

# Measurement Systems 2009 KO

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- a) I'd use the 7290A - 10 sensor, it has a range of  $\pm 10\text{g}$  which meets the specs and introducing error

$$10\text{g} \left( 1 - 0.2\% - 2\% - 1\% - \underbrace{0.0025}_{\frac{1}{2} \text{ resolution}} - 0.1\% \right) = 9.6575\text{g} > 9.5\text{g}$$

non-linearity  
hysteresis      transverse  
                    thermal  
                    shift

zero shift

So it still meets the specs.

It has a frequency response of 0Hz to 500Hz which means the Nyquist requirement is met.

b)

Table 1: Static Specifications of the Sensor

	Characteristic	Value
	Range	$-10\text{g} \rightarrow 10\text{g}$
	Sensitivity	$200 \pm 10 \text{ mV/g}$
	Resolution	0.0025 g
	Operating Temperature	$-55^\circ\text{C} \rightarrow 121^\circ\text{C}$
Interfering	zero measured output	$\pm 50 \text{ mV}$
	Thermal zero Shift	$\pm 2\%$
	Residual Noise	500 $\mu\text{V}_{\text{RMS}}$
	Zero Shift	0.1 %
modifying	Non-linearity and Hysteresis	$\pm 0.5\%$
	Transverse Sensitivity	2 %
	Thermal Sensitivity Shift	$\pm 3\%$
		-

c) We know max input = 9.5g

ideally:

$$V_o = 200 \text{ mV/g} a$$

$$V_o(9.5g) = 200 \text{ mV/g} (9.5g) \\ = 1.9V$$

Introducing errors:

$$V_o(a) = (200 \text{ mV/g} (1 + 0.02 + 0.03) a) + \underset{\substack{\text{noise (not rms)} \\ \text{thermal sensitivity}}}{50 \text{ mV}} + \underset{\substack{\text{zero output} \\ \text{thermal}}}{1.9V(0.02)} \\ + \underset{\substack{\text{non-linear + hysteresis} \\ \text{zero shift}}}{\sqrt{2} \times 50 \text{ mV}} + \underset{\substack{\text{non-linear + hysteresis} \\ \text{zero shift}}}{1.9V(0.001)} + \underset{\substack{\text{non-linear + hysteresis} \\ \text{zero shift}}}{1.9V(0.005)}$$

$$V_o(9.5g) = 2.055107\dots V$$

$$\text{error} = \frac{2.055\dots - 1.9}{1.9} \times 100\% = 8.164\% \cdot \text{FS}$$

d) Butterworth Filter  
specified in datasheet

(3)

$$|H| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + (\frac{\omega}{\omega_c})^{2n}}} \quad n=4 \text{ (order)}$$

$$\omega_c = 2\pi (500\pi \approx) \\ = 1000\pi$$

I need  $|H| = 0.0001$

$$0.0001 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + (\frac{\omega}{1000\pi})^4}}$$

$$\omega = 314159.2646 \dots \text{rad/s}$$

$$f = 49999.9982 \dots \text{Hz}$$

$$f = 50 \text{ kHz}$$

$\therefore$  We need  $f_s = 100 \text{ kHz}$  (due to Nyquist Theorem)

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Table 2: 4L30A settings

Setting	Value
Gain ( $\pm 0.1\%$ )	2.35
LPF order	4
LPF cutoff frequency	500 Hz
INPUT SEL	AC
GAIN	2.35
FILTER	LPRG
LOW PASS	500 Hz

