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Educating success? Parental involvement and the formation of personality traits in children

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Motivation

- Personality starts developing early in life
- Social environment plays a key role in shaping individuals
- Some attitudes and personality traits matter for socio-economic outcomes (e.g. Heckman et al., 2006)

Motivation

- Parents are one of the most important elements in the early social environment
 - Intergenerational transmission of preferences and attitudes
 - Theory: Parents choose parenting style to maximize childrens' expected life time utility (Doepke and Zilibotti, 2017)
 - Evidence: Parents can shape children's preferences to become similar to themselves (Zumbuehl et al., 2018)

Research question

 Can parents influence the formation of beneficial traits in their children?

Model assumptions and hypothesis

- Assumptions:
 - Assumption 1: Parents try to maximize children's economic success and can influence their children's personality via their parenting
 - Assumption 2: Parents are aware of relevant personality traits
 - Assumption 3: Parental involvement measures the intensity of parenting
- Hypothesis: Parental involvement has significant beneficial effects on children's character traits

Which personality traits matter?

- Evidence on several traits:
 - Locus of control (e.g. Feinstein, 2000, Anger and Heineck, 2010)
 - Self-esteem (Heckman et al., 2006)
 - Patience (Falk et al., 2018)
 - Conscientiousness (e.g. Judge et al., 1999)
 - Openness (e.g. Almlund et al., 2011)
 - Neuroticism (e.g. Almlund et al., 2011)
- Context dependent findings on:
 - Extraversion (Blanden and Machmillen, 2007)
 - Agreeableness (Feinstein, 2000)
 - Positive reciprocity (Anger and Heineck, 2010)

Which traits to investigate on?

- Ideally:
 - All
- But facing issues:
 - Measurement of the traits
 - Sample size
 - ⇒ Focus on locus of control and Big Five personality traits
 - Covers measures with most evidence
 - Widely used, well validated measures (Piatek and Pinger, 2016)
 - Measured for parents and children

Model specification

Regression model

$$Y_i = \alpha + \beta_1 I_i + \beta_2 P_i + \beta_3 C_i + u_i \tag{1}$$

- Y_i = observed measure of the personality trait for child i
- I_i = vector containing the maternal and paternal involvement scores
- P_i = vector containing the measures for the different personality traits of each parent
- C_i = vector containing a series of socio-economic and family related control measures
- u_i = unobservables

Where does our data come from?

- German Socio-Economic Panel
- Questionnaires:
 - Youth Questionnaire children turning 18, includes items of personality traits and parental involvement
 - Pre-teen Questionnaire children age 10 to 11, includes items regarding personality traits
 - Personal questionnaire all adults in the household, includes items of personality traits
- Limitations:
 - Parental involvement items and LoC items not included in Pre-teen Questionnaire
 - Adults' personality traits asked in multiply waves

Measurement of Big Five personality traits

Personality trait	Question in the SOEP	
Big-5 Personality Traits	Personal Characteristic	
Openness	Lively imagination Introduce new ideas	•
openiess.	Importance of esthetics	
	Communicative	
Extraversion	Am outgoing/sociable	•
	Reserved (inverted)	
	Carryout duties efficiently	
Conscientiousness	Work carefully	
	Am lazy (inverted)	
	Can forgive others	
Agreeableness	Considerate, friendly	
	Abrasive towards others (inverted)	•
	Often worry	
Neuroticism	Am nervous	
	Be relaxed, no stress (inverted)	

- 15 items in total, 3 for each trait
- Scores from 1 (Does not apply at all) to 7 (Applies completely)
- Some items inverted
- Average of the scores for each trait

Measurement of locus of control

Locus of Control	Opinion
	Success Through Working Hard
	Control Over My Own Destiny
Internal Locus of Control	Soc., Pol. Activity Makes A Difference
	Doubt Myself Faced Difficulties (inverted)
	Have Little Control Over My Life (inverted)
	In Comparison Do Not Have What I Deserve
	What You Achieve Is A Question Of Luck
External Locus of Control (Every item is inverted)	Others Have Often Controlled My Life
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Opportunities Depend On Soc. Circumstance
	Talents You Have At Birth Are V. Import.

- Internal LoC, External LoC
 - 10 items in total, 5 for each trait
 - Scores from 1 (Disagree completely) to 4 (Agree completely)
 - Some items for Internal LoC and every item for External LoC inverted

Principal Component Analysis for LoC

 Undergoing PCA for dimensionality reduction into one LoC score adopted from Pinger et al. (2016)

Table 13: Factor-loadings for PCA locus of control measures

Items in Questionnaires	Factor Loadings					
	Youth	Parents, 2005	Parents, 2010	Parents, 2015		
Internal Locus of Control						
Success Through Working Hard	-0.034	0.065	0.031	-0.013		
Control Over My Own Destiny	0.146	0.289	0.289	0.257		
Soc., Pol. Activity Can Makes A Difference	-0.075	-0.016	0.025	0.013		
Doubt Myself When Faced Difficulties	0.379	0.374	0.381	0.392		
Have Little Control Over My Life	0.422	0.464	0.459	0.460		
External Locus of Control						
In Comparison Do Not Have What I Deserve	0.393	0.379	0.384	0.385		
What You Achieve Is A Question Of Luck	0.386	0.360	0.351	0.354		
Others Have Often Controlled My Life	0.438	0.425	0.426	0.428		
Opportunities Depend On Soc. Circumstance	0.351	0.314	0.312	0.318		
Talents You Have At Birth Are V. Import.	0.175	0.061	0.099	0.102		

Note: Factor loadings for locus of control proxies. The locus of control index was constructed unsing principal component analysis on the available proxies of the youth sample and the adults waves of 2005, 2010 and 2015 separately.

Measurement of parental involvement

- Items covering parental involvement in the Youth Questionnaire from adolescents' perspective
- 21 proxies included:
 - 5 for both parents (e.g. Parents take part in parents-evening)
 - 8 for only mother (e.g. Mother talks about things that worry you)
 - 8 only for father (e.g. Father expresses opinion on something you do)

Principal Component Analysis for parental involvement

 Undergoing PCA for reducing the proxies into maternal and paternal involvement adopted from Zumbuehl et al. (2018)

Table 12: Factor-loadings for PCA parental involvement measures

Item in the Questionnaire	Involvement Mother	Involvement Father
Parents show interest in performance	0.211	0.100
Parents take part in parents-evening	0.147	0.091
Parents come to teacher office hours	0.113	0.047
Parents visit teacher outside office hours	0.084	0.009
Parents involved in at least one school activity	0.162	0.093
Mother talks about things you do	0.339	
Mother asks you prior to making decision	0.358	
Mother expresses opinion on something you do	0.378	
Mother is able to solve problems with you	0.364	
Mother asks your opinion on family matters	0.389	
Mother gives reason for making decision	0.392	
Mother talks about things that worry you	0.183	
Mother helps with studying	0.162	
Father talks about things you do		0.378
Father asks you prior to making decision		0.368
Father expresses opinion on something you do		0.367
Father is able to solve problems with you		0.387
Father asks your opinion on family matters		0.373
Father gives reason for making decision		0.380
Father talks about things that worry you		0.276
Father helps with study		0.231

Parental involvement and children's personality

Table 1: Parental involvement on the children's locus of control and Big Five, simple

	LoC	O	C	E	A	N
Constant	0.00	-0.00	0.01	0.01	-0.01	0.00
	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)
Involvement _m	0.10***	0.10***	0.10***	0.09***	0.14***	0.01
	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)
Involvement _f	0.14***	0.05***	0.06***	0.06***	0.08***	-0.08**
	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)
R-squared	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.01
No. Obs.	3798	3798	3798	3798	3798	3798

Note: The dependent variables are the standardized scores for locus of control, openness, conscientiousness, extraversion, agreableness and neuroticism of individuals of age seventeen. Details about the measurement and construction of the scores are provided in section 3. The main explanatory variables "Involvement," and "Involvement," are indices constructed using factor analysis on 13 involvement proxies. More information in section 3. Robust standard errors in parentheses.* significant at 10%, ** significant at 15%, **

- Parental involvement correlated with almost all traits
- For interpretation:
 - LoC Std ≈ 1.5
 - ullet Big Five Stds pprox 1

Involvement, family and socio-economic background

Table 8: Correlation coefficients between parental involvement and controls

	Mot	ther	Father		
	Involvement	p-value	Involvement	p-value	
Education in Years	0.2099	0.0000	0.2178	0.0000	
Age Difference with Child	0.0647	0.0026	0.1200	0.0000	
Migration Background	0.0396	0.0648	0.0227	0.3254	
P\C Net Income	0.1617	0.0000	0.2011	0.0000	
Parents in the HH	0.1501	0.0000	0.3240	0.0000	
Number of Siblings	-0.0445	0.0379	-0.0373	0.1064	
No. Obs.	21	73	18	76	

Note: Only parents with children in the age seventeen sample included.

 Involvement coefficients probably capture other effects

Adding controls

Table 2: Parental involvement on the children's locus of control and Big Five, controls

	LoC	O	C	E	A	N
Constant	-1.42***	-1.01***	1.06***	0.16	0.66*	0.42
	(0.37)	(0.39)	(0.36)	(0.36)	(0.38)	(0.38)
Involvement _m	0.10***	0.08**	0.05	0.07**	0.15***	0.06*
	(0.04)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.04)	(0.03)	(0.04)
Involvement _f	0.08*	0.07*	0.16***	0.08*	0.05	-0.11*
	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)
Years of Education _m	0.01	0.02*	-0.02	-0.01	-0.02	-0.02
	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Years of Education	0.01	0.02**	-0.02*	-0.01	0.02	-0.01
	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Number of Siblings	0.03	-0.04*	0.02	0.02	0.01	-0.03
	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)
P\C Net Income	0.17***	0.03	-0.14***	-0.00	-0.09	0.02
	(0.06)	(0.06)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.06)	(0.06)
Migration Background	-0.14*	0.30***	0.00	0.03	-0.04	0.13*
	(0.07)	(0.07)	(0.07)	(0.07)	(0.07)	(0.07)
Mother in HH	-0.15	0.04	0.17	0.02	-0.02	-0.15
	(0.12)	(0.13)	(0.13)	(0.14)	(0.14)	(0.15)
Father in HH	0.07	-0.09	0.12	0.07	-0.01	-0.07
	(0.08)	(0.07)	(0.08)	(0.08)	(0.07)	(0.07)
$\Delta \operatorname{Age}_{\mathrm{m}}$	-0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.01	-0.00
	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Δ Age _f	0.00	0.01	-0.00	-0.00	0.01	0.00
	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)
R-squared	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.02	0.03	0.01
No. Obs.	1775	1775	1775	1775	1775	1775

- Involvement of at least one parent remains significant
- Some indications for specific mother and father roles

Note: The dependent variables are the standardized scores for locus of control, openness, conscientiousness, extraversion, agreedheers and neuroticism of individuals of age seventeen. Details about the measurement and construction of the scores are provided in section 3. The amain explanatory variables "Involvementa" and "Involvementa" are indices constructed using a factor analysis on 13 involvement rovices. More information in section 3. Robust standard errors in

What about the parents' personalities?

- Investigate on the extent to which parents may shape those traits they might not display
- Parents might be transmitting their own traits:
 - Literature (e.g. Zumbuehl et al., 2018)
 - Observed gender differences
 - Which traits do more involved parents display?

Which parents are more involved?

Table 9: Correlation coefficients between parental involvement and parents' locus of control and Big Five

	Mother		Fati		
	Involvement	p-value	Involvement	p-value	
Locus of Control	0.1055	0.0000	0.1069	0.0000	0
Openness	0.1158	0.0000	0.0881	0.0000	
Conscientiousness	0.0862	0.0000	0.0512	0.0024	
Extraversion	0.0889	0.0000	0.0335	0.0471	
Agreableness	0.1058	0.0000	0.1137	0.0000	
Neuroticism	-0.0554	0.0005	-0.0629	0.0002	
No. Obs.	39.	38	350	09	

Note: Only parents with children in the age seventeen sample included.

On average more involvement from those parents with a "successful personality"

Parental involvement and children's personality

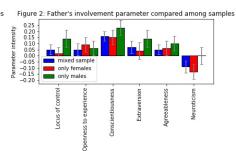
Table 3: Parental involvement on the children's locus of control and Big Five, extended

	LoC	0	C	E	A	N
Constant	-0.92**	-0.76***	1.15***	0.35	0.67	0.36
	(0.54)	(0.56)	(0.51)	(0.53)	(0.58)	(0.55)
Involvement _m	0.09**	0.09**	0.04	0.06	0.13***	0.06
	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)
Involvement _f	0.08*	0.05	0.16***	0.07	0.05	-0.09**
	(0.04)	(0.05)	(0.04)	(0.05)	(0.04)	(0.05)
LoC _m	0.11***	-0.00	-0.03	-0.02	0.01	0.02
	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)
LoC _f	0.07**	0.03	0.03	0.06**	0.03	0.02
	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)
Openness _m	0.04	0.09***	0.03	0.02	-0.02	-0.00
	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)
Openness _f	-0.03	0.10***	-0.01	0.02	-0.02	0.00
	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)
Conscientiousness _m	-0.09***	0.01	0.10***	0.04	0.04	-0.02
	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)
Conscientiousness	-0.03	-0.07*	0.10***	0.06	-0.02	-0.12***
	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)
Extraversion _m	0.04	-0.02	-0.03	0.05	-0.00	0.03
	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.04)	(0.03)
Extraversion _f	0.02	0.01	-0.01	0.06*	-0.00	0.06*
	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.04)
Agreeableness	0.01	0.03	-0.02	-0.05*	0.11***	0.05*
_	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)
Agreeableness	0.03	0.01	0.00	-0.02	0.05*	0.02
	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)
Neuroticism _m	0.03	0.03	-0.03	-0.00	-0.01	0.06**
	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)
Neuroticism _f	-0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	-0.00	0.06**
	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)
R-squared	0.08	0.07	0.07	0.04	0.05	0.03
No. Obs	1641	1641	1641	1641	1641	1641

- Parents' personality matters
- Parental involvement still significant
- Evidence for different parental roles

Parental involvement and gender differences

 Evidence for different parental roles as well as specific mother-daughter and father-son relations



Parental involvement and children's personality

• How to interpret our findings?

	LoC		Openness		Agreableness	
Change Involvement _m	std	abs	std	abs	std	abs
25th-75th percentile	0.11	0.17	0.11	0.12	0.16	0.15
5th-95th percentile	0.29	0.44	0.29	0.32	0.41	0.38

	LoC		Conscient.		Neuroticism	
Change Involvement _f	std	abs	std	abs	std	abs
25th-75th percentile	0.10	0.14	0.19	0.22	-0.10	-0.12
5th-95th percentile	0.26	0.41	0.54	0.60	-0.30	-0.35

Parental involvement at age 10 to 11

Table 7: Parental involvement on the children's locus of control and Big Five, Pre-Teen sample, controls

	O	C	E	A	N
Constant	-1.47	0.05	0.31	0.06	0.31
	(1.07)	(1.02)	(1.22)	(1.59)	(1.24)
Involvement _m	-0.06	-0.08	0.02	-0.07	-0.01
	(0.08)	(0.07)	(0.08)	(0.08)	(0.08)
Involvement _f	0.02	0.06	0.15	0.08	0.02
	(0.09)	(0.08)	(0.09)	(0.08)	(0.08)
Year of Education _m	0.03	-0.01	-0.02	0.05*	0.05
	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.04)
Year of Education _f	-0.00	0.08***	0.00	-0.01	-0.03
	(0.04)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.04)
Migration Background	-0.30	0.39**	0.03	0.00	0.11
-	(0.20)	(0.16)	(0.17)	(0.23)	(0.18)
Mother in HH	0.72**	-0.83	-0.50	-0.03	-0.77
	(0.30)	(0.81)	(0.93)	(1.31)	(0.99)
Father in HH	-0.22	-0.08	0.35*	-0.27	-0.39**
	(0.19)	(0.17)	(0.19)	(0.19)	(0.19)
P\C Net Income	0.11	-0.01	0.00	-0.06	0.10
THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH	(0.15)	(0.09)	(0.11)	(0.13)	(0.11)
R-squared	0.03	0.06	0.05	0.02	0.04
No. Obs.	248	248	248	248	248

Note: The dependent variables are the standardized scores for locus of control, openness, conscientiousness, extraversion, agreableness and neuroticism of individuals of age ten and eleven. Details about the measurement and construction of the scores are provided in section 3. The main explanatory variables " Imobvementa" and "Imobvement" are indices constructed using factor analysis on 13 involvement proxies. These proxies are not self-reports from the Pre-Tene sample, but from older siblings who filled the youth questionnaire. More information in section 3. Robust standard errors in parenthesees. *significant at 10%, *significant at 5%, ***significant 5%.

- Not the same significant results at age ten and eleven.
- Possible explanations:
 - Big Five traits develop at a later stage in life (e.g. Soto et al, 2011)
 - Involvement measure does not cover involvement at that age

Limitations

- Pre-teen questionnaire does not cover any information on parental involvement
 - ⇒ Parental involvement scores are provided by older siblings from the same household
 - But parenting style might change over time, due to gender of the child, socio-economic status
- Pre-teen sample size too small
 - ⇒ Cannot include other important controls
- Pre-teen sample does not contain items for locus of control

To wrap it up...

- Influence of parents on their children's personality formation
- Suggestive evidence that parents may impact their children independent of their own personality
- Different roles for mothers and fathers
- Not the same effects for children age 10 to 11

What to do next?

- Dive deeper into the topic:
 - Larger sample covering parenting style and educational goals available in a few waves
 - ⇒ Further investigations on the role of parenting
 - Complete information on the development of children over time
 - ⇒ More precise data, less information loss, larger sample
- Effects of parenting conscious or subconscious?

What to do next?

- Apply topic in context of social mobility:
 - Parents with lower income significantly less involved
 - ⇒ Impact on personality formation?
- Does the ability to shape the children's personality depend on socio-economic background?
- Potential policy implications?

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Thank you for your attention!

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Descriptive Statistics of adolescents' personality traits

Table 10: Descriptive statistics of non standardized locus of control and Big Five as well as parental involvement at age 17

Measure		Descriptive Statistics					
	Mean	Std	Min	Max	No. Obs		
Personality Traits							
Openness to experiences	4.694	1.111	1.000	7.000	3794		
Extraversion	4.900	0.915	1.000	7.000	3794		
Conscientiousness	4.846	1.121	1.000	7.000	3794		
Agreeableness	5.339	0.924	1.000	7.000	3794		
Neuroticism	3.963	1.156	1.000	7.000	3794		
Locus of control	0.013	1.542	1.103	3.809	3798		
Parental Involvement							
Involvement _f	0.047	2.242	-5.313	4.287	3798		
Involvement _m	0.090	1.869	-8.100	3.946	3798		

Note: Scores for personality traits are constructed averaging the proxy values for each trait. Indices for parental involvement are constructed using factor analysis on 13 involvement proxies.

Descriptive Statistics of parents' personality traits

Table 11: Descriptive statistics of the non standardized scores for parents' locus of control and Big Five

Measure		Descriptive Statistics				
	Mean	Std	Min	Max	No. Obs.	
Openness to experiences _m	4.587	1.203	1.000	7.000	4025	
Openness to experiences _f	4.371	1.165	1.000	7.000	3573	
Extraversion _m	5.397	0.791	1.000	7.000	4025	
Extraversion _f	5.354	0.772	1.000	7.000	3573	
Conscientiousness _m	6.050	0.846	1.000	7.000	4025	
Conscientiousness _f	5.979	0.879	1.000	7.000	3573	
Agreeableness _m	5.627	0.922	1.000	7.000	4025	
Agreeableness _f	5.252	1.010	1.000	7.000	3573	
Neuroticism _m	4.121	1.209	1.000	7.000	4025	
Neuroticism _f	3.745	1.168	1.000	7.000	3573	
Locus of control _m	-0.083	1.596	-5.297	3.758	4959	
Locus of control _f	0.124	1.570	-6.048	3.934	4210	

Note: Only parents with children in the age seventeen sample included. Scores for personality traits are constructed averaging the proxy values for each trait.

Females extended regression

Table 4: Parental involvement on the children's locus of control and Big Five, female sample, extended

	LoC	O	C	E	A	N
Constant	-0.31	-0.65	1.46***	0.59	1.14*	0.21
	(0.58)	(0.62)	(0.53)	(0.60)	(0.60)	(0.65)
Involvement _m	0.11**	0.06	0.04	0.03	0.11**	0.06
	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)
Involvement _f	0.02	0.09	0.15**	0.04	0.06	-0.13**
	(0.05)	(0.06)	(0.06)	(0.07)	(0.06)	(0.06)
R-squared	0.07	0.11	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.05
No. Obs.	792	792	792	792	792	792

Note: The dependent variables are the standardized scores for openness, conscientiousness, extraversion, agreableness and neuroticism of individuals of age seventeen. The main explanatory variables "Involvement_m" and "Involvement_t" are indices constructed using factor analysis on 13 involvement proxies. Details about the measurement and construction of the scores are provided in section 3. In addition to the listed variables, scores for the parent's personality as well as all socio-economic and family controls have been included. Robust standard errors in parenthesees. * significant at 10%, ** significant at 5%, *** significant at 11%.

Females extended regression with personalities

8 Youth Extended Females, hiding Controls

	LoC	0	C	E	A	N
const		-0.39	1.48***			-0.15
		(0.55)				(0.57)
involvement_mother_std		0.10**	0.04		0.10**	
	(0.05)		(0.05)			(0.05)
involvement_father_std			0.15***		0.07	-0.16***
		(0.05)			(0.05)	
Loc_pia_std_mother	0.15***	-0.03	-0.01	0.01	-0.05	0.05
	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.05)	(0.04)	(0.05)
loc_pia_std_father	-0.05	0.06		0.08*		-0.02
	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.05)	(0.04)	(0.05)
openness_nother	0.04	0.09**	0.04	-0.01	0.01	0.02
	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)
openness_father	-0.01	0.15***	0.03	0.06	0.02	0.01
	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)
conscientiousness_mother	-0.07	-0.10*	0.03	-0.05	0.03	0.00
	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)
conscientiousness_father	0.01	-0.05	0.08	0.03	-0.02	-0.13***
	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)
extraversion_mother	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.09*	0.01	0.07
	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)
extraversion father	0.04	-0.03	-0.04	0.06	-0.00	0.08
	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)
agreeableness_mother		0.09**		-0.05	0.10***	
Greenstanes_mones	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)		(0.04)	(0.04)
agreeableness_father	0.00	-0.01	0.03	-0.00	0.03	-0.02
0	(0.04)		(0.04)		(0.04)	(0.04)
neuroticism mother	-0.01	0.01	-0.02	-0.00	0.00	0.10**
		(0.04)				(0.04)
neuroticism_father	-0.03	0.02	-0.00	0.03		0.05
and out of the state of the sta			(0.04)			(0.04)
R-squared	0.06	0.11	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.05

Standard errors in parentheses.

* p<.1, ** p<.05, ***p<.01

Males extended regression

Table 5: Parental involvement on the children's locus of control and Big Five, male sample, extended

	LoC	O	C	E	A	N
Constant	-1.41**	-0.88	1.17**	0.21	0.25	0.54
	(0.56)	(0.59)	(0.53)	(0.52)	(0.58)	(0.54)
Involvement _m	0.07	0.06	0.00	0.05	0.11**	0.01
	(0.06)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)
Involvement _f	0.14*	0.06	0.23***	0.14**	0.10	0.00
	(0.07)	(0.06)	(0.06)	(0.07)	(0.06)	(0.07)
R-squared	0.12	0.07	0.10	0.06	0.06	0.03
No. Obs.	849	849	849	849	849	849

Note: The dependent variables are the standardized scores for openness, conscientiousness, extraversion, agreableness and neuroticism of individuals of age seventeen. The main explanatory variables "Involvement_m" and "Involvement," are indices constructed using factor analysis on 13 involvement proxies. Details about the measurement and construction of the scores are provided in section 3. In addition to the listed variables, scores for the parent's personality as well as all socio-economic and family controls have been included. Robust standard errors in parenthesees. * significant at 10%, ** significant at 5%, *** significant at 1%.

Males extended regression with personalities

10 Youth Extended Males, hiding Controls

	LoC	0	C	E	A	N
const	-1.44***	-1.07**	1.43***	0.21	0.24	0.39
	(0.51)	(0.51)	(0.51)	(0.51)	(0.54)	(0.51)
involvement_mother_std	0.07	0.06	0.01	0.05	0.11**	0.01
	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05
involvement_father_std	0.15***	0.07	0.23***	0.15***	0.10	-0.02
	(0.06)	(0.06)	(0.06)	(0.06)	(0.06)	(0.06
loc_pia_std_mother	0.08**	0.02	-0.05	-0.03	0.04	-0.02
	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04
loc_pia_std_father	0.16***	-0.01	0.02	0.04	-0.03	0.03
	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04
openness_nother	0.03	0.08**	0.01	0.04	-0.05	-0.03
	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)		
openness_father	-0.03	0.06*	-0.02	-0.01	0.04	0.03
	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04
conscientiousness mother	-0.10**	0.10**	0.16***	0.11**	0.06	-0.04
	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05
conscientiousness_father	-0.06	-0.09*	0.11**	0.08	-0.03	-0.10
	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05
extraversion mother	0.04	-0.08*	-0.08+	0.00	-0.02	-0.00
	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05
extraversion_father	-0.00	0.05	0.01	0.05	-0.00	0.06
	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05
agreeableness_mother	0.04	-0.01	0.01	-0.04	0.12***	0.08*
	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04
agreeableness father	0.04	0.03	-0.01	-0.03	0.06*	0.04
-	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.04)	(0.03
neuroticism_mother	0.07**	0.03	-0.04	0.01	-0.03	0.01
-	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04
neuroticism_father	0.02	-0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.05
	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)		(0.04
R-squared	0.12	0.07	0.09	0.06	0.06	0.03
No observations	850	850	850	850	850	850

Standard errors in parentheses. * p<.1, ** p<.05, ***p<.01

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Simple regression results of kids sample

Table 6: Parental involvement on the children's locus of control and Big Five, Pre-Teen sample, simple

	O	C	E	A	N
Constant	-0.03	-0.08*	-0.12**	-0.03	0.11**
	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)
Involvement _m	0.02	-0.05	0.01	-0.05	0.09
	(0.06)	(0.05)	(0.06)	(0.06)	(0.06)
Involvement _f	0.08	0.13**	0.14**	0.10*	-0.10*
	(0.06)	(0.06)	(0.06)	(0.06)	(0.05)
R-squared	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01
No. Obs.	388	388	388	388	388

Note: The dependent variables are the standardized scores for locus of control, openness, conscientiousness, extraversion, agreableness and neuroticism of individuals of age ten and eleven. Details about the measurement and construction of the scores are provided in section 3. The main explanatory variables "Involvement_m" and "Involvement_t" are indices constructed using factor analysis on 13 involvement proxies. These proxies are not self-reports from the Pre-Teen sample, but are taken from older siblings who filled the youth questionnaire. More information in section 3. Robust standard errors in parenthesees. * significant at 10%, ** significant at 5%, *** significant at 1%.