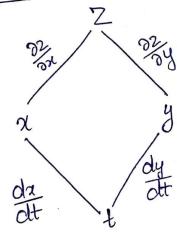
Derivatives of composite functions

Let z = f(x,y) be a function of two independent variables x and y. Suppose that x and y are themselves functions of some independent variables t, say, x = g(t), y = l(t).

Then, Z= { [glt), hlt)] is a composite function of independent variable t.

$$Z = x^2 + y^2, x = \frac{t^2 - 1}{t}, y = \frac{t}{t^2 + 1}$$

Chain Rule



$$\frac{d^2}{dt} = \frac{32}{8x} \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{32}{8y} \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dt} = \frac{2x}{dt} \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{2y}{dt} \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\frac{Sel_{-1}}{2z} = 2x^{2} + y^{2}, \quad x = \frac{t^{2}-1}{t}, \quad y = \frac{t}{t^{2}+1}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = 2x, \quad \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 2y, \quad \frac{\partial z}{\partial t} = \frac{t(2t) - (t^{2}-1) \cdot 1}{t^{2}} = \frac{t^{2}+1}{t},$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{(t^{2}+1) \cdot 1 - t(at)}{(t^{2}+1)^{2}} = \frac{1-t^{2}}{(t^{2}+1)^{2}}$$

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$= (\partial x) \frac{t^2 + 1}{t} + \partial y \left(\frac{1 - t^2}{|t^2 + 1|^2} \right)$$

=
$$\frac{\partial x (t^3+1)}{t} + \frac{\partial y (-t^3)}{(t^3+1)^2}$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dt}\Big|_{t=1} = 0 + \frac{\partial y(1-1)}{|1+1|^2} = 0.$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dt}\Big|_{t=1} = 0$$

find of if
$$f(x,y) = x \cos y + e^x \sin y$$
, $x = t^2 + 1$, $y = t^3 + t$, at

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 8t$$
, $\frac{dy}{dt} = 3t^2 + 1$

$$\frac{db}{dt}\Big|_{t=0} = 0 + 1(e) = e$$

$$\beta(x,y,z) = \alpha^3 + 2z^2 + y^3 + 2yz, \ \gamma = e^t, \ y = \cos t, \ z = t^3.$$

Sol:
$$\delta = \chi^3 + \chi^2 + y^3 + \chi y^2, \chi = e^t, y = \cot t, \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{2\delta}{2} = 3\chi^2 + 2^2 + 2y^2$$

$$\frac{2\delta}{2} = 3y^3 + \chi^2$$

$$\frac{2\delta}{2} = 2\chi^2 + \chi^2$$

$$\frac{d\alpha}{dt} = e^t$$
, $\frac{dy}{dt} = -8int$, $\frac{dz}{dt} = 3t^2$.

$$\frac{db}{dt} = \frac{3b}{9x} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{3b}{9y} \frac{dy}{dt} + \frac{3b}{9z} \frac{dz}{dt}$$

$$= (3x^2 + 2^2 + y_2) e^t + (3y^2 + x_2)[-sint) + (3x^2 + x_y)(3t^2)$$

$$\frac{db}{dt}\Big|_{t=0} = \frac{(3+0+0)\cdot 1 + (3+0)(0) + (0+1)(0)}{3}$$
= 3

Thus,
$$\left| \frac{dl}{dt} \right|_{t=0} = 3$$

$$Sol 1 \frac{3l}{3u} = \frac{3l}{3u} \frac{3x}{3u} + \frac{3l}{3y} \frac{3y}{3u}$$

$$= \frac{\partial L}{\partial x} \cdot (\partial e^{\partial x}) + \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} \left[-\partial e^{\partial x} \right]$$

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$$=$$

Decivative of Implicit functions

A function b(a,y) = c is called an Implicit function.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{bx}{by} \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{dx}{dy} = -\frac{by}{bx}$$

$$\frac{3y}{\partial x} = -\frac{6x}{6y}, \quad \frac{3z}{6z} = -\frac{6y}{6z}, \quad \frac{3z}{6z} = -\frac{6x}{6z} \text{ etc.}$$

Q: Using Implicit differentiation, find dy, when $x^y + y^x = x$, dis any constant, x > 0, y > 0.

Find dy when
$$\cot^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{y}\right) + y^3 + 1 = 0$$

Sol: Let
$$f = \cot^{-1}(\frac{x}{y}) + y^{3} + 1 = 0$$

$$f_{x} = \frac{-1}{1 + (\frac{x}{y})^{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{y} = \frac{-y}{x^{3} + y^{2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{1+\frac{1}{3}} = \frac{-1}{1+\frac{1}{3}} = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{3} = \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{bx}{by} = \frac{y}{x^2 + y^2} = \frac{y}{x + 3y^2(x^2 + y^2)}$$

$$\frac{2y}{x + 3y^2(x^2 + y^2)}$$

$$\frac{2y}{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} = \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}\right) y$$
 and $\left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}\right) x$, when $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} = \frac{$

$$\left(\frac{\partial 2}{\partial x}\right)_y = -\frac{6x}{6z}, \left(\frac{\partial 2}{\partial y}\right)_z = -\frac{6y}{6z}$$

$$6x = -y \sin xy - z \sin 2x$$
, $6y = -x \sin xy - z \sin yz$
 $6z = -y \sin yz - x \sin zx$

$$\left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}\right)y = -\left(\frac{y \sin xy + 2 \sin 2x}{y \sin y^2 + x \sin 2x}\right)$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}\right)_{x} = -\left[\frac{x \sin xy + 2 \sin yz}{y \sin yz + x \sin 2x}\right]$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y} = \frac{y(\frac{\partial x}{\partial y})}{y} + \frac{2(\frac{\partial x}{\partial z})}{y}, \text{ when } \frac{1}{2}(\frac{2}{y}, \frac{x}{y}) = 0$$

Sel:
$$\frac{\partial x}{\partial y} = -\frac{by}{bx}$$
, $\frac{\partial x}{\partial z} = -\frac{b_2}{bx}$

$$\left\{\left(\frac{2}{9}, \frac{2}{9}\right) = 0\right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int (u,v) = 0$$

$$dy = \frac{3b}{3y} = \frac{3b}{3u} \frac{3u}{3y} + \frac{3u}{3v} \frac{3v}{3y}$$

$$= \frac{3b}{3u} \left(\frac{-2}{y^2} \right) + \frac{3b}{3v} \left(\frac{-2}{y^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial x}{\partial z} = -\frac{1}{y} \frac{\partial b}{\partial u} = -\frac{bu}{bv}$$

Thus,
$$y \left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial y}\right)_2 + 2\left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial z}\right)_y = 2\frac{bu}{bv} + xt - 2\frac{bu}{bv} = xt$$

Change of variables

Let b(x,y) be a function of two independent variables x and y and x,y are functions of two new independent variables y and y given by $y = \phi(y,y)$, $y = \psi(y,y)$

Then,
$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{J} \left[\frac{\partial (f, y)}{\partial (f, y)} \right]$$

and

$$\frac{\partial b}{\partial y} = -\frac{1}{J} \left[\frac{\partial (b^{\dagger}, x)}{\partial (u, v)} \right]$$

$$J = \frac{\partial(x,y)}{\partial(u,v)} = \begin{vmatrix} \partial x & \partial x \\ \partial u & \partial v \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial u} = \frac{\partial y}{\partial v}$$

Note: 96 J=0, then variables are functionally related. i.e. dependent on each other.

If J to, then variables are independent of any selation

Q: Check whether the variables are functionally selated? U= x+32, v= x-y-2, w= y2+1622+8y2.

Solo

$$\frac{J}{2} = \frac{\partial (x,y,z)}{\partial (x,y,z)}$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} \partial u & \partial u & \partial u \\ \partial x & \partial y & \partial z \\ \partial x & \partial y & \partial z \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 \\ \partial x & \partial y & \partial z \\ \partial x & \partial y & \partial z \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 3y + 8z & 32z + 8y \\ \partial x & \partial y & \partial z \\ \partial x & \partial y & \partial z \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= 1(-3a_2 - 8y + 3y + 8z) - 0 + 3(3y + 8z)$$

$$= -3a_2 - 8y + 3y + 8z + 6y + 34z$$

$$= 0$$

So, the variables are functionally related.

Sol:
$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \quad x = x \cos \theta, \quad y = x \sin \theta, \quad then show teat$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial f$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial 0} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial 0} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial 0} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial 0} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial 0} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial 0} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial 0} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial 0} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial 0} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial 0} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial 0} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial 0} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial 0} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial 0} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial 0} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial 0} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial 0} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial 0} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial 0} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial 0} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial 0} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial 0} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial 0} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial$$

$$= -8in0 \frac{31}{32} - \frac{1}{2} \cos 0 \frac{36}{30}$$

$$\left(\frac{36}{32}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{36}{32}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{36}{32}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{2^2} \left(\frac{36}{30}\right)^2$$

Practice (1) 96 U=
$$6(x,y,z)$$
 and $x=x \sin \theta \cos \phi$, $y=x \sin \phi$, $y=x$

$$J = \frac{\partial(x, y, z)}{\partial(x, 0, \phi)} = 2^{2} \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{\partial b}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{J} \frac{\partial b, \alpha, 2}{\partial x, 0, \phi} = \frac{-1}{x^2 \sin \theta} \left[-x^2 \sin^2 \theta \sin \phi \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} - x \sin \theta \cos \theta \sin \phi \frac{\partial b}{\partial \theta} \right]$$

$$-x \cos \phi \frac{\partial b}{\partial \phi}$$

$$\frac{\partial b}{\partial z} = \frac{1}{J} \frac{\partial (b, \alpha, y)}{\partial (x, 0, \phi)} = \frac{1}{2^2 \sin \theta} \left[2^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} - 2 \sin^2 \theta \frac{\partial c}{\partial \theta} \right]$$

Show that the functions variables u = x - y + z, v = x + y - z, $w = x^2 + x - xy$ are functionally related find the relationship between them.

$$w=x(x+z-y)=xu$$
, $u+v=ax\Rightarrow x=\underline{u+v}$
 $2w=u|u+v\rangle$