

1. Draw a line segment  $AB = 6.4$  cm and draw its perpendicular bisector.
2. Draw a line segment  $PQ$  of length 5 cm. Bisect it and find the length of its each part.
3. Draw a line segment of length 10 cm. Divide it into 4 equal parts and measure the length of each part.
4. With the help of the ruler and compasses only draw the following angles.  
(i)  $60^\circ$       (ii)  $45^\circ$       (iii)  $30^\circ$       (iv)  $90^\circ$       (v)  $135^\circ$       (vi)  $150^\circ$   
(vii)  $75^\circ$       (viii)  $120^\circ$       (ix)  $22\frac{1}{2}^\circ$       (x)  $37\frac{1}{2}^\circ$       (xi)  $67\frac{1}{2}^\circ$

**5.** (i) Construct an angle of  $105^\circ$ .

(ii) Construct an angle of  $45^\circ$  at the initial point of given ray and justify the construction.