

Experiment. No. 15

title: write a smart contract on a test network, for Bank account of a customer for following operations.

- * deposit money
- * withdraw money
- * show balance

objective: To learn new technology such as metamask. its application and implementations.

theory:

First of all, we need to understand the difference between a paper contract and a smart contract and the reason why smart contracts become increasingly popular and implemented important in recent years.

A contract by definition, is a written or spoken (mostly written) law-enforced agreement containing the rights and tricky. the parties need to hire professional agents or lawyers for protecting their own right.

However, if we hire those professionals every time we sign contracts, it is going to be extremely costly and inefficient.

smart contracts perfectly solve this by working on, if-then principle & also as escrow service. All participants need to put their money, ownership right on other tradable assets into smart contracts before any successful transaction.

As long as all participating parties meet the requirements. smart contracts will simultaneously distribute stored assets to recipients and the distribution

process will be witnessed and verified by the nodes on Ethereum network.

There are a couple of languages we can use to program smart contract.

Solidity is an object-oriented and high-level language. It is by far the most famous and well-maintained one.

We can use Solidity to create various smart contracts which can be used in different scenarios, including voting, blind auctions & safe remote purchase.

After deciding the coding language, we need to pick an appropriate compiler.

Among various compilers like Visual Code Studio, we will use Remix IDE in this & following labs because it can be directly accessed from a browser where we can test, debug & deploy smart contracts without any installation.

Steps to execute Solidity smart contract using Remix IDE.

1. Open Remix IDE on any of your browsers, select 'New File' & click 'Solidity' to choose the environment.
2. Write the smart contract in the code section & click 'Compile the contract'.
3. To execute the code, click on the 'Deploy' button under 'Deploy & Run Transactions' window. After deploying the code, click on the dropdown on the console.

sample output :

After deploying the contract successful you can observe following buttons create_account, deposit, sent_amt, transfer, account_exist, user account, user_balance & user exists.

- * check Account Exists

- * check user Account Exists

- * check user balance

- * check user exists

- * send amount

- * check user Account balance

- * withdraw amount and check user account balance

- * Transfer Amount & check Bank user Amount balance

conclusion :

Hence, we studied a smart contract on a test network for Bank account of a customer

