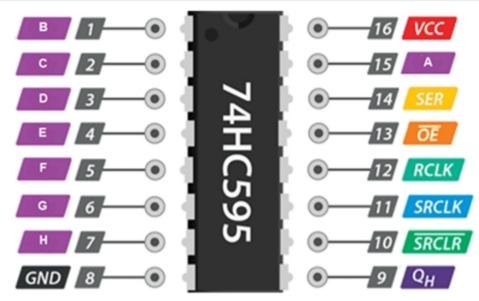
## STEMKRAF - 74HC595 ( Shift Register with 8-bit OUTPUT )

https://github.com/teaksoon/stemkraf

Each 74HC595 Shift Register IC provides 8 digital output from a single micro-controller digital output pin. Each 74HC595 chip can be "chained" to another 74HC595 chip. That means we can have multiples of 8 additional digital output pins from each "chained" 74HC595chip. 1chip=8output, 2chips=16output, 3chips=24output and so on...



GND - To Arduino GND VCC - To Arduino VCC

A to H - Each Pin is connected to one digital output device

SER - Connect to any Arduino Pin (only for first chip in multiple chips setup). To be set from our program to either HIGH or LOW. This will be moved into A when shifted.

SRCLK - Connect to any Arduino Pin Used with SER, starts with LOW. When SRCLK is changed from LOW to HIGH, bit shifting happens, H moves to QH ( G to H, F to G,... A to B ), finally the bit SER moves into A

RCLK - Connect to any Arduino Pin
Used with A to H. Start with LOW, When RCLK is changed from LOW to
HIGH, The A-H state (LOW or HIGH) is available to all the the
output device connected to each of them

QH - Buffer for multiple chained chips operation
The bit that got "shifted-out" by SRCLK (bit H), comes here. To be connected to the next 74HC595 chip's SER Pin

SRCLR - Clear entire Shift Register
When SRCLR is set to LOW, the entire Shift Register will be
cleared. Normally we dont need to use this, so we just connect to
VCC (which is always HIGH). If required, connect to any Arduino Pin

OE - Enable or Disable A to H
When set to HIGH, A to H will be disabled. When OE is set to LOW,
A-H will be enabled. Since we normally used them as enabled, we
just connect to GND(which is always LOW). If required, connect to
any Arduino Pin

For multiple chips, they shares the same SRCLK, RCLK Arduino pin

## STEMKRAF - 74HC595 ( Shift Register for 8-bit OUTPUT )

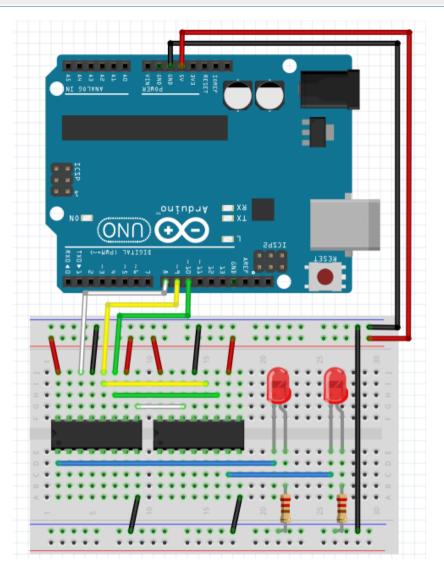
https://github.com/teaksoon/stemkraf

Program: stemkraf\_74HC595

(1/2): test program for 74HC595

.

: by TeakSoon Ding for STEMKRAF (NOV-2021)



## Hardware:

1x Arduino Uno

1x Solderless Breadboard

Jumper wires

2x 5mm LED

2x Resistor 220ohm

2x 74HC595 Shift Register

This setup has 2 chained 74 HC 595 chip (you can also set up a single chip or more than 2 chained chips )

Each 74HC595 chip have 8 output pins. In this setup we have 2 chips, means we have 16 Output Pins. We only use 2 LED for Output, with 14 unused Output Pins

Each chip has output pin labelled as  ${\tt A}$  to  ${\tt H}$ , you can connect any digital output device to it.

The number Arduino Uno pin used is the same for 1 chip or multiple chained chips.

## STEMKRAF - 74HC595 ( Shift Register for 8-bit OUTPUT )

https://github.com/teaksoon/stemkraf

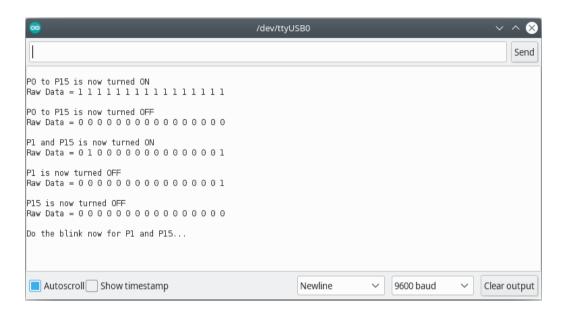
Program: stemkraf\_74HC595

(2/2): test program for 74HC595

:

: by TeakSoon Ding for STEMKRAF (NOV-2021)

- Upload this program with the Arduino IDE Software
- Open up the Serial Monitor from the Arduino IDE Software
- Watch the LED and the Serial Monitor Screen



Each output is reference by a pin index position(iPos), starting from 0 to 7 for the first chip, second chained chip 8 to 15, third chained chip 16 to 23 and so on...

8-bits for each chip. 1-bit is one index position.

There are 2 main function in this program.

sreg\_set\_state(iPos, pinState) - function to set the bits for individual
shift register output pins, stores data in an array, wont be reflected in
connected device yet until we run the sreg\_74hc595\_write() function

iPos = 0 to  $\dots$  ( max iPos depends on number of chips connected ) pinState = HIGH or LOW

sreg\_74hc595\_write() - The state of all the chained chip pins will be
reflected to the output devices, all at one go

This program uses an array of 8-bits (byte), this is to easily manage the chained chips. Each byte in the array is for each Chip. To have more chips, we only need to change #define TOTAL\_CHIP