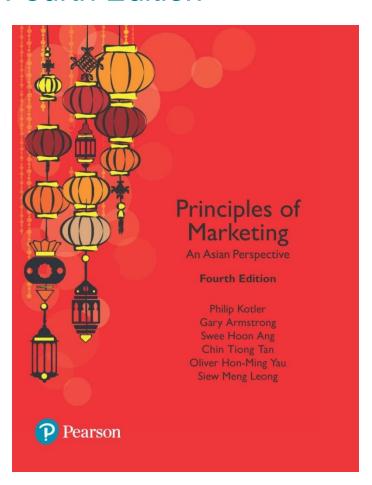
Principles of Marketing: An Asian Perspective

Fourth Edition



Chapter 8

Products,
Services, and
Branding Strategy



Outline

- 1. Products and service classifications
- 2. Product and service decisions
- 3. Branding strategy
- 4. Services marketing

Product definition

Product:

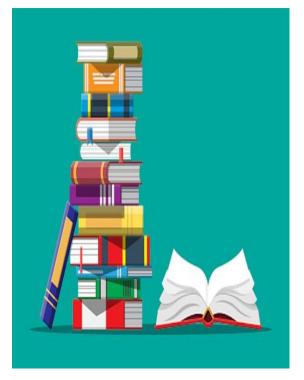
 anything that can be offered in a market for attention, acquisition, use, or consumption that might satisfy a need or want.

Service:

 a product that consists of activities, benefits, or satisfactions and that is essentially intangible and does not result in the ownership of anything.









Three Levels of Product



1. Product and Service Classifications

Consumer products

 products and services bought by final consumers for personal consumption.

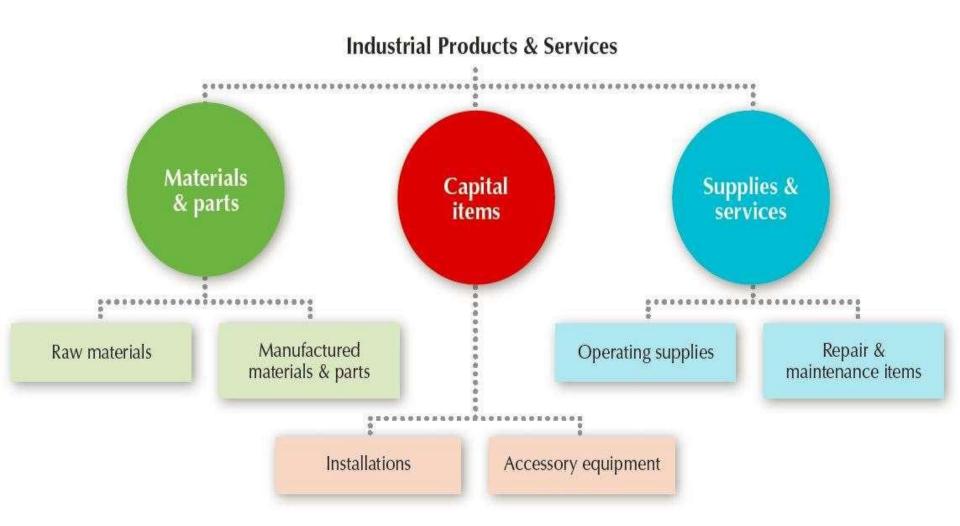
Industrial products

products
 purchased for
 further processing
 or for use in
 conducting a
 business.

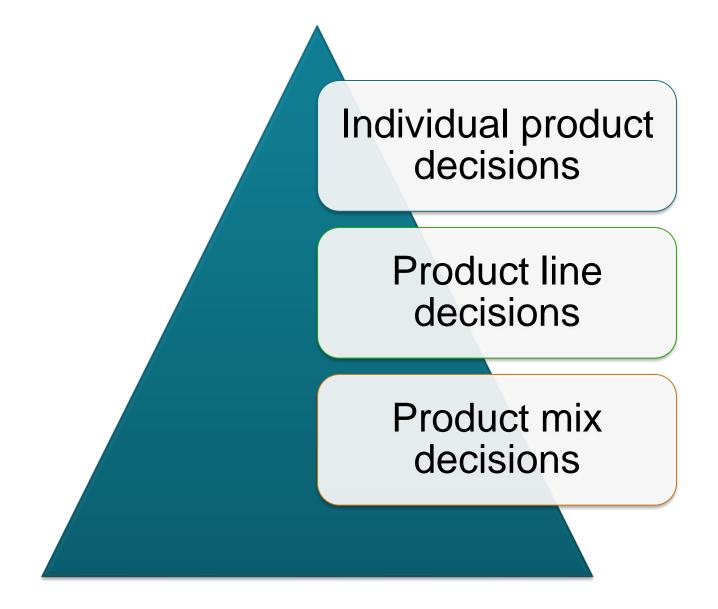
Four types of Consumer products

Marketing	Type of Consumer Product			
Consider- ations	Convenience	Shopping	Specialty	Unsought
Customer buying behavior	Frequent purchase, little planning, little comparison or shopping effort, low customer involvement	purchase, much planning, and shopping effort, comparison of brands on price,	Strong brand preference and loyalty, special purchase effort, little comparison of brands, low price sensitivity	Little product awareness, knowledge (or if a little or even negative interest)
Price	Low price	Higher price	High price	Varies
Distribution	Widespread distribution, convenient locations	Selective distribution in	Exclusive distribution in only one or a few outlets per market area	Varies
Promotion	Mass promotion	Advertising and personal selling by both producer and resellers		Aggressive advertising and personal selling by producers resellers
Examples	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, ,	Life insurance Red Cross blood donations

Industrial products



2. Product and service decisions



Individual product decisions

	Product attributes	Quality, features, style and design
	Branding	Brand is the name, term, sign, or design or a combination of these
	Packaging	Design and produce the container or wrapper for a product.
	Labeling	Identify the product or brand, describe attributes, and provide promotion.
C	Product support services	augment actual products.

Phát triển sản phẩm mới: Nước uống có ga hương trái cây La Vie



https://www.brandsvietnam.com/congdong/topic/20484-Phat-trien-san-pham-moi-2-Nuoc-uong-co-ga-huong-trai-cay-La-Vie

Serum G.G.G: Tối giản bao bì – Tối ưu chi phí



https://www.brandsvietnam.com/congdong/topic/321071-Phat-trien-san-pham-moi-5-Serum-G-G-Toi-gian-bao-bi-Toi-uu-chi-phi

Concept sản phẩm mới - Cafe viên nén



https://www.brandsvietnam.com/congdong/topic/15857-Case-Study-Phan-tich-concept-san-pham-moi-Cafe-vien-nen

Product line decisions

- Product line: a group of products that are closely related because they function in a similar manner, are sold to the same customer groups, are marketed through the same types of outlets, or fall within given price ranges.
- Product line length: number of items in the product line.
- Line stretching vs. Line filling

Example of product line



Toyota → several lines of cars.



Colgate
Palmolive →
several lines of
toiletries.



Apple → smartphone, tablets, operating system, ...



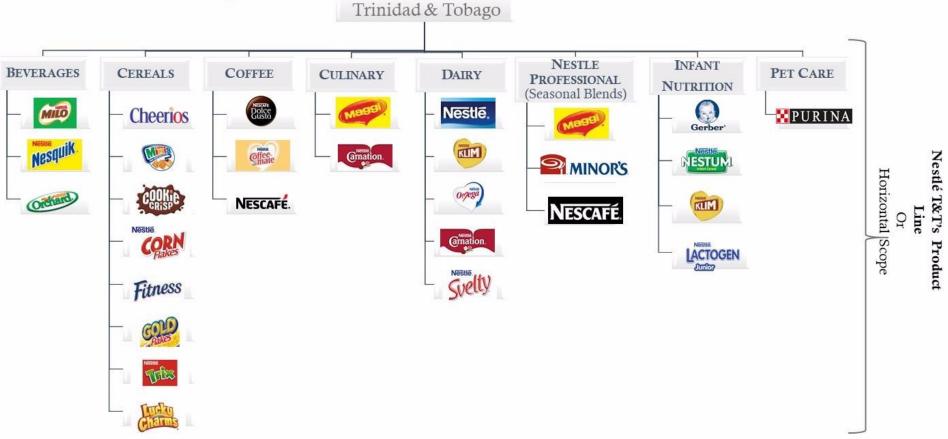
CocaCola → a whole range of soft drinks to just water.

Product Mix Decisions

- Product mix consists of all the product lines and items that a particular seller offers for sale.
 - Width
 - Length
 - Depth
 - Consistency

Nestlé T&T's Product Scope - Value Chain Analysis



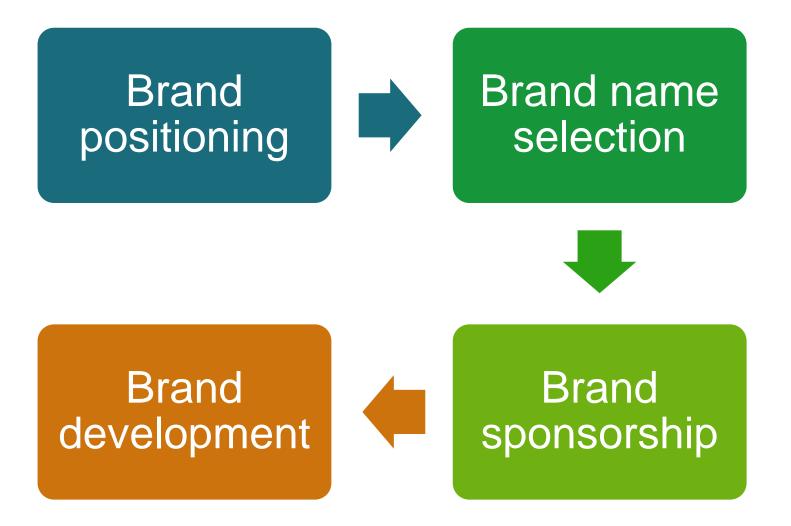


https://stratmatters.wordpress.com/2017/10/16/a-glimpse-at-the-good-life-an-evaluation-of-nestle-tts-internal-and-external-environment/

3. Branding strategy

- Brand equity: the differential effect that knowing the brand name has on customer response to the product or its marketing.
- Brand value: total financial value of a brand.

Major brand strategy decisions



4. Services marketing

Intangibility Services cannot be seen,

 Services cannot be seen, tasted, felt, heard, or smelled before purchase

Variability

 Quality of services depends on who provides them, when, where, and how



Inseparability

 Services cannot be separated from their providers

Perishability

Services cannot be stored for later sale or use

Four Service Characteristics

Three Types of Service Marketing

 service firm must orient and motivate its customer-contact Company employees and supporting service people to work as a team to provide customer satisfaction. Internal marketing **External marketing Employees** Customers

Interactive marketing

 service quality depends heavily on the quality of the buyer-seller interaction during the service encounter.