

Please stick the barcode label here.

Candidate Number												
------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

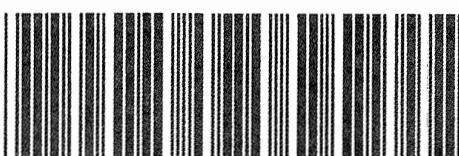
**MATHEMATICS Extended Part
Module 2 (Algebra and Calculus)
Question-Answer Book**

8.30 am – 11.00 am (2½ hours)

This paper must be answered in English

INSTRUCTIONS

1. After the announcement of the start of the examination, you should first write your Candidate Number in the space provided on Page 1 and stick barcode labels in the spaces provided on Pages 1, 3, 5, 7, 9 and 11.
2. This paper consists of TWO sections, A and B.
3. Attempt ALL questions in this paper. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this Question-Answer Book. Do not write in the margins. Answers written in the margins will not be marked.
4. Graph paper and supplementary answer sheets will be supplied on request. Write your Candidate Number, mark the question number box and stick a barcode label on each sheet, and fasten them with string INSIDE this book.
5. Unless otherwise specified, all working must be clearly shown.
6. Unless otherwise specified, numerical answers must be exact.
7. No extra time will be given to candidates for sticking on the barcode labels or filling in the question number boxes after the ‘Time is up’ announcement.



* A 0 3 2 E 0 0 1 *

FORMULAS FOR REFERENCE

$\sin(A \pm B) = \sin A \cos B \pm \cos A \sin B$	$\sin A + \sin B = 2 \sin \frac{A+B}{2} \cos \frac{A-B}{2}$
$\cos(A \pm B) = \cos A \cos B \mp \sin A \sin B$	$\sin A - \sin B = 2 \cos \frac{A+B}{2} \sin \frac{A-B}{2}$
$\tan(A \pm B) = \frac{\tan A \pm \tan B}{1 \mp \tan A \tan B}$	$\cos A + \cos B = 2 \cos \frac{A+B}{2} \cos \frac{A-B}{2}$
$2 \sin A \cos B = \sin(A+B) + \sin(A-B)$	$\cos A - \cos B = -2 \sin \frac{A+B}{2} \sin \frac{A-B}{2}$
$2 \cos A \cos B = \cos(A+B) + \cos(A-B)$	
$2 \sin A \sin B = \cos(A-B) - \cos(A+B)$	

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

SECTION A (50 marks)

1. Find $\frac{d}{dx}(x^5 + 4)$ from first principles. (4 marks)

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Please stick the barcode label here.

2. Let $y = x \sin x + \cos x$.

(a) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ and $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$.

(b) Let k be a constant such that $x \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + k \frac{dy}{dx} + xy = 0$ for all real values of x . Find the value of k .

(5 marks)

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

3. (a) Find $\int \frac{1}{e^{2u}} du$.

(b) Using integration by substitution, evaluate $\int_1^9 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x} e^{2\sqrt{x}}} dx$.

(7 marks)

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Please stick the barcode label here.

4. (a) Using integration by parts, find $\int x^2 \ln x \, dx$.
- (b) At any point (x, y) on the curve Γ , the slope of the tangent to Γ is $9x^2 \ln x$. It is given that Γ passes through the point $(1, 4)$. Find the equation of Γ .

(7 marks)

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

5. Solve the following systems of linear equations in real variables x , y , z :

(a) $\begin{cases} x + y + z = 2 \\ 2x + 3y - 3z = 4 \end{cases}$;

(b) $\begin{cases} x + y + z = 2 \\ 2x + 3y - 3z = 4, \text{ where } k \text{ is a real constant.} \\ 3x + 2y + kz = 6 \end{cases}$

(6 marks)

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Please stick the barcode label here.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

6. (a) Let M be a 3×3 real matrix such that $M^T = -M$, where M^T is the transpose of M .

Prove that $|M| = 0$.

(b) Let $A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & a & b \\ -a & -1 & -8 \\ -b & 8 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$, where a and b are real numbers. Denote the 3×3 identity matrix by I .

(i) Using (a), or otherwise, prove that $|A + I| = 0$.

(ii) Someone claims that $A^3 + I$ is a singular matrix. Do you agree? Explain your answer.
(6 marks)

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Please stick the barcode label here.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

7. (a) Prove that $\sin^2 x \cos^2 x = \frac{1 - \cos 4x}{8}$.

(b) Let $f(x) = \sin^4 x + \cos^4 x$.

(i) Express $f(x)$ in the form $A \cos Bx + C$, where A , B and C are constants.

(ii) Solve the equation $8f(x) = 7$, where $0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$.

(7 marks)

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Please stick the barcode label here.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

8. (a) Using mathematical induction, prove that $\sin \frac{x}{2} \sum_{k=1}^n \cos kx = \sin \frac{nx}{2} \cos \frac{(n+1)x}{2}$ for all positive integers n .

(b) Using (a), evaluate $\sum_{k=1}^{567} \cos \frac{k\pi}{7}$.

(8 marks)

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

A large rectangular area containing 20 horizontal dotted lines for writing answers. The lines are evenly spaced and extend across the width of the page.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

SECTION B (50 marks)

9. Define $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 12}{x - 2}$ for all $x \neq 2$.

- (a) Find $f'(x)$. (2 marks)
- (b) Prove that the maximum value and the minimum value of $f(x)$ are -4 and 12 respectively. (4 marks)
- (c) Find the asymptote(s) of the graph of $y = f(x)$. (3 marks)
- (d) Find the area of the region bounded by the graph of $y = f(x)$ and the horizontal line $y = 14$. (4 marks)

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

A large rectangular area containing 20 horizontal dotted lines for writing answers. The lines are evenly spaced and extend across the width of the page.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

10. OAB is a triangle. P is the mid-point of OA . Q is a point lying on AB such that $AQ:QB=1:2$ while R is a point lying on OB such that $OR:RB=3:1$. PR and OQ intersect at C .

(a) (i) Let t be a constant such that $PC:CR=t:(1-t)$.

By expressing \overrightarrow{OQ} in terms of \overrightarrow{OA} and \overrightarrow{OB} , find the value of t .

(ii) Find $CQ:OQ$.

(7 marks)

(b) Suppose that $\overrightarrow{OA} = 20\mathbf{i} - 6\mathbf{j} - 12\mathbf{k}$, $\overrightarrow{OB} = 16\mathbf{i} - 16\mathbf{j}$ and $\overrightarrow{OD} = \mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j} - 6\mathbf{k}$, where O is the origin. Find

(i) the area of ΔOAB ,

(ii) the volume of the tetrahedron $ABCD$.

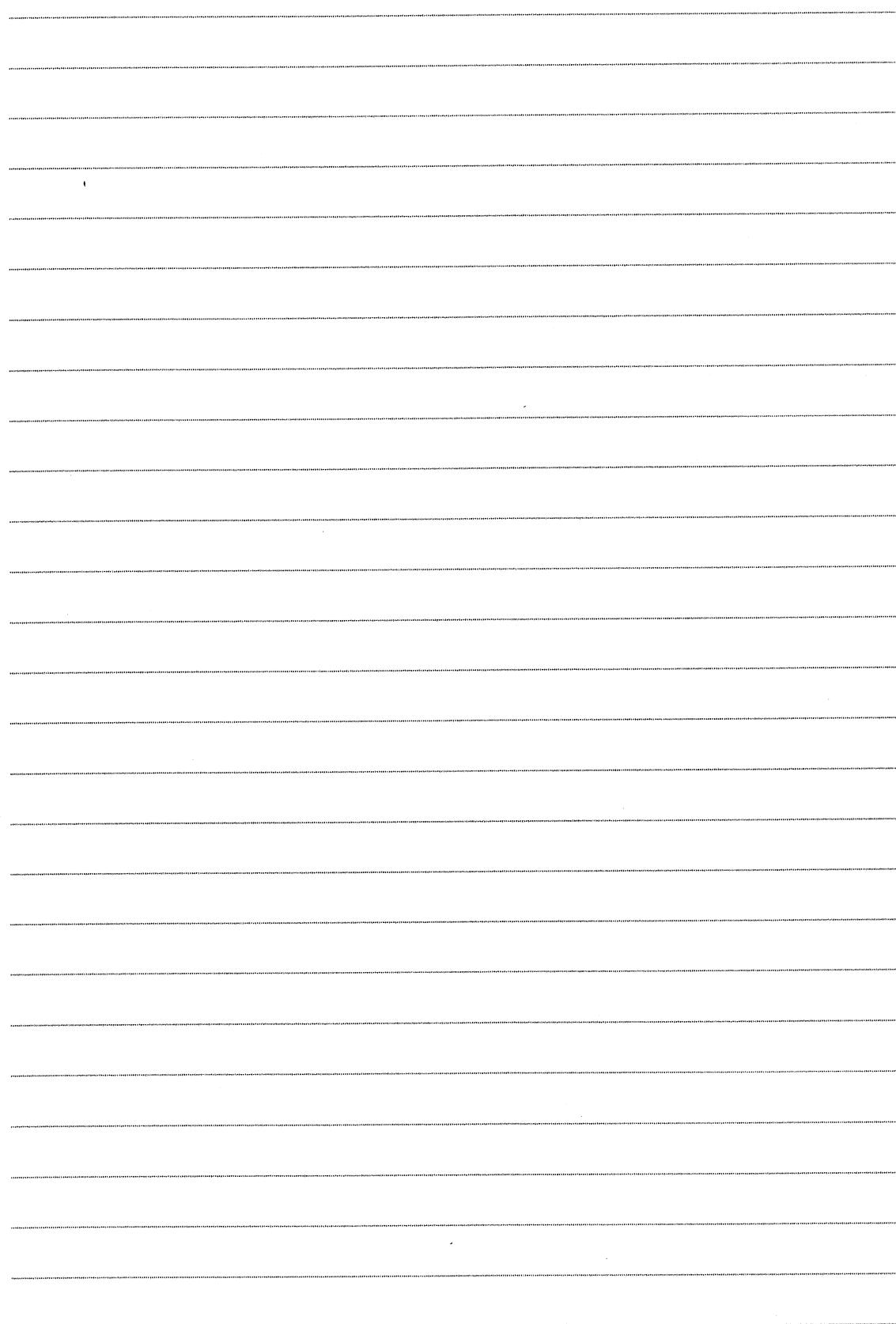
(5 marks)

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.



A large rectangular box containing 20 horizontal dotted lines for writing answers. The lines are evenly spaced and extend across the width of the box.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

11. (a) Let λ and μ be real numbers such that $\mu - \lambda \neq 2$. Denote the 2×2 identity matrix by I .

Define $A = \frac{1}{\lambda - \mu + 2}(I - \mu I + M)$ and $B = \frac{1}{\lambda - \mu + 2}(I + \lambda I - M)$, where

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda & 1 \\ \lambda - \mu + 1 & \mu \end{pmatrix}.$$

(i) Evaluate AB , BA and $A + B$.

(ii) Prove that $A^2 = A$ and $B^2 = B$.

(iii) Prove that $M^n = (\lambda + 1)^n A + (\mu - 1)^n B$ for all positive integers n .

(8 marks)

(b) Using (a), or otherwise, evaluate $\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 0 & 6 \end{pmatrix}^{315}$. (4 marks)

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

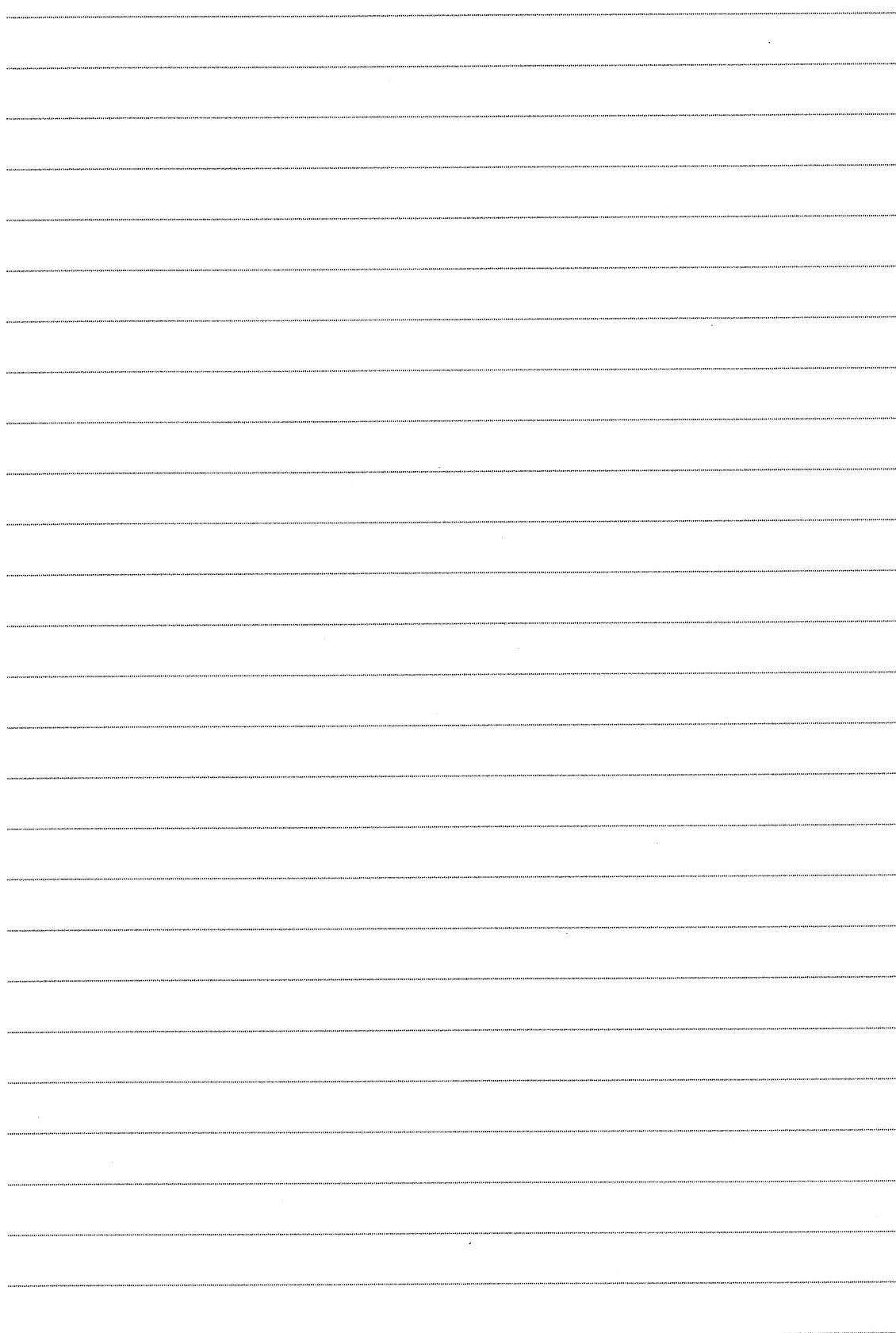
Answers written in the margins will not be marked

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked

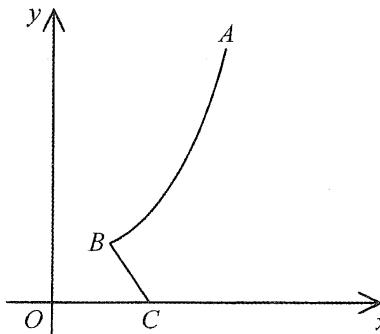
Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

A large rectangular area containing 20 horizontal dotted lines for writing answers. The lines are evenly spaced and extend across the width of the page.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

12. (a) In the figure, the curve Γ consists of the curve AB , the line segments BC and CO , where O is the origin, B lies in the first quadrant and C lies on the x -axis. The equations of AB and BC are $x^2 - 4y + 8 = 0$ and $3x + y - 9 = 0$ respectively.



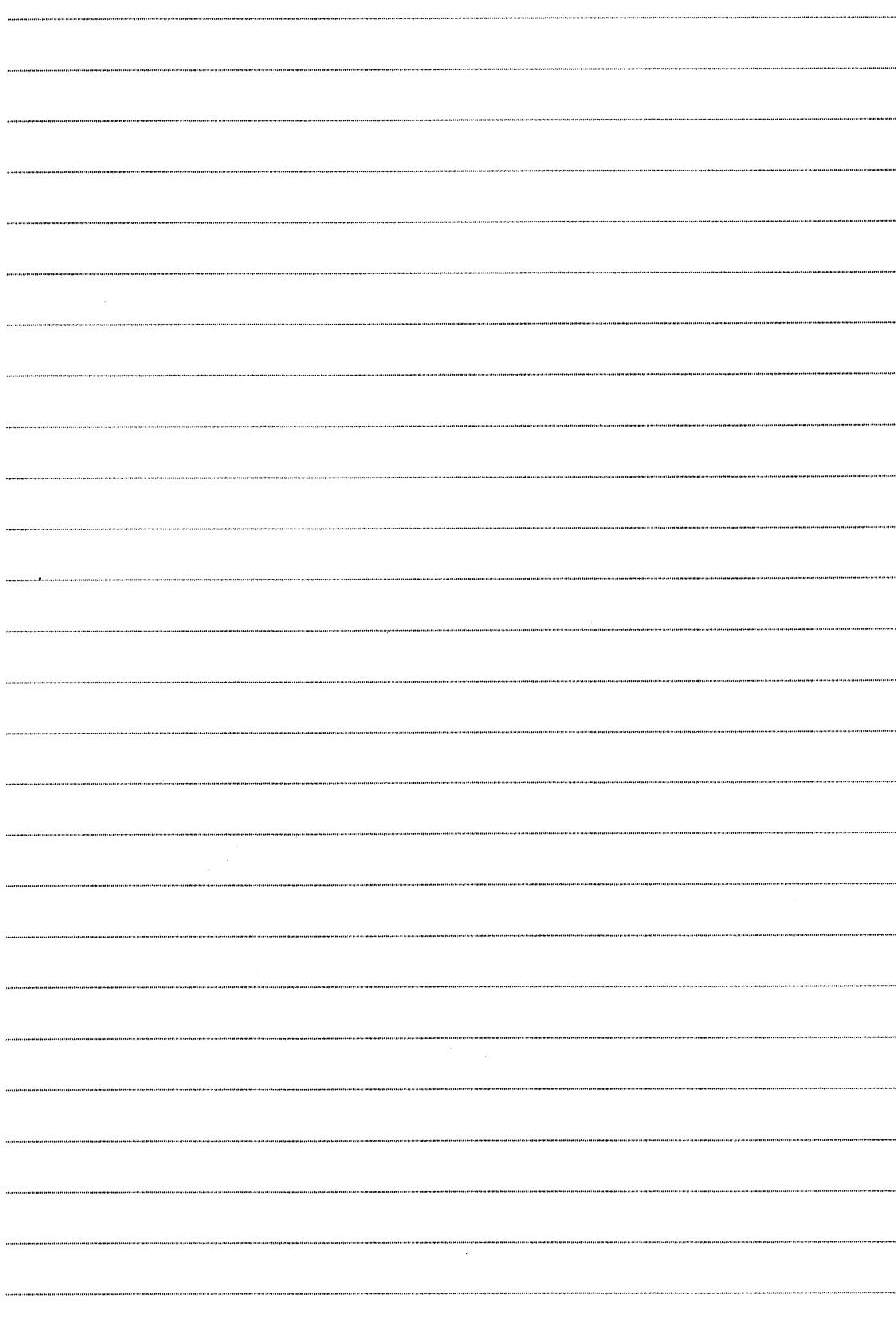
- (i) Find the coordinates of B .
- (ii) Let h be the y -coordinate of A , where $h > 3$. A cup is formed by revolving Γ about the y -axis. Prove that the capacity of the cup is $\pi(2h^2 - 8h + 25)$.
- (7 marks)
- (b) A cup described in (a)(ii) is placed on a horizontal table. The radii of the base and the lip of the cup are 3 cm and 6 cm respectively.
- (i) Find the capacity of the cup.
- (ii) Water is poured into the cup at a constant rate of $24\pi \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$. Find the rate of change of the depth of water when the volume of water in the cup is $35\pi \text{ cm}^3$.
- (6 marks)

Answers written in the margins will not be marked

Answers written in the margins will not be marked

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

A large rectangular area containing 20 horizontal dotted lines for writing answers. The lines are evenly spaced and extend across the width of the page.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

A large rectangular area containing 20 horizontal dotted lines for writing answers. This is a common feature in examination papers to provide space for students to write their responses without occupying the official answer boxes.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

END OF PAPER

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.