

| 连续傅里叶变换  |   | 连续拉普拉斯变换(单边)   |   | 离散 Z 变换(单边)  |  | 离散傅里叶变换   |   |
|--|---|--|---|--|--|---|---|
| $F(j\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t)e^{-j\omega t} dt$ $f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} F(j\omega)e^{j\omega t} d\omega$ |   | $F(s) = \int_{0_-}^{\infty} f(t)e^{-st} dt$ $f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi j} \int_{\sigma-j\infty}^{\sigma+j\infty} F(s)e^{st} ds$ |   | $F(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} f(k)z^{-k}$ $f(k) = \frac{1}{2\pi j} \oint_L F(z)z^{k-1} dz, k \geq 0$ |  | $F(e^{j\theta}) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} f(k)e^{-j\theta k}$ $f(k) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{2\pi} F(e^{j\theta})e^{j\theta k} d\theta$ |   |
| 线性   | $af_1(t) + bf_2(t) \leftrightarrow aF_1(j\omega) + bF_2(j\omega)$   | 线性   | $af_1(t) + bf_2(t) \leftrightarrow aF_1(s) + bF_2(s)$   | 线性   | $af_1(k) + bf_2(k) \leftrightarrow aF_1(z) + bF_2(z)$  | 线性  | $af_1(k) + bf_2(k) \leftrightarrow aF_1(e^{j\theta}) + bF_2(e^{j\theta})$   |
| 时移   | $f(t \pm t_0) \leftrightarrow e^{\pm j\omega t_0} F(j\omega)$   | 时移   | $f(t \pm t_0) \leftrightarrow e^{\pm st_0} F(s)$  | 时移   | $f(k \pm m) \leftrightarrow z^{\pm m} F(z)$ ( 双边 )   | 时移  | $f(k \pm m) \leftrightarrow e^{\pm j\theta m} F(e^{j\theta})$   |
| 频移   | $e^{\pm j\omega_0 t} f(t) \leftrightarrow F(j(\omega \mp \omega_0))$  | 频移   | $e^{\pm s_0 t} f(t) \leftrightarrow F(s \mp s_0)$   | 频移   | $e^{\pm j\omega_0 k} f(k) \leftrightarrow F(e^{\mp j\omega_0} z)$ ( 尺度变换 )   | 频移  | $e^{\pm jk\theta_0} f(k) \leftrightarrow F(e^{j(\theta \mp \theta_0)})$   |
| 尺度变换   | $f(at+b) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{ a } e^{\frac{j-b\omega}{a}} F(j\frac{\omega}{a})$                        | 尺度变换   | $f(at+b) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{ a } e^{\frac{bs}{a}} F(\frac{s}{a})$                           | 尺度变换   | $a^k f(k) \leftrightarrow F(\frac{z}{a})$  | 尺度变换  | $f_{(n)}(k) = \begin{cases} f(k/n) \\ 0 \end{cases} \leftrightarrow F(e^{jn\theta})$  |
| 反转   | $f(-t) \leftrightarrow F(-j\omega)$   | 反转   | $f(-t) \leftrightarrow F(-s)$   | 反转   | $f(-k) \leftrightarrow F(z^{-1})$ ( 仅限双边 )   | 反转  | $f(-k) \leftrightarrow F(e^{-j\theta})$   |
| 时域卷积   | $f_1(t) * f_2(t) \leftrightarrow F_1(j\omega)F_2(j\omega)$  | 时域卷积   | $f_1(t) * f_2(t) \leftrightarrow F_1(s)F_2(s)$  | 时域卷积   | $f_1(t) * f_2(t) \leftrightarrow F_1(z)F_2(z)$   | 时域卷积  | $f_1(k) * f_2(k) \leftrightarrow F_1(e^{j\theta})F_2(e^{j\theta})$  |
| 频域卷积   | $f_1(t)f_2(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{2\pi} F_1(j\omega) * F_2(j\omega)$                                   | 时域微分   | $f'(t) \leftrightarrow sF(s) - f(0_-)$<br>$f''(t) \leftrightarrow s^2 F(s) - sf'(0_-) - f''(0_-)$ | 时域差分   | $f(k-1) \leftrightarrow z^{-1}F(z) + f(-1)$<br>$f(k-2) \leftrightarrow z^{-2}F(z) + z^{-1}f(-1) + f(-2)$<br>$f(k+1) \leftrightarrow zF(z) - zf(0)$<br>$f(k+2) \leftrightarrow z^2 F(z) - z^2 f(0) - zf(1)$ | 频域卷积  | $f_1(k)f_2(k) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{2\pi} F_1(e^{j\psi})F_2(e^{j(\psi-\theta)}) d\psi$   |
| 时域微分   | $f'(t)/f^{(n)}(t) \leftrightarrow j\omega F(j\omega)/(j\omega)^n F(j\omega)$                                |  |   |  |  | 时域差分  | $f(k) - f(k-1) \leftrightarrow (1 - e^{j\theta})F(e^{j\theta})$   |
| 频域微分   | $tf(t)/(-jt)^n f(t) \leftrightarrow j \frac{dF(j\omega)}{d\omega} / \frac{d^n F(j\omega)}{d\omega^n}$       | S 域微分  | $tf(t)/(-t)^n f(t) \leftrightarrow -F'(s) / \frac{d^n F(s)}{ds^n}$                                | Z 域微分  | $kf(k) \leftrightarrow -z \frac{dF(z)}{dz}$  | 频域微分  | $kf(k) \leftrightarrow j \frac{dF(e^{j\theta})}{d\theta}$   |
| 时域积分   | $\int_{-\infty}^t f(x)dx, f(-\infty)=0 \leftrightarrow \frac{F(j\omega)}{j\omega} + \pi F(0)\delta(\omega)$ | 时域积分   | $\int_{-\infty}^t f(x)dx \leftrightarrow \frac{F(s)}{s} + \frac{f^{(-1)}(0_-)}{s}$                | 部分求和   | $f(k) * \varepsilon(k) = \sum_{i=-\infty}^k f(i) \leftrightarrow \frac{z}{z-1}$  | 时域累加  | $\sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} f(k) \leftrightarrow \frac{F(e^{j\theta})}{1 - e^{j\theta}} + \pi F(e^{j0}) \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(\theta - 2\pi k)$ |
| 频域积分   | $\pi f(0)t + \frac{f(t)}{(-jt)} \leftrightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\omega} F(j\tau) d\tau, F(-\infty)=0$       | S 域积分  | $\frac{f(t)}{t} \leftrightarrow \int_s^{\infty} F(\eta) d\eta$                                    | Z 域积分  | $\frac{f(k)}{k+m} \leftrightarrow z^m \int_z^{\infty} \frac{F(\eta)}{\eta^{m+1}} d\eta$  | $f(0) = \lim_{z \rightarrow \infty} F(z), f(1) = \lim_{z \rightarrow \infty} [zF(z) - zf(0)]$   |   |
| 对称   | $F(jt) \leftrightarrow 2\pi f(-\omega)$   | 初值   | $f(0_+) = \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} sF(s), F(s)$ 为真分式   | 初值   | $f(M) = \lim_{z \rightarrow \infty} z^M F(z)$ ( 右边信号 ), $f(M+1) = \lim_{z \rightarrow \infty} [z^{M+1} F(z) - zf(M)]$  |   |   |
| 帕斯瓦尔   | $E = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty}  f(t) ^2 dt = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty}  F(j\omega) ^2 d\omega$   | 终值   | $f(\infty) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} sF(s), s=0$ 在收敛域内   | 终值   | $f(\infty) = \lim_{z \rightarrow 1} (z-1)F(z)$ ( 右边信号 )  | 帕斯瓦尔  | $\sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty}  f(k) ^2 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{2\pi}  F(e^{j\theta}) ^2 d\theta$  |

常用连续傅里叶变换、拉普拉斯变换、Z 变换对一览表

| 连续傅里叶变换对   |   | 拉普拉斯变换对 ( 单边 )   |   | Z 变换对 ( 单边 )                            |   |   |  |
|--|---|--|---|---|---|---|--|
| $F(j\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t)e^{-j\omega t} dt$           |   | $F(s) = \int_{0_-}^{\infty} f(t)e^{-st} dt$                |   | $F(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} f(k)z^{-k}$ |   |   |  |
| 函数<br>$f(t)$   | 傅里叶变换<br>$F(j\omega)$   | 函数<br>$f(t)$   | 象函数<br>$F(s)$                                     | 函数<br>$f(k), k \geq 0$                  | 象函数   | 函数<br>$f(k), k \geq 0$                          | 象函数  |
| $\delta(t)/1$  | $1/2\pi\delta(\omega)$  | $\delta(t)$  | 1   | $\delta(k)$                             | 1   | $\delta(k-m), m \geq 0$                         | $z^{-m}$                                       |
| $\delta'(t)/\delta^{(n)}(t)$   | $j\omega/(j\omega)^n$   | $\delta'(t)$   | $s$   | 1                                       | $\frac{z}{z-1}$                                     | $\varepsilon(k-m), m \geq 0$                    | $\frac{z}{z-1} \cdot z^{-m}$                   |
| $\varepsilon(t)$   | $\frac{1}{j\omega} + \pi\delta(\omega)$   | $\varepsilon(t)$   | $\frac{1}{s}$                                     | $\varepsilon(k)$                        | $\frac{z}{z-1}$                                     | $k^2\varepsilon(k)$                             | $\frac{z^2+z}{(z-1)^3}$                        |
| $t\varepsilon(t)$  | $j\pi\delta'(\omega) - \frac{1}{\omega^2}$  | $t\varepsilon(t)/t^n\varepsilon(t)$                        | $\frac{1}{s^2} \Big/ \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$          | $k\varepsilon(k)$                       | $\frac{z}{(z-1)^2}$                                 | $(k+1)a^k\varepsilon(k)$                        | $\frac{z^2}{(z-a)^2}$                          |
| $e^{-\alpha t}\varepsilon(t)/te^{-\alpha t}\varepsilon(t), \alpha > 0$ | $\frac{1}{\alpha + j\omega} \Big/ \frac{1}{(\alpha + j\omega)^2}$   | $e^{-\alpha t}\varepsilon(t)/te^{-\alpha t}\varepsilon(t)$ | $\frac{1}{s+\alpha} \Big/ \frac{1}{(s+\alpha)^2}$ | $a^k\varepsilon(k)$                     | $\frac{z}{z-a}$                                     | $ka^{k-1}\varepsilon(k)$                        | $\frac{z}{(z-a)^2}$                            |
| $\cos(\omega_0 t)$<br>$\sin(\omega_0 t)$                               | $\pi[\delta(\omega + \omega_0) + \delta(\omega - \omega_0)]$<br>$j\pi[\delta(\omega + \omega_0) - \delta(\omega - \omega_0)]$ | $\cos(\beta t)\varepsilon(t)$                              | $\frac{s}{s^2 + \beta^2}$                         | $e^{\alpha k}\varepsilon(k)$            | $\frac{z}{z-e^{\alpha}}$                            | $ka^k\varepsilon(k)$                            | $\frac{az}{(z-a)^2}$                           |
| $\frac{1}{t}$  | $-j\pi \operatorname{sgn}(\omega)$  | $\sin(\beta t)\varepsilon(t)$                              | $\frac{\beta}{s^2 + \beta^2}$                     | $e^{j\beta k}\varepsilon(k)$            | $\frac{z}{z-e^{j\beta}}$                            | $k^2a^k\varepsilon(k)$                          | $\frac{az^2+a^2z}{(z-a)^3}$                    |
| $ t $  | $-\frac{2}{\omega^2}$   | $\cosh(\beta t)\varepsilon(t)$                             | $\frac{s}{s^2 - \beta^2}$                         | $\frac{a^k - (-a)^k}{2a}\varepsilon(k)$ | $\frac{z}{z^2 - a^2}$                               | $\frac{a^k + (-a)^k}{2a}\varepsilon(k)$         | $\frac{z^2}{z^2 - a^2}$                        |
| $e^{\pm j\omega_0 t}$  | $2\pi\delta(\omega \mp \omega_0)$   | $\sinh(\beta t)\varepsilon(t)$                             | $\frac{\beta}{s^2 - \beta^2}$                     | $\frac{k(k-1)}{2}\varepsilon(k)$        | $\frac{z}{(z-1)^3}$                                 | $\frac{(k+1)k}{2}\varepsilon(k)$                | $\frac{z^2}{(z-1)^3}$                          |
| $e^{-\alpha t}\cos(\beta t)\varepsilon(t)$                             | $\frac{j\omega + \alpha}{(j\omega + \alpha)^2 + \beta^2}$   | $e^{-\alpha t}\cos(\beta t)\varepsilon(t)$                 | $\frac{s + \alpha}{(s + \alpha)^2 + \beta^2}$     | $\frac{a^k - b^k}{a - b}\varepsilon(k)$ | $\frac{z}{(z-a)(z-b)}$                              | $\frac{a^{k+1} - b^{k+1}}{a - b}\varepsilon(k)$ | $\frac{z^2}{(z-a)(z-b)}$                       |
| $e^{-\alpha t}\sin(\beta t)\varepsilon(t)$                             | $\frac{\beta}{(j\omega + \alpha)^2 + \beta^2}$  | $e^{-\alpha t}\sin(\beta t)\varepsilon(t)$                 | $\frac{\beta}{(s + \alpha)^2 + \beta^2}$          | $\cos(\beta k)\varepsilon(k)$           | $\frac{z(z - \cos \beta)}{z^2 - 2z \cos \beta + 1}$ | $\sin(\beta k)\varepsilon(k)$                   | $\frac{z \sin \beta}{z^2 - 2z \cos \beta + 1}$ |

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|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|
| $e^{-\alpha t }\varepsilon(t), \alpha > 0$   | $\frac{2\alpha}{\alpha^2 + \omega^2}$  | $(b_0 t + b_1)\varepsilon(t)$   | $\frac{b_0 + b_1 s}{s^2}$                      | $\cos(\beta k + \theta)\varepsilon(k)$   | $\frac{z^2 \cos \theta - z \cos(\beta - \theta)}{z^2 - 2z \cos \beta + 1}$ | $\sin(\beta k + \theta)\varepsilon(k)$                              | $\frac{z^2 \sin \theta + z \sin(\beta - \theta)}{z^2 - 2z \cos \beta + 1}$ |
| $t/t^n$  | $j2\pi\delta'(\omega)/2\pi(j)^n\delta^{(n)}(\omega)$   | $\frac{b_0}{\alpha} - (\frac{b_0}{\alpha} - b_1)e^{-\alpha t}\varepsilon(t)$  | $\frac{b_1 s + b_0}{s(s + \alpha)}$            | $a^k \cos(\beta k)\varepsilon(k)$  | $\frac{z(z - a \cos \beta)}{z^2 - 2az \cos \beta + a^2}$                   | $a^k \sin(\beta k)\varepsilon(k)$                                   | $\frac{az \sin \beta}{z^2 - 2az \cos \beta + a^2}$                         |
| $\text{sgn}(t)$  | $\frac{2}{j\omega}$  | $\frac{1}{\beta^3}[\beta t - \sin(\beta t)]\varepsilon(t)$  | $\frac{1}{s^2(s^2 + \beta^2)}$                 | $a^k \cosh(\beta k)\varepsilon(k)$   | $\frac{z(z - a \cosh \beta)}{z^2 - 2az \cosh \beta + a^2}$                 | $a^k \sinh(\beta k)\varepsilon(k)$                                  | $\frac{az \sinh \beta}{z^2 - 2az \cosh \beta + a^2}$                       |
| $\begin{cases} -e^{\alpha t}, t < 0 \\ e^{-\alpha t}, t > 0 \end{cases}, (\alpha > 0)$                             | $-j\frac{2\omega}{\alpha^2 + \omega^2}$  | $\frac{1}{2\beta^3}[1 - \beta t]\sin(\beta t)\varepsilon(t)$  | $\frac{1}{(s^2 + \beta^2)^2}$                  | $\frac{a^k}{k}\varepsilon(k), k > 0$   | $\ln\left(\frac{z}{z - a}\right)$  | $\frac{a^k}{k!}\varepsilon(k)$                                      | $e^{\frac{a}{z}}$  |
| $f(t) = \begin{cases} \cos(\frac{\pi}{\tau}t),  t  < \frac{\tau}{2} \\ 0,  t  > \frac{\tau}{2} \end{cases}$        | $\frac{\pi\tau}{2} \cdot \frac{\cos(\frac{\omega\tau}{2})}{(\frac{\pi}{2})^2 - (\frac{\omega\tau}{2})^2}$          | $\frac{1}{2\beta}t \sin(\beta t)\varepsilon(t)$   | $\frac{s}{(s^2 + \beta^2)^2}$                  | $\frac{(\ln a)^k}{k!}\varepsilon(k)$   | $\frac{1}{a^z}$  | $\frac{1}{(2k)!}$   | $\cosh\sqrt{\frac{1}{z}}$  |
| $\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} F_n e^{jn\Omega t}$   | $2\pi \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} F_n \delta(\omega - n\Omega), \Omega = \frac{2\pi}{T}$                             | $\frac{1}{2\beta}[\sin(\beta t) + \beta t \cos(\beta t)]\varepsilon(t)$   | $\frac{s^2}{(s^2 + \beta^2)^2}$                | $\frac{1}{k+1}\varepsilon(k)$  | $z \ln\left(\frac{z}{z-1}\right)$  | $\frac{1}{2k+1}\varepsilon(k)$                                      | $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{z} \ln \frac{\sqrt{z}+1}{\sqrt{z}-1}$                    |
| $\delta_T(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - nT)$   | $\delta_{\Omega}(\omega) = \Omega \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(\omega - n\Omega)$<br>$\Omega = \frac{2\pi}{T}$ | $t \cos(\beta t)\varepsilon(t)$   | $\frac{s^2 - \beta^2}{(s^2 + \beta^2)^2}$      | $[\frac{b_0 - b_1\alpha}{\beta - \alpha}e^{-\alpha t} + (\frac{b_0 - b_1\beta}{\beta - \alpha})e^{-\beta t}]\varepsilon(t)$  |  | $\frac{b_1 s + b_0}{(s + \alpha)(s + \beta)}$                       |  |
| $g_{\tau}(t) = \begin{cases} 1,  t  < \frac{\tau}{2} \\ 0,  t  > \frac{\tau}{2} \end{cases}$                       | $\tau Sa\left(\frac{\omega\tau}{2}\right) = \frac{2}{\omega} \sin\left(\frac{\omega\tau}{2}\right)$                | $[(b_0 - b_1\alpha)t + b_1]e^{-\alpha t}$   | $\frac{b_1 s + b_0}{(s + \alpha)^2}$           | $[\frac{b_0 - b_1\alpha + b_2\alpha^2}{(\beta - \alpha)(\gamma - \alpha)}e^{-\alpha t} + \frac{b_0 - b_1\beta + b_2\beta^2}{(\alpha - \beta)(\gamma - \beta)}e^{-\beta t} + \frac{b_0 - b_1\gamma + b_2\gamma^2}{(\alpha - \gamma)(\beta - \gamma)}e^{-\gamma t}]\varepsilon(t)$ |  | $\frac{b_2 s^2 + b_1 s + b_0}{(s + \alpha)(s + \beta)(s + \gamma)}$ |  |
| $\frac{W}{\pi} Sa(Wt) = \frac{\sin(Wt)}{\pi t}$  | $F(j\omega) = \begin{cases} 1,  \omega  < \frac{W}{2} \\ 0,  \omega  > \frac{W}{2} \end{cases}$                    | $Ae^{-\alpha t} \sin(\beta t + \theta)\varepsilon(t)$ , 其中<br>$Ae^{j\theta} = \frac{b_0 - b_1(\alpha - j\beta)}{\beta}$               | $\frac{b_1 s + b_0}{(s + \alpha)^2 + \beta^2}$ | $[\frac{b_0 - b_1\beta + b_2\beta^2}{(\alpha - \beta)^2}e^{-\beta t} + \frac{b_0 - b_1\alpha + b_2\alpha^2}{\beta - \alpha} \cdot te^{-\alpha t} - \frac{b_0 - b_1\beta + b_2\alpha(2\beta - \alpha)}{(\beta - \alpha)^2}e^{-\alpha t}]\varepsilon(t)$                           |  | $\frac{b_2 s^2 + b_1 s + b_0}{(s + \alpha)^2(s + \beta)}$           |  |
| $f_{\Delta}(t) = \begin{cases} 1 - \frac{2 t }{\tau},  t  < \frac{\tau}{2} \\ 0,  t  > \frac{\tau}{2} \end{cases}$ | $\frac{\tau}{2} Sa^2\left(\frac{\omega\tau}{4}\right)$   | $[b_2 e^{-\alpha t} + (b_1 - 2b_2\alpha)t e^{-\alpha t} + \frac{1}{2}(b_0 - b_1\alpha + b_2\alpha^2)t^2 e^{-\alpha t}]\varepsilon(t)$ | $\frac{b_2 s^2 + b_1 s + b_0}{(s + \alpha)^3}$ | $[\frac{b_0 - b_1\gamma + b_2\gamma^2}{\gamma^2 + \beta^2}e^{-\gamma t} + A \sin(\beta t + \theta)]\varepsilon(t)$<br>其中 $Ae^{j\theta} = \frac{(b_0 - b_2\beta^2) + jb_1\beta}{\beta(\gamma + j\beta)}$  |  | $\frac{b_2 s^2 + b_1 s + b_0}{(s + \gamma)(s^2 + \beta^2)}$         |  |

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|---|--|---|---|--|
| $f(t)=\begin{cases}\frac{1}{\tau}(t+\frac{\tau}{2}), t \leq\frac{\tau}{2}\\0, t >\frac{\tau}{2}\end{cases}$ | $j\frac{1}{\omega}\left[e^{-j\frac{\omega\tau}{2}}-Sa\left(\frac{\omega\tau}{2}\right)\right]$ | $f(t)=\begin{cases}1, t \leq\frac{\tau_1}{2}\\\frac{\tau}{\tau-\tau_1}(1-\frac{2 t }{\tau}),\frac{\tau_1}{2}< t \leq\frac{\tau}{2}\\0, t >\frac{\tau}{2}\end{cases}$ $\leftrightarrow\frac{8}{\omega^2(\tau-\tau_1)}\sin\left[\frac{\omega(\tau+\tau_1)}{4}\right]\times\sin\left[\frac{\omega(\tau-\tau_1)}{4}\right]$ | $[\frac{b_0-b_1\gamma+b_2\gamma^2}{(\alpha-\gamma)^2+\beta^2}e^{-\eta}+Ae^{-\alpha}\sin(\beta t+\theta)]\varepsilon(t)$ <p>其中 <math>Ae^{j\theta}=\frac{b_0-b_1(\alpha-j\beta)+b_2(\alpha-j\beta)^2}{\beta(\gamma-\alpha+j\beta)}</math></p> | $\frac{b_2s^2+b_1s+b_0}{(s+\gamma)[(s+\alpha)^2+\beta^2]}$ |
|---|--|---|---|--|

双边拉普拉斯变换与双边 Z 变换对一览表

| 双边拉普拉斯变换对   |  | 双边 Z 变换对   |   |
|---|--|--|---|
| $F(s) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t)e^{-st} dt$   |  | $F(z) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} f(k)z^{-k}$    |   |
| 函数  | 象函数 $F(s)$ 和收敛域  | 函数   | 象函数 $F(z)$ 和收敛域   |
| $\delta(t)$                                       | 1, 整个 S 平面   | $\delta(k)$                                      | 1, 整个 Z 平面  |
| $\delta^{(n)}(t)$                                 | $s^n$ , 有限 S 平面  | $\Delta^n \delta(k)$                             | $\frac{z^n}{(z-1)^n},  z  > 0$                            |
| $\varepsilon(t)$                                  | $\frac{1}{s}, \text{Re}\{s\} > 0$  | $\varepsilon(k)$                                 | $\frac{z}{z-1},  z  > 1$                                  |
| $t\varepsilon(t)$                                 | $\frac{1}{s^2}, \text{Re}\{s\} > 0$  | $(k+1)\varepsilon(k)$                            | $\frac{z^2}{(z-1)^2},  z  > 1$                            |
| $\frac{t^{n-1}}{(n-1)!}\varepsilon(t)$            | $\frac{1}{s^n}, \text{Re}\{s\} > 0$  | $\frac{(k+n-1)!}{k!(n-1)!}\varepsilon(k)$        | $\frac{z^n}{(z-1)^n},  z  > 1$                            |
| $-\varepsilon(-t)$                                | $\frac{1}{s}, \text{Re}\{s\} < 0$  | $-\varepsilon(-k-1)$                             | $\frac{z}{z-1},  z  < 1$                                  |
| $-t\varepsilon(-t)$                               | $\frac{1}{s^2}, \text{Re}\{s\} < 0$  | $-(k+1)\varepsilon(-k-1)$                        | $\frac{z^2}{(z-1)^2},  z  < 1$                            |
| $-\frac{t^{n-1}}{(n-1)!}\varepsilon(-t)$          | $\frac{1}{s^n}, \text{Re}\{s\} < 0$  | $-\frac{(k+n-1)!}{k!(n-1)!}\varepsilon(-k-1)$    | $\frac{z^n}{(z-1)^n},  z  < 1$                            |
| $e^{-at}\varepsilon(t)$                           | $\frac{1}{s+a}, \text{Re}\{s\} > \text{Re}\{-a\}$                              | $a^k\varepsilon(k)$                              | $\frac{z}{z-a},  z  >  a $                                |
| $te^{-at}\varepsilon(t)$                          | $\frac{1}{(s+a)^2}, \text{Re}\{s\} > \text{Re}\{-a\}$                          | $(n+1)a^n\varepsilon(k)$                         | $\frac{z^2}{(z-a)^2},  z  >  a $                          |
| $\frac{t^{n-1}}{(n-1)!}e^{-at}\varepsilon(t)$     | $\frac{1}{(s+a)^n}, \text{Re}\{s\} > \text{Re}\{-a\}$                          | $\frac{(k+n-1)!}{k!(n-1)!}a^n\varepsilon(k)$     | $\frac{z^n}{(z-a)^n},  z  >  a $                          |
| $-e^{-at}\varepsilon(-t)$                         | $\frac{1}{s+a}, \text{Re}\{s\} < \text{Re}\{-a\}$                              | $-a^k\varepsilon(-k-1)$                          | $\frac{z}{z-a},  z  <  a $                                |
| $-\frac{t^{n-1}}{(n-1)!}e^{-at}\varepsilon(-t)$   | $\frac{1}{(s+a)^n}, \text{Re}\{s\} < \text{Re}\{-a\}$                          | $-\frac{(k+n-1)!}{k!(n-1)!}a^n\varepsilon(-k-1)$ | $\frac{z^n}{(z-a)^n},  z  <  a $                          |
| $\cos(\beta t)\varepsilon(t)$                     | $\frac{s}{s^2+\beta^2}, \text{Re}\{s\} > 0$                                    | $\cos(\beta k)\varepsilon(k)$                    | $\frac{z^2 - z\cos\beta}{z^2 - 2z\cos\beta + 1}$          |
| $\sin(\beta t)\varepsilon(t)$                     | $\frac{\beta}{s^2+\beta^2}, \text{Re}\{s\} > 0$                                | $\sin(\beta k)\varepsilon(k)$                    | $\frac{z\sin\beta}{z^2 - 2z\cos\beta + 1}$                |
| $e^{-\alpha t}\cos(\beta t)\varepsilon(t)$        | $\frac{s+\alpha}{(s+\alpha)^2+\beta^2}, \text{Re}\{s\} > \text{Re}\{-\alpha\}$ | $a^k\cos(\beta k)\varepsilon(k)$                 | $\frac{z^2 - za\cos\beta}{z^2 - 2za\cos\beta + 1}$        |
| $e^{-\alpha t}\sin(\beta t)\varepsilon(t)$        | $\frac{\beta}{(s+\alpha)^2+\beta^2}, \text{Re}\{s\} > \text{Re}\{-\alpha\}$    | $a^k\sin(\beta k)\varepsilon(k)$                 | $\frac{za\sin\beta}{z^2 - 2za\cos\beta + 1}$              |
| $e^{-\alpha t }, \text{Re}\{a\} > 0$              | $\frac{-2a}{s^2-a^2}, \text{Re}\{a\} > \text{Re}\{s\} > \text{Re}\{-a\}$       | $a^{ k },  a  < 1$                               | $\frac{(a^2-1)z}{(z-a)(az-1)},  a  <  z  < \frac{1}{ a }$ |
| $e^{-\alpha t }\text{sgn}(t), \text{Re}\{a\} > 0$ | $\frac{2s}{s^2-a^2}, \text{Re}\{a\} > \text{Re}\{s\} > \text{Re}\{-a\}$        | $a^{ k }\text{sgn},  a  < 1$                     | $\frac{a(z^2-z)}{(z-a)(az-1)},  a  <  z  < \frac{1}{ a }$ |

卷积积分一览表

| $f_1(t) * f_2(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_1(\tau) f(t-\tau) d\tau$ |                                  |  |                                 |                                |  |
|---|----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| $f_1(t)$  | $f_2(t)$                         | $f_1(t) * f_2(t)$  | $f_1(t)$                        | $f_2(t)$                       | $f_1(t) * f_2(t)$  |
| $f(t)$  | $\delta'(t)$                     | $f'(t)$  | $f(t)$                          | $\delta(t)$                    | $f(t)$   |
| $f(t)$  | $\varepsilon(t)$                 | $\int_{-\infty}^t f(\lambda) d\lambda$   | $\varepsilon(t)$                | $\varepsilon(t)$               | $t\varepsilon(t)$  |
| $e^{-\alpha t} \varepsilon(t)$  | $\varepsilon(t)$                 | $\frac{1}{\alpha}(1 - e^{-\alpha t})\varepsilon(t)$  | $\varepsilon(t)$                | $t\varepsilon(t)$              | $\frac{1}{2}t^2\varepsilon(t)$   |
| $e^{-\alpha_1 t} \varepsilon(t)$                                      | $e^{-\alpha_2 t} \varepsilon(t)$ | $\frac{1}{\alpha_2 - \alpha_1}(e^{-\alpha_1 t} - e^{-\alpha_2 t})\varepsilon(t), \alpha_1 \neq \alpha_2$   | $e^{-\alpha t} \varepsilon(t)$  | $e^{-\alpha t} \varepsilon(t)$ | $te^{-\alpha t} \varepsilon(t)$  |
| $te^{-\alpha_1 t} \varepsilon(t)$                                     | $e^{-\alpha_2 t} \varepsilon(t)$ | $\left[ \frac{(\alpha_2 - \alpha_1)t - 1}{(\alpha_2 - \alpha_1)^2} e^{-\alpha_1 t} + \frac{1}{(\alpha_2 - \alpha_1)^2} e^{-\alpha_2 t} \right] \varepsilon(t)$<br>$\alpha_2 \neq \alpha_1$   | $t\varepsilon(t)$               | $e^{-\alpha t} \varepsilon(t)$ | $\left( \frac{\alpha t - 1}{\alpha^2} + \frac{1}{\alpha^2} e^{-\alpha t} \right) \varepsilon(t)$ |
| $e^{-\alpha_1 t} \cos(\beta t + \theta) \varepsilon(t)$               | $e^{-\alpha_2 t} \varepsilon(t)$ | $\left[ \frac{\cos(\beta t + \theta - \varphi)}{\sqrt{(\alpha_2 - \alpha_1)^2 + \beta^2}} e^{-\alpha_1 t} - \frac{\cos(\theta - \varphi)}{\sqrt{(\alpha_2 - \alpha_1)^2 + \beta^2}} e^{-\alpha_2 t} \right] \varepsilon(t)$<br>$\varphi = \arctan\left(\frac{\beta}{\alpha_2 - \alpha_1}\right)$ | $te^{-\alpha t} \varepsilon(t)$ | $e^{-\alpha t} \varepsilon(t)$ | $\frac{1}{2}t^2 e^{-\alpha t} \varepsilon(t)$  |

卷积和一览表

| $f_1(t) * f_2(t) = \sum_{i=-\infty}^{\infty} f_1(i) f(k-i)$ |                      |  |   |                        |  |
|---|----------------------|--|---|------------------------|--|
| $f_1(t)$  | $f_2(t)$             | $f_1(t) * f_2(t)$                                | $f_1(t)$                                      | $f_2(t)$               | $f_1(t) * f_2(t)$  |
| $f(k)$  | $\delta(k)$          | $f(k)$   | $f(k)$  | $\varepsilon(k)$       | $\sum_{i=-\infty}^k f(i)$  |
| $\varepsilon(k)$  | $\varepsilon(k)$     | $(k+1)\varepsilon(k)$                            | $k\varepsilon(k)$                             | $\varepsilon(k)$       | $\frac{1}{2}(k+1)k\varepsilon(k)$  |
| $a^k \varepsilon(k)$  | $\varepsilon(k)$     | $\frac{1-a^{k+1}}{1-a} \varepsilon(k), a \neq 0$ | $a_1^k \varepsilon(k)$                        | $a_2^k \varepsilon(k)$ | $\frac{a_1^{k+1} - a_2^{k+1}}{a_1 - a_2} \varepsilon(k), a_1 \neq a_2$   |
| $a^k \varepsilon(k)$  | $a^k \varepsilon(k)$ | $(k+1)a^k \varepsilon(k)$                        | $k\varepsilon(k)$                             | $a^k \varepsilon(k)$   | $\frac{k}{1-a} \varepsilon(k) + \frac{a(a^k - 1)}{(1-a)^2} \varepsilon(k)$   |
| $k\varepsilon(k)$   | $k\varepsilon(k)$    | $\frac{1}{6}(k+1)k(k-1)\varepsilon(k)$           | $a_1^k \cos(\beta k + \theta) \varepsilon(k)$ | $a^k \varepsilon(k)$   | $\frac{a_1^{k+1} \cos[\beta(k+1) + \theta - \varphi] - a_2^{k+1} \cos(\theta - \varphi)}{\sqrt{a_1^2 + a_2^2} - a_1 a_2 \cos \beta} \varepsilon(k)$<br>$\varphi = \arctan\left[\frac{a_1 \sin \beta}{a_1 \cos \beta - a_2}\right]$ |

关于  $\delta(t)$ 、 $\delta(k)$  函数公式一览表

|  |   |  |   |
|--|---|--|---|
| $f(t)\delta(t) = f(0)\delta(t)$                  | $f(t)\delta(t-t_0) = f(t_0)\delta(t-t_0)$   | $\delta(-t) = \delta(t)/\delta'(-t) = -\delta'(t)$   | $f(t)\delta'(t) = f(0)\delta'(t) - f'(0)\delta(t)$                  |
| $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t)\delta(t)dt = f(0)$ | $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t)\delta(t-t_0)dt = f(t_0)$  | $\delta[f(t)] = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{ f'(t_i) } \delta(t-t_i)$                              | $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t)\delta^{(n)}(t)dt = (-1)^n f^{(n)}(0)$ |
| $\delta(at) = \frac{1}{ a }\delta(t)$            | $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t)dt = 1 / \int_{-\infty}^t \delta(\tau)d\tau = \varepsilon(t)$ | $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta'(t)dt = 0 / \int_{-\infty}^t \delta'(\tau)d\tau = \delta(t)$ | $f(t)\delta'(t-t_0) = f(t_0)\delta'(t-t_0) - f'(t_0)\delta(t-t_0)$  |

|  |   |  |   |
|--|---|--|---|
| $\delta^{(n)}(at) = \frac{1}{ a } \cdot \frac{1}{a^n} \delta^{(n)}(t)$ | $\delta(ak) = \delta(k) / \delta(-k) = \delta(k)$ | $f(k)\delta(k) = f(0)\delta(k)$ $\sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} f(k)\delta(k) = f(0)$ | $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t)\delta'(t-t_0)dt = -f'(t_0)$ |
|--|---|--|---|

| 常用的连续傅里叶变换对及其对偶关系  |  |   |   |   |        |
|--|--|---|---|---|--------|
| $f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega$ |  |   | $F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$ |   |        |
| 连续傅里叶变换对   |  |   | 相对偶的连续傅里叶变换对  |   |        |
| 重<br>要   | 连续时间函数 $f(t)$  | 傅里叶变换 $F(\omega)$   | 连续时间函数 $f(t)$   | 傅里叶变换 $F(\omega)$   | 重<br>要 |
| √  | $\delta(t)$  | 1   | 1   | $2\pi\delta(\omega)$  | √      |
| √  | $\frac{d}{dt}\delta(t)$  | $j\omega$   | $t$   | $j2\pi\frac{d}{d\omega}\delta(\omega)$  |        |
|  | $\frac{d^k}{dt^k}\delta(t)$  | $(j\omega)^k$   | $t^k$   | $2\pi j^k\frac{d^k}{d\omega^k}\delta(\omega)$   |        |
| √  | $u(t)$   | $\frac{1}{j\omega} + \pi\delta(\omega)$   | $\frac{1}{2}\delta(t) - \frac{1}{j2\pi}$                      | $u(\omega)$   |        |
|  | $tu(t)$  | $j\pi\frac{d}{d\omega}\delta(\omega) - \frac{1}{\omega^2}$  |   |   |        |
|  | $\text{sgn}(t) = \begin{cases} 1, t > 0 \\ -1, t < 0 \end{cases}$            | $\frac{2}{j\omega}$   | $\frac{1}{\pi}, t \neq 0$                                     | $F(\omega) = \begin{cases} -j, \omega > 0 \\ j, \omega < 0 \end{cases}$                 |        |
| √  | $\delta(t - t_0)$  | $e^{-j\omega t_0}$  | $e^{j\omega_0 t}$   | $2\pi\delta(\omega - \omega_0)$   | √      |
|  | $\cos \omega_0 t$  | $\pi[\delta(\omega + \omega_0) + \delta(\omega - \omega_0)]$  | $\delta(t + t_0) + \delta(t - t_0)$                           | $2\cos \omega t_0$  |        |
|  | $\sin \omega_0 t$  | $j\pi[\delta(\omega + \omega_0) - \delta(\omega - \omega_0)]$   | $\delta(t + t_0) - \delta(t - t_0)$                           | $j2\sin \omega t_0$   |        |
| √  | $f(t) = \begin{cases} 1,  t  < \tau \\ 0,  t  > \tau \end{cases}$            | $\tau \text{Sa}(\frac{\omega\tau}{2})$  | $\frac{W}{\pi} \text{Sa}(Wt)$                                 | $F(\omega) = \begin{cases} 1,  \omega  < W \\ 0,  \omega  > W \end{cases}$              | √      |
| √  | $f(t) = \begin{cases} 1 -  t /\tau,  t  < \tau \\ 0,  t  > \tau \end{cases}$ | $\tau \text{Sa}^2(\frac{\omega\tau}{2})$  | $\frac{W}{2\pi} \text{Sa}^2(\frac{Wt}{2})$                    | $F(\omega) = \begin{cases} 1 -  \omega /W,  \omega  < W \\ 0,  \omega  > W \end{cases}$ |        |
| √  | $e^{-at}u(t), \text{Re}\{a\} > 0$  | $\frac{1}{a + j\omega}$   | $\frac{1}{\tau - jt}$   | $2\pi e^{-\tau\omega}u(\omega), \tau > 0$   |        |
|  | $e^{-a t }, \text{Re}\{a\} > 0$  | $\frac{2a}{\omega^2 + a^2}$   | $\frac{\tau}{t^2 + \tau^2}$                                   | $\pi e^{-\tau \omega }, \tau > 0$   |        |
| √  | $e^{-at} \cos \omega_0 t u(t), \text{Re}\{a\} > 0$                           | $\frac{a + j\omega}{(a + j\omega)^2 + \omega_0^2}$  |   |   |        |
| √  | $e^{-at} \sin \omega_0 t u(t), \text{Re}\{a\} > 0$                           | $\frac{\omega_0}{(a + j\omega)^2 + \omega_0^2}$   |   |   |        |
|  | $te^{-at}u(t), \text{Re}\{a\} > 0$   | $\frac{1}{(a + j\omega)^2}$   | $\frac{1}{(\tau - jt)^2}, \tau > 0$                           | $2\pi\omega e^{-\tau\omega}u(\omega)$   |        |
|  | $\frac{t^{k-1}e^{-at}}{(k-1)!}u(t), \text{Re}\{a\} > 0$                      | $\frac{1}{(a + j\omega)^k}$   |   |   |        |
| √  | $\delta_T(t) = \sum_{l=-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(t - lT)$                    | $\frac{2\pi}{T} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(\omega - k\frac{2\pi}{T})$                                    |   |   |        |
| √  | $e^{-\left(\frac{t}{\tau}\right)^2}$   | $\sqrt{\pi}\tau e^{-\left(\frac{\omega\tau}{2}\right)^2}$   |   |   |        |
| √  | $[u(t + \frac{\tau}{2}) - u(t - \frac{\tau}{2})]\cos \omega_0 t$             | $\frac{\tau}{2}[ \text{Sa}(\frac{(\omega + \omega_0)\tau}{2}) + \text{Sa}(\frac{(\omega - \omega_0)\tau}{2}) ]$ |   |   |        |
|  | $\sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} F_k e^{jk\omega_0 t}$                            | $2\pi \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} F_k \delta(\omega - k\omega_0)$  |   |   |        |



### 连续傅里叶变换性质及其对偶关系

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega$$

$$F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$f(0) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(\omega) d\omega$$

$$F(0) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) dt$$

| 连续傅里叶变换对 |        |  |   | 相对偶的连续傅里叶变换对 |   |  |        |
|----------|--------|--|---|--------------|---|--|--------|
| 重<br>要   | 名称     | 连续时间函数 $f(t)$  | 傅里叶变换 $F(\omega)$   | 名称           | 连续时间函数 $f(t)$   | 傅里叶变换 $F(\omega)$  | 重<br>要 |
| √        | 线性     | $\alpha f_1(t) + \beta f_2(t)$   | $\alpha F_1(\omega) + \beta F_2(\omega)$  |              |   |  |        |
| √        | 尺度比例变换 | $f(at), a \neq 0$  | $\frac{1}{ a } F\left(\frac{\omega}{a}\right)$  |              |   |  |        |
|          | 对偶性    | $f(t)$   | $g(\omega)$   |              | $g(t)$  | $2\pi f(-\omega)$  | √      |
| √        | 时移     | $f(t-t_0)$   | $F(\omega) e^{-j\omega t_0}$  | 频移           | $f(t) e^{j\omega_0 t}$  | $F(\omega - \omega_0)$   | √      |
|          | 时域微分性质 | $\frac{d}{dt} f(t)$  | $j\omega F(\omega)$   | 频域微分性质       | $-jtf(t)$   | $\frac{d}{d\omega} F(\omega)$  | √      |
|          | 时域积分性质 | $\int_{-\infty}^t f(\tau) d\tau$   | $\frac{F(\omega)}{j\omega} + \pi F(0)\delta(\omega)$                                  | 频域积分性质       | $\frac{f(t)}{-jt} + \pi f(0)\delta(t)$                                      | $\int_{-\infty}^{\omega} F(\sigma) d\sigma$                            |        |
| √        | 时域卷积性质 | $f(t) * h(t)$  | $F(\omega) H(\omega)$   | 频域卷积性质       | $f(t) p(t)$   | $\frac{1}{2\pi} F(\omega) * P(\omega)$                                 | √      |
| √        | 对称性    | $f(-t)$<br>$f^*(t)$<br>$f^*(-t)$   | $F(-\omega)$<br>$F^*(-\omega)$<br>$F^*(\omega)$                                       | 奇偶虚实性质       | $f(t)$ 是实函数<br>$f_o(t) = Od\{f(t)\}$<br>$f_e(t) = Ev\{f(t)\}$               | $j \operatorname{Im}\{F(\omega)\}$<br>$\operatorname{Re}\{F(\omega)\}$ |        |
|          | 希尔伯特变换 | $f(t) = f(t)u(t)$  | $F(\omega) = R(\omega) + jI(\omega)$<br>$R(\omega) = I(\omega) * \frac{1}{\pi\omega}$ |              |   |  |        |
| √        | 时域抽样   | $f(t) \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(t-nT)$   | $\frac{1}{T} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} F(\omega - k\frac{2\pi}{T})$                  | 频域抽样         | $\frac{1}{\omega_0} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t-n\frac{2\pi}{\omega_0})$ | $F(\omega) \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(\omega - k\omega_0)$      |        |
| √        | 帕什瓦尔公式 | $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty}  f(t) ^2 dt = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty}  F(\omega) ^2 d\omega$ |   |              |   |  |        |

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