## **Exercises for Session 5**

#### Goals

We're going to look at a new Browser API called Geolocation to read the current position of the user. After that we're going to play with the Google Maps API and we're setting up a "real" frontend project.

### Geolocation

- We want to create a new mini app that displays a button saying "Show my location".
- When clicking the button we execute a function that:
  - calls navigator.geolocation.getCurrentPostion(onSuccess, onError)
  - onSuccess we want to read the positional coordinates: const { latitude, longitude } =
     position.coords and console.log them
    - if you feel like it create a p element to display them in the html
  - o onError we want to console.log the error

### Google Maps

- Follow the official Google tutorial to display a map (incl. getting your own API key): https://developers.google.com/maps/documentation/javascript/tutorial
- Instead of using the default location research the positional coordinates of Cape Town, South Africa and use it as the center of your map (zoom: 12 gives a nice result)

# Setting up a "real" project

This is mainly needed to load local data using fetch as it can be used from file:// urls (like opening our HTML in the browser) but needs to be served via http://.

- Make sure you have node installed for example by running npm -v in a terminal. If nothing shows up or an error is shown head to https://nodejs.org/en/download/ and follow the instructions
- Create a new folder for this project (e.g. maps-experiments ) and open a terminal inside that folder
- Run npm init to scaffold the project (you can accept all the defaults)
- Install a web server by running npm install -- save-dev http-server
- Add a start script to the package.json file:

```
"scripts": {
    "start": "./node_modules/.bin/http-server -o"
```

```
}
```

Info: the -o flag opens the browser for you

- Create a new index.html file
- Run npm run start (or short npm start ) to boot up our web server and see the index file being loaded

Next copy over the code from the previous session to display a map centered in Cape Town in your page.

## Feature 1: Display the current position

- Use the navigator.geolocation.getCurrentPosition API to center the map at the position of the user (map.setCenter({ lat: YYY, lng: ZZZ }))
- Show a marker at the position of the user

### Feature 2: Load and show cities

• In your project create a new file locations.json with the following data:

```
[
   {
        "name": "Hamburg",
        "position": {
            "lat": 53.5511,
            "lng": 9.9937
        }
   },
        "name": "Berlin",
        "position": {
            "lat": 52.52,
            "lng": 13.405
   },
        "name": "Munich",
        "position": {
            "lat": 48.1351,
            "lng": 11.582
   },
        "name": "Karlsruhe",
        "position": {
            "lat": 49.0069,
            "lng": 8.4037
   },
   {
        "name": "Frankfurt",
```

```
"position": {
            "lat": 50.1109,
            "lng": 8.6821
    },
        "name": "Cologne",
        "position": {
            "lat": 50.9375,
            "lng": 6.9603
    },
        "name": "Amsterdam",
        "position": {
            "lat": 52.3667,
            "lng": 4.8945
    },
        "name": "Bremen",
        "position": {
            "lat": 53.0793,
            "lng": 8.8017
    }
]
```

- Use fetch('./locations.json') to load this data (don't forget .then(response => response.json()))
- Loop over the locations and create a new marker for each one
  - Also ensure that the bounds of the map are extended to include each location
- After looping over the map ensure to fit the map to bounds of all locations

#### Feature 3: Create marker on click

• Add a click listener to the map. Whenever the map is click a new marker should be displayed

Hint: event.latLng contains the position of the click and can be used for the creation of the marker.

### Feature 3.1: Connect markers with line

- Whenever a marker is created add it an array called allMarkers (allMarkers.push(marker))
- Draw a Polyline which path is the position of all markers (ie. connect all markers with a line).
   To extract the positions out of the allMarkers array you can use map()

#### Feature 4: Show address of click

We want to show the address of the point a user clicked on the map.

• First, enable Geocoding API in cloud console

- When a user clicks on the map create a new Geocoder and look up the address of the location (geocoder.geocode({ location.event.latLng }))
- Log the the result of the lookup to the console
- If you feel brave enough create a new paragraph element ( p ) and show the address on the screen