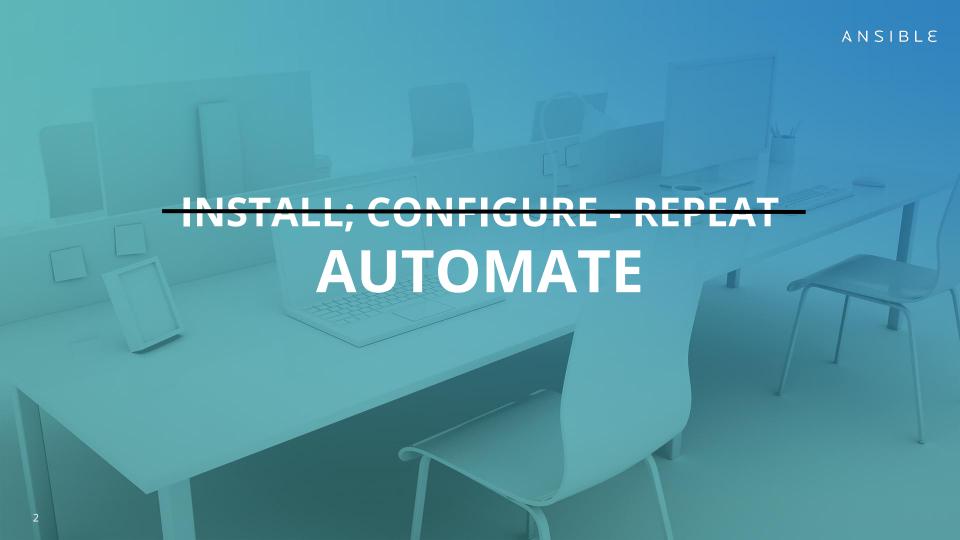


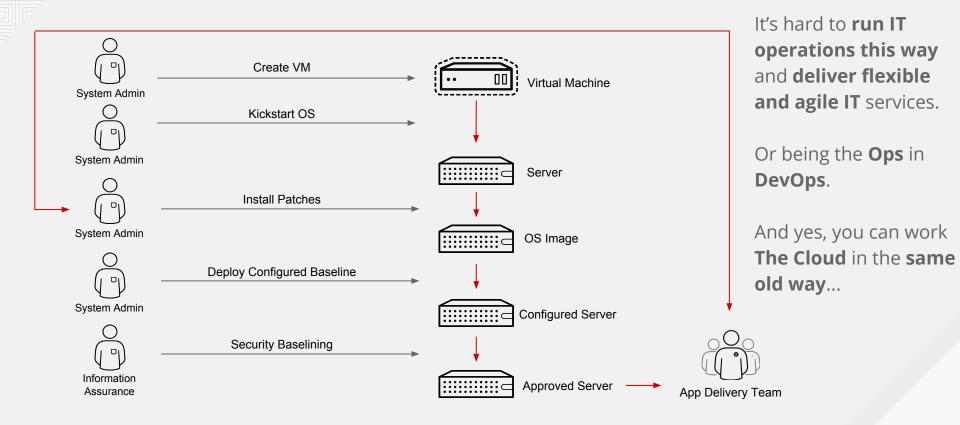
Introduction to Ansible Engine and Ansible Tower

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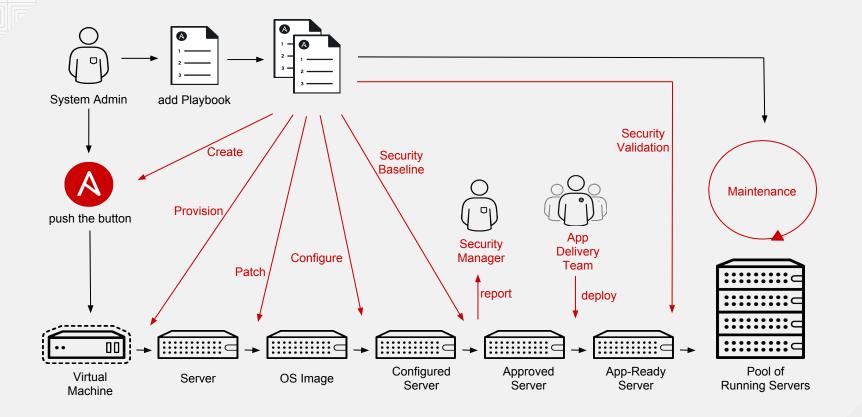


THE GOOD OLD DAYS...





NOTHING ROUTINE SHOULD BE DONE MANUALLY





WHAT IS ANSIBLE AUTOMATION?

The Ansible project is an open source community sponsored by Red Hat. It's also a **simple automation language** that perfectly describes IT application environments in **Ansible Playbooks**.

Ansible Engine is a **supported product** built from the Ansible community project.

```
- name: install and start apache
  become: ves
  vars:
   http port: 80
  tasks:
 - name: httpd package is present
      name: httpd
      state: latest
 - name: latest index.html file is present
    copy:
      src: files/index.html
      dest: /var/www/html/
  - name: httpd is started
    service:
      name: httpd
          state: started
```





WHY ANSIBLE?
ANSIBLE



SIMPLE

Human readable automation

No special coding skills needed

Tasks executed in order

Usable by every team

Get productive quickly



POWERFUL

App deployment

Configuration management

Workflow orchestration

Network automation

Orchestrate the app lifecycle



AGENTLESS

Agentless architecture

Uses OpenSSH & WinRM

No agents to exploit or update

Get started immediately

More efficient & more secure

THE ANSIBLE WAY

CROSS PLATFORM

Agentless support for all major OS variants, physical, virtual, cloud and network devices.

HUMAN READABLE

Perfectly describe and document every aspect of your application environment.

PERFECT DESCRIPTION OF APPLICATION

Every change can be made by Playbooks, ensuring everyone is on the same page.

VERSION CONTROLLED

Playbooks are plain-text. Treat them like code in your existing version control.

DYNAMIC INVENTORIES

Capture all the servers 100% of the time, regardless of infrastructure, location, etc.

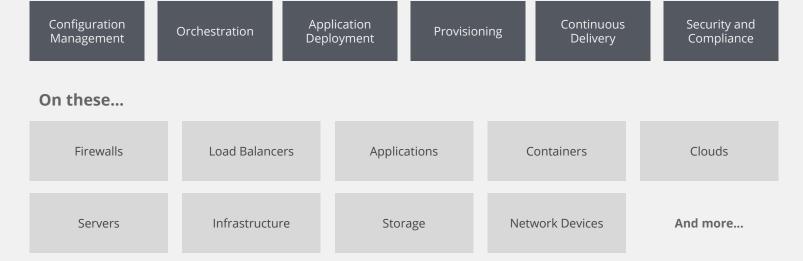
ORCHESTRATION PLAYS WELL WITH OTHERS

Every change can be made by Playbooks, ensuring everyone is on the same page.

WHAT CAN I DO WITH ANSIBLE?

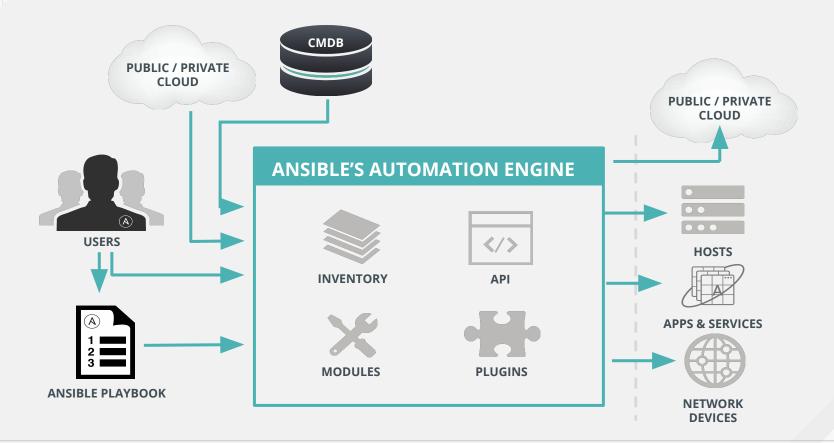
Automate the deployment and management of your entire IT footprint.

Do this...





HOW ANSIBLE WORKS





PLAYBOOK EXAMPLE: INSTALL & CONFIGURE APACHE

```
- name: install and start apache
 hosts: all
 vars:
   http port: 80
   max clients: 200
 become user: root
 tasks:
 - name: install httpd
   yum: pkg=httpd state=latest
 - name: write the apache config file
   template: src=/srv/httpd.j2 dest=/etc/httpd.conf
 - name: start httpd
   service: name=httpd state=running
```



PLAYBOOK EXAMPLE: AWS CLOUD DEPLOYMENT

```
- hosts: localhost
 connection: local
 gather facts: False
 tasks:
   - name: Provision a set of instances
      ec2:
         key name: my key
         group: test
         instance type: t2.micro
         image: "{{ ami id }}"
         wait: true
         exact count: 5
         count tag:
           Name: Demo
         instance tags:
           Name: Demo
      register: ec2
   - name: Add all instance public IPs to dynamic host group
      add host: hostname={{ item.public ip }} groups=ec2hosts
      with items: "{{ ec2.instances }}"
```



PLAYBOOK EXAMPLE: AWS CLOUD DEPLOYMENT

```
- hosts: ec2hosts
 name: configuration play
 user: ec2-user
 gather_facts: true
 tasks:
    - name: Check NTP service
      service:
         name: ntpd
          state: started
```



yum install @base xfsprogs libaio net-tools bind-utils gtk2 libicu xulrunner tcsh sudo libssh2 expect cairo graphviz iptraf-ng krb5-workstation krb5-libs libpng12 ntp ntpdate nfs-utils lm_sensors rsyslog openssl098e openssl PackageKit-gtk3-module libcanberra-gtk2 libtool-ltdl xorg-x11-xauth numactl



```
- name: install required packages
  yum: state=latest name={{ item }}
  with_items:
        - chrony
        - xfsprogs
        - libaio
        - net-tools
        - bind-utils
        ...
        - numactl
        - tuned-profiles-sap-hana
```

SAP HANA DEPLOYMENT WITH ANSIBLE



systemctl stop numad
systemctl disable numad
systemctl status numad



- name: disable numad

service: name=numad state=stopped enabled=no

SAP HANA DEPLOYMENT WITH ANSIBLE



```
setenforce 0
sed -i 's/SELINUX=enforcing/SELINUX=permissive/' /etc/selinux/config
sestatus
```



- name: disable selinux
 selinux: state=disabled