

Biodiversity Informatics 101

A Wiki World

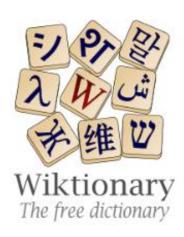
Mathias Dillen | Meise Botanic Garden





The many sides of Wiki









































The many sides of Wiki











































Why wikipedia?

"Where does the world go to find information about biodiversity?"

=> "the most open and international citizen science project"

"134.000 active contributors just on the English language Wikipedia"

"16 billion page views per month across 264 languages"

=> "a huge underutilized opportunity not just to communicate research, but also to pursue novel research and curate and link data globally"



SI10 How does Wikimedia Solve the Problems of Biodiversity Informatics? TUE, 15:30 - 17:00

https://biodiversitynext.org/list-of-symposia-and-workshops/?session=SI10



But what about the quality?

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wikipedia:Wikipedia is not a reliable source

=> "[Wikipedia] has authority because it links to authoritative sources"

"the threshold for inclusion in Wikipedia is verifiability, not truth"

=> "a network of scholarly publications that allows researchers to click from article to article in a never-ending trail of knowledge"

Nicole Kearney: https://doi.org/10.3897/biss.3.37356





Wiki as a connector hub

"English Wikipedia, Wikimedia Commons and Wikidata used to interlink multiple databases providing information on New Zealand endemic species"

"information collated in Wikipedia and Wikimedia Commons is ingested and reused by the citizen science observation platform iNaturalist"

=> "reuse assists creation of more accurate citizen science-generated biodiversity observation data, in turn increasing depth of information known about particular species."

Siobhan Leachman: https://doi.org/10.3897/biss.3.34722





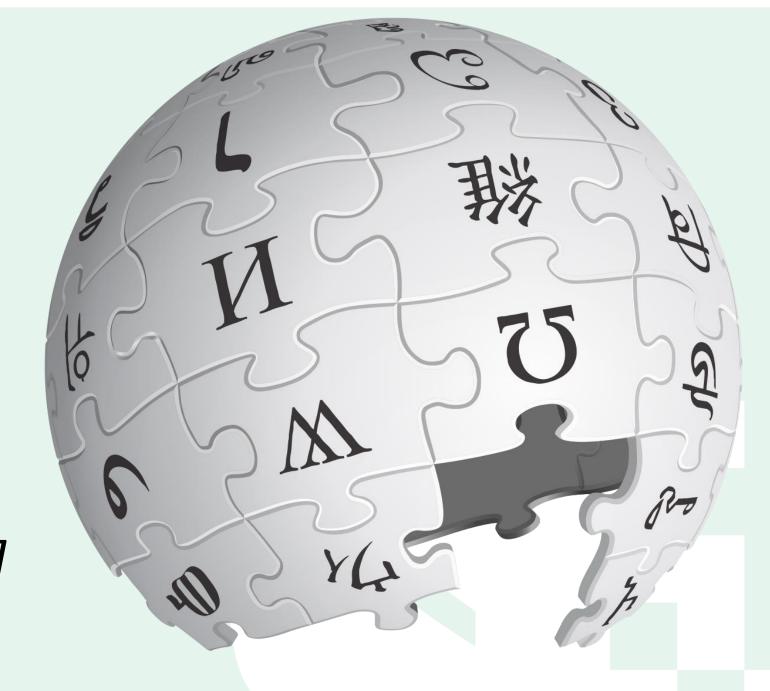
Illustration: Invasive species

"One of the most important issues for controlling the spread of invasive species is public awareness"

=> "a global issue and hence needs to be tackled at an international [multilingual] level"

"information on how to identify invasive species, as well as their regulatory status, distribution and transmission"

=> "Invasive species such as the <u>zebra mussel</u> and <u>water hyacinth</u> receive over 500 daily page views, just on the English edition alone"



Quentin Groom et al. https://doi.org/10.3897/biss.3.37386



Wikidata

"a global knowledge graph with a user friendly interface for data entry and a powerful implementation of the SPARQL query language"



images

publications localities sequences journals phylogenies names

taxa

traits

Roderic Page

https://doi.org/10.3897/biss.3.34742

Page (2013)

https://doi.org/10.7717/peerj.190



Applications

Gene Wiki initiative: "structured knowledge from public scientific resources on gene, proteins, diseases and compounds"

Andra Waagmeester et al.: https://doi.org/10.3897/biss.3.35206

Uniquely Identifying Collectors of Specimens: "Wikidata can be edited by anyone and has a low threshold for notability. Wikidata has the additional advantage of forming a bridge between many identifier systems."

Quentin Groom et al.: https://doi.org/10.3897/biss.3.37013





SPARQL

Looks scary, but...

```
Wikidata Query Service

    Help 
    ▼

    More tools 
    ▼

                                      1 SELECT DISTINCT ?item ?itemLabel ?article
0
        2 WHERE
\mathbf{X}
              ?item wdt:P31 wd:Q5 .
            ?article schema:about ?item ;
#-
                      schema:isPartOf <https://species.wikimedia.org/> .
SERVICE wikibase:label { bd:serviceParam wikibase:language "[AUTO_LANGUAGE],en" }
        8 }
Translation:
```

- Give me all identifiers, labels and Wikispecies articles of the items WHICH
- Are instances of humans AND
- Have an article on Wikispecies AND
- Give me the labels in English



Try it: https://w.wiki/AGT