Gelman and Hill Exercise 12.2

Theodore Dounias
September 17, 2018

This exercise can be found in Chapter 14 of the Gelman+Hill Hierarchical Model Book

12.2.1

[1] TRUE

```
allvar$newpid <- as.factor(allvar$newpid)</pre>
allvar$VDATE <- mdy(allvar$VDATE)</pre>
allvar <- allvar %>%
  filter(!is.na(CD4PCT)) %>%
  group_by(newpid) %>%
  mutate(elapsed_months = (as.numeric(VDATE - mdy("1/1/1988")))/30)
M1 <- lmer(data = allvar, CD4PCT ~ elapsed_months + (1|newpid))
summary(M1)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: CD4PCT ~ elapsed_months + (1 | newpid)
      Data: allvar
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 7921.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
       Min
               1Q Median
                                3Q
## -4.4903 -0.4452 -0.0588 0.3719 6.6902
## Random effects:
## Groups
           Name
                         Variance Std.Dev.
                                 11.695
## newpid
           (Intercept) 136.78
## Residual
                         53.39
                                   7.307
## Number of obs: 1075, groups: newpid, 251
## Fixed effects:
                  Estimate Std. Error t value
##
                  26.80973 1.08053 24.812
## (Intercept)
## elapsed_months -0.17846
                              0.03964 -4.502
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
               (Intr)
## elpsd_mnths -0.690
"a" %in% c("a", "b")
```

The Coefficient for time is -0.1784641 , with the 26.8097311 .	ne average intercept	across children (a	fixed effects model) being