Other Injection Operators

Before we move on, let us try a few other injection operators and see how differently the web application would handle them.

AND Operator

We can start with the `AND` (`&&`) operator, such that our final payload would be (`127.0.0.1 && whoami`), and the final executed command would be the following:

Code: bash

```
ping -c 1 127.0.0.1 && whoami
```

As we always should, let's try to run the command on our Linux VM first to ensure that it is a working command:

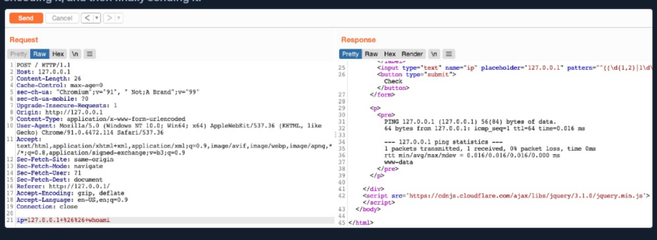
```
21y4d@htb[/htb]$ ping -c 1 127.0.0.1 && whoami

PING 127.0.0.1 (127.0.0.1) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 127.0.0.1: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=1.03 ms

--- 127.0.0.1 ping statistics ---
1 packets transmitted, 1 received, 0% packet loss, time 0ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 1.034/1.034/1.034/0.000 ms
21y4d
```

As we can see, the command does run, and we get the same output we got previously. Try to refer to the injection operators table from the previous section and see how the `&&` operator is different (if we do not write an IP and start directly with `&&`, would the command still work?).

Now, we can do the same thing we did before by copying our payload, pasting it in our HTTP request in `Burp Suite`, URL-encoding it, and then finally sending it:



As we can see, we successfully injected our command and received the expected output of both commands.

OR Operator

Finally, let us try the `OR` (`||`) injection operator. The `OR` operator only executes the second command if the first command fails to execute. This may be useful for us in cases where our injection would break the original command without having a solid way of having both commands work. So, using the `OR` operator would make our new command execute if the first one fails.

If we try to use our usual payload with the `||` operator (`127.0.0.1 || whoami`), we will see that only the first command would execute:

```
21y4d@htb[/htb]$ ping -c 1 127.0.0.1 || whoami

PING 127.0.0.1 (127.0.0.1) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 127.0.0.1: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.635 ms

--- 127.0.0.1 ping statistics ---
1 packets transmitted, 1 received, 0% packet loss, time 0ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.635/0.635/0.635/0.000 ms
```

This is because of how `bash` commands work. As the first command returns exit code `0` indicating successful execution, the `bash` command stops and does not try the other command. It would only attempt to execute the other command if the first command failed and returned an exit code `1`.

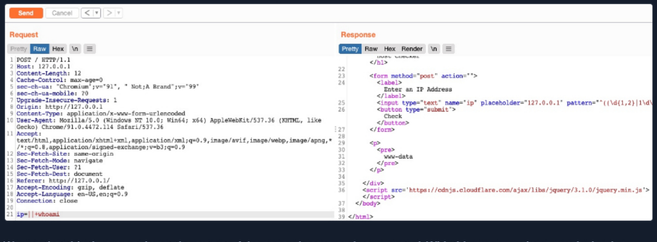
`Try using the above payload in the HTTP request, and see how the web application handles it.`

Let us try to intentionally break the first command by not supplying an IP and directly using the `||` operator (`|| whoami`), such that the `ping` command would fail and our injected command gets executed:

```
21y4d@htb[/htb]$ ping -c 1 || whoami

ping: usage error: Destination address required
21y4d
```

As we can see, this time, the `whoami` command did execute after the `ping` command failed and gave us an error message. So, let us now try the (`|| whoami`) payload in our HTTP request:



We see that this time we only got the output of the second command as expected. With this, we are using a much simpler payload and getting a much cleaner result.

In this module, we are mainly dealing with direct command injections, in which our input goes directly into the system command, and we are receiving the output of the command. For more on advanced command injections, like indirect injections or blind injection, you may refer to the Whitebox Pentesting 101: Command Injection module, which covers advanced injections methods and many other topics.

Questions

Cheat Sheet

Answer the question(s) below to complete this Section and earn cubes!

Target: Click here to spawn the target system!

+ 1 Try using the remaining three injection operators (new-line, &, |), and see how each works and how the output differs. Which of them only shows the output of the injected command?

Submit No Hint

Cheat Sheet
Go to Questions

Table of Contents
Intro to Command Injections
Exploitation
Detection
Injecting Commands
Other Injection Operators
Filter Evasion
Identifying Filters
Bypassing Space Filters
Bypassing Other Blacklisted Characters
Bypassing Blacklisted Commands
Advanced Command Obfuscation
Evasion Tools
Prevention
Command Injection Prevention
Skills Assessment
Skills Assessment

My Workstation

OFFLINE

Start Instance

∞ / 1 spawns left