CPSC 425: Assignment 4 Name: Terence Chen

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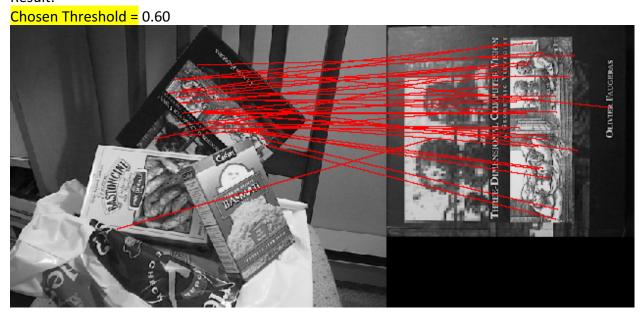
Q1) Nothing to hand in

Q2) Nothing to hand in

Q3)

Code changes in match function:

Result:



Test threshold = 0.80



Test threshold = 0.40



The threshold I chose for the book image was 0.60, its seems like around 0.60 we have a good amount of correct matches compared to the mismatches. When the threshold is 0.40, it seems like we a small amount but correct matches. Whereas for threshold = 0.80, we get more matches overall but more incorrect matches.

The threshold value was important as a low threshold yields good matches but in a small amount and a high threshold yielded more of matches with a lot of the matches being incorrect.

4)
Note: code is in the match function, more specifically below the code from question 3
Code:

```
# Intializes ransac set, orientation, scale and random selection of 10 times ransac
set = [] orientation_val = 55 scale_val = 9.15
numRandSelection = 10
                  i in range(numRandSelection):
sastifiedSet = []
                  # Apply randomization
rand_matched_pairs = matched_pairs[np.random.randint(len(matched_pairs))]
                  # Compute the change of scale and change of orientation for the first matched pair
                  # Ensures orientation is not greater than 2pi by mod pi*2 to the computed orientation change scale_change1 = rand_matched_pairs[0][2] / rand_matched_pairs[1][2] orientation1_change = (rand_matched_pairs[0][3] - rand_matched_pairs[1][3]) % (math.pi * 2)
                  for pair in matched_pairs:
                        # Compute the change of scale and change of orientation for the first matched pair scale_change2 = pair[0][2]/ pair[1][2] orientation2_change = (pair[0][3] - pair[1][3]) % (math.pi * 2)
                        # Get the difference in scale and orientation between the two matched pairs
scale_ratio_difference = abs(scale_change1 - scale_change2)
orientation_difference = (orientation1_change - orientation2_change) % (math.pi * 2)
                        # Deal with the case when the difference in angle between the two pairs is greater than pi
if (orientation_difference > math.pi):
                              # Subtract pi if the difference in orientation is greater than pi orientation_difference = orientation_difference - math.pi
                         # Ensures the thresholds are sastified
                        if ( scale_ratio_difference <= scale_val and orientation_difference <= orientation_val * (math.pi/180)):
                               # Add it to our set if threshold sastified
                               sastifiedSet.append(pair)
                    # We want the largest set, thus we set the ransac set as the largest set
                  if(len(ransacSet) < len(sastifiedSet)):</pre>
                         ransacSet = sastifiedSet
            # Displays our new Ransac set
im3 = DisplayMatches(im1, im2, ransacSet)
```

Result: orientation = 55 degrees and scale = 15%



I found that changing the orientation threshold to around 55 degrees and scale threshold to 15% keeps the consistency of correct matches while keeping the outliers low. A higher threshold values yielded more overall matches but it also increases the number of outliers. Whereas a smaller threshold, yields less matches with more consistency incorrect matches.