b+(c**2))	
result=a//(b+(c**2))	
result=a*(b+(c**2))	
result=a.(b+(c**2))	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: result=a*(b+(c**2))	
How will you display the current date in 'mm/dd/yy' format?	1 point
print(datetime.datetime.now().strftime('%c'))	
print(datetime.datetime.now().strftime('%B'))	
print(datetime.datetime.now().strftime('%C'))	

```
print(datetime.datetime.now().strftime('%x'))
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  print(datetime.datetime.now().strftime('%x'))
What does the following code do?
                                                                                       0 points
          s1=input('Enter a string')
          s2=input('Enter another string')
          for each in list(s2):
                       for each2 in list(s1):
                                    if (each=each2):
                                                 print(`yes')
                                                 break
   prints yes if both strings are same
   prints yes if both strings have atleast one common character
   prints yes if first string is contained in the second
   none of the above
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 0
  Accepted Answers:
  prints yes if both strings have atleast one common character
What does the following function do?
                                                                                        1 point
def leap (year):
            if(year \% 400 = 0 or (year \% 100 != 0 and year \% 4 == 0)):
                      return 1
            else:
                      return 0
   returns true for century year and false for non century year
   returns true for leap year and false for non leap year
   returns false for century year and true for non century year
   none of the above
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  returns true for leap year and false for non leap year
Given a n \times n nxn square matrix mx in the form of list of lists in figure, what is the output of the
                                                                                        1 point
statement func(mx,2) given n=7?
```

```
1 2 3 4 5 6 7
8 9 0 9 8 7 6
5 4 3 2 1 2 3
4 5 6 7 8 9 0
9 8 7 6 5 4 3
2 1 2 3 4 5 6
7 8 9 0 9 8 7
```

```
def func (mx, i):
                      for ind in range(i,n-i):
                                 print(mx[i][ind],end=' ')
                      for ind in range(i+1,n-i):
                                 print (mx[ind][n-1-i], end='')
                      for ind in range (n-2-i, i, -1):
                                 \mathbf{print} (\max[n-1-i][ind], end=']
                      for ind in range (n-i-1,i,-1):
                                 print (mx[ind][i],end='')
   32185676
   321678765
   321185567763
   367772185
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  32185676
Pick out the snippet to perform integer division.
                                                                            1 point
   a // b
   (a / b
   a mod b
   a % b
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
Pick out the valid function call to the definition given below:
                                                                            1 point
        def is_participating (name, participants):
                   c=participants.count(name)
                   if c == 0:
                              return (False)
                   else:
                              return (True)
   is_participating('Raji', 'Shiva', 'Raji', 'Priya')
   is_participating('Raji',['Shiva','Raji','Priya'])
   is_participating['Raji',{'Shiva','Vani','Priya'}]
   is participating('Raji',{'Shiva','Raji','Priya'})
```

Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1

Accepted Answers: is_participating('Raji',['Shiva','Raji','Priya'])

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.

Due on 2020-10-21, 23:59 IST.

Assignment submitted on 2020-10-21, 23:42 IST

NOTE: Python 3.7 has been used for this Assignment

Select the command to empty or reset the 'employee' dictionary.

1 point

- odel employee
- del employee[0:2]
- employee.remove()
- employee.clear()

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

employee.clear()

Which of the following code represents creating a dictionary from a list where keys are the unique elements from the list and the value corresponding to a key is the number of times that key occurs in the list.

```
dict1=\{\}
 list1 = [1, 2, 4, 5, 3, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 9, 10]
 for each in list1:
           if each not in dict1:
                    dict1[each]=1
           else:
                    dict1 [each] = dict1 [each] + list1 .count(each)
 print (dict1)
dict1=\{\}
list1 = [1, 2, 4, 5, 3, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 9, 10]
for each in list1:
          if each not in dict1:
                    dict1[each]=0
          else:
                    dict1 [each] = dict1 [each] + list1 . count (each)
print(dict1)
 dict1=\{\}
 list1 = [1, 2, 4, 5, 3, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 9, 10]
 for each in list1:
           if each not in dict1:
                     dict1 [each]=1
           else:
                      dict1[each] = dict1[each] + 1
 print (dict1)
none of these
```

```
Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
   dict1=\{\}
   list 1 = [1, 2, 4, 5, 3, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 9, 10]
   for each in list1:
                 if each not in dict1:
                              dict1 [each]=1
                 else:
                              dict1[each] = dict1[each] + 1
   print(dict1)
Identify the audio file format that is NOT supported by Python Speech Recognition Module.
                                                                                         1 point
   FLAC
   AIFF
   ○ WAV
   MP3
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  MP3
Which of the following exception can be used to handle the error that occurs when Google cannot
understand the audio content in speech recognition?
   UnknownValueError
   RequestError
   ValueError
   RunTimeError
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  Unknown Value Error
Which of the following statements is correct for the Monte Hall problem?
                                                                                         1 point
Statement I: If you choose the correct door on the first try, then switching loses
Statement II: Contestants who switch have 2/3 chances to win whereas contestants who donot switch have
1/3 chances of win.
   O I only
   Il only
   Both I & II
   None
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  Both I & II
```

Which of the random experiments from the options does the code represent?

1 point

```
import random
          p1=['rock', 'paper', 'scissor']
          p2=['rock', 'paper', 'scissor']
          c1=random.choice(p1)
          c2=random.choice(p2)
          if (c1==c2):
                      print('SUCCESS')
          else:
                      print('FAIL')
   Prints a success when both people select the same object
   Prints a success when both people select "rock"
   Prints a success when both people select different objects
   None of the above
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  Prints a success when both people select the same object
What does the following code represent?
                                                                                    1 point
      import random
      x=0
      v=0
      while (1):
                  r = random.uniform(0,1)
                  if (r < 0.4):
                              x=x+1
                  elif (r < 0.8):
                              y=y+1
                  else:
                              x=x+1
                              y=y+1
                  print 'location = (',x,',',y,')'
                  input ("enter a key to continue")

    A drunkard moving on a straight line, moving one step forward with probability 0.4, one step

   backward with probability 0.4 and staying at the same place with probability 0.2
   O A drunkard moving on a XY plane, moving right with probability 0.4, upwards with probability 0.8 and
   diagonally up-right with probability 1.
   O A drunkard moving on a XY plane, moving right with probability 0.4, upwards with probability 0.4 and
   diagonally up-right with probability 0.2.
     A drunkard moving on a XY plane, moving left with probability 0.4, downwards with probability 0.8
   and diagonally down-left with probability 1.
```

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

A drunkard moving on a XY plane, moving right with probability 0.4, upwards with probability 0.4 and diagonally up-right with probability 0.2.

The following code takes a list as input and prints the sorted list as an output. The outer for loop is to 1 point count the number of iterations. What is the purpose of the inner for loop?

```
def bubble(mylist):
            n=len (mylist)
             for i in range(n):
                         for j in range (0, n-i-1):
                                      if mylist[j] > mylist[j+1]:
                                                  mylist [j], mylist [j+1]=mylist [j
                                                       +1] , mylist [j]
            print (mylist)
   To fetch the pair of consecutive elements to be compared
   Index of the element for which the right position is to be found
   To identify the max element
   To check if the list is sorted
  No. the answer is incorrect.
  Score: 0
  Accepted Answers:
  To fetch the pair of consecutive elements to be compared
The following code to its best, represents a scenario:
                                                                                           1 point
     def func (i,f):
                   print(i)
                   if ( i == 0):
                                 \operatorname{func}(i+1,f)
                   if (i = 128):
                                \operatorname{func}(i-1,f)
                   if (f = =1):
                   if(f==-1): func(i+1,f)

func(i-1,f)
   A cake getting eaten by half of its current amount every time
   A student attempting alternate questions, starting from a given question
   Viruses doubling inside a body and killing the person once their population becomes 128 or more.
   Metro train serving 128 stations to and from
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  Metro train serving 128 stations to and from
Given that you have a sorted list of 1000 elements and the element to find is at the end of your
                                                                                           1 point
list(worst case),
what is the number of comparisons to search such an element using linear search and binary search?
   0 1000, 10
   0 10, 2
   0 1000, 2
   0 10, 10
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  1000, 10
```

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.

Due on 2020-10-28, 23:59 IST.

Assignment submitted on 2020-10-28, 21:30 IST

NOTE: Python 3.7 has been used for this Assignment

Look at the following functions.

1 point

```
import random
import string
def create_encryption_key(string1):
    chars=list(set(list(string1)))
    keydict={}
    taken =[]
    for each in chars:
        while (1):
             r=random.choice(chars)
             if(r not in taken) :
                 keydict [each] = r
                 taken.append(r)
                 break
    return (keydict)
def reverse(d):
    d1 = \{\}
    for each in d:
        d1 [d[each]] = each
    return d1
def encrypt(letter , key):
    1=[]
    for i in range(0,len(letter)):
        1.append(key[letter[i]])
    return(1)
```

Which of the following set of statements correctly represent encryption and decryption using substitution cipher?

It is also given that the set of characters for substitution is chosen from the plain text.

```
plain_text=input("Enter the string you want to encrypt")
key=create_encryption_key(plain_text)
cipher_list= encrypt(plain_text,key)
cipher_text=(' '.join(cipher_list))
plain_list= encrypt(cipher_list,reverse(key))
plain_text=(' '.join(plain_list))

plain_text=input("Enter the string you want to encrypt")
key=create_encryption_key(plain_text)
cipher_list= encrypt(plain_text,key)
cipher_text=(' '.join(cipher_list))
plain_list= encrypt(cipher_list,key)
plain_text=(' '.join(plain_list))

plain_text=input("Enter the string you want to encrypt")
key=create_encryption_key(plain_text)
```

```
cipher_text=(''.join(cipher_list))
    plain_list= encrypt(plain_list,reverse(key))
   plain_text= (' '.join(plain_list))
    None of the above
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  plain text=input("Enter the string you want to encrypt")
  key=create_encryption_key(plain_text)
  cipher_list= encrypt(plain_text,key)
  cipher_text=(' '.join(cipher_list))
  plain list= encrypt(cipher list,reverse(key))
  plain_text= (' '.join(plain_list))
Assuming, there is no file named 'file.txt' on my computer, what does the following code do?
                                                                                          1 point
          with open('file.txt','w') as f:
                 print(f.read())
                        f.write('Hey! I am writing');
           f.close()
   Creates a file named file.txt and adds 'Hey! I am writing' to it
   Shows an error because file does not exist
   shows an error because file in not opened in the reading mode
    None of the above
  No, the answer is incorrect.
  Score: 0
  Accepted Answers:
  None of the above
What does the function 'confidential' do?
                                                                                          1 point
 def confidential (mob_num):
             subs_dict={}
             sec_num = [0] * len(mob_num)
             for i in range(len(string.digits)):
                         subs\_dict[string.digits[i]] = string.digits[i-1]
             for j in range(len(mob_num)):
                         sec_num[j]=subs_dict[mob_num[j]]
             return (sec_num)
   Generates the secret code for the given mobile number with every digit coded with the next digit.
    Ogenerates the secret code for the given mobile number with every digit coded with the previous
   digit.

    Generates the secret code for the given mobile number with every digit coded with a random digit.

    Generates the secret code for the given mobile number with every digit coded with a special
   character.
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  Generates the secret code for the given mobile number with every digit coded with the previous digit.
What is the output for the given code?
                                                                                          1 point
```

cipher list= encrypt(plain text,key)

```
import numpy
         mat=numpy.array([[1,2,3],[4,5,6],[7,8,9]])
         def add(mat):
                     sum=0
                      for i in range (2):
                                  for j in range(2):
                                              if i==j:
                                                          sum=sum+mat [ i ] [ j ]
                     return (sum)
         print (add (mat))
   15
   9
   6
   24
  No, the answer is incorrect.
  Score: 0
  Accepted Answers:
Which of the following can be used to see the dimension of a numpy array named 'arr'?
                                                                                   1 point
   dim(arr)
   shape(arr)
   arr.shape
   arr.shape()
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  arr.shape
What happens if we fail to check the anchor case in a recursive function?
                                                                                   1 point
   Results in an infinite loop
   RunTimeError
   Never gets executed
   Returns a wrong output
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  Results in an infinite loop
What is the output of the following code?
                                                                                   1 point
    print('ab'.isalpha())
   O True
   False
   None
   Error
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  True
If GOLD is encoded as FNKC, then how is PLATINUM encoded?
                                                                                   1 point
```

NKYRGLSK	
OKZSHMUL	
○ NJYRGLSK	
OKZSHMTL	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: OKZSHMTL	
Which of these statements is true?	1 point
Recursion can solve only a subset of problems which Iteration can.	
Recursion is not related to Iteration.	
 Recursion cannot solve the problems that can be solved by iteration. 	
Any problem that Recursion can solve, can also be solved by Iteration	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: Any problem that Recursion can solve, can also be solved by Iteration	
Which of the following strategy of play does Tic Tac Toe belong to?	1 point
○ Max-max	
○ Min-max	
○ Max-min	
○ Min-min	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: Min-max	

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.

Due on 2020-11-04, 23:59 IST.

Assignment submitted on 2020-11-04, 20:47 IST

NOTE: Python 3.7 has been used for this Assignment

Imagine a single player snakes and ladders game. The code below represents

1 point

```
import random
def play (psn, flag):
         snake_begin=-1
         \operatorname{snake\_end} = -1
         while(snake_begin <= snake_end):</pre>
                  snake_begin=random.randint(1,99)
                  snake_end=random.randint(1,99)
         print('Snake from', snake_begin, 'to', snake_end)
         r = random. randint(1,6)
         print('Dice rolled:',r)
         if(psn==0):
                  if (r==1 or r==6):
                           psn=1
         else:
                  psn=psn+r
         print('Position=',psn)
         #input()
         if (psn==snake_begin and flag==0):
                  print ('Bitten by snake')
                  psn=snake_end
                  flag=1
         if (psn >= 100):
                  print ('You won')
                  return
         play (psn, flag)
position=0
print('Position=', position)
play (position, 0)
```

- A snakes and ladders game with one snake whose position remains constant while the player is playing. The position also remains the same during any subsequent plays (i.e. the game board does not change while you sleep and play again the next day).
- A snakes and ladders game with one snake whose position remains constant while the player is playing. However, the position can change during any subsequent plays (i.e. the game board might change while you sleep and play again the next day).
- A snakes and ladders game with one snake where the snake can change its position during the game and also during any subsequent plays (a board game where the snakes keep moving). Further, the snake can bite you any number of times.
- A snakes and ladders game with one snake where the snake can change its position during the game and also during any subsequent plays (a board game where the snake keeps moving). Further, the snake can bite you only once when you play.

Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

A snakes and ladders game with one snake where the snake can change its position during the game and also during any subsequent plays (a board game where the snake keeps moving). Further, the snake can bite you only once when you play.

Consider the code given below. Assume your current position being 19 and what happens when you **1** point roll 2?

```
import random
           end=100
           def snake_ladder(pos):
                    sl_dict = \{1:38,4:14,8:30,21:42,28:76,32:10,
                    36:6,48:26,50:67,62:18,71:92,80:99,88:24,95:56,97:78}
                    if pos in sl_dict.keys():
                             return(sl_dict[pos])
                    else:
                             return (pos)
           def play():
                    pos=0
                    turn=0
                    print('Let's play Snakes ans Ladders!')
                    while (1):
                             c=input('Press 1 to roll Dice/0 to Quit')
                             if c=='0':
                                      break
                             roll=random.randint(1,6)
                             turn=turn+1
                             pos_roll=pos+roll
                             pos=snake_ladder(pos_roll)
                             if pos>pos_roll:
                                      print ('Hurray! You climbed a ladder.
                                      Your score is ',pos)
                             elif pos<pos_roll:
                                      print ('OOPS! You are bitten by a snake.
                                       Your score is ', pos)
                             else:
                                      print ('Your position is ', pos)
                             if pos>=end:
                                      print ('You won in ', turn, ' turns')
                                      break
           play()
   You climb up the ladder to reach 42
   You are bitten by a snake to reach 42
   O You win
   You Quit
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  You climb up the ladder to reach 42
Imagine a single player snakes and ladders game. The code below represents
                                                                              1 point
```

```
import random
def play (psn):
         snake_begin=-1
         \operatorname{snak} e_{-} \operatorname{end} = -1
         while (snake_begin <= snake_end):
                  snake_begin=random.randint(1,99)
                  snake_end=random.randint(1,99)
         r = random.randint(1,6)
         print('Dice rolled:',r)
         if(psn==0):
                   if(r==1 or r==6):
                            psn=1
         else:
                   psn=psn+r
         if (psn==snake_begin):
                   print ('Bitten by snake')
                  psn=snake_end
         if(psn > =100):
                  print('You won')
                  return
         play (psn)
position=0
play (position)
```

A snakes and ladders game with one snake whose position remains constant while the player is playing. The position also remains the same during any subsequent plays (i.e. the game board does not change while you sleep and play again the next day).

A snakes and ladders game with one snake whose position remains constant while the player is playing. However, the position can change during any subsequent plays (i.e. the game board might change while you sleep and play again the next day).

A snakes and ladders game with one snake where the snake can change its position during the game and also during any subsequent plays (a board game where the snakes keep moving). Further, the snake can bite you any number of times.

A snakes and ladders game with one snake where the snake can change its position during the game and also during any subsequent plays (a board game where the snake keeps moving). Further, the snake can bite you only ones when you play.

Yes, the answer is correct.

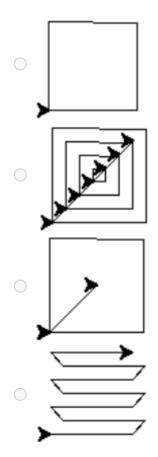
Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

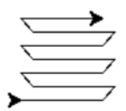
A snakes and ladders game with one snake where the snake can change its position during the game and also during any subsequent plays (a board game where the snakes keep moving). Further, the snake can bite you any number of times.

Predict the output of the calling function func(mx) for a given square matrix, mx of dimension 70×1 point 70.

```
def func (mx):
          f=1
          n=len(mx)
          tur = turtle.Turtle()
          tur.setpos(0,0)
          j=0
          \mathbf{while}(j < n):
                    if(f==1):
                              i = 0
                              while (i \le n-1):
                                        turtle.goto(i,j)
                                        i = i + 10
                    if(f==0):
                              i=n-1
                              \mathbf{while} (i > -1):
                                        turtle.goto(i,j)
                                        i = i - 10
                    f = (f+1)
                    if(f==2):
                              f=0
                    j = j + 10
          turtle.done()
```



Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1 Accepted Answers:



numpy

Predict the output of the calling function func() for a given square matrix mx of dimension 70 × 70. 1 point

```
import turtle
      def func():
           tur = turtle. Turtle()
           tur.setpos(0,0)
           n=len(mx)
           second=int(n/2)
           turtle.goto(second-1, second-1)
           turtle.goto(second-1, second)
           turtle.goto(second, second -1)
           turtle.goto(second, second)
           turtle.done()
       func()
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
Identify the package that is used to import an image.
                                                                                1 point
   Pandas
   Scipy
   O PIL
```

```
Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 1
Accepted Answers:
PIL
```

Given a $n \times n$ n×n square matrix mx in the form of list of lists in the following figure, what is the output of the statement func(mx)?

```
1 2 3 4 5 6 7
8 9 0 9 8 7 6
5 4 3 2 1 2 3
4 5 6 7 8 9 0
9 8 7 6 5 4 3
2 1 2 3 4 5 6
7 8 9 0 9 8 7
```

```
def func1(mx,i):
    for ind in range(i,n-i):
        print(mx[i][ind],end='')
    for ind in range(i+1,n-i):
        print(mx[ind][n-1-i],end='')
    for ind in range(n-2-i,i,-1):
        print(mx[n-1-i][ind],end='')
    for ind in range(n-i-1,i,-1):
        print(mx[ind][i],end='')
```

```
def func(mx):
    for i in range(n):
        func1(mx,i)
    print()
```

```
\begin{array}{c} 3\ 2\ 1\ 8\ 5\ 6\ 7\ 6\\ \\ 0\ \\ 1\ 2\ 3\ 4\ 5\ 6\ 7\ 6\ 3\ 0\ 3\ 6\ 7\ 8\ 9\ 0\ 9\ 8\ 7\ 2\ 9\ 4\ 5\ 8\\ \\ 9\ 0\ 9\ 8\ 7\ 2\ 9\ 4\ 5\ 4\\ 3\ 2\ 1\ 8\ 5\ 6\ 7\ 6\\ \\ 7\ \\ 0\ \\ 1\ 2\ 3\ 4\ 5\ 6\ 7\ 6\ 3\ 0\ 3\ 6\ 7\ 8\ 9\ 0\ 9\ 8\ 7\ 2\ 9\ 4\ 5\ 8\ 9\ 0\ 9\ 8\ 7\ 2\ 9\ 4\ 5\ 4\\ 3\ 2\ 1\ 8\ 5\ 6\ 7\\ \end{array}
```

```
367772185
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
   1\ 2\ 3\ 4\ 5\ 6\ 7\ 6\ 3\ 0\ 3\ 6\ 7\ 8\ 9\ 0\ 9\ 8\ 7\ 2\ 9\ 4\ 5\ 8
   9098729454321854
   32185676
   7
How do you create a base map using gmplot package?
                                                                               1 point
   gmap=gmplot.GoogleMapPlotter(cent_lat,cent_long, zoom)
   gmap=gmplot.GoogleMapPlotter(cent_long,cent_lat, zoom)
   gmap=gmplot.GoogleMapPlotter(cent_lat,cent_long)
   gmap=gmplot.GoogleMapPlotter(zoom,cent_lat,cent_long)
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  gmap=gmplot.GoogleMapPlotter(cent_lat,cent_long, zoom)
Comment on the following code:
                                                                               1 point
   import csv
    from gmplot import gmplot
   gmap=gmplot. GoogleMapPlotter (9.920227,78.158252,12)
   gmap.coloricon = 'http://www.googlemapsmarkers.com/v1/%s'
    with open('path1.csv','r') as d:
         reader = csv.reader(d)
         k=0
         for row in reader:
               lat = float (row [0])
               long=float (row[1])
               if(k==0):
                    gmap.marker(lat,long,'red')
                    k = 1
               else:
                    gmap.marker(lat,long,'yellow')
   gmap.draw('mymap.html')
   Red marker is used for initial and final positions
   Yellow marker is used for the final position only
   Yellow marker is placed for all positions except first position which has a red marker.
   Red marker is placed for all positions except first position which has a yellow marker
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
```

Yellow marker is placed for all positions except first position which has a red marker.

How will you download and install packages that are unavailable in conda cloud?	1 point
○ pip install packagename	
○ conda list	
○ conda install packagename	
○ sudo apt-get install packagename	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: pip install packagename	

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.

Due on 2020-11-11, 23:59 IST.

Assignment submitted on 2020-11-11, 19:53 IST

NOTE: Python 3.7 has been used for this Assignment	
/hat is the output of the following snippet?	1 point
t1=('Amit', 'Simran', 'Neeru', 'Ravi', 'Shubha	adha')
t2=t1+t1	,
print(len(t2))	
O 5	
O 10	
○ Error, because there is no len() function for Tuple	
Error, because Tuples are immutable	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: 10	
Vhich of the following instruction produces a tuple, Team with 'Poonam' as the sixth member iven:	? 1 point
Team=('Amit', 'Simran', 'Neeru', 'Ravi', 'Shubh	adha')
○ Team=Team.append('Poonam')	
Team=Team+tuple('Poonam')	
○ Team=Team+('Poonam')	
○ Team=Team+('Poonam',)	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: Team=Team+('Poonam',)	
/hich of the scenarios in the options does the following code represent?	1 point

```
import random
    def play():
                  a=input('Enter a number from 1 to 10')
                  r=random.randint(1,10)
                  if (a==r):
                               return 1
                  else:
                                return 0
    amt=0
    for i in range (1,366):
                  amt=amt+play()
    print (amt)
   O A person going to the bar for a year. Daily he guesses a number from 1 to 10. If the guessed
   number is equal to the number randomly generated by bar authority, he gains one gold coin.
   A person going to the bar for a month. Daily he guesses a number from 1 to 10. If the guessed
   number is equal to the number randomly generated by bar authority, he gains one gold coin.
   O A person going to the bar for a year. Daily he guesses a number from 1 to 10. If the guessed
   number is equal to the number randomly generated by bar authority, he loses one gold coin.
   O A person going to the bar for a month. Daily he guesses a number from 1 to 10. If the guessed
   number is equal to the number randomly generated by bar authority, he loses one gold coin.
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  A person going to the bar for a year. Daily he guesses a number from 1 to 10. If the guessed number is
  equal to the number randomly generated by bar authority, he gains one gold coin.
                                                                               1 point
Consider the following two codes:
    Game 1
                                 import random
                                 r=random.uniform(0,1)
                                 if (r < =0.5):
                                                print('won')
    Game 2
                                 import random
                                 r=random.choice(range(1,6))
                                 if (r\%2==0):
                                                print('Won')
```

Probability of winning in Game 1 > Probability of winning in Game 2.

Probability of winning in Game 1 < Probability of winning in Game 2.

Probability of winning in Game 1 = Probability of winning in Game 2.Can't say	
No, the answer is incorrect.	
Score: 0 Accepted Answers:	
Probability of winning in Game 1 > Probability of winning in Game 2.	
Choose the appropriate instruction to retrieve the mirror image of the given image.	1 point
mirror_image=img.transpose(Image.FLIP_TOP_BOTTOM)	
mirror_image=img.flip(Image.FLIP_LEFT_RIGHT)	
mirror_image=img.transpose(Image.FLIP_LEFT_RIGHT)	
mirror_image=img.composite(Image.FLIP_LEFT_RIGHT)	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: mirror_image=img.transpose(Image.FLIP_LEFT_RIGHT)	
Identify the technique that can be used to enhance image in cv2.	1 point
<pre>enh_img=clahe.apply(gray)</pre>	
enh_img=canny.apply(gray)	
enh_img=sobel.apply(gray)	
enh_img=enhance.apply(gray)	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: enh_img=clahe.apply(gray)	
Identify the best instruction to debug the following code that checks if the given strings are Anagrams:	1 point
s1=input('Enter first string:')	
s2=input('Enter Second string:')	
if s1.sort()!=s2.sort():	
print ('These are Anagrams')	
else:	
<pre>print('Not Anagrams')</pre>	
<pre>if s1.sort()==s2.sort(): if s1.sorted()==s2.sorted(): if sorted(s1)==sorted(s2): if sorted(s1)!=sorted(s2):</pre>	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: if sorted(s1)==sorted(s2):	
Which of the following libraries helps us to find the intensity of emotion in sentiment analysis?	1 point
○ vader	
nltk	
O pandas	
Scipy	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	

vader	
The isalpha() function in NLTK	1 point
returns true if any of the words in a sentence are composed of alphabetic characters and fa otherwise	ılse
returns true if all the characters in a word are alphabets and false otherwise	
returns true if all the characters in a word are alphabets or numerics and false otherwise	
One of the above	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: returns true if all the characters in a word are alphabets and false otherwise	
Every character, either alphabet or digit or special character has an ASCII value. Choose the appropriate method to find the ASCII value of 'f'.	1 point
 ASCII('f') ord('f') int('f') ASC_val('f') 	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1 Accepted Answers:	
ord('f')	

Accepted Answers:

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.

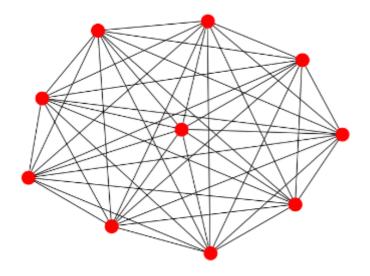
Due on 2020-11-18, 23:59 IST.

Assignment submitted on 2020-11-18, 20:11 IST

NOTE: Python 3.7 has been used for this Assignment

Which of the following commands is used to draw the following graph?

1 point



- G = nx.complete_graph(10)
- G = nx.complete_graph(9)
- \bigcirc G = nx.Graph(10)
- G = nx.Digraph(10)

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

Accepted Answers:

 $G = nx.complete_graph(10)$

Identify the option that best describes the graph output of the following code.

Accepted Answers:

```
How will you convert a graph, g into gexf format?
                                                                                           1 point
   nx.build gexf(g, 'Friendship.gexf')
   nx.create_gexf(g,'Friendship.gexf')
    nx.write(g,'Friendship.gexf')
   nx.write_gexf(g,'Friendship.gexf')
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  nx.write gexf(g,'Friendship.gexf')
What does p and q represent in the following instruction to find the shortest path length?
                                                                                           1 point
         networkx.shortest_path_length(H,p,q)
    p and g represent to two lists of nodes
   p represents the source node and q represents the target node
   p represents the target node and q represents source the node
    p and q represent two paths
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  p represents the source node and g represents the target node
Given a newspaper article, the first step to perform text analytics is to break down the paragraph into 1 point
smaller chunks of words. Select the instruction that does it for you.
   word_tokenize(text)
   word sent(text)
    text.word tokenizer()
   text.sent tokenizer()
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  word_tokenize(text)
Predict the output for the given code:
                                                                                           1 point
    from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
    #nltk.download('punkt')
    text='This is a 100% excellent opportunity to build your
         programming skills. Practice a whole lot of programming.'
    tokens=word_tokenize(text)
    l= ([token for token in tokens if any(not c.isalpha() for c in
         token)])
    print(1)
    ['This', 'is', 'a', 'excellent', 'opportunity', 'to', 'build', 'your', 'programming', 'skills. Practice', 'a', 'whole',
    'lot', 'of', 'programming']
   (100', '%', '.', '.')
   ['100%']
    ['This', 'is', 'a', 'excellent', 'opportunity', 'to', 'build', 'your', 'programming', 'skills', 'Practice', 'a', 'whole',
    'lot', 'of', 'programming']
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
```

['100', '%', '.', '.']	
Pick out the valid function to find the frequency distribution.	1 point
<pre>nltk.FreqDist() nltk.Freq_Dist() nltk.Frequency_Dist() nltk.FDist() Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1 Accepted Answers: nltk.FreqDist()</pre>	
Which of the following commands is used to create an image for an array?	1 point
Image.array(array) Image.fromarray(array) Image.imagefromarray(array) Image.imgarray(array) Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1 Accepted Answers: Image.fromarray(array)	
What is the output of the following snippet?	1 point
arr=np.zeros([200,200,3],dtype=np.uint8) arr[:100,:]=[255,0,0] arr[100:,:]=[0,0,255] img=Image.fromarray(arr) img.save('test.png')	
 Image of size 200 x 200 with Red on left and Blue on right Image of size 200 x 3 with Red on top and Blue at the bottom Image of size 200 x 200 with Red on top and Green at the bottom Image of size 200 x 200 with Red on top and Blue at the bottom Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1 Accepted Answers: Image of size 200 x 200 with Red on top and Blue at the bottom 	
Consider the program to estimate the area calcuation of your state. How can you increase the accuracy of the estimate?	1 point
By increasing the number of iterations the experiment is performed. By decreasing the number of iterations the experiment is performed. By reducing the number of iterations the experiment to one. By increasing the number of iterations to 100. Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	

Accepted Answers: By increasing the number of iterations the experiment is performed.

 $[10 \ 20 \ 21]$

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.

Due on 2020-11-25, 23:59 IST.

Assignment submitted on 2020-11-25, 19:33 IST

NOTE: Python 3.7 has been used for this Assignment Which of the following attributes is used to obtain picture size using PIL in Python? 1 point O len size dimension length Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1 Accepted Answers: size Predict the output. 1 point 11 = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]12 = [1, 4, 6, 12]1 = []for i in 11: for j in 12: if i==j:l.append(i) print(1) 0 1,4 [1, 4, 6, 12] [1, 4] [2, 3, 5, 6, 12] Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1 Accepted Answers: [1, 4] What is the output for the following snippet? 1 point import numpy as np m=np.array([[9,10,11],[19,20,21]]) print (m. T) [[9 19] [10 20]] [[9 19 10 20]] [[9 19 11]

$$\begin{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 19 \end{bmatrix} \\ & \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 20 \end{bmatrix} \\ & \begin{bmatrix} 11 & 21 \end{bmatrix} \end{bmatrix}$$
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1
Accepted Answers:
$$\begin{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 19 \end{bmatrix} \\ & \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 20 \end{bmatrix} \\ & \begin{bmatrix} 11 & 21 \end{bmatrix} \end{bmatrix}$$

What does the following command perform?

1 point

- Chennai and Chennai are same. Chennai and Chennai are same. Chennai=Chennai, Chennai=Chennai
- Chennai and Chennai are same. Chennai and Chennai are same. Chennai=Madras, Madras=Chennai
- Madras and Madras are same. Madras and Madras are same. Chennai=Madras, Madras=Chennai
- Chennai and Chennai are same. Chennai and Chennai are same. Chennai=Chennai, Madras=Chennai

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

Chennai and Chennai are same. Chennai and Chennai are same. Chennai=Madras, Madras=Chennai

Given: 1 point

$$p = [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]]$$

What is the output for the following command?

$$numpy.sum(p, axis=2)$$

- array([5, 7, 9])
- array([6, 15])
- AxisError: axis 2 is out of bounds for array of dimension 2
- array([15])

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

AxisError: axis 2 is out of bounds for array of dimension 2

Pick out the correct output.

1 point

numpy . ones ((3,3))

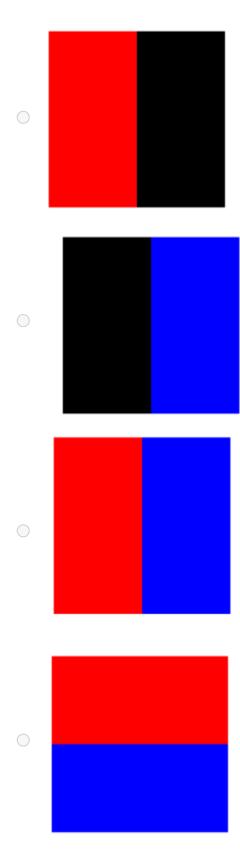
```
array([[1., 1., 1.], [1., 1.]])
       array([[1., 0., 0.],

\begin{bmatrix}
0., & 1., & 0.
\end{bmatrix}, \\
\begin{bmatrix}
0., & 0., & 1.
\end{bmatrix}

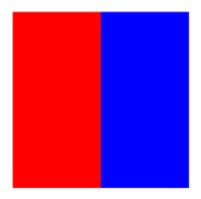
       array ([[0., 0., 1.],
                   \begin{bmatrix} 0., & 1., & 0. \end{bmatrix}, \\ [1., & 0., & 0. \end{bmatrix}]
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
   array ([[1., 1., 1.],
                [1., 1., 1.],
[1., 1., 1.]])
How will you create a blank image of the same size and type of a given image?
   img=Image.new(im.mode,im.shape)
   img=Image.new(im.mode,im.size)
   img=Image.new(im.type,im.size)
   img=Image.blank(im.mode,im.size)
  No, the answer is incorrect.
  Score: 0
  Accepted Answers:
  img=Image.new(im.mode,im.size)
Choose the relevant image for test3.png created by the given code.
                                                                                      1 point
          import numpy as np
                    PIL import Image
          from
           array1=np.zeros([200,200,3],dtype=np.uint8)
           array2=np. zeros ([200,200,3], dtype=np. uint8)
           array1[:,:100] = [255,0,0]
           array2[:,100:]=[0,0,255]
           array3=np.add(array1, array2)
           img1=Image.fromarray(array1)
```

img2=Image.fromarray(array2) img3=Image.fromarray(array3)

img3.save('test3.png')



Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1 Accepted Answers:



Predict the output.	1 point
corpus='The Josephus problem is a theoretical problem related a certain counting-out game.'	to
<pre>print(corpus.index('problem'))</pre>	
13381439	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1 Accepted Answers:	
Which of the following options is a best description of the output for the following command?	1 point
$\operatorname{numpy.random.randint} \left(1 \;, 5 \;, \left(2 \;, 5\right)\right)$	
 2 x 5 numpy array with random integers from 1 to 5 1 x 5 numpy array with random integers from 2 to 4 2 x 5 numpy array with random integers from 1 to 4 1 x 5 numpy array with random integers from 2 to 5 	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1 Accepted Answers: 2 x 5 numpy array with random integers from 1 to 4	

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.

NOTE: Python 3.7 has been used for this Assignment

Due on 2020-12-02, 23:59 IST.

Assignment submitted on 2020-11-29, 16:11 IST

Which of the following methods cannot be used to identify an element on the web page?	1 point
find_element_by_id()	
find_element_by_link_text()	
find_element_by_class_name()	
<pre>Send_keys()</pre>	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: send_keys()	
Identify the python library required for Browser Automation.	1 point
Selenium	
○ Time	
Webdriver	
Chromedriver	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: Selenium	
Pick out the driver method to open a website in selenium.	1 point
Odriver.getwebpage()	
Odriver.get()	
Odriver.request()	
Odriver.open()	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: driver.get()	
What is the purpose of the given command when we request to open a web page?	1 point
wait=WebDriverWait (driver, 600)	
To record login information	
To check certificate information of the web page	
To give buffer time for the driver in case there is a slow network connection	
To collect cookies information	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: To give buffer time for the driver in case there is a slow network connection	
In Browser automation, you have identified the login box. Identify the instruction to type your name and press ENTER.	1 point
○ login_box.send_keys(name + Keys.ENTER)	
login box press keys(name + Keys ENTER)	

```
login_box.send_keys(name + ENTER)
   login box.hot key(name + Keys.ENTER)
  Yes, the answer is correct.
 Score: 1
 Accepted Answers:
 login_box.send_keys(name + Keys.ENTER)
Which of the following libraries can be used to print time according to different timezones?
                                                                          1 point
   datetime
   date
   calendar
   pytz
  Yes, the answer is correct.
 Score: 1
 Accepted Answers:
How will you find the day of the week, given a date?
                                                                         0 points
     import calendar
     week_days=['Sunday', 'Monday', 'Tuesday', 'Wednesday', '
         Thursday', 'Friday', 'Saturday']
     i=c alendar . weekday (2006, 12, 11)
     print (week_days [i])
    import calendar
     i=c alendar . weekday (2006, 12, 11)
     print(i)
     import calendar
     i=calendar.day_of_week(2006,12,11)
     print(i)
    import datetime
     i=datetime. weekday(2006,12,11)
     print(i)
  No, the answer is incorrect.
  Score: 0
 Accepted Answers:
   import calendar
   week_days=['Sunday', 'Monday', 'Tuesday', 'Wednesday', '
        Thursday', 'Friday', 'Saturday']
    i=calendar. weekday(2006,12,11)
   print(week_days[i])
Find the output:
                                                                          1 point
     from datetime import datetime
     a = datetime(2019, 10, 11, 2, 45, 34, 323234)
     print('month =', a.month)
```

O month=10	
O month=11	
O month=23	
O month=2	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: month=10	
What is the last argument for the datetime function in the following command?	0 points
$a = datetime (2019 , \ 10 , \ 11 , \ 2 , \ 45 , \ 34 , \ 323234)$	
nanoseconds	
milliseconds	
O minutes	
microseconds	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 0	
Accepted Answers: microseconds	
How will you retrieve current date using date library?	1 point
Odate.today()	
Odate.now()	
Odate.current date()	
Odate.date()	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: date.today()	

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.

Due on 2020-12-09, 23:59 IST.

Assignment submitted on 2020-12-09, 19:55 IST

NOTE: Python 3.7 has been used for this Assignment

In a page rank algorithm, after taking an optimum number of random walks in a web graph, what can *1 point* you say about the nodes with maximum points?

- These nodes are the most visited
- These nodes are least visited
- These nodes have maximum number of in-links
- These nodes have maximum number of out-links

Yes, the answer is correct.

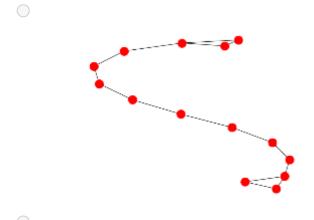
Score: 1

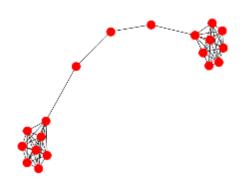
Accepted Answers:

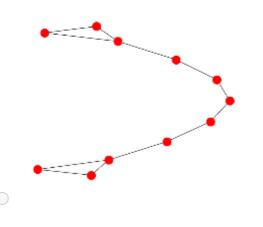
These nodes are the most visited

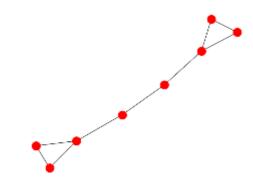
Identify the graph created using the following command.

$$G = networkx.barbell_graph(8,3)$$



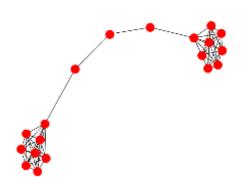






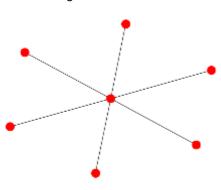
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1

Accepted Answers:



Which of the following commands is used to create the graph given below:





- G = networkx.complete_graph(7)
- G = networkx.cycle_graph(6)
- G = networkx.star_graph(6)
- G = networkx.star_graph(7)

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Comment on the purpose of the following command.

1 point

```
\mathbf{sorted} \, (\texttt{p.items} \, (\,) \, , \texttt{key} \texttt{=} \texttt{operator.itemgetter} \, (\, 1\, )\, )
```

- Sort the items of dictionary, p by key
- Sort the items of dictionary, p by values
- Sort the elements of list, p by values
- Sort the items of Tuple, p by values

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

Sort the items of dictionary, p by values

import random

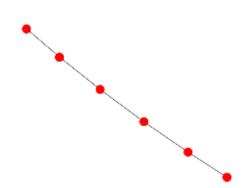
Identify the graph that can never be an output of the following code.

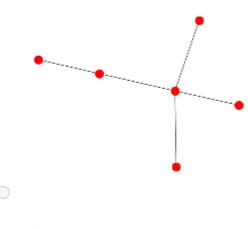
1 point

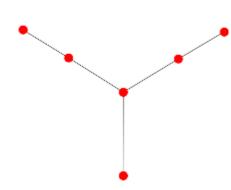
else:

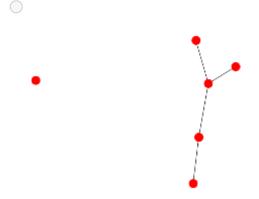
continue

```
nx.draw(G)
plt.show()
```



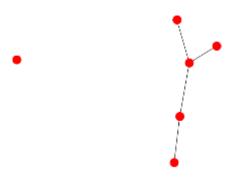






Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1

Accepted Answers:



Which of the following real world networks represent an undirected graph?

Wikigraph

Oitation network

Facebook Friendship network

O World wide web

Accepted Answers: Facebook Friendship network	
What happens to the total Points with every iteration in the Points distribution method?	1 point
Increases every iterationDecreases for every iteration	
 Increases or decreases depending on the structure of the graph Remains constant 	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: Remains constant	
How many iterations does the number, 75 take to converge in Collatz Conjecture?	0 points
14151312	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: 14	
Which of the sequence do you obtain by executing $3n+1$ algorithm for $n = 10$?	1 point
31, 15, 7, 3, 1 5, 16, 8, 4, 2, 1 5, 3, 2, 1 doesnot converge Yes, the answer is correct.	
Score: 1 Accepted Answers: 5, 16, 8, 4, 2, 1	
How will you choose the next node to traverse in a random walk method of Page Rank algorithm?	1 point
Choose the node that has not been traversed yet Choose the most weighted out-link Randomly choose one of the out-links Choose the least weighted out-link Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: Randomly choose one of the out-links	

Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1